Further Cut in Taxes for 1925,

President Scores Government Ownership, Limitation of Power of U. S. Supreme Court.

(Continued From Page One.) legislative program of aid. This had been withheld temporarily, he said, at the advice of farm leaders, lest the investigation become involved in partisan politics.

Recalling benefits he said had ned from the existing tariff law, Coolidge insists that without a protective tariff, "American indus-American wages cunnot be paid, the American stand and of living cannot be maintained." Must Maintain Europe's Respect. The address, in part, follows:

It is my opinion that a true ec mic development of our country an only rest upon the broad founof ministering to human welfare, it must contribute to peace abroad, and must be supported by security, industry, economy, charity, education and religious convictions at home. It cannot thrive upon sec into consideration all quarters of "It has always been the theory

ple. cannot be oblivious to the most miserable fail-ed unless the people continue to own and control their own property. The ure which a government can inflic' upon the people is a lack of orde and security. Unless a government try is be strong enough to maintain public ice in the observance of the orderly processes of law, we not only gic value. It could be used in such have no economic development, but a way as to assume virtual control an immediate cessation of all enter. of all other business of any importprise and a substantial destruction ance. It is proposed that these propof all values. "We must have local erties should be brought under public ownership. police protection, supported by such

an army and navy as will insure domestic tranquility at home and wholesome regard for the rights of We do not maintain armed forces as a threat or menace to any except wrong With us they are purely instruments of peace and good order.

Reduced Debt by Billions. 'We have a well defined foreign

policy, known to all men who will give it candid consideration. It has as its foundation peace with inde-"We stand committed to the

of international conferences, as spe-cific occasions arise, to consider definitely stated international problems, to provide further limitation of armaments, and to propose plans for th dification of international law. But this government is opposed to the sion in any international body or conference of questions which concern our own purely domestic affairs.

"The prosperity of the people in und up with the financial of the government. To my mind the practice of public economy and insistence upon its rigid and drastic enforcement is a prime necessity of the people of the United States.

The present policy of the govern ment has been to nev off the national debt and reduce the national expendi-

to this tion and the best method of a substantial agreement among the farm organizations themselves of what they desire in the way of government ac Coolidge Pledge tion. I therefore propose to call such a conference, to consist of some of the leaders in the farm organizations the leaders in the farm organizations and some of the prominent represent

atives of farm ec cultural colleges, to formulate a pro gram for legislation to be presented to the congress which we can all support. The farmers have suffered enough from those who have attempt ed to barter their votes for unsound

remedies. I want their business put basis by thorough and scientific study, where it can exis on an equality with other b Raps Federal Ownership.

"It is impossible to escape the con clusion that the general economic condition of the country is While business and agriculture have not fully recovered the losses caused by the always follows war, they are now on a fairly profitable basis, be natural to suppose that every well wisher of the country would be anx-

ious to maintain the present estab lished order of things, given to the people of America a position superior to that ever before held by any people on earth. But in spite of the extraordinary results which have been accomplished, there is not only a large amount of criticism, but proposals to make at least two of tionalism or privilege, but must take the most revolutionary changes.

the land and all the elements of so. our institutions that the people should own the government, and not that

the government should own the peo-This policy cannot be maintain nost important property of the coun transportation and water power. It is not only very large in amount, but is of the greatest strate-

"Responsible public have valued these at about \$35,000,000,-000. Such a cost would more than double our public debts. Any deficit in earnings would have to be made out of taxes.

"Another principle in which the American people have always strongly believed and which they have stoutly maintained, is a judicial as against a political determination of

causes. "It is proposed to place this power

which, it must be remembered, is that of life and death, in the hands of congress. Is it supposed that in exercise of this power, they would be more impartial, more independent, than the judges of the supreme court? It seems to me that this would be device more nearly calculated to tak the rights of the people and leave them subject to all the influences which might be exerted on the congress by the power and wealth of vested interests on one day, and the

passing whim of popular passion on another day. The poor and the weak would be trampled under foot under such a condition, life and property

and the freedom of religion, speech and the press would have very little security. In time of national peril our government would have no balance wheel. If this system should be July tures. Since June 30, 1921, the na- adopted and put into effect, the his-Rye Dec tional government has reduced its torian would close the chapter yearly expenditures about \$2,000,000, the comment that the people have 000. It has paid off about \$2,750,000, 000 of its debt and reduced its annual government and the American repub-May lic had proved a failure. If we are unable to maintain the guarantees of July "A policy of economy has as its freedom in this land, where on earth Oats Dec. THE OMAHA BEE: FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1924.

Stock Market Is **Argentine Rain** Omaha Grain **Omaha Livestock**
 mberg
 Carb
 39
 38
 39

 marine
 Boat
 39
 38
 38
 39

 as Co.
 41
 41
 51
 51
 51

 as Gui
 Suiph
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78
 78</ Irregular, Aside **Causes Break in** Omaha. Oct. 23. Cash wheat sold on the tables today from 1% @2c lower, bulk of the trades eing marked up at the extreme de-line. The demand as a whole was only oderate and quite a few samples were writed as a substantial of the samples were Cattle, Hogs. Sheep. 24,044 9,104 6,958 1,0837 7,585 9,523 7,852 6,744 7,156 4,300 3,800 6,800 47,074 27,236 30,447 .56,706 32,079 55,664 0,50,887 22,981 76,000 0,49,477 27,026 83,578 .44,168 23,076 63,847 From Sugar, Oils **Foreign Wheat** Sugar Shares Weak and Oils nomics in our agri- Drop Reflected in Chicago Moderately Strong; Rails Pit, Prices Closing Weak; Cattle-Receipts, 4,300 head. Thursday's noderate run of cattle did not change he general situation materially and de-urable light and handy weight eters and Steels Mixed; For-Corn Displays Heavy
 1c lower.
 the strab

 Omaha Carlot Sales,
 ruled

 WHEAT.
 ruled

 No. 1 dark hard: 1 car. \$1.38; 3-5 car,
 er.

 No. 1 hard: \$1.34; 5 cars, \$1.53; 1 car,
 are a

 \$1.36.
 s1.37; 2 cars, \$1.32; 1 car,

 No. 1 hard: \$1.34; 5 cars, \$1.53; 1 car,
 to are a
 81% 80% 916 9 1616 1516 4516 4416 Tone; Oats Ease Down. eign Exchange Lower. By CHARLES J. LEYDEN. ... iversal Service Staff Correspondent icago. Oct. 23.—A sharp break gn wheat markets today due larg eported rainfall over the dry ar By RICHARD SPILLANE. Universal Service Financial Editor. New York, Oct. 23.—Aside from to action of the sugar stocks and the of there isn't much that is cheerful in t world over is increasing, but so is produ-tion and the increase in production to year is such that it is more than to trade can handle with profit. All the sugar shares were weak, Ame an Sugar Refining breaking to 25%.—I Chicago. Oct. 22.--A sharp break in foreign wheat markets today due largely to reported rainfall over the dry areas of the Argentine was reflected in the local plt, prices closing weak and not far from levels of the day. Liquidation was rather severe during the first hour, but there entered into the market an excellent class of absorption which at one time brought about an appreciable recovery. General interest on the buying side was apathetic, however, and prices proved this ultimately. Wheat closed 1%c to 2%c lower, corn was 1%c to 2%c off. oats were %c to %c down and ryc ruled %c to %c lower. Eastern houses were credited with sell-ing wheat freely. The trade mas it that a prominent Wall street operator has been "on top" of the market for several days. Winnipeg and Liverpool dropped on the Argentine news. The relative firmness in Buenos Aires was disconcert-ing as well as many reports which de-nied that rains in the southern hemi-sphere were sufficient. After the close the scaboard confirmed export wheat sales of 2.000,000 busheis. largely to France and Italy. The sales were mostly for deferred shipment. This attracted attention. Liverpool finished 24, to 2% piece lower, Cash wheat abroad wag steady. Corn displayed a beavy tone and made its low point just before the close. There was buying early on reports of export business in this market, but commission houses offered on every furry. Frost complaints from the country and mea-sages that husking returns were disap-pointing helped to suitain prices early. Primary receipts were 634,000 bushels avaint 628,000 bushels a year ago. Oats eased gradually and finished at the bottom. Commission houses had sell-ing orders most of the day. The best buying was for the account of shorts. By showed relative steadiness com-pared with other grains. Export demand was moderate but leading holders were credited with buying at intervals. Provisions were off under Houidating pressure. Lard was 16t to 35c lower and ribs were 25c higher. **He Notes.** 1214; 1 car. \$1.34; 1 car. \$1.31; No. 3 hard; 2 cars, \$1.32; 4 cars, \$1.314; No. 4 hard; 1 car. \$1.32; 4 cars, \$1.314; car, \$1.30; 1 car, \$1.284; 1 car, \$1.305; No. 5 hard; 1 car, \$1.304; 2 cars, \$1.305; Sample hard; 1 car, \$1.304; 2 cars, \$1.30; Car, \$1.32; 2 cars, \$1.40; 1 car, \$1.30; Sample hard; 1 car, \$1.30; 1 car, \$1.56; 1 car, \$1.40; 1 car, 1 50; 1 car, \$1.66; 1 car, \$1.46; 1 car, 1 50; 1 car, \$1.66; 1 car, \$1.46; 1 car, 1 50; 1 car, \$1.66; 1 car, \$1.46; 1 car, 1 50; 1 car, \$1.66; 1 car, \$1.46; 1 car, 1 50; 1 car, \$1.66; 1 car, \$1.46; 1 car, 1 50; 1 car, \$1.60; 1 car, \$1.40; 1 car, 1 50; 1 car, \$1.60; 1 car, \$1.40; 1 car, 1 50; 1 car, \$1.60; 1 car, \$1.40; 1 car, 1 50; 1 car, \$1.60; 1 car, \$1.30, No. 4 spring; 1 car, \$1.40; 1 car, \$1.30, CORN, No. 3 white; 2 cars, \$1.00; 2 cars, \$1.01, No. 3 white; 2 cars, \$1.025; No. 3 yellow; 3 cars, \$1.015; No. 3 yellow; 1 car, \$1.00, No. 2 mixed; 1 car, \$1.00, No. 2 mixed; 1 car, \$1.00, No. 2 mixed; 1 car, \$1.00, Co. 51% 50% ne fed heifers, \$5.00@10.5 d fed heifers, \$5.00@8.00; grass beeves, \$7.00@8.00; rrass beeves, \$7.00@8.00; rrass beeves, \$5.00@6.85; errass beeves, \$5.00@6.85; errs, \$5.00@4.75; choice heifers, \$5.00@5.75; fair heifers, \$5.00@5.70; choice ows \$4.75@5.50; choice to drag. Rails were as mixed as the steels. It seemed to be profit taking day with some of the low-priced issues which have be market favorites of late. Coincidentally, some new ones came into action, among them being Kanasa City Southern, Trans-New York Bonds No. 4 yellow: 1 car, 930; 1 car, 11.00, No. 3 mixed: 1 car, 51.00, No. 3 mixed: 1 car, 930; No. 4 mixed: 2 cars, 950; No. 5 mixed: 1 car, 970; No. 5 mixed: 1 car, 970; No. 3 white: 3 cars, 4714c 5 cars, 470; No. 4 white: 1 car, 46140; Sample white: 1 car, 46140; RYE, No. 1: 3 cars, 51.17; BARLEY, No. 2: 5 1-4 cars, 51.17; BARLEY, No. 2: 2 cars, 880; Valley were strong. Maxwell Motors "A" large advance-rather served. Transactions for the \$87,500 shares. No. 2: 2 cars, 88c. No. 3: 1 car, 87c. No. 4: 1 car, 84c; 1 car, 85c. helfers, \$3.50@4.75; stock cows, .40; stock calves, \$4.50@7.25; veal \$3.00@10.00; bologna bulls, \$2.90 Dally Inspection of Grain Received. Hard: 61 cars No. 1, 59 cars No. 2, 29 ars No. 3, 18 cars No. 4, 7 cars No. 5, EBP Pr. \$8 70 11 61 10 00 20.... 908 11 00 23....10 933 11 40 44....10 933 11 75 PRS AND HEIFERS 50 7.....59 24...... PS. BEEF STEERS Cars No. 3. Total, 198 cars. Total, 198 cars. CORN. Yellow: 2 cars No. 2, 7 cars No. 3, 5 ars No. 4, 2 cars No. 5, 1 car No. 6. White: 2 cars No. 2, 5 cars No. 3, 3 . 860 7 50 . 941 10 00 . 952 10 75 7..... 595 8 5 24..... 858 10 5 1 car No. 3, 1 car No. 4. OATS. White: 12 cars No. 3, 5 cars No. 4, 3 own. Corn, 1%, @2%c down. Oats, % @%c down. Rye, % @%c down. Lard was down 17 to 35 points. Total, 20 cars No. 2, 5 cars Total, 20 cars. RYE. 2 cars No. 1, 8 cars No. 2, Total, 11 cars. BARLEY. 1 car No. 3, 2 cars No. 4. Total, 3 cars. 1..... 170 9 50 Western Cattle. NEBRASKA re in excess of 1,000,000 bushen ave been averaging that amoun ral days. In Duluth, where em before the end of the week i red against incoming grain, ship but were larger than the receipts there were good sales of whea New York Quotations OMAHA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTIS. (CARLOTS) of cash wheat to the east out of Receiptswere effected at rising premiums, also noted business done at firm-niums. St. Louis said exporters frer wheat as far ahead as April er premiums. St. Louis said exporters ware after wheat as far ahead as April shipment. There are few, if any, indi-cations that Europe has let up in its buying, and apparently the swings in the market may be laid recently to the change in technical conditions. Deliveries of wheat on October con-racts in Winnipeg were the heaviest so far, but that delivery displayed relative iteadiness compared with the later months. Experis traveling over that jountry say that much of the threshed wheat is grading poorly and that the palance will be still poorer. The weather builtook in Canada was none too favor-ible for the immediate future. Sentiment in the wheat trade at the noment is more mixed than for some (imarket remain and as long as Europe omes after our wheat it is hardly pos-ble that they will be discounted. The vanner of foreign buying this week has een somewhat different than previously, xport sales now are being effected on ne dips and this accounts for the fall-ve of the market to hold ifs advances pre-sone the some and hold ifs advances of the market of hold ifs advances of the market of hold ifs advances of

 Oats
 22
 15
 34
 of all sales was at \$9.10 @ 9.75 with early
 Interview of the second sec ional Bank building Bushels- Today Yr Wheat and flcur1,505,000 2 CHICAGO RECEIPTS. Week \$6.00 @ 8.00; feeding ewes, \$4.75
 Year
 @ 6.25.
 FAT LAMBS.

 Aro. 45
 No.
 W

 136
 53 nat.
 S

 60
 247 fed.
 CLIP LAMBS.
 onal Leather Today. dips and this accounts for the fail of the market to hold its advance iny length of time. The lack of 1 speculative interest is another re ting factor. Professional traders KANSAS CITY RECEIPTS. Week 12 10 Assoc Atchis Year 410 fed. FEEDER LAMBS. ever, are likely to overdo it in pre the short side. 295 Wyo. FEEDER EWES East St. Louis Livestoch 6 65 A CHICAGO PRICES. Receipts and disposition of livestock at the Union stockyards. Omaha, Neb., for 24 hours, ending at 3 p. m. RECEIPTS-CARLOT. Cattle. Hgs. Shp. By Updike Grain company, ATlantic 6312 Art. | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Yes. NORTHWESTERN WHEAT RE Pao. Ry. 24 Carlots-Ago. 488 795 1,283 Minneapolis Duluth Winnipeg

 1.29%
 1.314
 1.29
 1.304
 1.304
 1.305
 1.305
 1.305
 1.305
 1.305
 1.305
 1.305
 1.305
 1.305
 1.305
 1.305
 1.305
 1.305
 1.305
 1.305
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.315
 1.29% 1.31 1/2 1.29 1 3014 C. R. L & P., west July 533 56 54 56 55 56 55 56 55 56 56 14.00 Dec. 14.75 14.75 14.50 14.60 14.90 May 13.85 13.85 13.67 13.67 13.85 Ribs Oct. 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 12.75 New York Sugar. New York Oct. 22.—The raw sugar Guban duty paid. A sale of 25,000 base Cuban duty paid. A sale of 25,000 base Cuban was made late yesterday to an outport refiner at 6.09c duty paid and today 7,000 base were sold to a local refiner at 6.09c, both prompt shipment. After a generally steady forenoon mär-ket in which prices showed gains of 1 to 4 points on covering and buying for Cuban account, raw susar futures sold off slightly under liquidation. Final prices were 2 points higher to 1 net lower. December closed, 3.88c; March, 2.16c; May, 3.23c; July 3.32c. No changes occurred in refined sugar, prices ranging from 7.15c to 7.50c for fine granulated. Refined futures were nominal. Barley-Easy: malting. \$1.06@1.08 c. 1. Barley-Easy: malting. \$1.06@1.08 c. 1 Freed-Easy: city bran. 100-ound sacks. 53.1.50; western bran. do., 532.50. Flour-Quiet: spring patents. \$7.15.60 5.25; hard winter straights. \$7.25.67.75. Rys Flour-Quiet; fair to groud. \$7.25.67 7.50; choice to fancy. \$7.50@8.00. Hay-Steady; No. 1. \$27.00@23.00; No. 02, \$38.00; No. 3. \$21.00@23.00; shipping. \$18.00@13.00 Pork-Steady; mess. \$20.00@31.00; fam-ity, \$22.06. Rice-Steady; fancy head, 7% @7%c.

interest by over \$130,000,000. Policy of Economy.

sole object the benefit of all the peo- can they be maintained?" ple. Just prior to elections a great deal of talk is made about the taxes of the rich and poor. It can fairly be said, that the national government does not tax the earnings of the family. Earnings of \$2,500 are entirely exempt and on \$5,000 they would pay but \$37.50. The claim can scarcely be made that the poor are obliged to pay direct taxes to the national government. All talk about taking direct taxes off the rich and leaving them on the poor is simply misleading.

"A very material part of our revenue comes from the tariff, which is now running at the rate of about \$550,000,000 per year. This is not withstanding the fact that we have the lowest tariff which the republican party has enacted since 1890, and that it is even lower than the democratic tariff of 1894. Nearly 57 per siril. Nickelo and Mary Cavallario, 2013 Pierce street, girl. list, while the average duty on all imports is less than 15 per cent. Under it, in spite of prophecies to the contrary, our foreign trade has greatly increased. It has been constantly asserted that what the farmer buys is protected and what he sells is not protected. Almost everything that is used in the business of farming, as a matter of fact, is on the free list; while almost everything that the farmer raises is protected. from the nuts and citrus fruits of the Pacific coast, through the sugar, grain and animal products of the central west, to the dairy and tobacco products of the east. Without such protection many of these farm prod ucts would be destroyed by foreign competition. When we turn to our industrial life, we find that the wages in buying power, are twice that of the best foreign labor. Compared to 1923, the advance in the wages of union labor is 99 per cent while in the ordinary living costs it is only about 69 per cent. American industry cannot exist, American wages cannot be paid, the American standard of living cannot be maintained without a protective tariff.

Business Sound Now.

Inder this policy of peace, nomy, reduction of taxes and protection, the business of the country has very generally revived and sight us into an era of more than average prosperity. Agriculture, hower, not only suffered first, and in respects most, but has been the last to recover. In spite of the fact that prices for the great staples of wheat, corn and animal products are now at a much more encourag ing level, nevertheless, the farmer has not been able to restore in one season, the losses he has encountered in the four preceding seasons. Agriculture must be placed on a perma-neally profitable basis where it can

enjoy economic equality with other industry.

industry. "I have withheld the calling of an agricultural conference on the advice of some of the leafers in the farm organizations. But I stand committed organizations. But I stand committed

May Out of the Records

In Divorce Court.

Divorce ePtitions. Helen Westergreen against James Wes-tergreen, nonsupport. Pauline Slyter against Roy F. Slyter, cruelty. Ernestine Svendsen against Christen Marnie McAleer against Hugh McAleer,

cruelty. Lynds Tingly sgainst Ruth Tingly, cruelty.

Kathleen Dietz from John C. Dietz,

Births and Deaths.

Births. Theodore and Nellie Buras, 4125 South Twenty-ninth street, grl. Henry and Catherine Liss, Sixtleth and N streets, twins (boy and girl). John and Lillie Baier, hospital, girl. John and Margaret Sullivan, hospital,

Boston Wool. Boston Wool. Boston, Oct. 23.-The wool market continues quiet Lut very firm. Wools are moving on a basis of recent quota-tions but not in large volume. Fine and three-eighths blood lines are in soms de-mand. Some houses are holding the three-eighths grade in particular in a slightly higher figure. Mills are ex-periencing some difficulty in filling or-ders owing to the scarcity of Australian wools. treet, girl. Deaths. Harry Fletcher. 54 years, hospital. Tressa Aupperice, 28, hospital. Harold Bruce Watkins, 19, hospital. George O. Hall, 42, hospital.

Building Permits.

New York Cotton. New York, Oct. 23.-The general cot-ton market closed barely steady at net declines of 15 to 22 points.

N. Y. Curb Bonds

W. C. Berry, 2437 South Sixteenth street, frame dwelling, 34,500. W. C. Berry, 2919 Clarkson avenue, frame dwelling, 33,000. Vera Goodwin, 1122 South Fifty-fifth street, frame dwelling, 33,750. Carl A. Carlson, 4433 Poppleton avenue, frame dwelling, \$4,800. Chicage Egg and Butter Futures. Furnished by George E. Clark, 1327 Woodmen of the World building. New York, Oct. 23.-Following is the official list of transactions on the New York curb exchange, giving all bonds raded in: EGGS. | Cars. | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. Refg. | Oct. Nov. Dec. BUTTER.

| Cars. | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. Fresh Oct. Dec. Jan. 33 14 36 .32 12 .32 14 .32 14 .32 14 .32 14 .33 14 .33 14 .32 12 .33 14

New York Coffee Futures. New York Oct. 23.-A further ad-vance at the opening of the market for coffee futures met considerable realizing today and after selling at 18.76c or into new high ground or the season. March reacted to 18.56c. The market was steadled at the decline by reports of a firm spot situation, however, and March closed at 18.57. The general list opened at an advance of 3 to 12 points and closed net 3 points lower to 7 points higher. Sales were estimated at 30,000 bags. Closing quotations: October, 19.67c; December, 19.07c; March, 18.57c; May, 18.15c; July, 17.65c; September, 17.26c. Boot coffee firm; Rios 7s, 20½c; Santos 4s, 26c to 26c.

New York Produce. New York, Oct. 23.—Butter.—Firm; re-ceipts, 11,223 tubs; creamery, extras (92 neore), 37%c; creamery firsts (88 score), 32% 036%c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 26c. Eggs—Firmer, receipts, 10.772 cases; fresh gathered, extra firsts, 49@52c; fresh gathered, firsts, 43@48c; fresh gathered seconds and poorer, 34@42c. Cheese—Irregular; receipts, 116.211 pounds.

South Omaha Brevities

The place to buy good coal. BERQUIST, MA, 0662. PHONE MA. 1234. BREWER AMBULANCE SERVI.

2 yellow, \$1.075, \$1.075, \$0,000, \$2,000,

<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text>

92. \$28.00: No. 5. \$21.00@222.00; shipping.
92. \$28.00: No. 5. \$21.00@222.00; shipping.
90. Strady: mess. \$20.00@21.00; family, \$22.00.
Pork-Steady: mess. \$20.00@21.00; family, \$22.00.
Rice-Steady: fancy head. 7% @7%e.
Minneapolis Cesh Grain.
Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 23.-Wheat-Cash. No. 1 northern. \$1.35% @1.141%; No. 1 hard spring, \$1.41%; No. 1 hard spring, \$1.41%; Strady & 1.41%; No. 1 hard spring, \$1.41%; Strady & 1.41%; St

Keystone Tire Lee Rubber Lee Rubber Looze-Wiles Louze-Wiles Lou & Nash Mack Truck Max Dept Store. Maxwell Motor A Max Motor B Mariand Mexican Sea Miami Cop Widdle States Oil to K & Texas... to Pacific

Railway Steel Spring. 1275 Sioux City Idvestock. 1275 Sioux City Ia. Oct. 23.—Cattle—Re-ceipts. 1,500 head; market \$\$ 00 \$\$ 1500 ; for \$\$ 000 \$\$

 Sheep-Receipts, 4,000 head; market

 steady.

 Market

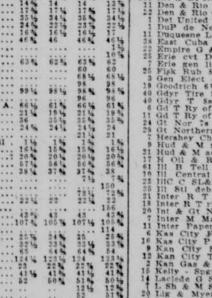
 St. Joseph Livestock.

 St. Le St. Livestock.

 Sheep-Receipts.

 St. Le St. Le

& P pfd & P. M & O Ry. Copper	04	2014	201/	2014	1
Copper	1%	31 14	45 %	45%	25
Peabody pfd			ŝ?"	19% 57	110
	6 %	75%	76	103	2:
rbon	15	40%	41 42% 44%	42 5	35
	414	44 14	44 1/2	44 5	84
an	73	4412	571	57 %	18
Cigars 1 an Motors	17	3615	364	37	4
le	5	54 14	26%	5414	27
le Ugar C S pfd Am S el Fruit Boone	5 %	55 5 10 % 53 %	11 54 % 29 %	11 34	19
Am S 2 el Fruit 4 Boone 1	34	48 -	10.2	28%	100
n Chem 4	6 4	45%	10 %	10%	8
allning				123	195
n Kodak .11	0.2	109 %	128 14	1094 1	4
c S Bat	14	28 16 67	28 % 57 %	28 1/4 57 1/5	11
Ave B L	2.14	8236	11 1	81 %	35
man's Yea 7	6%	73 12	945 76 15	72 %	81
c S Bat . 5 Players	2%	40% 250% 57%	84 42 4	41	23
Motors . 5		57%	252 58	2514	44
Dusta	236	31	31 %	30% 37%	20
r Ore 3 rthern R pf 6 t Steel 6	236	29 % 61 % 68 %	6174		22
ann Trunk 3	41	34	69444	69 14 34 14 33 14	10
Motors 2	134	33 %		33 %	210
n Oil 7	1%	45	4534	46 10 16	21
Central		****	****	108 %	44 26
t Steel 6 ann Trunk 3 Wheel 3 a Motors 2 take M Co 4 n Oll 7 Motors 10 tion 2 Com Corp 3 Harv	54	109 25	10916	24 5	15
Com Corp . 3	10 34	28 %	30	\$0 93	10
erc M M pfd 3 al & Tel 8 Nickel 1 Paper 4 ble Oil 1 Tea 1	÷	361	36% 83	37	51
Nickel 1	3%	82 194 43 %	83 1916 41 %	82	34 20
ble Oil 1	44	43%	41%	13%	112
	15	34 54	36 4	3430	
Southern 2 Spring 1 ott	6 %	1614	23%	17 4	11
ne Tire 4		46	46.44	464	38







 44
 434
 44
 44

 423
 135
 234
 235
 234

 121
 114
 125
 127
 126
 127

 121
 114
 125
 127
 126
 127

 121
 114
 125
 127
 126
 127

 124
 114
 125
 127
 126
 127

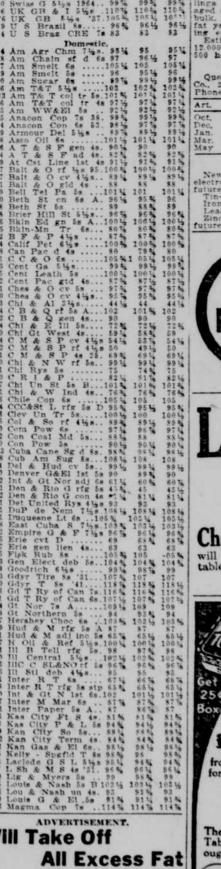
 125
 127
 126
 104
 may be used safely and secretly by any man or woman who is losing the slonder.

 125
 424
 424
 124
 124

 425
 43
 434
 434
 124

 435
 43
 434
 434
 124

 426
 524
 624
 104
 Thousands of men and women each year regain slender healthful figures by using Marmola Tablets. You, too can expect to reduce steadily and easily without out going through long sieces of tiresome exercise and starvation diet. Marmola Tug-regainst heave to reduce at a starvation diet. Marmola fug-regainst heave to reduce at one dollar a boat, year is the world over at one dollar a boat, year is the world over at one dollar a boat, year is the world over at one dollar a boat, year is the world over at one dollar a boat, year is the world over at one dollar a boat, year is the world over at one dollar a boat, year is the wore trave the wore dore for the wore tret.</t



The action of Nature's Remedy (NP Tablets) is more natural and thor-ough. The effects will be a revela-Make the test. You will appreciate this difference. Used For Over Thirty Years

Chips off the Old Block NR JUNIORS - Little MRs The same NR - in one-third doses, candy-coated. For children and edults.

- GOLD BY YOUR DRUGGIST