

BELLEVUE GAZETTE.

HENRY M. BURT, News and Local Editor.

BELLEVUE, N. T.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1858.

Nebraskan on Gov. Richardson.

The Nebraskan is filling its columns weekly with laudations of Gov. Richardson. We are of the opinion, if Gov. Richardson should read a file of the Nebraskan, running back two years, he would not feel much flattered by what is so freely dealt out to him in praise by the Nebraskan.

Gov. Izard it praised and defended at first with the zeal of a patriot. Soon, without a change of course from said Governor in his position upon all questions before the people, he was found voting for Judge Ferguson, against Chapman; whereupon, Gov. Izard appeared through the columns of the Nebraskan a man of a very different character—as a corrupt, weak, old man.

Two years ago Judge Ferguson was, in its opinion, a great and good man, but now the people have elected him to Congress, leaving the proprietor of the Nebraskan out, and since which time the Nebraskan has not only not had a very good opinion of Ferguson, but charges him with perjury and other things not so pleasant to hear.

Col. Parker, Col. Gillmore, Wyman, Post Master at Omaha, Kirkpatrick, of the Council, Farnas, Puett, Bowen, and a host of others, were great and good men once, as they appeared through the columns of the Nebraskan.

It is surprising what a great difference it makes in one's political reputation and importance, thro' the columns of the Nebraskan, to vote for Chapman; and, we venture to predict that in less than two years, the Nebraskan will be retelling its scandalous falsehoods against our worthy Governor, for we are not mistaken when we say, he is the people's man.—And is it not most emphatically true, that the Nebraskan stands alone in the Territory against the people, and every measure they endorse? and who, two years ago would have expected it would have dared to tell the shameless falsehoods it has about Ferguson, Parker, and others, saying among the least thing it did say was that they were not Democrats, or Administration men, when it was known to the world that these men were Democrats twenty years ago, and while the proprietor of that sheet and the woe'd be Delegate was finishing his Oberlin course, preparatory to giving the finishing touch to his political education, which he so well accomplished in trying to run off slaves from their masters in Washington.

Chapman in Nebraska.

The Telegraph says "Resolutions favoring Ferguson for Congress in preference to Chapman, had passed both houses in the Nebraska Legislature by a decided vote." This is a hoax. It was gotten up by the former Post Master at Omaha, whom Chapman had got removed, and was sent off to Washington for mischief only. We have the Omaha Nebraskan of the 23rd, which says, the resolution was introduced by one L. L. Bowen, (formerly of Cleveland, O.) a man whose political and social record is so black that it will by no means bear the scrutinizing glance of honesty and honor, and received but eight votes.

The above, we have only to say, is as great a falsehood as ever was penned; we will advise the Plain Dealer that, the Ferguson resolutions passed the council by a vote of eight to five, and the House by a vote of twenty to thirteen, and we would further advise the Plain Dealer, that they have been sent to Washington in a letter, in better form than by Telegraph. And further, that the Editor of the Nebraskan was expelled from the council as reporter for telling the same lies you copy. Try again Mr. Plain Dealer, you will soon earn the lots you received from Chapman in Omaha, and Dakota, for repeating his lies, uttered through the Nebraskan.

Ex-Governor Grimes, of Iowa, was elected on the 26th ult., to the United States Senate, for six years, from the 4th of March, 1859.

THE LOWELL FACTORIES.—A letter in the Boston Traveler, dated Lowell, Mass., January 7th says:

"The spindle city is gradually resumed to steady hum of industry and wonted business-like appearance. With the exception of the unfortunate Middlesex most of the mills are in a running condition, giving the operatives from two-thirds to full time."

To carry a Collins steamer from New York to Liverpool requires eight hundred tons of coal—enough to keep an ordinary family for five years.

Sarpy County and the Capitol Question.

In another place will be found the proceedings of the Mass Meeting last Saturday, held at the Bellevue House for the purpose of hearing from their Representatives, and hearing the views of the people in relation to the late disturbance in the legislature.

It was a large and well attended meeting, and the resolutions, which we publish, passed with but one dissenting voice. Sarpy County is, as she has been, a unit on this question. Meetings, we learn of the same character, have been held in Cass, Otoe and Nemaha, and with a like result. We have no hesitation in saying that if a vote was taken to-day, by the people of Nebraska, on the question of the removal of the Capitol, there would be five to one in favor of the removal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2nd, 1858.

Friend Burt:—What nature has done for this region about Washington, is really delightful. The climate here in mid-winter, is so warm that no overcoats are needed. The sun looks down upon us with as warm a face, as it did in Nebraska last May, and even in June. The farmers are actually turning over the ground for the reception of the seed. Every body ought to live here during the winter months.

But there is another side. What man has done is far different from the above. Old Dame Fashion is a very tyrannical body—those who do not conform to her rules, had better be some where else. She is the most proscribing old hag, in these regions, that I ever saw. Then again, the better feelings of our humanitarian natures are crushed and tied up by the all powerful influence of an omnipotent oligarchy. If a man's tongue would speak in these regions, it must be toward the south pole. If he turns it northward, it might get frost bitten. I never saw that Bible prediction so clearly verified as I have, since my wanderings here. The ground is literally cursed for man's sake. This curse has so spread its virus over the whole face of nature, that it will hardly bring forth thorns and thistles. The work of men in all this region, are all imperfect—this is a great pity.

Yesterday being the first of January, was a gala day at Washington. Old Sol looked down smilingly, and all of Uncle Sam's children here were out in their very best. The President's levee was a poor place for crinoline, but they were there looking more like a talk than air balloons. In company with thousand of others, I was borne along to the spacious room of the White House, and took hold of the hand of the nation. The representatives of almost every nation under heaven were there, in their peculiar costumes, as well as many of the sovereigns of America—it was a miniature world. I called on the Secretaries of the various departments also, during the day, nibbling a little from several of their side boards. Col. Orr had the most common sense table of them all. Beef, pork, oysters, coffee, and nothing stronger of a liquid nature, were articles that such a hard day's work required. This was just the material for material beings. Struts might have done with something else, well enough. Lord and Lady Napier were the lions of the day. The Lord loves good beef—I know; and instead of putting his soul in his pocket, he carries it in his face.

I forgot to say in my last that Judge Ferguson has been admitted to the bar of the U. S. Supreme Court. This speaks well for him, as all candidates do not stand the test when examined by this learned body.

The Judge is making friends faster than ever. With the present aspect of the case, he certainly will be sustained.

Gov. McComas is here at the United States Hotel, looking hail and healthy. He is not the smallest man even in Washington, much less in the western region.

I have to-morrow for the north, and will drop you a line soon. I close with a Happy New Year to all my friends in Nebraska.

CHAUCER.

THE MORMON ARMY.—The forces of the Mormons are estimated to amount to about 5,000 men, officered as follows:

- Daniel H. Wells, Lieutenant General.
James Ferguson, Adjutant Gen.
A. P. Rockwood, Commissary Gen.
Geo. D. Grant, Brig. Gen. of Cavalry.
A. B. Clawson, Aide-de-Camp.
L. W. Hardy, Division Commissary.
W. H. Kimball, Lieut. Col. of Cavalry.
Wm. Hyde, Lieut. Col. of Infantry.
R. T. Burton, Major the Life Guards.

The Boston Glass Company has built a chimney to their works located on Bunker Hill, ten feet higher than the monument.

For the Bellevue Gazette. Self Conquest.

"I have lost my way—I have wandered far from the pure precepts and principles of my childhood," murmured Eva Lee, as with bowed head and tearful eyes, in the solitude of her own chamber, she recalled the bitter, unkind and rebellious feeling to which under the pressure of sorrow she had sometimes yielded, and visions of her laughing, happy, prayerful childhood arose before her.

For many years had Eva Lee been exposed to peculiar trials and temptations. Once the only and tenderly loved child in a happy home, then friendless and homeless, distrust and unkindness cast their dark shadows over her sensitive, and once trusting heart. The cordial, heart-cheering tones of love and tenderness, seldom greeting her ear, repulsed by the arms that should have sheltered, rudely probed by those who should have aided her in the great life struggle; what wonder if for a time with palsied arm, and fearful heart she laid down the oars, leaving all to the mercy of the pitiless gale, forgetful of the great Pilot. But there is in every heart an inward voice that will at times be heard above the angry roar of the tempest, and the fierce din of worldly strife; and for the earnest seeker the mild radiance of the Star of Bethlehem will peer through the darkest clouds and reverently heeding of that inward voice, and thrilled by the memory of almost forgotten teachings of her childhood, she remained in her room, till long after twilight had deepened into night, and the holy stars came out as witnesses.

Life had seemed to her so weary and so sad; but as she looked out upon the glorious beauty of that silent, starry night, she fully realized that that life was yet crowned by many rich gifts, and notwithstanding her disappointments and her sorrows, if the blessings within her reach were truly appreciated, it might again become to her beautiful and valued; and carefully weighing every motive, and questioning the influence of every feeling, she firmly resolved, to keep untiring watch over her overtaken and so often impulsive spirit.

Years passed. She mingled in the active scenes of life, taking her full share of its burdens and its cares; while none but the eye of the All-seeing knew of the noiseless struggle within; and in secret, and in silence she reaped her reward, enjoying that calm which only those can know who have become self conquerors. If to her were denied the joys that spring from happy domestic ties, and well regulated home affections, the sunshine of her cheerful spirit illumined more than one lonely home, and more than one eye lingered with a blessing upon the brave heart that had struggled so cheerfully with the ills of life; and when after the lapse of many years, she had again a happy home, and a situation of wealth and influence, she looked back upon the sorrows, that had induced those long hours of solitary thought, as but an ordeal through which a wise directing Providence had led her to prepare her for the duties of the unknown future, awaken in her heart the germs of a nobler life, and a full perception of those great principles, justice, truth and love; which, if rightly understood and observed, would bind men more closely together in one common brotherhood, and firmly believing that an Eye of Infinite love had noted every trial, numbered every tear, and responded to every prayer for help, she retained thro' life a deep reverence for humanity, even when most ignorant and erring, and an earnest love for justice, truth and the right, and her unaltering trust in an over-ruling Providence, was transferred with a blessing to more than one hopeless, despairing, and lonely heart. J. E. NYE.

Nebraska Legislature in a Nuss.

We clip the following from the Chicago Journal, which we publish for the amusement of our readers. The editor of the Journal, as will be seen, is fully posted in Nebraska affairs, and the geographical position of its towns:

An extra of the Omaha Nebraskan, dated January 5th, comes to us in a flame of excitement and boiling over with rage and "pious indignation," at the proceedings of the majority of the Legislature of that Territory, who, it appears, have seceded from the minority and left Omaha, where the Legislature has been in session, and have gone to Florence, there "to organize another Government."

The cause of this extraordinary split in the Legislature of Nebraska can be explained in a few words. The project of moving the seat of Government from Omaha, on the border, to Florence an interior and more central town, has been under agitation for sometime, and the present crisis was not unexpected. The feeling on both sides was intense, the citizens of Omaha and their friends in the Legislature being determined that the

contemplated change should not be made, and the opponents of Omaha, both in and out of the Legislature, being equally determined that the Capitol should be removed.

It appears that a regular melee ensued just previous to the final split. The movement was simultaneous in both houses. In the Senate (or "Council," as they call it,) a motion was made to remove to Florence. The President would not submit it. An appeal was taken from his decision and carried. He still refused to put the motion, when it was done for him, carried, and the majority withdrew.

In the Assembly, the House was in Committee of the Whole, Dr. Thrall in the chair, and in the discussion of a certain bill, several of the Omahas spoke "against time" to prevent a motion to suspend rules and put through a bill which had been announced to remove the Capitol from Omaha to Florence. At this Speaker Decker and his Omaha friends, a majority of the House, withdrew much exasperated. They held an outside caucus, and resolved to break up the Committee of the Whole, and get possession of the House, or "die in the attempt." They returned to the House, when Decker marched up and snatched the gavel from Dr. Thrall's hands, and ordered him to leave. Several interferred, and a regular "free fight" ensued between the two divisions. Dr. Thrall was fortunately rolled under a table, where he looked on with comparative safety. Nothing is said about anybody's being hurt or killed, but we doubt not there were some bloody faces before the fight ceased. Next morning the House re-assembled, and the majority being bound to rule, a motion was at once made to remove to Florence; it was carried, and the majority then withdrew and went to Florence. The minority (the Omahas) adjourned till the next day, the Clerk (an Omaha man) remaining with them in possession of all the official documents, papers and minutes.—They elected a Speaker pro tem, and although they can do no business, they meet every day and adjourn over.

In the meantime, acting Gov. Cuming, who is an Omaha man, has issued an order to keep the public documents at Omaha. Col. Richardson, the newly appointed Governor of the Territory, (who was last heard of in a fight in a gambling house at Quincy) has not yet appeared at the scene of action, but is said to be at Council Bluffs, which is directly opposite Omaha, on the river, in Iowa, dodging the responsibility, and awaiting till peace and quiet shall have been restored.

The Davenport Gazette has a letter giving additional advice. The letter says a good many members are in Florence, with the report that the Omaha members will not come, and another that they will come in force, and attempt to carry things with a muss, in which case there will be warm times. The correspondent sides with the anti-Omaha party.

The Pacific Railroad Bill.

Washington, Jan 20. The bill matured by the Pacific R. R. Committee of the Senate and reported by Mr. Gwin to-day, proposes to locate the Pacific Rail Road between the Big Sioux and the mouth of the Kansas river to San Francisco. Alternate sections of land on each side of the roadway to be granted, and \$12,500 per mile advanced on the completion of every twenty-five miles of the road until 25 millions of dollars are reached. The amounts advanced to be returned in mail services and transportation of men and munitions of war. Five per cent. of the stock is to be issued. The President is to receive the bids and make the contract for 20 years, and locate the road, having a view to economize and select the best route.

Important from the Plains.

St. Louis, Jan. 19.

The Republican has information from Fort Laramie, through an Indian trader, who arrived at Jefferson City yesterday, and who reports meeting on the 23d of December, between six and seven hundred Cheyenne and Comanche Indians, returning from Salt Lake to their villages on the Black Walnut Hills, about eighty miles south-east of Fort Laramie, accompanied by about twenty Mormon leaders. Their intention is to remain in camp until spring, and then employ themselves under Mormon influence in harrassing and cutting of the supply trains sent to the relief of Col. Johnson. The Indians had been led to believe that the Mormons had 8,000 fighting men well equipped. They also spoke of the Mormon fortifications. A large number of the Indian allies declared that the Mormons have no idea of running away.

Gen Taylor's son, Richard Taylor, has been elected to the Senate of Louisiana.

Seven of Mrs. Kemble's readings in New York netted the handsome amount of \$6,000. This is reading to some purpose. Shakespear probably did not realize as much for writing the plays which this lady read.

THE NEW CENT.—The Philadelphia Ledger states that although nearly all excitement has died away about the new cent, the mint is actively engaged in coining them. Three days in each week are devoted to this purpose. On these days the whole building appears to be filled with the new coin. Piles of them are to be seen in all stages of manufacture. By the last monthly statement of the mint, it appears that \$16,200 of the coin were issued in November.

What key is it that opens the gates of misery? This-key.

Local & Territorial.

Sarpy County Meeting.

Pursuant to public notice previously given, a meeting of the people of Sarpy County assembled at the Bellevue House in the City of Bellevue, on Saturday, Jan. 30th, 1858, to hear from their Representatives in the Council and House of Representatives, in relation to the causes of the recent adjournment of the Legislative Assembly from Omaha City to Florence, and to take the same into consideration.

On motion, Robert Hamilton, Esq., was called to the chair, and Alfred Matthias appointed Secretary.

The object of the meeting was stated by the chairman, and Gen. L. L. Bowen called upon, who responded by giving a clear and detailed statement of the occurrences which caused the Legislature to adjourn to Florence, and of its action whilst there. He was followed by Huns James S. Allan, and C. T. Holloway, in remarks upon the same subject.

T. B. Lemon, Esq., moved that a committee of five be appointed to draft resolutions, expressive of the sense of the meeting.

The motion was adopted, and Messrs. T. B. Lemon, W. H. Cook, J. E. Nye, H. A. Longsdorf, and Stephen D. Bangs, were appointed said committee.

The meeting was further addressed by Hon. Amos Gates, Hon. James Davidson, and Hon. S. A. Strickland; after which the committee, through their chairman, reported the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The recent Legislature at Omaha City presented a scene of riot and violence, as respectable as it is demoralizing, whereby the personal safety of the majority was placed in jeopardy by the combined influence of the minority, backed up by a lawless and infuriated mob, who determined to prevent all free legislation—a right so sacred to every American freeman, and

Resolved, That we deeply regret the course pursued by the minority which caused the split in the Legislature, and the necessity of the majority adjourning to Florence for the purpose of uninterrupted legislation as well as their own personal safety.

Resolved, That we heartily approve the action of the majority in their adjournment to Florence, the nearest place of safety regarding it as the only measure left to ensure wholesome legislation.

Resolved, That we heartily endorsed the course pursued by our delegation in the Legislature at its last session, dictated as it was by prudence and a duty they owed their constituents.

Resolved, That we welcome them home as men tried, proved, and found worthy of the high confidence reposed in them.

T. B. LEMON, W. H. COOK, JOHN A. NYE, H. A. LONGSDORF, S. D. BANGS.

On motion the meeting then adjourned. ROBERT HAMILTON, President. ALFRED MATTHIAS, Secretary.

THERMOMETRICAL RECORD FOR JANUARY.

The following Record of the weather for the past month will stand a comparison with any record kept in the eastern States; January was certainly as pleasant as any one could desire:—

Table with columns: Jan. 1858, A.M. Dg., P.M. Dg., P.M. Dg. Rows 1-31 showing temperature data.

Preparations are being made for a grand Ball, to come off on the evening of the 22d of February, in this city.

The members of the new Military Company, met for drill last Monday evening.

Clarke & Brother, has our thanks for favors received.

The weather still continues mild and pleasant. In St. Paul, Minnesota, on the morning of the 7th of January, the mercury was 19 degrees below zero. It was 2 degrees above zero, in this city, at the same time, as will be seen by referring to our Record for last month.

A frame dwelling is being erected near the bluff, west of Washington street.

There are two Schools in town, and we understand both are well attended.

Some very interesting debates occur at the School House, during the sessions of the Mock Legislature.

We notice that our eastern exchanges are copying quite extensively from the Bellevue Gazette.

The River is still open at this place. Foot passengers even, have not been able to cross on the ice, at the Ferry, this winter.

We are indebted to C. C. Woolworth of Omaha, for copies of the New York Ledger, and Harper's Weekly. We notice among other tales, in the Ledger, one just commenced by Mrs. Emma D. E. N. Southworth, entitled "A Romance of the Rappahannock." Mr. Woolworth, will be happy to serve those who may desire these or other publications, for a consideration. His Store is on Farnham Street, opposite Pioneer Block.

The Small Pox is prevailing extensively at Omaha.

Plateau House, is the name of a new Hotel, opened at Deot, by G. W. Martin. So says the Pilot.

On Wednesday last a large number of citizens of the Territory, assembled at the office of A. R. Gillmore, in Omaha, for the purpose of forming an Historical Society.

Sarpy county was represented by the Rev. Wm. Hamilton, Thos. Nye, and Judge Cook.

GRAND RAPIDS AND INDIANA R. R.—The Grand Rapids (Mich.) Enquirer of the 5th says that the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad Company have contracted for the construction of the road bed from the south side of Kaumazoo river to a point forty miles north of Grand Rapids—a distance of 75 miles, and nearly an air line. If vigorously prosecuted, the road may be finished in two years to Fort Wayne. The company has complied with the requirement of the law, so as to secure a land appropriation, and wishes to put the road bed in order for iron without incurring its stock.

GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS.—A STROKE COMPARISON.—A gentleman, who had served more than one term in Congress, and knows how some things are done at Washington, in conversation with a manufacturer a few days since, inquired if he was a bidder for a contract soon to be closed. Upon receiving an affirmative, he asked, "Have you gressed their knees?" "No," said the manufacturer. "Then you stand no more chance than a Jew in Tophet, without claws."

DANIEL A DEAD-HEAD.—Speaking of lions—that was an "idea" of the hard-shell preacher, who was discoursing of Daniel in the den of lions:—"There he sat all night, looking at the show for nothing. It didn't cost him a cent."

Dr. D. D. Owen, State Geologist of Arkansas, is said to have recently discovered a valuable coal field in Randolph County, in that State.

It is thought that Charles Fenno Hoffman the poet, who has for some time been an inmate of the Pennsylvania Hospital for the Insane, will be fully restored to reason, at no distant day.

COULDN'T CHOKE IT OFF.—"John, stop your crying," said an enraged father to his son, who had kept up an intolerable "yell" for the past five minutes. "Stop, I say; do you hear? again repeated the father, after a few moments, the boy still crying. "You don't suppose I can choke off in a minute, do you?" chimed the hopeful urchin.

A correspondent of the Missouri Democrat, gives the subjoined statistics of the amount of the various descriptions of lumber in St. Louis received, three-fourths of which has been used in the city for building purposes, &c., for the year 1857: Amount of lumber—72,457,700 feet. In the log, manufactured and consumed in St. Louis—24,500,000 " Shingles—25,866,500 " Lathes—received—11,515,000 " Lathes manufactured at mills here—18,780,000 " This is the largest amount of lumber ever received there in one year. In 1847 the total number of feet received was 42,000,000. In 1851 the number of feet was 56,000,000.

Cyrus W. Field and Engineer Everett, left New York for England, on Wednesday, for the purpose of making arrangements for laying the Atlantic Telegraph cable in the Spring. They take with them the model of a new machine, invented by Mr. Berdan, for laying out the cable, which is said to possess great advantages over any other that has been made.