

# ONE-DAY FLYER DOWN IN WYOMING

## French Aim to Disrupt Germany

Military Dominance Over All of Europe Is Republic's Ultimate Purpose, Britain Charges.

Aid Separatist Moves

By MARK SULLIVAN. London, July 19.—The heart of the controversy between Britain and France is a question less often mentioned in the public addresses of statesmen than in private conversations. It is a question so pregnant with grave possibilities that responsible statesmen in office avoid bringing it up and hesitate to put it into words. Outside of the world of statesmen, it is occasionally mentioned by writers and others in unofficial positions.

Probably the best way to state the question is to put it in the words of the leading English liberal writer, A. G. Gardiner, in the Nation, which is now edited by John Maynard Keynes. Mr. Gardiner's statement reads in part as follows:

Germany's Future, Question. "The issue between the two countries is much deeper than any question of passive resistance. It is whether Germany is to be wiped out—politically dismembered, economically destroyed.

France throughout has pursued two purposes which are mutually destructive. Its nominal aim has been the extraction of reparations to vast and expensive to be stated in figures. This impossible task was imposed upon France as a means of promoting the major purpose of reducing its political and economic impotence. The latter motive has now emerged as the dominant and undisguised theme.

Whenever there has seemed a prospect that at last a way might be found out of the jungle, Poincaré appeared with his "No thoughtfare," and meanwhile he established as a corollary his policy of a military dictatorship over Europe on a scale unprecedented since the days of Napoleon, planting back troops to terrorize the most civilized cities of central Europe and building up a vast system of strategic blockhouses from the Baltic to the Black sea, encouraging Poland in the wildest dreams of imperialism, arming the Turks, whom British soldiers had conquered and enabling them to wipe out the fruit of war; fomenting conspiracies in upper Silesia, pouring money into the lap of Rumania military expansion, and establishing a supremacy in the air that makes London itself infinitely more vulnerable than it has ever been before in history.

Baldwin's Course Clear. "The course before Premier Baldwin is clear and imperative. He desires no more than any of us to open a breach with France, but if, as seems to be the case, Poincaré is unwilling, then in the interests alike of this country and of Europe, he must take his own line. The alternative is unthinkable. It is to default helplessly in the waste of France, not until Germany only but the whole of European civilization is obliterated."

Former Convict Under Arrest at York, Neb. Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee. Lincoln, July 19.—Raymond Perry, who went to Omaha and complained of a newspaper, after he had been paroled, about the ill-treatment he had received while incarcerated in the Nebraska state penitentiary, is again in the clutches of the law. Perry, Harold Osborne and Lowell Kahn were arrested Wednesday near Clark, Neb., on a charge of burglary. They are being held in the York jail. Their arrest followed the alleged recovery of 12 automobile tires belonging to St. Louis.

Woman's Screams Foul. Two Armed Bank Robbers. Lincoln, July 19.—An attempted hijack of the Beaver Crossing State bank was frustrated by the screams of Miss Helen Ross, assistant cashier, when two armed men attempted to force their way into a back room after she refused to throw up her hands at their command, according to a long distance telephone message. Frightened by her cries, the yeggs fled to their car, in which a companion was waiting, and sped away.

## She Has Sentenced More Than 50 to Death



Judge Anna Ghuzman

Anna Ghuzman, judge of the highest Russian soviet court, sitting in Moscow, is the most feared official in soviet Russia. She has sentenced more than 50 persons to death, calmly and quietly. The severity of her prison sentences, against both men and women, is notorious.

## Probe Ordered in Johnson County Tax Assessment

Error of \$2,500,000 Cited in Returns for 1922 Filed by Elmer J. Lamb, Then Assessor.

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee. Lincoln, July 19.—The state board of equalization Thursday morning authorized State Tax Commissioner Smith to investigate an apparent error of over \$2,500,000 in the assessment returns from Johnson county last year.

The assessment a year ago was turned in by Elmer J. Lamb, then county assessor, who served in the last legislature as representative from Johnson county.

Mr. Lamb sent in a report showing the total property valuation of that county as \$29,344,743 and the average value of farm lands at \$59.03 per acre. As this figure for lands was higher than that of adjoining counties, the state board a year ago allowed a 4 per cent reduction.

Later the clerk of Johnson county reported final assessment figures to be \$2,543,515 less than Lamb's report showed. The state board has fixed the total based on his report, at \$28,494,410, after reducing farm lands 4 per cent, but the figures as corrected by the county clerk were \$1,593,193 less than that amount.

## Trade With Reds Urged by Iowan

Senator Brookhart Advocates Early Recognition of Russia, in Conference With Secretary Hughes.

Favors Extra Session

By Universal Service. Washington, July 19.—Senator Smith W. Brookhart, on reaching Washington today, went directly to the State department and urged Secretary Hughes to recognize the soviet government of Russia.

Senator Brookhart suggested, as a preliminary step, an effort on the part of the United States to revive trade relations, even before full diplomatic intercourse is resumed.

The senator made a full report on his personal investigation of the condition of the Russian government, declaring it to be most stable government in Europe and its people happy and contented.

Senator Brookhart also gave Mr. Hughes the benefit of his 10 weeks' study of conditions in other countries in Europe, particularly France. The senator returned to America stronger than ever in his opposition to entanglement in the old world through the league of nations or the world court.

Senator Brookhart was understood to have taken up the question of an extra session with Secretary Hughes, urging its necessity upon the secretary and suggesting that he join in the request to the president to issue the call.

Before going to the State department the Iowa progressive told callers at his office that his "fighting blood was up" on the question of an extra session of congress to save the farmers from impending ruin. He fully understands President Harding's opposition to an extra session, but will start a drive to that end notwithstanding. The senator may go to California to meet the president on his return from Alaska to impress upon the executive the vital importance of immediate action.

Germany Ready to Yield in Ruhr. London, July 19.—The British cabinet held a protracted session this morning at which the proposed reparations documents formed the main topic of discussions. Up to the early afternoon, it was still uncertain as to whether the documents—the draft reply to Germany and the accompanying notes—would be forwarded to the other governments, including the United States, tonight.

## Going for the Doctor



## P. I. Row Doesn't Worry Harding

President Says He Will Not Take Matter Up Until Return.

By International News Service. Seward, Alaska, July 19.—President Harding is not bothered over the Filipino row.

Despite the absence of reports, President Harding made it clear today that he would not mix in any row before returning to Washington. As a matter of fact, he has not heard of the Filipino row except through meager press dispatches saying the cabinet had resigned, but giving no cause or details. Consequently he declined to express an opinion except to express general approval of Governor Wood's administration.

## Port Arthur Calmly Awaits I. W. W. Influx

Chicago, July 19.—Foot-loose members of the Industrial Workers of the World from the far west and the eastern section of the country are reported to be traveling southward toward Port Arthur, Tex., with the object in view of protecting the rights of three of their members who are reported to have been beaten and threatened. The great central section of the country, however, seems to be free from the pilgrimages, as the I. W. W. members in the central division of the organization have not received any such orders.

Port Arthur, Tex., July 19.—Immense influx of I. W. W. was estimated to total more than 20,000, today found this city of 22,000 outwardly unconcerned. Announcement by John Shuskie, secretary-treasurer, New York, that the pilgrimage has begun from all over the country, by foot, freight, train and by sea, in protection of the rights of three members said to have been spirited away from here and severely beaten by unknown parties recently, today found local authorities volunteering little information as to plans for a reception.

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## Broken Oil Line Forces Army Aviator to Land at Rock Springs Mail Field

Leak Which Delayed Lieutenant Maughan at Cheyenne Ends Attempt to Cross Continent After More Than Two-Thirds of Distance Is Covered—Impossible to Repair Damage Quickly.

Pilot Disgusted at Luck—Anxious to Try Again

By Associated Press. Rock Springs, Wyo., July 19.—Forced down by a new leak in the oil cooling tank of his plane, Lieut. Russell L. Maughan late this afternoon abandoned his attempt to cross the continent between dawn and dusk. He landed at the air mail field at 5:08.

A hurried examination by two air mail pilots, who were the only men on the field when Maughan descended, convinced the transcontinental flyer that it would be impossible to repair the leak in time for him to reach the west coast before dark, and he called off the flight.

The leak was around the edges of the portion of the tank which had been soldered at Cheyenne this afternoon when Maughan was delayed for an hour.

Maughan passed over Rock Springs at 4:58, apparently bent upon continuing the flight despite the leak, but he turned back a few minutes later and landed.

It would require from three to four hours to repair the leak," Maughan told the Associated Press, "consequently the flight is off."

Lieutenant Maughan went to a hotel here after waiting at the air field while the two pilots, Harry Chandler and Jack Sharpnack, examined the tank.

He was keenly disappointed at the second failure to cross the continent, and his demeanor plainly indicated disgust as he walked away from the field.

Future Up to Washington. The aviator was nearing Green river when the oil tank began leaking badly, he said, resulting in his decision to abandon the flight and return to Rock Springs.

Lieutenant Maughan said he felt no ill effects from the nausea, which nearly overcame the aviator at Cheyenne as the result of fumes from the escaping oil. He said he felt "fine" and was going to "take a good sleep."

Asked whether he would make another attempt to span the continent, between dawn and dusk, Lieutenant Maughan asserted "that is up to Washington." He added that he "naturally" would be "glad to try it again."

Flying several hours behind his contemplated schedule and forcing his plane to the utmost to remain the time lost, Maughan was making 170 miles an hour when he was forced to land. He had covered the distance from Cheyenne to Rock Springs, 245 miles, in 1 hour and 32 minutes.

By Universal Service. Cheyenne, July 19.—Lieut. Russell Maughan completed the third leg of his dawn-to-dusk flight, when he landed at the Cheyenne air mail field at 2:32 today.

The aviator hopped off on the fourth leg of his flight at 3:26:25, mountain time.

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## Editors May Meet in Omaha in 1924

O'Furey Invites Association to Gather Here Before Going to Oklahoma.

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee. Saratoga Springs, N. Y., July 19.—Omaha may be the gathering place of members of the National Editorial association in 1924 if the invitation extended to the association in annual convention here by J. P. O'Furey, junior past president of the Nebraska Press association, and publisher of the Cedar County News at Hartington, is accepted by the executive committee.

Business sessions of the 1924 convention will be held in Oklahoma and will be followed by a tour of old Mexico. The invitation extended by Mr. O'Furey, in behalf of the Nebraska Press association, the state and Omaha suggests that members from northeastern, northern and northwestern states gather at Omaha for a one-day session and proceed from Omaha to Oklahoma in a special train.

Mr. O'Furey is vice president of the association for Nebraska.

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## Rear Admiral Sigsbee, Hero of Maine, Dies

New York, July 19.—Rear Admiral Charles Dwight Sigsbee, U. S. N., hero of the Maine, died of heart failure early today at his home here. He had been in ill health for a year.

Rear Admiral Sigsbee was 78 years old. He was born at Albany, N. Y., and was appointed to Annapolis from New York state in 1859. He served in the Union navy during the civil war. He was commander of the United States battleship Maine when she was blown up in Havana harbor on February 15, 1898. He was promoted for gallantry displayed during the Spanish-American war.

The rear admiral wrote several books, among them "The Personal Narrative of the Battleship Maine" and "Deep Sea Sounding and Dredging."

Switchmen Urged to Ignore "One Big Union" by Leader

James Connor, vice president of the International Switchmen's union, and Vice President Perry, organizer, spoke to a group of switchmen at the Labor temple yesterday morning, urging them to ignore the pleas of radicals going about the country talking for the "one big union."

At that time boosters who wish the automobile manufacturer at the head of a ticket in the next presidential election will try to bring Ford out in the open in the race for president, Clark said. Petitions now being circulated throughout the country will be presented to Ford at that time.

Ford-for-President Club to Hold Roundup at Dearborn

Chicago, July 19.—Henry Ford-for-president boosters will stage a general roundup in Ford's home town, Dearborn, Mich., the latter part of August, Dr. P. L. Clark, president of the Illinois Ford-for-President club, announced here yesterday.

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Old Resident of Omaha Dies at Her Home Here

Mrs. Mary Nichols, 81, for 45 years a resident of Omaha, died Wednesday afternoon at her residence, 302 North Twentieth street.

She is survived by two sisters, Mrs. B. P. Blakney and M. P. O'Connor. Funeral services will be held this morning at the residence and at St. John church.

The Weather. For 24 hours ending at 7 p. m., July 19, 1923. Temperature: Highest 82; lowest 51; mean, 67; normal, 67. Total excess since January 1, 225. Relative Humidity, Percentage: 7. Precipitation, inches and hundredths: 0. Total snow January 1, 1923: deficiency 2.74. Hourly Temperatures: 8 A. M. 60; 9 A. M. 62; 10 A. M. 65; 11 A. M. 70; 12 M. 75; 1 P. M. 78; 2 P. M. 80; 3 P. M. 82; 4 P. M. 80; 5 P. M. 75; 6 P. M. 70; 7 P. M. 65; 8 P. M. 60; 9 P. M. 55; 10 P. M. 52; 11 P. M. 50.