WEATHER FORECAST
Nebraska—Fair Friday.

THE OMAHA MORNING BEE

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CITY

Bavarians and Saxons Have Split

Diplomatic Relations Are Severed and Minister and Charge d'Affaires Recalled From Posts.

New Outbreaks Feared

By Associated Press.

Berlin, Oct. 18.—Diplomatic relations between Bavaria and Saxony have been severed.

Saxony today dismissed its charge d'affaires to Bavaria and announced the appointment of a new minister, whereupon the Bavarian government replied, declining to receive the new minisetr as long as the communist party was represented in the Saxon ministry. At the same time it recalled the Bavarian minister from Dresden.

By Universal Service.

Berlin, Oct. 18.—Food riots were reported from Dresden, the capital of Saxony, this afternoon, at the same time the Saxon cabinet was reiterating its open defiance of the Berlin government, and while the Stresemann dictatorial cabinet was in session trying to evolve a plan to stamp out resistance to its authority in Saxony.

Orders having been issued by the central government, directing General Mueller, commander of the reichswehr in Saxony, to suppress at once the armed proletarian groups known as "hunderschaften," in Saxony, the government was awaiting with some trepidation the result of their action.

Following on the heels of the order to General Mueller late last night, 28 battalions of the reichswehr were ordered to entrain from Berlin for Dresden and other Saxon points to reinforce the seven battalions already under General Mueller.

The situation in Saxony was aggravated today by radical speeches in the diet by members of the communist-socialist cabinet, including fiery remarks by Premier Zeigner and Minister of Finance Boettcher, both of whom assailed the central government, and in addition attacked the Bavarian nationalists, charging that the nationalists are threatening armed action to establish a monarchy. Zeigner, in his speech, demanded action by the Berlin government to head off the monarchist movement.

Minister of Finance Boettcher, in a sensational speech, said:

"I warn the German government that it is playing a dangerous game towards the workers.

"Labor is in a bitter mood and a storm may break at any minute. When the storm breaks labor will march with a united front and at a given signal."

Further rioting at various industrial centers gave new cause for alarm.

At Mannheim, where 10 were reported dead as the result of riots and clashes with the police last night, and where 100 met injuries, there was continued unrest today. New outbreaks were momentarily expected in spite of the fact that the death penalty was decreed by the military command for any person guilty of inciting strikes or riots.

At Gelsenkirchen the police headquarters were stormed by a mob of angry men and women. Three of the rioters were wounded when the police fired into the mob.

Rioting, ascribed to the communists, broke out in the north German city of Heide.

Minor food riots were reported from Leipzig.

Claim Life's Savings Went toHebb Motor Company

Lincoln, Oct. 18.—Almeda S. Hinman of Wymore, Neb., testifying for the government in its case against former directors of the Hebb Motors company, told today how she and her husband had invested the savings of a lifetime on the strength of promises of stock salesmen employed by the company. She invested, in all, $800 in liberty bonds and a real estate mortgage valued at $2,000.

Beatrice Man Charged With Stealing Check

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee.

Beatrice, Neb., Oct. 18.—Frank Vicars was lodged in the county jail today charged with stealing a check amounting to $49.50 from the grocery store of Montgomery & Pauley. He stoutly denies his guilt. He is out on $2,000 bond, pending a hearing of a former case in the supreme court, in which he was found guilty of a box car robbery a year ago.

Jayhawkers Ready

By Associated Press.

Lawrence, Kan., Oct. 18.—Short "dummy" practice completed the Jayhawkers' training this afternoon before they were to board a train for Lincoln, Neb., where they will meet the strong Cornhuskers on Saturday.

The Kansas eleven is regarded by sportsmen as one of the best teams turned out here in several years.

Another Full One

"That's fine," said Mrs. Kirtenbrink, as she instructed a Bee ad taker to cancel her apartment advertisement. "I only ordered my ad in for three days, but I have rented the apartment, so please take it out."

Another full order of satisfaction served to a Bee Classified Ad user. We can rent YOUR apartment, too. Phone AT 1000 and try it.

IT'S RESULTS PER DOLLAR THAT COUNT

Dry Law Enforcement to Dominate Washington Parley of Governors

Duty of States to Nab "Hip Pocket" Bootlegger and of Federal Government to Stop Rum Flow at Source, Will Be Emphasized.

By MARK SULLIVAN.

Washington, Oct. 18.—In spite of some diversion created by the announcements which came out of the White House yesterday about freight rates, prohibition enforcement continues to be the dominant interest in Washington. The principal speculation concerns itself with the conference of governors at the White House on Saturday and whether that conference will be more or less perfunctory or will "start something."

This conference did not come about of President Coolidge's initiative. His holding it is a part of his carrying out of Harding's policies. When Harding first planned it, which was as long ago as last January, he intended i tto be important and to be a part of his intention to make himself an aggressive leader of dry enforcement.

As the program now stands the conference will be very brief. There is to be merely a luncheon at the White House, followed by a discussion, which discussion will not be open to newspaper reporters. Whether anything very substantial develops under these circumstances remains to be seen. Most of the potential importance depends on what Coolidge says to the governors and on what Governor Pinchot says to Coolidge.

May Disappoint Drys.

In addition to this there is much curiosity as to whether some governors who think differently from Pinchot, such as Governor Ritchie of Maryland and Governor Smith of New York, will repeat the views they have expressed in the past. If Coolidge's address should have the tendency of throwing enforcement back on the state governors it will be a distinct disappointment to Pinchot and the church people who had their conference here last Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

If President Coolidge gives this turn to the conference it can be anticipated with complete confidence that there will oe subsequent developments. The church people have been all over this matter of the distinction between federal authority and state authority, and they know exactly where they stand and what they want.

They have a clear picture of what they think the state can and should do and what they think the federal government can and should do. They think the big need is up to the federal government and they are determined to keep putting it up to the federal government until either they get action or satisfy themselves that they can't get action.

Like Spilled Shot

In Pinchot's address last Sunday he interpolated a vivid and convincing figure of speech, that did not appear in his prepared address and which enlisted the unqualified approval of his audience. He said it is like taking a quart can full of shot and spilling it on the floor. When it has been spilled all over to the country it is up to the governors to pick up the individual pieces of shot. But the federal government is able to keep the shot in the can.

The view of Pinchot and the church people is that the states, through their local police, can and will take care of the little, individual hip pocket bootlegger; but the federal government could and ought to take care of the only big sources of supply. As Pinchot put it:

"The principal violations of the liquor law come through bootleggers who obtain liquors or alcohol in large quantities. They can secure such quantities only through permission of the federal authorities. No liquor can lawfully be manufacture except by federal permission. No alcohol can be produced without a federal permit. All whisky and alcohol in storage is solely in control of the United States. None can be released from bond, sold, transported or used in manufacture except by federal permission.

Stop Flood at Source

"No brewery can operate without a permit from the United States. With the power to issue and the right to act under these permits no state can interfere. The liquor problem is first of all a national matter and as such cannot be met and solved unless the federal government does it's full part.

"It is foolish to expect the state and municipal police powers to cope with floods of illegal liquor let loose by the failure of federal agents to dam the flood at its source. Federal

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McKelvie Tells of Danger to U. S. in Foreign Trade

Former Governor Says Industry Must Undergo Change or American Business Will Suffer.

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee.

Lincoln, Oct. 18.—The east is looking more hopefully upon the agricultural regions of the country, according to a statement of former Governor S. R. McKelvie, issued today. Mr. McKelvie has just returned from a three weeks' trip to Chicago, Detroit, New York, Boston, Washington and Akron.

"Not infrequently it was said to me by prominent business men," Mr. McKelvie declares, "that 'if we want to get a breath of optimism we have to go west. Down here we are in the midst of gloom.'

"With factories running over-time and with wages almost at the war level, it is at first difficult to understand this, but on a closer analysis the reasons become readily apparent.

"It is a fact that despite high wages and high commodity prices, the industrial districts have not been getting ahead economically. Wage earners for the most part have been spending all and more than their income, and manufacturers have been finding it increasingly difficult to compete with imports that have been produced at a very much lower cost. It is imminent, in the minds of the most thoughtful business executives, that this condition cannot continue, that manufacturers in this country will feel increasingly the pressure of competition of foreign countries as rapidly as the latter get back to work and begin to enter our markets, despite the tariff.

"This means one of two things: Either wages, manufacturing costs and commodity prices must come down or the domestic market will be entered largely by the products of foreign factories. With labor thoroughly organized and militant in many lines, manufacturers dread the thought of readjusting wages downward, for it means strikes and almost interminable labor troubles.

"Moreover, there is a good deal to be said on the side of the laboring man, for rents are high and will continue to be so for some time. Also, living costs, generally, are high. In that labor represents the major portion of the cost of production, the cost of living will decline somewhat as wages decline, but this is a question that is very difficult to argue, and the employer of labor is in a very unhappy state of mind on account of the dark cloud that looms up before him.

"I called upon President Coolidge at the White House and was invited to dine with him. Frankly, I did most of the talking, but I was prompted to do this by questions that were asked by the president, and the nature of these questions assured me at once that my interrogator was quite thoroughly informed upon the most pertinent questions of the moment, relating to the farmer. Finally, I asked him what he thought would be done for the farmer at Washington, and he promptly replied that so far as he was concerned everything would be done that seemed feasible."

Pinchot Flays Lax Enforcing of Prohibition

Governors' Parley Split by Demand for Action—Wets Rally to Louisiana Executive.

By International News Service.

West Baden Springs, Ind., Oct. 18.—Prohibition today split wide open the governors' conference. In spirited discussions, shoving aside those listed in the regular schedule for the meeting—taxation and agricultural relief—lines were drawn sharply between the so-called dry and liberal state executives on the liquor law issues. This subject became the paramount theme of the conference.

On all sides, especially in informal gatherings, the national dry act and the "law and order" conference with President Coolidge at the White House Saturday were the leading topics of debate.

Wide confusion existed among the state chiefs on the challenge of Governor Pinchot of Pennsylvania, charging President Coolidge personally with full responsibility for the enforcement of the dry law.

In characteristic Rooseveltian fashion, the Pennsylvania governor, who acted as spokesman for the "bone dry" element, denounced the present system of enforcement and demanded that in order to make America thoroughly arid, the federal administration extend greater and more harmonious co-operation to state agencies in running down bootlegging and suppressing illicit booze traffic.

He lashed verbal rights and lefts at the methods used by the prohibition unit in Washington in issuing withdrawal permits. Thousands of the permits, he said, are being forged, with the result that liquor is being flooded over the country in violation of the laws. To ask the states to stop this traffic, unless more strenuous efforts are made to wipe out the faking, he declared, "imposes a burden that is stupendous."

Pinchot promised to lay bare this condition to President Coolidge at the White House gathering, with the additional warning that he intended to speak "straight from the shoulder."

The more liberal forces rallied around Governor Parker of Louisiana. When Pinchot remarked that the "fight against liquor is just begun," Parker prophesied that "prohibition seems certain to become the major issue in the 1924 presidential campaign, and in both parties."

Parker held little hope for "100 per cent enforcement."

He thought that the most suitable way to rid the country of the "prohibition mess" would be to repeal the Volstead act, to permit the manufacture of wine and beer, under the strictest governmental supervision.

Under the Parker flag were Governors Hyde of Missouri and Silzer of New Jersey.

Whatever may be the political significance of Pinchot's moves, he made it quite plain today that he proposes to be one of the "dryest of the drys." He intends to carry the dry battle cry all over his own state and join with the citizenship conference in the nation-wide campaign to enforce the liquor law to the very letter. He politely refused to discuss the possibility that he might be the political standard bearer for the dry wing of the republican party in 1924.

Bribery Is Charged in N. J. Arrests

Former Secretary to Senator Edwards Among Eight "Highups" Accused of Liquor Violations.

Sensation Is Created

By Universal Service.

New York, Oct. 18.—Eight men including Harry Foley, former secretary to Senator Edwards of New Jersey, and now state superintendent of weights and measures, were arrested late today at the Hotel Pennsylvania by federal agents on a charge of bribing or attempting to bribe prohibition agents with $80,000 not to report violations of the dry laws.

United States Attorney General Hayward declared after the arrests had been made on a "plant" that the roundup revealed a shocking state of affairs in New Jersey, and perhaps in Pennsylvania, in which state and other officials and politicians were in league with bootleggers.

Besides Foley, those arrested included: Herbert Katz, of the Patterson (N. J.) Brewing and Malting company; Edward Butler of the Peter Breidt Brewing company, Elizabeth, N. J.; Harry Kuller of the Hygia Brewing company of Passaic, N. J.; George Seeber of Elizabeth, N. J.

Three other men also were arrested.

Charges against some of those under arrest were conspiracy to bribe prohibition officials to permit the distribution and sale of beer in New Jersey and to prevent the distribution in New Jersey of beer brewed in Pennsylvania. The bribes were alleged to range from $1,000 to $6,000. Federal agents, pretending to fall in with the bribery proposals, claimed to have collected $80,000.

Existence in New Jersey of a far-reaching scheme, involving bribery of prohibition agents and collusion with politically prominent persons to frustrate the enforcement of the dry laws was reported to Washington soon after the investigation was started. A large number of New Jersey breweries and several large industrial alcohol concerns of New York and New Jersey were reported implicated in the conspiracy.

The breweries were said to be paying large sums to protect them in the brewing of illegally potent beers. The alcohol companies were alleged to be rectifying alcohol into whisky and other liquors and using redistilled denatured alcohol and grain alcohol released from bonded warehouses for denaturing purposes.

President Pat of Peru Is Honor Guest at Dinner

Brock, Neb., Oct. 18.—The Peru Commercial club gave a chicken pie dinner at the Methodist church parlors for the school men of southeastern Nebraska. The dinner was given in honor of President W. R. Pate of the Peru State Normal, and was attended by nearly all of the school men of this part of the state. President Pate has the work well in hand at Peru and is very popular with the normal faculty and students, as well as with the citizens of Peru, as evidenced by the action of the Commercial club in the meeting of last night.

Day of Broken Bow Name Will Be Alumni Event

Aurora, Neb., Oct. 18—At the Rotary club meeting it was decided that an effort would be made to have all of the business houses in town close during the afternoon when the football team of Aurora plays the Broken Bow or Hastings here. The day will be made a homecoming day for alumni of the Aurora high school, and with all of the business houses closed, it is anticipated that there will be a large and enthusiastic crowd at the football game.

What You Trying to Do, Governor, Upset the Band Wagon

Farmer Is Shot by Hired Hand During Quarrel

Both Men Said to Have Been Drinking—Wounded Man Drives Car to Town.

North Platte, Neb., Oct. 18.—Chester Porter, farmer living 15 miles southwest of this city, is in a critical condition from a bullet wound received from a revolver in the hands of Tom Howard, who had been employed on the Porter farm.

It is said that both men, while under the influence of liquor, started for North Platte, and when four miles south of town became involved in a dispute. Howard asked to be let out of the car, and as he stepped to the ground, Porter says Howard pulled a gun and shot him, the ball entering below the stomach and lodging in the back. Howard then walked away and Porter, though suffering intense agony, drove the car to the sheriff's office and reported the shooting. Sheriff Berthe and two deputies started a search for Howard, which continued all night and until noon today, when he was discovered in a canyon about 15 miles southeast of where the shooting occurred. Howard has lived in this section of the state for several years, and at times has gone under the names of Fred Teal and Fred Biehl, and is said to have been involved in a shooting affair between two gangs of rival bootleggers at Grand Island.

"NAME IT" COLUMN

Headline in evening edition: "Says wife wanted his money; sues for divorce." Know a man right here in Omaha whose wife is always asking him for money. Doesn't know what she does with all the money she asks for. Hasn't given her any yet.

To dinner with little party of theatrical friends. Jolly folk. Seem to be as human as the rest of us. Prefer their company to that of some people who profess to look down on stage folk.

Interrupted Edson Rich yesterday while he was trying to untangle knotty legal problem for Union Pacific. Long since discovered that the higher up you go the easier it is to secure a hearing. My opinion is, that is one of the reasons men get to be among the higher-ups. Valuable suggestion here for some clerks in Omaha stores.

My idea of embarrassing a man is for his wife to delegate him to purchase something for her in the woman's wear section of a big department store.

Met A. A. Miller and J. C. Pedersen from old home town of Gering. Both here on important business and both hoping that business will hold them until Saturday noon, so they can go home by way of Lincoln and see the football game. Often wonder if this tired business man stuff gets by with Friend Wife. Just like a cool breeze through the open window to meet this pair.

Friend tells me he asked for two pats of butter with his hard rolls yesterday morning, and the girl wanted to know if he was the fellow who wrote that stuff for The Omaha Bee. Feel flattered myself, but wonder how my friend felt.

Nothing exciting about fire trucks motor driven racing down street. Younger generation will never know the real thrills we oldsters had when the big fire horses went galloping down street to a fire. Feel sorry for the youngsters, but glad for the old horses.

Passed man and woman on stairway leading to second story restaurant. Man middle-aged; woman younger, gaudily dressed and handpainted. Stricken look on man's face; disdainful look on woman's face. Heard man say, "I hope you will not live long enough to ruin another man's life." Sensed a tragedy, with perhaps a broken-hearted wife and mother in the background, but went on. Deep sympathy for broken-hearted wife, if there is one, but not a bit for man who fell for blandishments of painted female.

Impressed with the number of cafes, restaurants, chop suey parlors and hamburger joints in Omaha. Wonder if the casual and brief visitors do not get the impression that Omahans live to eat.

Across the breakfast table from Robert E. Lee Herdman. A little older but doesn't look it, and still keeps pretty accurate track of things political. Recalled some old battles in which we fought together, he with a commission and me a buck private. No occasion for pernicious activity these days, so conversation did not turn on politics.

Into a department store to make a small purchase. Hope some day to inquire of floorwalker for directions without a quiver in my voice. Then over to bank to buy draft, very small. Hope some day to arrive at position whereby I may feel I really don't have to take off my hat when approaching a banker at his desk.

Feeling somewhat abashed. Asked young lady in store to wrap a parcel so I might send it by parcel post. Request complied with, but young lady smillingly refused modest tip offered. Unusual experience and somewhat flustrated me. Must recommend young lady for promotion.

W. M. M.

Transfer of Old Soldiers Is for Their Own Good

Control Board Believes They Receive Better Care at State Home During Winter.

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee.

Grand Island, Neb., Oct. 18.—Action taken by the state board of control in ordering aged veterans and their wives living in rented cottages adjacent to the soldiers' home here to move into state quarters during the cold winter months was an attempt to better their condition rather than injure them, as has been charged by certain persons living here.

The average veteran is past 82 years of age. Practically all are feeble and the only reason that they have lived in cottages was the fact that there was not sufficient room at the home for them.

This summer the new hospital was completed at the home. The quarters of the old hospital have been arranged into barracks, the board of control believing that those outside the home would be better satisfied.

In many quarters it is charged that owners of houses rented by the veterans adjacent to the home are behind the protest filed with the state board of control.

Everyone conversant with the situation knows that the board of control, in building the new hospital for the purpose of getting more room for quartering the rapidly aging veterans and their wives, was actuated by the best motives.

A majority of the officers at the home are republicans, the board thus far absolutely refusing to "play politics" in appointing and retaining officials in any of the state institutions.

The fact that Governor Bryan has come out in favor of property owners anxious to continue collecting rentals from the old soldiers is looked upon with suspicion by many residents here as a pretext to force the board of control to oust republican office holders and replace them with "deserving democrats."

Aged Man Is Badly Burned While Lighting His Pipe

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee.

Beatrice, Neb., Oct. 18.—While lighting his pipe for a morning smoke at his home eight miles northeast of Beatrice today, John Watjes, 87, was seriously burned on the chest, left side and abdomen when the match ignited his clothing. It is thought he will recover.

Woman Who Won Spouse of Another After Balm Suit, Awarded Divorce

West Point, Neb., Oct. 18.—Mrs. Rose B. Wendt, who a few years ago was defendant in a suit for alienation of affections brought by the wife of Arthur B. Went, was granted a divorce from the latter in district court here this week.

The alienation suit was carried to the supreme court and the Plaintiff was awarded a judgment of $3,000 against the woman who later married the plaintiff's former husband. The case was one of the most sensational divorce trials in the history of the county.

In the decree just granted Mrs. Wendt, she was awarded $1,000 alimony, custody of their children and $25 a month for their support.

Mr. Wendt figured in two divorce suits prior to the one this week.

Hastings Girls Are Decorated at Frisco Meet

Legion Emblem Pinned on Each Cadet by National Commander Owsley—Receives Ovation.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 18—Nebraska's girl cadets, already flushed from basking in the limelight during the fifth annual convention of the American Legion here, rose to their greatest triumph today when they were decorated by Alvin Owsley, national legion commander, on the convention platform.

Commander Owsley personally pinned the legion decoration on the breast of each of the Hastings girls and their commander, Maj. Lawrence Jones, while a battery of cameras perpetuated the event and thousands of delegates and guests applauded. The decoration took place just prior to the convening of the morning session.

The cadets performed last night before 15,000 gathered on the convention floor and gallery of the Knights of Columbus show and dance. When their drill was completed they were accorded an ovation that lasted several minutes.

The cadets began establishing precedents by parading across the convention platform yesterday morning and set a second precedent in being decorated by the national commander, according to regular attendants at legion conventions.

Mayor Rolph has given the girls the freedom of the city and all official legion cars have been placed at their disposal.

So pronounced a hit have the girls made that a movement is now on foot among the 22 Nebraska delegates to have the cadets recognized as a permanent institution of the state department of the legion.

Most of the 360 visiting legionnaires from Nebraska will leave for their homes at the conclusion of Friday's final session. In most cases they will take the route via Los Angeles, permitting them a short stay there and in the Grand canyon.

Record Stock Shipment Handled at Sidney, Neb.

Sidney, Neb., Oct. 18.—At one time this week, there were 600 head of cattle in the Sidney stockyards for shipment to St. Joseph, Mo., and 600 head of Cheyenne county hogs for shipment to San Francisco. This is a record for hog shipments from Cheyenne county and the first time since the "cow days" that so many cattle were shipped at one time.

Christian Ministerial Body Meets at Bethany

Bethany, Neb., Oct. 18—The Nebraska Ministerial association of the Christian churches of Nebraska met in annual session here. Dr. Adrian Newens is the chief lecturer on the program. Dr. U. M. Yocum of St. Louis also will give two addresses.

The Weather

For 24 hours, ending 7 p. m., October 19.

Temperature.

Highest, 55; lowest, 44; mean, 50; normal, 54.

Total excess deficiency since January 1, 2.53.

Relative Humidity, Percentage.

7 a. m., 69. Noon, 47. 7 p. m., 49.

Precipitation, Inches and Hundredths.

Total, 0. Total since January 1, 29.71; excess, 1.41.

Hourly Temperatures.

5 a. m.	45	1 p. m.	53
6 a. m.	47	2 p. m.	55
7 a. m.	46	3 p. m.	55
8 a. m.	45	4 p. m.	54
9 a. m.	45	5 p. m.	54
10 a. m.	46	6 p. m.	52
11 a. m.	49	7 p. m.	46
12 noon	52	8 p. m.	45

Klan Given Knockout by Legion

Hooded Bands Are Branded Un-American in Resolution Mentioning No Name of Mob Order.

Religious Point Raised

San Francisco, Oct. 18.—A verbal battle over pro-Ku Klux Klan and anti-klan resolutions, in which the press of the country was charged with trying to split the American Legion over the klan question, raged for several hours at the fourth day's session of the fifth annual American Legion convention, resulting in adoption of the "Michigan" anti-klan resolution which avoids using the name of the hooded order.

A total of 933 delegates made it known that while the legion objects to the klan order, it will not denounce it through a resolution which calls a spade a spade. With equal force it voted down a resolution the Oklahoma delegates introduced to offset a denunciatory resolution offered by Charles F. Kendrick of San Francisco.

The resolution, which was carried by a roar of "ayes" to the weak cry of a score of "noes," was as follows:

Declared Un-American.

"Resolved, by the American Legion in national convention assembled that we consider any individual, group of individuals or organization which creates or fosters racial, religious or class strife among our people, or which takes into their own hands the enforcement of law, determination of guilt or infliction of punishment, to be un-American, a menace to our liberties and destructive of our fundamental law, and be it further

"Resolved, that we consider such action by any individual, group or organization, to be inconsistent with the ideals and purposes of the American Legion."

The Kendrick resolution, which was lost on a roll call vote, 815 to 142, with 36 not voting, was as follows:

"Resolved, that the Ku Klux Klan is an organiaztion which is destructive to American principles and ideals, and is unfair to hundreds of thousands of our comrades in arms during the world war. This convention, therefore, most unequivocally denounces the Ku Klux Klan as being an un-American organization and unworthy of membership by loyal American citizens."

Nebraska, Iowa Split.

Major Kendrick cast a lone ballot for his resolution in the California delegation, the other 36 delegates voting no. The Nebraska delegates voted 1 for and 21 against the Kendrick resolution; Iowa voted 45 in favor of it and 2 against.

The Oklahoma resolution, voted down, was submitted by E. W. Whitney of Oklahoma, who stated he was a member of the klan. The resolution follows:

"Whereas, the convention of the American Legion recognizes the rights of the members thereof to their own free opinion in matters of religion and politics, and

"Whereas, the basis of membership in the American Legion is service, irrespective of the religion or politics of the members, now, therefore, be it resolved, that

For "Tolerance, Good Will."

"The American Legion adheres to its original purpose and stands for the service man irrespective of belief in religion or politics and welcomes all such to its fold. That within this fold the question of such belief or affiliation be never raised to the preudice or hurt of any one, but that the spirit of tolerance and good will be extended to all, irrespective of their belief in or adherence to any society or organization whatsoever, so long as the same does not conflict with allegiance to God and the government of the United States.

Major Kendrick accused the Legionnaires of "pussy-footing" on the Ku Klux Klan question and announced that he was there "to tear the mask off things and see just where we are. Far be it from me to inject into the convention a religious issue. However, much as I desire that such not be the case, there is a religious issue here and there has been one for more than two years. The only way to meet the issue is to meet it squarely, meet it face to face, the same as we met other issues in times gone by.

"We can't pussy-foot in this organization and get anywhere. Let's tear the mask off of things and see just where we are.

"You all know just as well as I do, what happened in New Orleans. You know perfectly well that Bill (William) Deegan's candidacy was proposed down there and the most important factor regarding him was his religion."

Major Kendrick withdrew the statement when it was objected to by California delegates and said: "I withdraw the statement that you all know it and merely that I know it and let me get a little closer to home with you. In Kansas City my name was proposed throughout the convention as candidate for commander and all sides I found my religion was of vital interest to men in deciding whether they should or should not consider me as a possible commander.

"This is not a small matter to some little village; it has got so that a great state had to declare martial law because of it and other states are considering the question in a great state-wide way and it is high time that the American Legion, if it stands for the things it says it stands for, if it has what we thought it had in the war, if it has courage on both ends of the gun, if it has that, it will stand up and stop pussy-footing and come out in the open about these things that are destructive to our American government and to our constitution