

Madison Plans to Have Banner Fair of State Three-Day Exposition to Open September 11 With Plenty of Features on Program.

Madison, Neb., Sept. 2.—The "Banner Fair of Nebraska" which will be held from September 11 to 14 at Madison, will be the largest in the history of the Madison county agricultural society which is now in its 42d year, according to the estimates and preparations which have been made by the more than 400 members of the society.

The stock show promises to surpass anything contemplated in the past, for already representative stockmen from four counties, Platte, Madison, Stanton and Antelope, have signified their intention of showing at Madison. Entries are not limited to Madison county and it is hoped to make the various show representatives of the entire Nebraska.

Besides the stock show the third meeting of the Short Ship Race circuit, composed of Stanton, Madison, Hartington and Albion, will be held. Furs aggregating \$2,500 will be disbursed at Madison and the "four towns" competition will be held on hand up a total of more than \$12,000.

Baseball Tournament. An elimination baseball tournament will be played during the three days of the festival. The ball clubs taking part represent Humphrey, Platte Center, St. Edward and the Norfolk State league team.

Eight big free acts have been engaged to entertain the afternoon and evening and four prize bands will furnish music. The feature of the evening programs will be the International Girl revue, a musical comedy carrying a company of 30 persons.

School children of the district will be the guests of the fair association Friday, September 14. Several features will be directly under the supervision of the schools of Madison county. Particular among them will be a pageant depicting the history of Nebraska.

To Show State's History. The important episodes in the life of Nebraska will be historically pictured by floats that will be designed and built by the various districts taking part. The pageant is being directed by Misses Jean and Marion Preece of Battle Creek.

A dog show unique in its character and perhaps the first and only one of its kind ever held in Nebraska will be the big feature of children's day, Friday. Nearly \$100 will be distributed among the youngsters who will enter their pet canines in the parade which, led by a band, will take place in the afternoon. It is expected that at least 500 dogs will be entered in the show.

Several hundred dollars have been spent in improving and rearranging the grounds, bringing the total investment in buildings up to \$25,000 and giving the grounds one of the best layouts in the middle west.

Commander King, \$1,000 Hog, Dies of Pneumonia

Falls City, Neb., Sept. 2.—Commander King, best known boar in this section, last year's senior and grand champion at the Richardson, Nebraska and Pawnee county fairs, and winner of second place in the aged class at the state fair, died of pneumonia. The boar's owners, R. A. Coupe & Sons, had just refused an offer of \$1,000 for the animal, which was being groomed for the coming state fair.

Adams County Judging Team in Hamilton County Contest

Hastings, Neb., Sept. 2.—The Adams county stock judging team visited the Hamilton county fair this week, participating in the judging and demonstration contests. These young people, who will all be entered in the state fair contests, include Jessie Toet, Louis French, Carl Brown, Lloyd Bierman, Bruce Rosenthal, Everett Rounds, and Lavern Bierman.

Thayer County Hens Lay 23 Carloads in Nine Months

Hebron, Neb., Sept. 2.—According to the report issued by the extension agent of Thayer county, during the past nine months accredited flocks of chickens have laid 23,923 dozen eggs, or 28 carloads. Egg sales amounted to \$10,700 in the county, the report states.

Farmers' Union Notes

Forty cars of grain were received by the new grain elevator at Madison, operated by the Farmers union on the farm of Emil Schaefer, two and one-half miles south of this place. The first month's business has been so good that the union has decided to have a second elevator built at this place.

Richardson County Farmers Hold Picnic at Salem

Falls City, Neb., Sept. 2.—W. H. Brokaw, director of the extension service of the state college of agriculture, and Secretary C. B. Stewart of the Richardson county farmers' bureau picnic at Salem. A slight drizzle marred the picnic which was largely attended.

Updike Consignment Service TOP PRICES, QUICK RETURNS

With Check for Balance Due on Each Car. The careful handling of loss and delay claims. A GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION. Telephone AT lantic 6312

Updike Grain Corporation

"A Reliable Consignment House" OMAHA Kansas City Chicago Milwaukee

New Intermediate Credit Banks Lend Money on Farmers' Assets Federal Reserve Banks Are Supplemented by New Plan to Aid Farmers on Short-Time Loans.

Omaha has banks and banks, large ones and small ones, all more or less alike, with one exception. There is one bank in Omaha that can loan money, lots of it, without having a single cent deposited.

It is the Federal Intermediate Credit bank of Omaha, and its purpose is to help the farmer. When banking was started in the United States, the banks were modeled after those of England. There being little farming in Great Britain, no provision was made for making loans on farm lands and produce.

The English banking system applied to this country well with that exception. Recently our country has started loaning money on farm lands. Last spring, congress passed a bill providing for these intermediate banks to loan money for the farmer's grain and livestock.

The Farmer's Wife

By MARY ANN GRAY. "What Shall I Feed My Family?" Is a question which often bothers the housewife. Mary Dove, extension specialist in foods, suggests that first provide an adequate supply of milk, vegetables and fruits, then add breadstuffs, cereals, meats, fats and sweets, according to the protein and energy required, taste, purse, individual digestive powers. These menus for all the family meet the above requirements.

Sunday—Breakfast: Grapefruit, oatmeal, milk and toast and margarine, milk and coffee. Dinner: Roast or broiled chicken with stuffing, mashed potatoes and gravy; buttered turnips or carrots; cabbage and apple salad; bread and butter; ice cream and wafers, milk, coffee. Supper: Egg a la golden rod on toast, relishes, fruit sauce with sponge cake, milk.

Monday—Breakfast: Stewed prunes, puffed wheat, broiled bacon, muffins and butter; coffee, chocolate. Dinner: Veal stew with baked potatoes, scalloped or fresh tomatoes, cold salad, bread and butter, new jelly, plum sauce or fresh fruit and wafers, milk, coffee. Lunch or supper: Spinach, bread and butter, creamed onions, orange sherbet, coffee, milk. Lunch or supper: Tomato soup, scalloped potatoes with bacon, bread and butter, apple salad, neufchatel cheese, milk, tea.

Tuesday—Breakfast: Baked apples, rice cereal, milk and ground wheat, poached egg on toast, beverage. Dinner: Stuffed sparrows, mashed potatoes, creamed carrots, fruit salad, bread, butter, caramel custard, wafers, coffee, milk. Lunch: Cream of pea soup, cheese omelet, string beans and onion salad, whole wheat bread, butter, apple milk, coffee, milk.

Wednesday—Breakfast: Orange, rice cereal, milk and ground wheat, poached egg on toast, beverage. Dinner: Stuffed sparrows, mashed potatoes, creamed carrots, fruit salad, bread, butter, caramel custard, wafers, coffee, milk. Lunch: Cream of pea soup, cheese omelet, string beans and onion salad, whole wheat bread, butter, apple milk, coffee, milk.

Thursday—Breakfast: Cream of wheat with dates, toast and creamed conserve, coffee, milk. Lunch: Macaroni loaf with tomato sauce, creamed beans, vegetable salad, canned or fresh peaches and cream, bread and butter, cookies, beverage. Dinner: Beef hash, rice, potatoes, pickles, beet greens, apple, cabbage and pine-apple salad, coffee, milk.

Friday—Breakfast: Apples, milk, toast, ham and potato patties, cocoa, coffee. Lunch: Cream of corn soup, friend parsnips, scalloped potatoes with bacon, pineapple and cottage cheese salad, bread and butter, milk. Dinner: Salmon loaf or croquette, glazed sweet potatoes, creamed peas, bread and butter, carrots, dates and cabbage salad, lemon pie, cottage cheese, coffee, milk.

Saturday—Breakfast: Stewed prunes, puffed wheat and whole milk, wafers with maple syrup, milk, coffee. Lunch: Creamed dried beef, baked potatoes, stewed tomatoes, rolls and butter, apple Betty with soft custard. Dinner: Liver and bacon, scalloped potatoes, creamed spinach, plum preserves, bread and butter, orange and celery salad, milk, tea.

Sweet Clover Growers Form Seed Association. Battle Creek, Neb., Sept. 2.—Sweet clover growers in this county (Madison) have made arrangements for a meeting, to be held soon, to take up the organization of a growers' group, according to the report of the county extension agent. The purpose of this organization, the report states, is to help in the production of a better seed crop and the handling of this crop, so that it can be put on the market in good shape as commercial seed.

Richardson County Farmers Hold Picnic at Salem. Falls City, Neb., Sept. 2.—W. H. Brokaw, director of the extension service of the state college of agriculture, and Secretary C. B. Stewart of the Richardson county farmers' bureau picnic at Salem. A slight drizzle marred the picnic which was largely attended.

Updike Consignment Service TOP PRICES, QUICK RETURNS. With Check for Balance Due on Each Car. The careful handling of loss and delay claims. A GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION. Telephone AT lantic 6312

Updike Grain Corporation "A Reliable Consignment House" OMAHA Kansas City Chicago Milwaukee

where there is a Federal Land bank. No loans are made for less than six months or more than nine months. Congress has provided for \$600,000,000 to be loaned by the 12 banks. The Omaha branch which loans to Iowa, Nebraska, South Dakota, and Wyoming, has \$55,000,000 at its disposal.

There are no direct loans to the farmers. The notes are bought from banks and other authorized companies. The banks get a brokerage fee of 1.2 per cent. The interest charged the farmer is 5 1/2 per cent, which allows one half per cent to defray the office and other expenses of the intermediate bank.

F. W. Clarke is in charge of the local office. For the present, the bank is located in the offices of the Federal Land bank at the Woodmen of the World building. As soon as the new bank gets fully under way, it will have its own office.

Culls

For healthy ears and maximum yield, select cull corn right out of the field. Fine looking ears on unshuffled stalks mean a poor stand—that is no talk.

Heavy grease, if applied to the binder and other working parts of the binder when it is put away, will keep it bright and in shape for next year.

As a whole, fruits and vegetables are more economical sources of protein and energy than a good many people think. Their chief value, however, lies in their ash or mineral content, rather than their proteins and carbohydrates they contain.

Scottsbluff Crop of Melons Marketed

Scottsbluff, Neb., Sept. 2.—Marketing of Scottsbluff cantaloupes was started here. The crop is expected to exceed 45 cars. One hundred acres are said to have been planted to cantaloupes this year, and according to the report to the government division of crop and livestock estimates, each acre's crop will be worth about \$400 to the owner.

Cucumbers, celery and ever-bearing strawberries have been highly successful this year, the reports stated. An experiment with cantaloupes last year proved that Scottsbluff can produce a superior grade of melons and an organization was formed which planted 100 acres this season.

New Buildings Erected for Knox County Fair

Bloomfield, Neb., Sept. 2.—A new hog barn and a building to house the county school exhibit will be erected on the grounds of the Knox County fair association. Entries in the hog department have come in so rapidly that all available space in the four large barns has been taken and it has been found necessary to erect another barn, conforming in shape and size to the other four. Even this will not take care of the swine entries, according to Secretary W. H. Weber, and late entries will be housed in temporary pens.

The baseball program is now complete. Tuesday, September 11, Osmond and Bloomfield will play; Wednesday, Wausa and Winterton will play; and on Thursday the winners of these two games will play. Friday, Crofton plays Verdier-Center and on Saturday the winner will meet the winner of Thursday's game. Harry Sage of Omaha will umpire all games.

Odell Man Makes Profit on Corn Stored for Two Years

Odell, Neb., Sept. 2.—F. J. Truxaw, pioneer resident and former business man of this place, is now shelling 17,000 bushels of corn, which he has had stored for the last two years in cribs. Truxaw bought most of the corn in 1921 at 22 cents per bushel and the rest in 1922 at prices ranging from 25 to 60 cents a bushel. The market is now 71 cents for white and 72 cents for mixed corn. After all expenses are paid the deal will net Truxaw a profit of near \$4,000. Several hundred loads of corn, which sell readily for around \$3 per wagon load, will more than cover shrinkage on the corn.

Green Worm in Alfalfa Is Puzzling Farmers

Hasting, Neb., Sept. 2.—The presence of a small green worm in alfalfa fields threatening destruction of the stand is worrying farmers in this part of the state. The worm attacks the stem of the alfalfa and the plant shrivels and dies. Many farmers are cutting to try to combat the pest.

Republican City Elevators Ship New Wheat to Market

Republican City, Neb., Sept. 2.—Several carloads of new wheat have been shipped from elevators here. The average yield so far in this vicinity is reported to be between five and six bushels per acre. The quality is very poor, on account of black rust.

Farmers Find Wheat Is Good to Feed Stock Comparatively Low Price Leads to Increased Consumption of Small Grain on Farms.

Due to comparative prices of wheat and corn this year many farmers will utilize wheat as livestock feed in place of corn to a great extent, according to O. E. Bradford, president of the American Farm Bureau federation.

With wheat at its present price, it is declared to be a desirable feed for poultry, both as a whole grain in scratch mixtures and in ground form mixed with mash feed, alone however, it does not give the best results, but should be mixed with corn. Wheat may take the place of corn in rations for dairy cows. It is figured that a bushel of wheat is about equal in feeding value to a bushel of corn.

On the practicability of using wheat as a hog feed the United States Department of Agriculture says that 8 per cent less grain is required in the case of wheat, but that with corn at 70 cents a bushel and wheat at 79 cents, more gains can be made with the raising of the wheat to 15 cents per 100 pounds than with wheat and tankage.

The farmer this year, according to Mayland Magee, on the Summerhill farm, near Bennington, is not being paid for the labor connected with the raising of the wheat to anything about making interest on the investment.

"Naturally, the farmer must rotate his crop and not eliminate wheat from the cropping system," he said. "But for a time, at least, it might be good to cut down the wheat acreage and sow more of a cash crop, alfalfa, for instance. It is a good paying crop."

More labor is necessary in feeding wheat than in feeding corn because of the advisability of crushing or grinding it. Corn and corn products make better feed for cattle than wheat and wheat products alone. It is not necessary to grind corn.

Wheat, according to experiments made in Nebraska, is 5 per cent more efficient in fattening steers when fed with alfalfa hay, a little prairie hay, and straw, and linseed meal.

Frontier City Stricken by Hog Cholera Epidemic

Stockville, Neb., Sept. 2.—According to W. H. Campbell, Frontier county extension agent, hog cholera is prevalent in that county. Mr. Campbell urges vaccination of all hogs until now, no medicine will prevent cholera or cure it except vaccination. If hogs are vaccinated when young and healthy they will never have the cholera.

According to the extension agent, farmers should—because so many are now feeding green corn—keep salt, air-slacked lime and ashes before hogs all the time. These preventatives should be kept out of doors, either in a trough or on the ground, he says.

Union Pacific Taxes \$36,306 A Day

Union Pacific System taxes practically trebled between 1912 and 1922, or from \$4,668,875 to \$13,251,552.

Our 1922 taxes amounted to \$36,306 a day. This would have paid for 17 all-steel box cars every day, or a modern freight or passenger locomotive every other day.

Union Pacific System tax payments since 1900 have been as follows:

Table with 4 columns: Year, State and County Taxes, Federal Taxes, Total. Data for years 1900-1922.

* Fiscal year ending June 30. * Calendar year ending December 31.

Union Pacific System taxes for 1922 composed 6.87 cents out of every dollar of gross earnings and 27.03 cents out of every dollar of net earnings.

Total taxes paid by all railroads of the United States in 1922 were \$304,855,158, which was almost as much as the cost of digging the Panama Canal. Taxes exceeded cash dividends paid by the railroads in each year since 1917, or the entire expense of running the United States Government in 1916. They amounted to 5.4 per cent of the entire gross earnings. Railroads are the largest tax payers in many states. In some counties railroad taxes equal one-half the total.

Some of the tax money provided by the railroads is used to build and maintain highways on which trackless competitors operate. Some of these highway transportation routes serve as feeders for the railroads, but in most cases they take tonnage from the rail lines, and the taxes levied on the railroads and their trackless competitors are often unjustly apportioned.

Senator Borah, speaking in Congress last December, said: "It will be very difficult to reduce freight rates if we continue in this country to increase taxes upon the railroads as we have for the last four years. . . . These public utilities must collect this money from but one source, and that is from those who ship."

Railroads, like other businesses, must pay taxes. They are willing to pay their share, but they ask that the tax burden be equitably distributed, and that the public appreciate that taxation is an element of increasing importance in railway costs. The price of transportation is bound to keep pace with the cost of transportation. We are bending every effort to reduce the cost. Constructive suggestions are always welcome. C. R. GRAY, President. Omaha, Nebraska, September 1, 1923.

Increase in Exports to America Noticed

Washington, Sept. 2.—Germany, Japan, China and Canada increased their exports to the United States during July, it was shown in figures made public today by the Commerce department, but the general total for the month, \$237,335,239 in imports and \$303,030,404 in exports, revealed lower figures as compared with June.

Exports from the United States to Germany increased, \$6,000,000 and increases were also recorded in shipments to Japan, Chile and Columbia. Detailed figures in millions include: Imports: 1923 June 1922

Table with 3 columns: Country, 1923, June 1922. Lists countries like Europe, South America, Asia, etc.

Johnson County Fair Has Many Attractions

Tecumseh, Neb., Sept. 2.—The management of the Johnson county fair is spending no expense in making plans for the annual exposition, which will be held in Tecumseh September 17 to 21. The premiums offered on grains, livestock, textiles, etc., are more liberal. Tuesday will be judging day, with the boys and girls club members of the county contesting. Wednesday will be patriotic day, with Gen. R. L. Bullard of the United States army as the principal speaker. Flags will be awarded the American Legion posts with the greatest number in the parade, and canes will be given the old veterans of the civil war present.

Corn and corn products make better feed for cattle than wheat and wheat products alone. It is not necessary to grind corn. Wheat, according to experiments made in Nebraska, is 5 per cent more efficient in fattening steers when fed with alfalfa hay, a little prairie hay, and straw, and linseed meal.

Officers Seeking Parties to Big Fight Near Vesta

Tecumseh, Neb., Sept. 2.—Johnson county authorities are trying to locate the parties to a fight or attempted holdup of a crap game, near Vesta, Thursday night. It is reported that one of the men was beaten in the game and that he and three friends endeavored to "hijack" the crowd, said to be made up largely of Tecumseh men and boys. A fight followed. It is reported, in which firearms were used. The game was in a grove near the public highway.

Pawnee County Farmers Will Reduce Wheat Acreage

Table Rock, Neb., Sept. 2.—Fall plowing has begun on many of the farms in Pawnee county. Farmers are of the opinion that a much smaller acreage of wheat will be put in this year than has been the case for the past several years.

Omaha Livestock

By Bureau of Agricultural Economics. E. S. Department of Agriculture. Omaha, Sept. 2.—Receipts of cattle last week were estimated at 26,500, compared with an actual supply of 25,742 last week and 37,176 head a year ago.

Good quality cornfed cattle are having their innings and have continued to accumulate advances, new high figures being established while the increased marketing from the range states the half-bred and mixed grades have been neglected and have barely held their own. The low supply of noted steers has resulted in a wider spread to prices between the medium and choice grades. In a general way the good and choice grades are fully 15 to 20 per cent higher than a week ago, while the medium grades and grassers are quoted as steady to weak. A new high top for the year was reached this week, \$12.50 paid for 1,000-pound steers, with 442-pound yearlings reaching at \$12.25, while numerous sales were noted from \$12.00 to \$11.40. Bulk of the fed steers from 1,100 pounds up sold from \$11.00 to \$12.40, with most yearlings and steers under 1,100 pounds from \$10.50 to \$11.75. Mixed steers and heifers cleared readily, best lots at \$11.75, and yearlings of 650 pounds averaged at \$11.40, with the bulk of the yearlings in the week range steady found a fair outlet to packers at steady prices, but toward the end of the week lower leasened supplies, most of the sales were for 1,042-pound Colorado grass steers brought \$11.00, while choice yearlings sold at top price for grass beef this season, although sales of fresh yearlings have been choice quality feeders have been listed up to \$10.50. A spread of \$5.00 between the top and bottom grades of some Mexican steers down around \$4.50 per cwt.

With the possible exception of Monday, market for the week has been active and prices have been on the up-grade, accumulated gains amounting to 10 to 15 cents. The volume of trade is attractive, subject to shipper competition. Choice yearlings sold upward to \$11.75, with heifers up to \$10.50 and \$10.75, but the bulk of the yearlings sold at \$11.00, with the desirable cows and heifers finding a release at \$11.75 to \$12.50. Choice yearlings sold upward to \$11.75, with heifers up to \$10.50 and \$10.75, but the bulk of the yearlings sold at \$11.00, with the desirable cows and heifers finding a release at \$11.75 to \$12.50.

Sharp buyers last week on all grades of stocker and feeder cattle except choice heavy feeders has resulted in a much better inquiry from the country, and yard dealers report a good clearance. Most of the heavy feeders sold at steady figures from first hands at a spread of \$1.00 to \$1.25, while the other grades were most stockers were unevenly weak to 25c lower, bulk of sales from \$1.25 to \$1.75. Choice yearlings were unchanged at \$1.00 to \$1.25. Demand for the choice yearlings has been especially urgent and these were readily sold from second hands at \$1.25 to \$1.75, selected lots up to \$1.75. The top end of sorted stockers from \$1.00 to \$1.25.

Mild unevenness has featured throughout the seven day period in the lamb trade. Packers were successful in forcing slight declines and allowing for a touch of strength towards the close of the week prices are steady with a week ago. Choice fat western lambs at \$11.00, with the bulk of the yearlings sold at \$11.00, with the desirable cows and heifers finding a release at \$11.75 to \$12.50.

Receipts of sheep and lambs this week total approximately 11,000 head, as compared with 7,847 actually received last week, and 79,522 the corresponding week one year ago.

Equal parts of vinegar and linseed oil applied to ink stains on wood with a soft cloth will effectually efface them.

New York Bonds

New York, Sept. 2.—Changes in bond prices were somewhat mixed during the week with a slight majority pointing upward. The volume of trade continued small. New bond offerings totaled \$44,071,000, the previous week, and \$120,716,000 the previous week, and \$120,716,000 the previous week, and \$120,716,000 the previous week.

Active United States government bonds held several points on announcement of United States Bonds Steady.

Plan Bond Offers. Several large bond offerings are in the offing, notably the Argentine government \$50,000,000 loan and a \$20,000,000 issue of Union Pacific equipment, but the exact date of the offerings has not yet been disclosed. Important offerings last week were \$12,000,000 of the Indiana Electric Corporation of the Associated Oil company at par; \$10,000,000 of the Milwaukee Electric Light and Power company at 95% to yield 6 1/2 per cent; \$3,000,000 of the Indiana Electric Corporation at 99 to yield 6 1/2 per cent.

Equal parts of vinegar and linseed oil applied to ink stains on wood with a soft cloth will effectually efface them.

Financial

By Associated Press. New York, Sept. 2.—More confidence over fall trade prospects reflected by a quiet forward movement in stocks and the improved sentiment all around were noticeable in financial markets during the week. While improvement in the stock market has not proceeded as fast as some observers expected, many active traders are reported to be working on the constructive side. The advance resulting from a bidding up of prices by "pools" is ordinarily possible when conditions are favorable for a new market.

The breakdown in the negotiations between the mine operators and the unions looking toward avoidance of the suspension of the mining is reported to be a restraining influence in trading with some operators characterizing it as a depressing influence. It was pointed out by some, however, that the effect on industry would be neither immediate nor disastrous. The oil situation is still unsettled, the chief difficulty of the oil companies being described as the necessity of taking lower prices in order to lighten stocks on hand.

While employment has fallen off somewhat and this is continued in many quarters, indicating less likelihood of a further initiation of labor costs and the probability that manufacturing profits are likely to decline, moving into construction at a good rate. Secretary good authorities point out that activity may not increase until the second market undoubtedly in their assertion on the fact that there was little slump during the summer and there is no assurance of the present rate of operations would not be an unfavorable factor in the market. Unemployment is a much stronger position at this time than in the latter part of the year. The rise from market to a better tone, price reactions having dropped.

Farm Outlook Brighter. Another reason for confidence in fall business is the growing belief that the worst has been passed on the farms. Western farmers are said to be in a cheerful mood with a good yield of corn to offset losses in wheat. Some livestock industry claimers their attention on a better tone and wheat prices are up.

The government cotton report confirms the belief that the boll weevil and drought in the south will greatly reduce the cotton yield. While this will mean less revenue for many planters, it will at the same time mean higher prices for the farmers. When announcements were made on Friday of the Department of Agriculture estimate as against an estimate of \$1,131,000 bales a month ago, prices rose about 4 1/2 cents on the market. Moreover, now that there is more certainty as to the size of the crop, cotton spinners, domestic and foreign, who have been reluctant to make commitments, are expected to come into the market and their buying probably will have a stimulating effect on the market.

Foreign exchanges have been quiet but rather flat and money tight. Some farmers due to end of the month requirements.

Alfred Noyes Will Join California Institute Pasadena, Cal., Sept. 2.—Alfred Noyes, British poet, has called his acceptance of an appointment to the faculty of the California Institute of Technology and will present a series of lectures and readings there this year.

Hobart Still Missing

No word has been received from R. E. Hobart, proprietor of the Sandwich Shop, Eighteenth and Farnam streets, according to employees in the store. Hobart has been missing 10 days. Mrs. Hobart is now in charge of the Sandwich Shop. She refuses to discuss her husband's disappearance.



The Roofs in Omaha Can Not Be Too Good

The roofs of the city are its chief protection for its millions of dollars' worth of treasured home furnishings and interior decorations. They should be also the chief safeguard of the city against a big, terribly destructive fire. Roofs should be beautiful as well as protective. Your roof may have the color of slate or tile, cast the shadow lines so attractive in the old wooden shingled roof, and yet be proof against weather and resistant to fire.

Advertisement for Winthrop Tapered Asphalt Shingles. Features text: "The roofs of the city are its chief protection for its millions of dollars' worth of treasured home furnishings and interior decorations. They should be also the chief safeguard of the city against a big, terribly destructive fire." Includes logo for "The Big Butt Shingle" and contact information for Beckman Dawson Roofing Company, 111 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.