

Fall Caused Marines to Go on Dome Land

Assistant Secretary of Navy Roosevelt Says Request for Clearing of "Squatters" Came From Secretary.

Washington, March 13.—Rudolph Hynicka, republican committeeman from Ohio, was subpoenaed today by the oil committee.

Subpoenas also went out for Harry MacKenzie, attached to President Coolidge's Chicago campaign headquarters, and for Liffin Gilmore, deputy secretary of state of Ohio.

Hynicka, MacKenzie and Gilmore are to be questioned in connection with the story of Leonard Wood, Jr., about an attempted oil deal at the republican national convention at Chicago in 1920.

Norman J. Gould of New York and Charles H. Garrish of Columbus, O., also were summoned.

Gould and Garrish also will be questioned regarding the Wood story.

Washington, March 13.—Turning its attention to the use of marines to clear Teapot Dome of trespassers after it had been leased to Harry F. Sinclair, the oil committee was told today that the order for the marine expedition had been issued at the request of Albert B. Fall.

Theodore Roosevelt, who, as acting secretary of the navy, signed the order, said Fall had told him President Harding desired that course pursued.

Major General Lejeune, commandant of the Marine corps, was the first witness in this line of inquiry. He said orders for the action were issued by Theodore Roosevelt, then acting secretary of the navy, who also was called to testify.

This was in July, 1922, General Lejeune said, and George K. Shuler, then a captain of marines, was selected, after a conference with Secretary Fall, to command the detail sent to Teapot.

Shuler telephoned on August 4, that his mission had been accomplished. Later Fall wrote the navy commending Shuler for his work.

Asked whether he did not regard this as an extraordinary use of the marine corps, the general said he did not consider that point at all. He simply obeyed orders.

Assistant Secretary Roosevelt testified that the request for the clearing of Teapot Dome came from Fall, who was quoted as saying he and the president wanted the "squatters" ejected as they were about to take out oil on which the government would get no royalty.

Fall told him, Roosevelt said, that Secretary Daniels had taken similar action.

On July 29, 1922, Colonel Roosevelt said, he found a note from Fall to the effect that "there were trespassers or squatters on the Dome, about to take oil, from which the government would get no shares."

Made No Difference.

In conversation with him later, the witness continued, Secretary Fall said he and the president wanted some marines sent to put these people off the oil reservation. The secretary added, he said, that he had not expected President Harding to favor the action because one of the men engaged in trespassing was a friend of his. This, however, he declared, made no difference to the president.

In selecting a marine officer for the duty, Colonel Roosevelt proceeded, he had "sought to get some man who would not do anything rash, get into a fight or shoot somebody."

It was the duty of the navy, the interior secretary's reply insisted, to protect the reserves and, he added, that the marines were the navy's police force for that purpose.

President Harding was personally acquainted with "a certain gentleman" chiefly concerned in the Mutual Oil company attempt to secure dome oil, and took a hand himself, the Fall letter indicated, in trying to dissuade his acquaintance from pursuing the enterprise. This "certain gentleman" refused to yield to the president's representations.

Senator Walsh asked who the "certain gentleman" was, but the witness said he didn't know.

None Found.

Senator Bureau, republican, New Mexico, asked if there was any precedent for the marine activities, and the witness replied that none could be found in the records in the Navy department. He added that there was an opinion among naval men that a threat to use the marines in California for a similar purpose had been made some years before.

Roosevelt said he had casually mentioned the sending of marines to Teapot to President Harding, who had approved.

"There was nothing in my mind but to protect the naval reserve," Roosevelt said.

Senator Dill, democrat, Washington, asked Colonel Roosevelt to "tell what part" he took in getting Archie Roosevelt, his brother, a job with the Sinclair company.

"After the war I went and spoke with Mr. Sinclair about getting him a job," Colonel Roosevelt said, "and he gave him the place."

Archie Roosevelt's salary at first was \$10,000 per year and later the witness testified, \$15,000.

Other records produced showed that President Harding wrote Fall under date of June 24, 1922, that unless James G. Darden of the Mutual Oil company got off the Teapot he should be ejected.

"I have a call out for an interview with Mr. Darden," the president's letter said, Fall replied that Darden's purpose was to "tie up" the reserve and that he should be ejected without court action.

Upon the conclusion of Secretary Roosevelt's testimony, the committee closed its doors to go through another batch of telegrams.

Atlas Club Hears Maupin.

Will M. Maupin, author of "Sunday Side Up" in The Omaha Bee, was the principal speaker before the Atlas club Thursday noon at the Brandeis restaurants.

Dr. C. R. Aerin, president of the Nebraska branch of the Universal Chiropractors association, was guest of honor.

EDDIE'S FRIENDS



Court Order Halts Flow of Teapot's Oil

U. S. Judge at Cheyenne Grants Petition of Govern- ment Counsel—Appoints Two Receivers.

Cheyenne, Wyo., March 13.—Federal Judge T. Blake Kennedy today granted a temporary injunction halting further development work by the Mammoth Oil company on the Teapot Dome oil reserve.

Judge Kennedy named Rear Admiral Joseph Strauss of the United States navy and A. E. Watts, vice president of the Sinclair Consolidated Oil corporation, as joint receivers for the Teapot Dome property pending the final outcome of the litigation.

Rear Admiral Joseph Strauss of the United States navy had been requested by government counsel as receiver pending the outcome of the litigation, and A. E. Watts, vice president of the Sinclair Consolidated Oil corporation, had been named by the defendants.

Neither counsel objected to the man named by the opposing counsel.

Cheyenne, Wyo., March 13.—Charging frauds, conspiracy and illegality, the government filed its suit here today to cancel the Teapot Dome lease and contracts.

The government's special counsel petitioned the United States district court to do three specific things:

1. Issue a temporary injunction stopping oil production.
2. Appoint a receiver to take charge of the properties.
3. Enter a final decree canceling the leases and contracts, returning the properties to the government and enforcing an accounting.

Former Secretary Fall was charged with making "false representations to the late President Harding, which resulted in the transfer of the lands from the Navy to the Interior department. The government denies that there was any warrant of law for leasing the lands at all.

The bill further alleges that Fall and Harry F. Sinclair, the latter acting for the Mammoth Oil company, "did combine, conspire and confederate to defraud the United States."

The result of these alleged acts, the government's bill recites was to lease the teapot lands to the Mammoth Oil company at "an inadequate, improper and fraudulent consideration."

Former Secretary Denby in connection with the transaction is described in the government's bill as "having exercised no discretion and his signature is characterized 'as merely a colorable attempt to evidence the compliance by him in its terms.'"

The Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing company and the Sinclair Pipe Line company, operating storage facilities on Teapot Dome, were made parties to the suit as "trespassers" to be ejected, their properties to be taken over by the receiver.

Prepared by former Senator Pomeroy and Owen J. Roberts, special counsel for the government, the bill goes over much of the ground covered in the senate investigation.

It recites that President Harding was without authority to transfer the lands, but did so on "false representations from Fall," who desired to deal with the lands "not in the interest of the United States, but to the advantage, profit and benefit of the Mammoth Oil company and in particular Harry F. Sinclair."

Fall Accused.

Fall, the bill charges, knew at the time that the whole transaction was illegal.

Evidence of the alleged conspiracy, the government's bill charges, is found in the fact that the agreement was made in secret by private negotiation "without advertisement of competitive bidding" and that prospective bidders were discouraged from bidding and denied the opportunity by Fall.

The Texas company, the Pioneer Oil company, Edward L. Doheny and Leo A. Stack, the bill says, were among those so excluded.

At the same time, the government charges, Fall steadfastly refused "to take the opinion of law officers of the legality of the proposal."

Fall furthermore, the government charges, "secretly communicated" to Sinclair that he would not make any leases until Sinclair produced quit claim deeds to any claims within the lands, "knowing well that said claims were worthless."

Fraud Alleged.

Then the bill charges, Fall by "conspiracy" arranged for Sinclair to acquire such quit-claims from the Pioneer Oil company, "with intent to stifle competition."

COLDS

The slightest cold may develop "flu" and then run into pneumonia. Go to your druggist and be sure to get a 25c box of Zerbat's Grip Capsules. Follow simple directions and you'll be surprised how quickly you'll feel fine. For that cough use Zerbat's Chloro-Pins.

Grand Jury Takes Up Solons' Cases

Elias H. Mortimer Called in Inquiry on Bribery Charges.

Washington, March 13.—Grand jury proceedings were begun here today in the case of the two members of congress referred to in a recent Chicago grand jury report as having improperly accepted money.

Assistant Attorneys General Davis, Willebrandt and Seymour appeared, aided by J. W. H. Crim, special assistant in charge of the case, in presentation of the evidence.

One of the witnesses called was Elias H. Mortimer, a central figure in the veterans' bureau investigation here some months ago and who also appeared before the Chicago grand jury.

Washington, March 13.—Inquiry to determine officially the names of the two representatives mentioned in a Chicago grand jury report and the nature of charges against them is to be started immediately by a special house committee.

The committee headed by Representative Burton, republican, Ohio, was appointed late yesterday under a resolution by Representative Garrett, the democratic leader, which reversed the vote of the house Tuesday to leave the investigation of the matter for the present in the hands of the Department of Justice.

Attorney General Daugherty in refusing last week to disclose the information sought pending study of the case by Department of Justice officials, suggested that he was ready to turn over all evidence now available and suspend the department's inquiry to give house investigators a free hand.

WHA, Philadelphia, (599), music; 6, talk.

WHK, Cleveland, (283), 5, music; 8, program.

WJAG, Norfolk, (283), 12-15, markets, news, road conditions, weather; 6:15, same program.

WJZ, Chicago, (448), 10, program.

WJZ, New York, (453), 8, talk; 6:30, program, music; 8:30, program.

WJY, New York, (495), 6:30, talks, music program.

WMAQ, Chicago News, (477.4), 7, program; 7:50, music; 8:40, orchestra; 9, musical.

WMC, Memphis, (569), 8:30, concert; 11, midnight frolic.

WOC, Davenport, (454), 6:30, sand, main; 8:30, musical.

WGO, Philadelphia, (569), 6:30, music; 7:50, music; 8:15, recital; 8:30, recital; 9:30, music.

WQAW, Omaha, (525), 6:30, program; 9, conservatory of music; 10:30, vocal solo; 11:30, stories; 8, song revue.

WOB, Newark, (408), 8:18, vocal solo; 8:30, stories; 8, quartet and instrumentalists; 10:45, surprise broadcast.

WFAA, Dallas News, (476), 8:30, music.

WFIL, Philadelphia, (395), 8, talk; 8, music.

WGI, Medford Hillside, (569), program.

WGR, Buffalo, (319), 5:30, music; 4:30, news; 8, concert; 10:30, music.

WGY, Schenectady, (389), 6:45, General Electric night; 9:30, orchestra.

WHAS, Madison, (360), readings.

WHAS, Louisville, (409), 1:30, orchestra, piano solos, reading.

By Associated Press.

Programs to be presented Friday, March 14, (Central Time), by Courtesy of Radio Digest.

KDKA, Pittsburgh, (326), 6:15, organ; 6:30, feature; 7, Boy Scout meeting; 8:30, concert.

KFKA, Hastings, (341), rebroadcast, program of KDKA.

KFAE, Pullman, (359), 9:30, talks, music.

KGW, Portland, (495), 10 solos; 10:15, program; 11, lecture, 12:30, Hoot O'wa.

KLP, Los Angeles, (392), 8:45, program; 10, program and lecture; 11, orchestra.

WFO, San Francisco, (423), 6:30, orchestra.

WHR, Kansas City, (411), 7, orchestra, talk.

WHAP, Fort Worth, (476), 7:30, concert; 9:30, concert.

WHBY, Chicago, (389), 12 noon, news, musical; 8, music.

WVZ, Springfield, (387), 6, story; 6:30, bedtime story; 10, orchestra.

WVAP, Pittsburgh, (462), 6:30, concert; 8:19, bedtime story; 7:30, orchestra.

WVAF, Kansas City Star, (411), 8, novelty night; 11:40, midnight jazz.

WVAP, Chicago, (389), 7, concert; 10, concert; 8:30, recital; 9:10, music; 10:30, concert.

WVAP, New York, (492), 6:30, pianist; 7, talks and orchestra; 9, quartet, program; 10, orchestra.

WVAA, Dallas News, (476), 8:30, music.

WVFL, Philadelphia, (395), 8, talk; 8, music.

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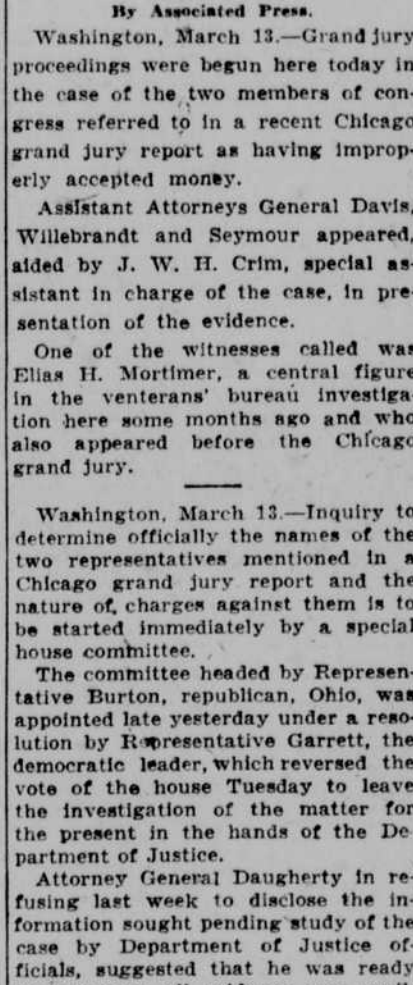
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Men Who Are Making Omaha

John Bekins



If you think the world does not move, take the case of John Bekins. He moves it. Also, he stores much of its wares. Anything that is one place and is wanted is another; anything that needs to be safely housed and security held, that is his business, Van and storage.

Mr. Bekins was born in March, 1868, on a farm near Beaverdam, Mich. Eighteen years later he decided he could find a better way to serve the world, and took up draying at Grand Rapids, where he learned that he had connected with one of the bus industries of the world, that of transportation. Four years later, with two brothers, he was operating the Bekins Van line at Sioux City, Omaha held out attractions, and in 1892 he came here and set in motion what has grown into the Bekins Omaha Van and Storage line. This has grown as well as the city, and the huge warehouse down on South Sixteenth street is a monument to its progress.

Bekins is connected with all the national trade associations pertaining to its business of moving, packing, storing and forwarding household goods of every description, and in these associations he has filled many executive positions. All this time he has shown an active concern in the affairs of Omaha, and has served for eight years as a member of the board of education, on which he has the responsible position of chairman of the property committee. This means he must supervise all the purchases, for whatever use they may be made, and that alone has been some job within the last four or five years. He has likewise been an ac-

tive and useful member of many philanthropic enterprises in Omaha. Five of his brothers have followed the same line of business, and are established at Sioux City, Seattle, Portland, Oakland, San Francisco, Fresno and Los Angeles. One might almost say the Bekins Boys are a moving set. At any rate, they have established themselves quite firmly as warehousemen.

Ankle Broken in Fall.

Rex Pearl, Forty-seventh and Q streets, employed at the Armour packing plant, suffered a fractured ankle when he slipped and fell Wednesday on the floor of the killing room.



The acute pain of RHEUMATISM

will be relieved by this treatment. Apply Sloan's gently without rubbing. A tingling glow—comforting warmth, spreading through all the aching tissues! The pain cases off—then stops. Get a bottle from your druggist today—35 cents.

Sloan's Liniment—kills pain!

ADVERTISMENT.

DEMAND "PHILLIPS" MILK OF MAGNESIA

Say "Phillips"—Protect Your Doctor and Yourself

Beware of imitations of genuine "Phillips' Milk of Magnesia," the original Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years. Accept only the genuine "Phillips."

25-cent bottles, also larger size, contain directions and uses—any drug store.

"Foot Fitters"



Stryker's Shoes "Family Circle"

The Whole Family Buys Shoes of Stryker

---take Dad for instance

Dad wears Stryker's Douglas Shoes because they give him real comfort and good service—and at a reasonable and "known" price!

—and don't think that Dad doesn't KNOW shoe value—he'll tell you that he is the one member of the family that gets what's left of the family budget to buy them with!

Boys and Girls

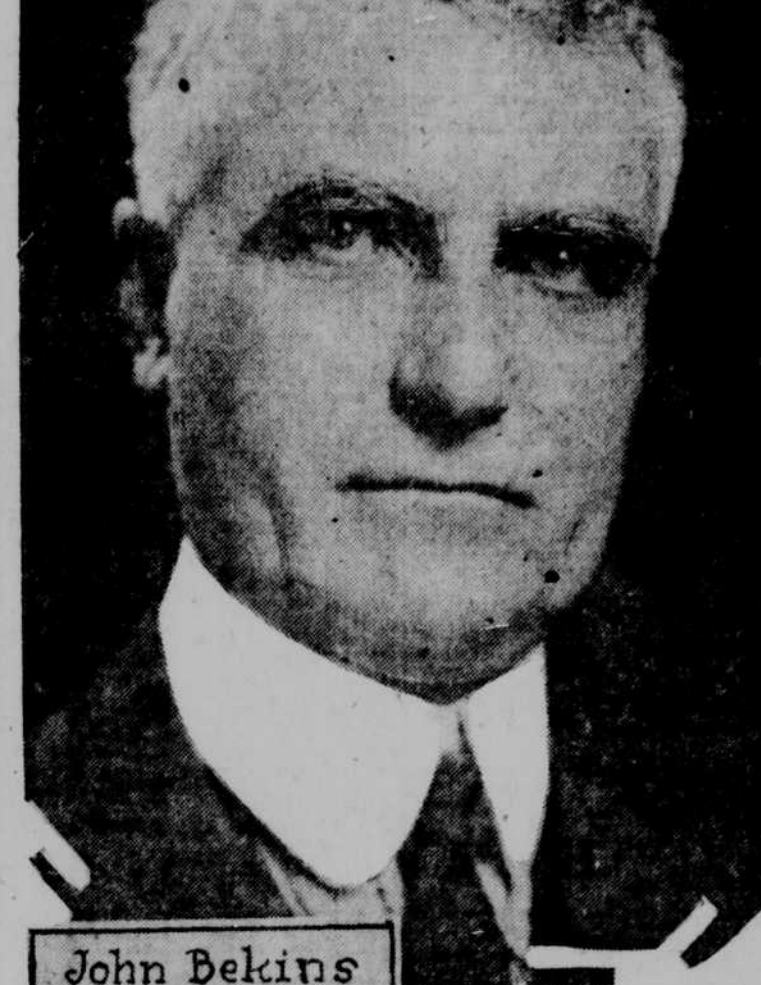
Suggest a name for Stryker's Boy and Girl shown in the picture and win a prize. Look for Stryker's ad next Thursday in The Bee for details.

Come On Dads

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Open Saturday Evening for Your Convenience

UNION MADE

Harry Mason

The Tailor

1518 Farnam St. Since 1880

STORE OPEN SATURDAY UNTIL 9 P. M.

W. L. Douglas Shoes Sold Exclusively by

W. S. STRYKER

DOUGLAS SHOE STORE, Inc.

117 North 16th Street
Opposite Postoffice

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