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Our shoes for men and women are made to wear, and the same guarantees go with them as with all other articles that we sell.

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CARPENTERS' UNION.

Nominations for Next Term's Officers Made at Last Meeting.

As per sec. 141 of the constitution of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, last Tuesday evening was the time set for nomination of officers for the ensuing term. The following nominations were made, and the regular election will occur next Tuesday, the 12th, at which time all members are requested to be present.

For president—G. F. Quick, John Pim, J. N. Emberson, William Dullenty, J. M. Schuler.

For vice president—H. B. Atterbury, J. M. Schuler.

For recording secretary—C. H. Chase.

For financial secretary—T. F. Randolph, Ross Shepard, J. M. Schuler.

For treasurer—Ross Shepard.

For conductor—E. M. Heywood.

For warden—A. L. Ilgen.

For trustees—J. M. Schuler, A. D. Rice, Ed Dullenty.

For auditor—L. A. Jenkins, C. F. Brabham.

Nominations for delegates to the C. L. U. were laid over until next meeting.

The sick committee reported Bro. Fredericks improving. They also reported that Bro. Hawkins, the financial secretary, was unable to work on account of blood poison in one of his hands.

Bro. J. M. Harris has also been laid up for some three weeks with a boil on his right hand, and he, too, has been unable to work.

The committee appointed several weeks ago to install an illuminated sign in front of the hall reported that they would have the sign ready by next meeting.

The committee on open meetings and the committee on steward's reports were given until next meeting to make a final report.

A committee on hall will be appointed at the next meeting.

If any of the members want to call up the business agent, remember the phones are Auto 3524, and Bell LI154. Make a note of this.

The business agent is at the hall from 8 to 9 on Saturday evenings to receive dues.

The revised trade rules on by-laws governing sick and accident benefits are now ready. Call for a copy.

Brother Brabham has finished his new residence in Elm Park, and Bro. Scarce has his new home completed at Thirtieth and Starr Streets.

Bro. Randolph is also building a new residence on his farm at Fortieth and B. & M. and Rock Island tracks.

The late cold spell tied up quite a few jobs, and for the first time in months we had a few idle men.

We have quite a number of the November issues of the official journal on hand. It contains some very interesting reading. Every member is entitled to a copy free. Call and get them.

The late business agent of the Teamsters' Union, Bro. Rufus Morris, is now operating a union dray. If any of our members want their tools hauled or want hauling done, phone Bro. Morris at Auto 3076 or call up Bro. Kent. We hope our members will give Bro. Morris their patronage and help a good union man.

TURN THEM DOWN.

Time to Drop Hayes and Berger From the List.

At the convention of the American Federation of Labor at Pittsburgh last week, Victor L. Berger, a representative of the International Typographical Union, asked to be recorded as voting in the negative on the unanimous re-election of President Gompers.

This is the second time Mr. Berger has done this. He "went on record" at San Francisco last year, and if the I. T. U. should re-elect him next May he would do so again, for Mr. Berger is consistent in his love for socialism and his hate for anyone who has the courage to combat the theory that a number of very able men endeavor to foist each year before the A. F. of L. convention.

If there was a time when the I. T. U. should feel grateful to the A. F. of L. it is the present, while the struggle for the eight-hour day is on. And a convention that has extended aid and moral support deserves nothing but well wishes from the I. T. U. But what cares Berger for all this. He gets in the limelight, and if the cause of socialism is allowed a brief spell during the discussion of the questions coming before the convention he is satisfied. He has had enough of the Berger and Max Hayes type of representatives. Let us weigh our socialist trade union friends next May and find how much they assay socialism with pure trades unionism, and grade them accordingly.—Washington Trades Unionist.

UNFAIR.

The Butterick Publishing Co., of New York, with agents in several large cities, has voluntarily broken an agreement with Typographical Union No. 6, and discharged their printers, stereotypers and electrotypers, photo engravers, etc., and engaged non-union men in their places. The agreement did not expire until January 1, 1906, and this breach of faith on the part of the Butterick company is absolutely without justification, and is being brought to the attention of the 2,000,000 members of the A. F. of L. The Delineator, the Designer, the New Ideal Magazine, the Butterick, the Standard and the New Idea Patterns, etc., are all produced by scab labor.—Omaha Labor Advocate.

SOCIALISTS GET BUSY.

Lincoln Comrades Preparing to Hold Some Interesting Meetings.

The socialists of Lincoln are preparing to begin an active campaign in the interests of socialism, and to that end have secured the services of D. Burgess, of Seattle, Washington, who will make three addresses in this city. On Friday evening he spoke in A. O. U. W. hall, and Saturday evening and Sunday evening, December 9 and 10, he will speak in Richard's hall, 1024 O street. These meetings are free and the general public is cordially invited to attend.

Mr. Burgess is prominent in the socialist propaganda and is said to be a speaker of unusual ability.

BEATING INJUNCTIONS.

A Smooth Scheme to Defeat the Corporation Judges.

The Machinists' strike in Chicago, which involved more than 1,200 men, has been brought to a close. During the eighteen months of the strike only twenty-five men deserted. Four hundred men were arrested for various causes. Ten injunctions were issued, 162 men arrested and only one man convicted. The other 161 were discharged absolutely. The machinists adopted the most novel step so far introduced into labor circles for defeating injunctions. After they were restrained from picketing the laboring men sent out "solicitors," under contract, with authorization to induce men to join the union. These "solicitors" were paid \$7 per week, the amount of the strike benefit. These men reported to a "superintendent," who was the walking delegate, and this "superintendent," in turn, reported to a "general superintendent," who was the captain of the picket line. The contracts with the men were printed and defeated the prosecutions in the courts in the injunction contests. The men declare that the main objects for which the strike was declared have been secured, as none of the employers are attempting to enforce the rule to have one man run two or more machines. Thus ends another one of the hardest fought battles in American industrial history.—Machinists' Journal.

MINERS VERY INSISTENT.

Four Definite Demands Likely to Be Made in April.

It is feared in United Mine Workers' circles in the anthracite field that President John Mitchell's nervous breakdown may prevent his attendance at the tri-district convention which opens at Shamokin on December 14 to formulate demands on the operators at the expiration of the present agreement next April.

The majority of the 700 delegates who will compose the convention have been chosen without instructions as to how they shall vote, but there is an overwhelming sentiment among them for recognition of the union, an eight-hour work day, adoption of the check-off system and a joint contract, such as exists in the principal bituminous region, for one year.

To enforce these demands in the event of their adoption by the convention the union has a \$1,000,000 treasury fund and a stronger organization than in the 1902 strike.

EXAMPLE OF LITTLENES.

What a Labor Exchange Thinks of a Lincoln Employer.

An example of corporation littleness comes from Lincoln, Nebr. Recently The Wageworker of that city exposed the methods of a shirt and overall factory which was pompously opened with prayer, but which pays disgracefully low wages to the women in its employ. The Wageworker published the facsimile of a check for \$2.42 which had been paid to a young lady for a week's work. The check was obtained from a third party who had cashed it and the young lady in whose favor it was drawn had nothing to do with its publication, but the superintendent, learning from the pay roll who had drawn the princely sum of \$2.42 for a week's work, promptly discharged her.

This man belongs to the class who denounce organized labor as brutal, vicious and violent.—Streator Trades and Labor Gazette.

THE STRIKEBREAKER.

An Estimate That Deserves the Consideration of All.

The serious results of the importation of negro strike breakers during the recent strike of teamsters has already begun to manifest itself, as predicted at the time. Crime on the part of the colored men has increased at a startling rate, and to such an extent that the officers of the law are seriously alarmed. Never in the history of the Cook county jail have so many negroes been confined there at one time as at the present period, and if they continue to arrive at the present rate the jail will be filled to its capacity with colored prisoners. A majority of the negroes are illiterate and were imported from the South. When the strike was declared off they were unable to get other employment. As a result they turned to crime, and most of the prisoners are charged with robbery, burglary, assault and some of them with murder. The entire second tier of the jail has to be set apart for the use of the negroes, and every cell is occupied with two prisoners. The negroes have been arriving at the jail on an average of five a day of late. The situation is certain to become more serious with the approach of cold weather, as hundreds of the negroes are still in Chicago without permanent homes, and with little or no hope of employment.—Chicago American.

GILSON'S Sore Throat Cure

This remedy is absolutely guaranteed. If it does not cure your money is refunded. It is a Nebraska remedy and recommended by thousands of Nebraskans. If your druggist does not keep it, send 50 cents to the maker. If it fails to cure, your money back. Read this Lincoln endorsement: Lincoln, Neb., June 8, 1899. Mrs. J. S. Gilson, Aurora, Neb.—Dear Madam: After some time of suffering from a very painful throat trouble under a physician's care, I bought one bottle of Gilson's Throat Cure and was entirely cured. I sincerely hope that every person afflicted with similar trouble will try a bottle of this tested remedy. Yours respectfully, Joseph Marsh.

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One hundred structural iron workers employed on the new elevated railroad in Philadelphia stopped work when they learned that the American Bridge Co. was constructing it.

Because he sent a 15-year-old boy to drive a wagon during the teamsters' strike in Chicago last summer, John Jerky was fined \$5 and costs. The case came up on complaint of the boy's mother.

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THERE'S nothing cheaper, handier or better than electric power. No matter how large or how small your plant, it will pay you to let us supply the power

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Turnover Collar and Cuff Sets, every thread linen with genuine hand-made-embroidery. The cuffs are wide, some of them 7 inches, none less than two. The embroidery is exquisite, dainty and fine on sheer linens, or heavy and effective on thicker qualities.

Prices, \$1.25, \$1.75, \$3.50, \$5.00, \$6.00, and \$6.50. Lace Sets, consisting of a well-shaped stock and deep cuffs, straight, pointed or ruffled. The patterns are the handsome, showy pompadour and Irish point effects of Venise and Balise laces or the fine, dainty oriental and point gaze laces.

60c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.50, \$3.75 to \$12. The sets described above began to sell the moment they were placed in stock.

Heavy Linen Embroidered Stock Collars, \$1.00 and \$1.50. A Beautiful Line of Fancy Stocks, combinations of chiffon, silk embroidery, braid, ribbon, pearls, etc. Some with tabs that reach to the waist; black, white and colors.

\$1.00 to \$4.50 each. Silk Scarfs—the range of prices quoted shows the great variety we carry in exquisite patterns and colorings. 90c, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.50, \$7.00, \$7.50, \$3.00, \$8.50, \$9.00.

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