

DAWES PLAN ADOPTION ASSURED

Hughes Gets 2 Degrees at Brussels

Doctor of Laws of Two Universities Conferred Upon American Secretary of State.

Guest of Belgian King

Brussels, Aug. 1.—Charles E. Hughes, American secretary of state, was signally honored today when two new titles were conferred on him...

The first was conferred by the Belgian ambassador to the United States, Baron de Cartier de Marchienne, at the second by Cardinal Mercier at the palace at Mechlin (Malines).

The chimes of the palace at Mechlin pealed out the "Star Spangled Banner" and an American flag presented to Cardinal Mercier in 1919 by a group of New Yorkers flew over the palace as Secretary Hughes, accompanied by Mrs. Hughes, Mr. Phillips, the American ambassador, Mrs. Phillips and Baron Cartier de Marchienne, was conducted to the throne room.

There, Cardinal Mercier, assisted by Monsignor Ladouze, rector of the University of Louvain, and Chanes Desain, the cardinal's secretary, handed the diplomas to the secretary of state in a most impressive ceremony.

"Ore Debt of Gratitude."

The cardinal said he was happy to be able to confer the degree, in the name of the university, to one "whose conscience as a jurist and experience as a diplomat are so justly renowned."

"Belgium and her allies," he added, "owe you a debt of deep gratitude, because if the United States had not everyone knows, Secretary Hughes' entry into the war was due, in large part, to your clear sightedness, your tenacity, your courage."

"I am deeply touched by your generous words and by the distinction from such a university and nation," Mr. Hughes replied. "It is indeed a very great honor to receive the degree through a man who represents in the eyes of my countrymen the highest moral authority and is the very personification of honor, justice and right. My short visit to your country will leave a very deep impression."

Dines With King.

Mr. Hughes concluded a well filled day by dining tonight at the palace with King Albert and Queen Elizabeth who returned especially from a vacation for the occasion. The monarch had invited a small, distinguished party to meet Secretary Hughes, including Williams Phillips, the American ambassador, Baron Cartier de Marchienne, Aloys Van de Viverre, Belgian minister of economics; M. Verhoemme, minister of national defense; M. Vannevel, president of the supreme court, and Emil Franqui, minister of state and their wives.

According to present arrangements, Mr. and Mrs. Hughes will leave at 10:10 tomorrow afternoon for Berlin, arriving in the German capital at 7:43 tomorrow evening.

Audubon Fair Dates Set.

Atlantic, Ia., Aug. 1.—Preparations are being made to hold the Audubon county fair September 5 to 12.

We Have With Us Today

W. F. Lincoln, general freight agent at Los Angeles, for the Los Angeles and Salt Lake R. R.

A. E. Hobbs, assistant general freight agent at Salt Lake City, for the Oregon Short Line.

H. E. Lounsbury, general freight agent at Portland, Ore., for the Oregon-Washington R. R. and Navigation Co.

Three executives of railroads that are units of the Union Pacific system, who are in Omaha to attend a conference at the Union Pacific headquarters, have gradually climbed the ladder in railroad work from the minor position of office boys or clerks. All have reached their high positions before the 50-year mark.

W. F. Lincoln, general freight agent of the Los Angeles & Salt Lake railroad, a unit of the Union Pacific, entered the service of the Southern Pacific company in 1888 as minor clerk. His last appointment was to his present office in September, 1922.

A. E. Hobbs, assistant general freight agent at Salt Lake City for the Oregon Short Line, entered the employ of the South Pacific company as clerk in a freight depot at Ogden in 1901. He made steady climb with the railroad, being placed in charge of the tariff bureau in 1920 and on July 1 of this year was made assistant general freight agent.

H. E. Lounsbury, general freight agent at Portland for the O. W. R. and N. company, Union Pacific railroad, started as office boy in 1887, holding various positions until in 1912 he was promoted to his present position.

Policeman, Held for Bank Holdup, Freed by Judge

Clifford Baldwin, police motorcycle officer, was ordered released by County Judge Crawford Friday afternoon following a preliminary hearing on a charge of complicity in the Irvington bank robbery, April 29.

"The state has not established a case," the judge announced at the conclusion of the prosecution's testimony. Baldwin was placed on the stand by his attorney, Gene O'Sullivan.

He said that on the morning of April 29 he and his wife left home about 10, drove to the store of Nicholas Naken, 210 North Sixteenth street, and paid a bill. It was about 11 when they left there. This was the hour the bank was robbed.

Naken brought his records into court and corroborated this statement. "I hope to get back on the force," said Baldwin, "but I don't know whether they'll do it."

Sheriff of Cass County Victor in Fight for Salary

Granted Permanent Injunction Which Prevents Issuing of Protest Against Payment of Fees

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee. Plattsmouth, Neb., Aug. 1.—For the second time in two weeks Sheriff E. P. Stewart of Cass county has routed former Sheriff C. B. Quinton and his friends in court here.

Two weeks ago Judge Carroll O. Stauffer of Omaha ordered Quinton to vacate the living quarters in the county jail and enjoined him from further claiming that he is sheriff of Cass county or that Stewart is not sheriff.

Today Judge Stauffer permanently enjoined A. L. Tidd, Ralph Haynie, A. F. Sturm and Quinton, as well as all other taxpayers and citizens of Cass county, from filing a protest against the payment of salary and fees allowed Stewart by the county commissioners.

\$1,000 Still Due Him. Stewart was granted a temporary injunction some time ago which permitted him to collect his salary for June and today, after the permanent injunction had been granted, he filed claim for his July salary.

He still has a salary of \$1,000 against Cass county outstanding which is being held up by suits filed by Haynie, Sturm and Quinton's sister, Mrs. Palmer. This fight will go to district court before Stewart can get his money and, it was said here today, will be decided in September at a special session of court.

The hearing today consumed the better part of the day. The defendants urged that to grant the permanent injunction sought by Stewart would be tantamount to preventing the filing of an appeal against the payment of any claims that Stewart might put in, no matter how excellent it might be. The plaintiff maintained that he did not seek to bar any taxpayer from his constitutional rights of appealing claims, but only the claims contested on the ground that Stewart is not the legal sheriff.

On the witness stand today Haynie and Sturm declared that they had brought suit against Stewart, which prevents his getting his \$1,000, at the request of Quinton. Frank P. Sheldon, another witness, told the court that he had been asked to file a protest, but had refused.

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Celebration of Test Day Voluntary

Government Does Not Presume to Dictate Civilian Plans, Says Coolidge in Wire to Bryan.

No Business Disruption

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee. Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 1.—Governor Bryan today made public an interchange of telegrams between himself and President Coolidge over the governor's attitude toward the defense day order of the War department.

The governor sent the first telegram July 30. A reply from the president was received July 31.

The president in his telegram stated the governor was at liberty to make public the two telegrams. The governor's telegram follows:

"Associated Press dispatches from Washington quotes War department as saying in effect that there was nothing in their plans for national test day from which the governor of Nebraska could draw inferences that the War department desired or expected a mobilization of the civil or industrial forces of the country on September 12. The newspapers of July 27 carried a letter from you to Frederick J. Libby, executive for the national council for the prevention of war, quoting you as saying in effect that you were in agreement with the proposal, for observation of September 12 as test day as follows: 'In some unofficial and entirely unauthorized way the defense test has been denominated mobilization day. The government did not do this. It would be proper to call it inspection day but it is not a mobilization and the government is not responsible for any such designation.'"

Approved Suggestions. "As governor of Nebraska I approved the suggestions for national test day when they were first brought to my attention and have authorized the mobilization of all of the military units of the state; have appointed the adjutant general of Nebraska to represent me and advised him that proclamation and other encouragement would be given to all patriotic societies in Nebraska to have suitable programs for the defense test day. I am still co-operating and approve my original understanding of what the plans for test day were to be, but on July 26 there came to my attention for the first time suggestions sent out by the commander of the Seventh army corps area a different meaning from those expressed in your letter to Mr. Libby and those expressed by the War department in Washington, July 29, referred to above. I submit below extracts from circular letter from headquarters, Seventh army corps area, dated May 20, 1924, containing suggestion plans, etc., for the defense test, St. Mihiel day, September 12, 1924:

"The secretary of war has therefore designated September 12, 1924, as the anniversary of the battle of St. Mihiel, as the date for a 'defense test,' which will not only demonstrate the effectiveness of the plan for the initial mobilization of the armed forces and civilian agencies and industries, but will emphasize the dependency of the units upon the communities to which they are allocated and will afford an opportunity for expressing public sentiment involving assemblies and ceremonies involving loyalty and practical patriotism."

Plans Outlined. "The plans should be made and the ceremony conducted by state and local mobilization committees named and supported by the state executives."

"The plan is to request the governor to appoint a state committee with instructions to such committee to designate in each community a local mobilization committee. The corps area commander and his subordinates will be glad to co-operate with and assist the governors and their committees to the fullest extent. It is expected that valuable assistance will be secured from veteran, patriotic, welfare, business and civic organizations."

"The mobilization committees should represent the state and local agencies which would be used normally for the procurement of personnel under either a voluntary or selective service system. Their function in each community will be filling the ranks of organizations stationed at the front."

Section of Land Brings \$27,000 at Forced Sale

Ord. Neb., Aug. 1.—A section of rough land between Ord and North Platte, belonging to George F. White, was sold recently at sheriff sale for almost \$27,000. I. Sibbersen of Omaha was purchaser.

Bank Cashier on Trial

Trenton, Neb., Aug. 1.—Preliminary trial of Henry Winkelman, cashier of the defunct Farmers State bank of Culbertson, began here today. There are 14 counts against him in which he is charged with making false reports to the bank examiners and keeping two sets of books.

Mary Browne Wins Singles

Seabright, N. J., Aug. 1.—Miss Mary K. Browne of Los Angeles won the final of the Seabright tennis singles here today, defeating Miss Mayme Macdonald of New York, national clay court champion, 6-0, 6-1.

Wheat Receipts Jump to 275 Cars

Wheat receipts totaled 275 cars and corn 37 cars at the Omaha Grain Exchange Friday, compared with 28 cars of wheat and 24 cars of corn on the corresponding day of 1923.

No. 2 hard winter wheat sold at from \$1.21 to \$1.21 1/2, and No. 2 yellow corn at from \$1.06 1/4 to \$1.07, compared to 93 1/4 to 94 1/4 for the same grade of wheat, and 82 1/2 to 83 1/4 for the same grade of corn on the same day a year ago.

Fair Texan Joins Follies



Noel Francis (above) won a beauty contest in Dallas, Tex., a few weeks ago. Florenz Ziegfeld, always on the lookout for pretty choristers, wired her to come to New York at once if a job in the follies appealed to her. It did, so she packed her things and hurried to New York. He hadn't even seen her photograph when he sent the wire, merely taking the word of a friend that "the gal shore is purty."

Prisoners Rebel in Dodge County Jail; Blame Food

Trouble Starts When Demand for Meat With Meal Is Refused by Sheriff. Condit.

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee. Fremont, Neb., Aug. 1.—A miniature rebellion, led by federal prisoners sentenced by Judge McGee at Omaha, was quickly quelled at the Dodge county jail this morning when 17 prisoners in the south compartment reached the climax of their complaints over meals started by a fast that began Thursday noon.

An insistent demand for meat with their meals started the trouble. Federal prisoners alleged that Sheriff Condit receives \$1 per day for their board and that he can afford to include meat in their noonday meals. Condit stated today that he receives but 65 cents for feeding federal inmates.

Discontented for Two Days. The sheriff believes that the trouble was started by one of the prisoners, who in some manner had secured "dope." Rumblings of discontent were in the air for the last two days. Thursday night the storm broke out when the evening meal was served and the food of the prisoners could be seen to be demanding better fare.

Throughout the night the clamoring of the prisoners in the south compartment kept the rest of the jail inmates awake.

Refused Breakfast. In retaliation, when breakfast time came around this morning the trustees were ordered to pass up the "rebels." Then occurred what Sheriff Condit describes as a "near riot," at which no damage was done to the jail property. The prisoners set up a terrific din with their demands for better food. The rebellion came to an abrupt halt when Condit and Deputy Haxson entered the compartment and restored order.

The ring leaders of the revolt were scattered among other compartments of the jail and peace reigned thereafter. A few of the prisoners are "undesirables" and have conducted themselves in such a manner that the county prisoners and the remainder of the federal prisoners have asked to be removed from them.

According to some of the more orderly prisoners jail is not so bad, it's the company one must associate with.

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Boy Slayers "Babies in Emotions"

So Asserts Alienist, Who Blames "Dual Personality" of Youths for Franks Murder.

Thinks Loeb Real Killer

By Associated Press. Chicago, Aug. 1.—The dual personality composed of Nathan Leopold and Richard Loeb, worked "almost devilish ingenuity" to produce the kidnaping and murder of Robert Franks, testified to Dr. W. A. White, who testified for the defense today before Judge John R. Caverly.

"Loeb considered the crime as an intellectual feat," said the witness. Leopold fell into the plan for the emotional premium this relationship offered.

"I cannot see how 'Babe' would have entered the plot alone. He had no criminalistic tendencies. 'Dickie' had these tendencies, but would not have functioned to this extent by himself."

The witness pictured the two youths as victims of phantasies, with Loeb still under their influence and sinking lower all the time, but with Leopold battling them behind a self-imposed barrier of intellectuality.

Considered Killing Each Other. He said all had not been happy in the relationship, as each had considered killing the other. He was permitted to testify to the mentality of the student defendants after the court had definitely over-ruled objections by Robert E. Crowe, state's attorney, to the consideration of any such subject as a mitigation to punishment.

The decision was far-reaching, in that it admitted alienist observations for that purpose for probably the first time in Illinois courts. It permitted the defense to show, after a plea of guilty, "mental disease short of legal insanity" as a circumstance to be considered in fixing the penalty for a crime.

Dr. White was questioned all day and was being cross examined when adjournment came. Next on the defense list is Dr. William Healey, a Chicago expert.

Character Analysis Allowed. An exhaustive analysis of character was permitted by Dr. White for the information of the court. At the outset, Mr. Crowe interjected numerous objections. But the few exceptions, the judge allowed, the defense to proceed along its own lines, stopping the witness only when he thought Dr. White was straying from the circumstances of the present case into the realm of academic discussion.

The witness reached his observations on the dual personality of the defendants after a long review of the life history of each. He referred to Loeb as "Dickie" and to Leopold as "Babe," explaining that he fell into the habit of applying the diminutive to the former and that Leopold had then insisted upon being called by his college nickname.

"Emotionally the boys were in an infantile state," said Dr. White. "Loeb is about four or five years old in that respect and Leopold not more than from five to seven."

Big Riddle Unsolved. "Both, too, started with a feeling of inferiority, but while Dickie succumbed to this and developed antisocial tendencies, Babe defended himself by consciously building up a feeling of intellectual superiority fortified by a philosophy of mechanism in which there was no God and emotion was stifled."

The big riddle of the case as to which boy actually stunned and strangled Young Franks was not solved by the doctor. Mr. Crowe asked him about it on cross examination but the witness said he had not taken up that aspect of the crime with the subject.

"It really made no difference as to their guilt," he said. "Who do you think killed Franks?" persisted Mr. Crowe.

"It must have been Dickie," said Dr. White.

Loeb visibly gulped when this came out. He leaned forward and appeared to grip himself. Leopold looked thoughtful and stroked his chin.

The doctor said the homicide "could not be understood unless the two were examined in the light of their relations with each other."

Four Injured in Wyoming Wreck

Casper, Wyo., Aug. 1.—Four men were injured and two engines thrown off the tracks in a head-on collision early this afternoon between Chicago & Northwestern freight train number 657 and an extra freight near Fisher Station, 15 miles east of Douglas, Wyo., according to early reports received at division headquarters here.

The injured, none of whom was seriously hurt, according to the reports, are Engineer T. D. King and brakeman Swanson of the Chicago & Northwestern, and two men riding on one of the trains who gave the names of Dogman and Tappan. All were taken to the hospital at Douglas, Wyo. The cause of the wreck is unknown here. Several cars of the train were badly smashed.

Cooley, Anti-Klan Aspirant for Governor in Colorado

Denver, Colo., Aug. 1.—Earl Cooley of Trinidad, register of the state land board and former lieutenant governor of Colorado, today announced his candidacy for the republican nomination for governor on an anti-klan platform.

Woman Hurt in Auto Crash

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee. Beatrice, Neb., Aug. 1.—Mrs. G. W. Pickrel came near losing her life when the car in which she was riding collided with another machine on the Cornhusker highway west of Pickrell. She was severely cut and bruised. The machine was wrecked. Her little son, who was riding with her, escaped unhurt.

Violet Store Robbed

Table Rock, Neb., Aug. 1.—The general merchandise store of W. F. McMurray at Violet, this county, was robbed of nearly \$100 worth of goods. Entrance was made by breaking a window glass in front of the building.

Board Boosts Tax Valuation of 26 Counties

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee. Lincoln, Aug. 1.—W. H. Smith, who is the governor's state tax commissioner, announced today names of counties outside of Douglas chosen to be "goats" in making "Nebraska safe for the democrats" by increasing the valuation of the property and cutting the state tax levy or making it equal to last year.

The disposition of the Douglas county case in which Governor Bryan proposed to increase the valuation of Douglas county property \$10,000,000 is to be settled tomorrow.

Following are names of counties penalized by the governor by increasing their levies certain percentages, which if totaled, increases the value approximately \$9,990,000: Banner, 8 per cent; Blaine, 8; Boyd, 8; Burt, 4; Cheyenne, 10; Cuming, 5; Custer, 5; Dakota, 5; Dawes, 5; Garden, 12; Garfield, 10; Hall, 10; Hayes, 12; Holt, 12; Kimball, 10; Knox, 4; Lincoln, 2; Loup, 10; McPherson, 4; Perkins, 6; Rock, 10; Sheridan, 6; Sioux, 6; Washington, 2; Keith, 2; Otter, 2.

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Labor Federation Expected to Back La Follette in Race

Gompers Will Not Oppose Endorsement of Wisconsin Senator—Council Also Reported Favorable.

By Associated Press. Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 1.—Endorsements of the La Follette-Wheeler candidates by the American Federation of Labor appeared certain tonight, at the close of the first day of the annual session of the federation's executive council.

These were the developments: Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor and chairman of the council, authorized the council to state that he, Mr. Gompers, would not lead any opposition to La Follette and Wheeler that might develop at these sessions.

Say Endorsement Proper. Members of the council, while they stood behind Mr. Gompers' declaration of yesterday that the federation would maintain its traditional non-partisanship in the 1924 campaign, declared they could properly endorse La Follette and Wheeler, as long as the endorsement was confined to candidates and refrained from pledging fealty to any national political party.

It was disclosed that the report of the national political campaign committee of the American Federation of Labor, on major party platforms, and presidential and vice presidential candidates, had been accomplished and would be the only report submitted to the council.

Another development was a statement by Mr. Gompers commenting on a telegram reported in news dispatches to have been sent the labor leader from Chicago today by Joseph Manly, campaign manager for the workers' party, presidential nominee is William Z. Foster.

Gompers Answers Attack. The news dispatch said the telegram attacked Mr. Gompers as the "arch-betrayer of the working classes." In his statement Mr. Gompers said in part:

"Foster and Ruthenberg (the workers' party's presidential and vice presidential nominees) tried to engage Senator La Follette in their St. Paul convention, but the senator forestalled them by denouncing the whole communist outfit."

"Thus chastened, Foster and Ruthenberg, in control of the machinery set up in the St. Paul convention, betrayed the men and women who went there with honest purposes and convictions, set up dummy candidates who were almost immediately discarded without ceremony and then proceeded to attack Senator La Follette."

It was learned at the close of today's session that had it not been for the delayed arrival of Matthew M. Wolf, of the Photo Engraver's union, who is also a vice president of the council, the report of the political committee would have been submitted today. He arrived this afternoon and presentation of the report is scheduled for tomorrow.

Argentine World Flyer Arrives at Bunder Abbas