FORECAST
Thursday fair; not much change in temperature.

THE OMAHA MORNING BEE

CITY EDITION

VOL. 53—NO. 22. Entered as Second-Class Matter May 28, 1906, at Omaha P. O. Under Act of March 3, 1879. OMAHA, THURSDAY, JULY 12, 1923. By Mail (1 Year): Daily and Sunday, $6; Sunday, $2.50, within the 4th zone. Outside the 4th Zone (1 Year): Daily and Sunday, $12; Sunday only, $5. TWO CENTS in Omaha and Council Bluffs Five Cents Elsewhere

All Europe Fears Split in Germany

Breakup Would Spell Ruin of Civilization, Claimed—Ruhr Conceals French Designs.

Strain Tells on Leaders

By MARK SULLIVAN.

Paris, July 11.—The atmosphere of Berlin during the present crisis is one of shell-shocked helplessness, while France and Britain pull and haul over her fate.

Chancellor Cuno's personality, as compared with his former state, by those who have seen him frequently during the months of his tenure of office, is drooping to one in which sheer fatigue robs the man of whatever his normal will-power and decisiveness may be.

General Degoutte, it is believed by those who see him frequently and regard him favorably, might be able to handle the Ruhr troubles with less appearance of progressive rigidity if he were not under the handicap of a conception of duty which keeps him at his desk for long hours without fresh air or exercise—besides which he has the further embarrassment of illness in his family.

Poincare Shows Strain.

In Paris, the strain of the situation is beginning to tell also on Premier Poincare, emphasizing his natural disposition to "sit tight" and vastly magnifying to his mind trifles of procedure.

These personal equations enter more largely and more unfortunately in a situation like this than they would in America, where great decisions are equally less personal and individual power is limited by our form of government.

Of all the important figures involved, Premier Baldwin, although he is noticably less sparkling than when he was at Washington last winter and has developed the physical tricks of nervous strain, is nevertheless the more equable and sure-footed than any of the others involved.

In Berlin the fear of an internal crisis is practically universal. That fear does not look merely to an overturn of the present government and the substitution of another. If that were the form of the fear Berlin would be less acutely apprehensive. So also would London be less alarmed, as well as other quarters which take thought for the future of the world. But the anticipated form of the greatly feared German crisis is the breakup of the country into several warring states, some going communist, some Catholic monarchist, some Protestant monarchist and some trying to go democratic.

Breakup Dooms Europe.

Some states in Germany have individual, and some times antagonistic, characteristics to a degree that we do not know in America, while the federal system that holds them together is much looser than with us. Why the breakup of Germany into different states should be so feared may not be clear to America. Superficially, it would even seem to have some advantages, such as permanent disruption of Germany's potential military power. But British statesmen, as well as many other thoughtful quarters, say the breakup of Germany means the breakup of European civilization.

British statesmen privately say this in so many words, and with impressive earnestness. Economists and others on whose advice they depend say it. If you ask the reasons, they say that communism and bolshevism would get a start that would burn into a blaze; that there would be civil war among the various states of Germany, that with the breakup, the intricate economic unit which industrial Germany represents, the present population of central Europe could not live, but must be reduced by processes of war and starvation.

It is precisely this that the British are determined to accept the responsibility of preventing. Ever since June 1, the British policy has been to exhaust every resource of patience and conciliation in order to restore and maintain the entente with France. As one British statesman said: "Our one hope is to preserve the spark of life in these negotiations." But the British have been equally steadily determined to take another course if it should become inevitable, and accept the leadership and responsibility of preventing the breakup of Germany.

Real Purpose Concealed.

Regarding France, it is charged with having the breakup of Germany as the main, though concealed, purpose of its present course. Ninety-nine out of every hundred Germans believe this. Many British believe it.

Any impartial examination into France's actions six months ago, when it embarked upon the Ruhr adventure, shows that its motive then was a limited, narrow, almost hysterical determination to get its money and get it at once.

But although that was its original purpose, it is now clear without any doubt whatever that the development of the Ruhr adventure is a complete failure. The net result of it so far as money goes is that France will get it not sooner, but later. It may get none whatsoever as it stands now. France's course in the Ruhr basin is tragically increasing the momentum, not toward collection of reparations, but toward the breakup of Germany.

France's course in the Ruhr has come to be precisely what the German militarists used to call a "policy of frightfulness."

(Copyright 1923)

Wales to Visit Canada

By Associated Press.

London, July 11.—The prince of Wales, it was learned, intends to visit Canada in the autumn. He will go in a private capacity and will not accept official engagements during his stay.

Two State Governors Arrested as Speeders by N. C. Traffic Cop

By International News Service.

Greenville, N. C., July 11.—Gubernatorial authority fell with a thud before the dignity of an ordinary traffic cop when the governors of North Carolina and Tennessee were arrested near here for speeding, it was revealed today. The two governors were each forced to pay $10 fines, the same as any other speedsters.

Governor Morrison of North Carolina was driving the car, with Governor Peay in the tonneau as his guest. A country traffic cop overtook the machine, waived aside the gubernatorial protestations and levied the fines.

"Governors or no governors, you all look the same to me, and it costs money to speed in North Carolina," was the traffic cop's verdict.

Danger of Coal Miners Strike Is Reported Nil

Government Authority Following Wage Parley Gives Reasons for Settlement Assurance.

By Universal Service.

Washington, July 11.—There is no anthracite coal strike in the air.

This assurance was given today by a government authority on coal, who is keeping in close daily touch with the progress of the joint wage conference at Atlantic City.

Around August 20, it was stated, the miners will agree to the operators' proposal, twice rejected within the past week, that they continue at work after September 1, in event a new joint wage agreement has not been entered into, pending conclusion of negotiations.

By August 25, operators and miners are expected to be in agreement on all essential points of controversy. It may, however, be necessary to continue the joint conference beyond that date to dispose of minor points.

The operators, it was stated, will accede to the miners' demand for higher wages, but not the 20 per cent raise the miners are now demanding. A compromise on a 10 per cent increase will be reached.

It was pointed out that the operators have already agreed in principle to three of the principal demands of the miners.

First, They have recognized the miners' demand that the 9, 10 and 12 hour day in mine work be eliminated and the industry be put on a maximum eight-hour basis.

Second, The operators have agreed to the proposal that arbitration of grievances be speeded up with decisions within 30 days after reference to an umpire.

Third, The operators have recognized the justification of the miners' contention for an upward revision of mine wages by offering 5 per cent increase at the outset.

Both sides seem to be playing for time. The negotiators must put up a show of struggle so that they can go back to their conventions and convince the irreconcilables that they had fought for weeks and the contract proposed was the best they could get. That showing makes ratification possible.

Boy Killed in Wreck in Manhattan Tube

By International News Service.

Harrison, N. J., July 11.—Giovanni Parillo, 15, of Newark, was killed and a number of persons injured when a westbound Hudson & Manhattan tube train collided with an empty passenger train, eastbound, near here at 12:10 this afternoon.

A defective switch is believed to have caused the accident.

G. O. P. Leaders of 7 States, Including Nebraska, in Meet

Chicago, July 11.—Republican leaders from Illinois, Michigan, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri and Oklahoma were assembling here today in response to a call from John T. Adams, chairman of the republican national committee, for a "get-together" conference tomorrow morning at the Drake hotel.

Columbus Legion Elects

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee.

Columbus, Neb., July 11.—George T. Lowman vice commander of the American Legion, was elected commander of Hartman post No. 84 at the annual election to succeed Commander Herbert Hahn, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce.

Little Stories of Success

Mrs. E. O. Sutton, 3336 Ames Ave., KE 2280, says The Omaha Bee will certainly get all of her "Want" Ad advertising from now on because she realizes that Omaha Bee "Want" Ads "bring better results at lesser cost."

Mrs. Sutton called the office to cancel her Omaha Bee "Want" Ad before it had run the full time for which it was ordered. She did so because she had sold her porch couch swing the day before through the little Omaha Bee "Want" Ad. She was so enthusiastic about results gotten through this ad that she said she felt that she must tell us about it.

Read and use Omaha Bee "Want" Ads—they bring better results at lesser cost.

(Printed by permission of Mrs. Sutton).

Naval Pact Is Ratified by Fr[illegible]

177-Neb State Historical Soc
Univ Library Bldg

French [illegible] Washin[illegible] proves [illegible]reaties by 287 to 3—Chairman for Friendship.

Will Be Effective Soon

By Universal Service.

Paris, July 11.—The French senate tonight ratified the Washington naval treaty by a vote of 287 to 3 and unanimously ratified the Pacific pact.

In discussing the Washington treaties, Senator Georges Reynald, chairman of the committee, pleaded for favorable action to "prove French pacifism and to reinforce Franco-American friendship."

Washington, July 11.—The French senate's ratification today of the Washington naval treaty and the four-power pacts completes the steps necessary to put the agreements into force except for the deposits of ratifications by all the signatories in Washington.

How long it will take for the French formal notice of ratification to reach Washington is not known, nor is it certain how much time will be required for all of the other powers to send here all the papers necessary for the final act of putting the Washington conference agreements into effect. The method of deposit and announcement of the effective date of the treaties is provided for in the documents themselves. Article XXIV of the naval treaty says:

Treaty Kept in United States.

"The present treaty shall be ratified by the contracting powers in order to their respective constitutional methods and shall take effect on the date of the deposit of all of the ratifications which shall take place at Washington as soon as possible. The present treaty shall remain deposited in the archives of the government of the United States, and duly certified copies thereof shall be transmitted by that government to the other contracting powers."

Various provisions of the treaty take effect at prescribed periods of time calculated from the date of the deposit of ratifications. Vessels of war to be scrapped must be rendered incapable of further warlike service within six months, and the "scrapping shall be finally effected" within 18 months. The replacement program for capital ships, however is not dependent upon the date of ratification but is set forth in a chart fixing the year in which replacement keels may be laid down for each such ship.

Will End Alliance.

It is provided in the final article of the four-power treaty that the agreement "shall be ratified as soon as possible and shall take effect on the deposit of ratifications, which shall take place at Washington." On the same day, under the terms of the article, the Anglo-Japanese alliance, long looked upon with suspicion in the United States will terminate.

Documentary credentials are required by custom in the case of all the plenipotentiaries who participate in the deposit of ratfications, so that it is thought unlikely that the ceremony can take place for two or three weeks, at the earliest.

France Plans Cannon for Army Planes in Next War

By Associated Press.

Paris, July 11.—The plan for the reorganization of France's army of 660,000 men was distributed among the members of parliament by Col. Jean Fabry, reporter for the chamber army commission. It contemplates a modernized force based on the lessons of the great war, with serious attention to new developments in aviation and war materials.

Aviation and gas, the report says, are menaces of the future. Germany by force of circumstances must seek its field of action in the air; therefore, France must be strong there.

"We are preparing the army for war, which we are resolved to prevent," continues the report, "but must be ready to strike the first blow. France is now superior to other nations in aviation, except perhaps bombing planes, but it cannot rest satisfied, and must not be content with machine guns in the air, for perhaps the time is near when aerial cannon will appear."

Mexican Government Asked to Release Chicago Man

By International News Service.

Washington, July 11.—The United States government has made a formal request upon the Mexican government to effect the immediate release of M. A. Newman, a Chicago citizen, who was captured and is being held now for ransom by Mexican bandits, the State department announced officially this afternoon. The department was informed of Newman's capture through consular channels.

Bears Tear Arm of Girl, 9, from Socket at Spokane Park

Spokane, Wash., July 11.—Injuries which physicians fear may prove fatal, were suffered by Mary Elizabeth Harris, 9, at a local park when bears seized her right arm, which she had thrust through the bars of their cage, and tore it from the socket. Physicians said she had but a slight chance for recovery.

Inch Rain at Beatrice

Beatrice, Neb., July 11.—Gage county, which has been scorching for a week under temperatures between 97 and 102 degrees, was given relief this afternoon by a good rain. The precipitation was shown by the government guage to be a fraction under one inch

Washington Orders Inquiry Into Branch Postoffice

Postoffice Inspector Coble today conferred with Postmaster C. E. Black concerning action in connection with the raid Tuesday night by Robert Samardick, federal prohibition agent, on a branch postoffice in a drug store at 2102 Q street, where John C. Skomal was arrested on a charge of illegal possession of liquor, and where a small quantity of alcohol was confiscated.

It is said to be the first time in history where a postoffice was used as a blind for possession or sale of liquor.

On instructions from Washington, Mr. Coble already has forwarded newspaper accounts of the raid, and the official police report.

Murder Plot Seen in Death of Aged Man

Son of John Hannibal, 79, Believes Parent Was Murdered—Was Found Lying in Road.

Possible murder mystery was injected into the death of John Hannibal, 79, farmer living near Crescent, Ia., following a conference between his son, Arthur H. Hannibal, who lives on a neighboring farm, and Coroner Henry Cutler.

Hannibal was picked up unconscious on McPherson avenue Sunday night and died yesterday morning in Jennie Edmundson hospital, Council Bluffs. It was believed at the time that he had been run down by a passing automobile.

Arthur Hannibal, the son, however, told Coroner Cutler that he found his father's home in disorder and discovered blood stains on some blankets. When his father was found, he pointed out, clay was found, he pointed out, clay was clinging to his face and clothing, although there is no clay at the spot where he was picked up. There is an abundance of clay near the home.

The son was unable to give any motive for a murder.

The Hannibals live three miles north of Council Bluffs on the Hazel Dell road. The spot where the body was found is one mile east of Council Bluffs, on McPherson avenue.

The son scouted the theory that his father was run down on McPherson avenue. He told the coroner he believes his father either was murdered or else run down by an automobile in the vicinity of his own home, and later carried three miles into Council Bluffs, through the city, and a mile away from the city in another direction, where his unconscious form was left lying in the road.

Hannibal's wife died six years ago. Since that time he had lived as a bachelor on his farm. He is survived by two sons, Arthur H. Hannibal and Franklin T. Hannibal of Chicago.

12 Heat Deaths in Last 2 Day

Mercury 105 at Tulsa, Okla.—Lightning Claims 5 Victims.

By Associated Press.

Chicago, July 11.—Lists of deaths caused by the excessive heat in many parts of the country were added to today with reports of casualties resulting from storms which brought relief to sections which have sweltered for the last two days. Twelve persons died from the heat and five deaths caused by lightning were reported.

In several sections records of several years' standing were broken by high temperatures. The mercury climbed to 105 degrees in Tulsa and other points in Oklahoma reported temperatures of 101 and 103. Iowa had one death, with temperatures averaging close to the 100 mark. In Des Moines, where 98 degrees was registered, a new record was set. One man died in Michigan.

Five deaths occurred in Nebraska. Illinois had four deaths, two in Chicago and two in Waukegan. In Chicago 95 degrees was recorded.

Excessive heat was confined to the central section of the country, the eastern states with few exceptions having high temperatures of less than 90 degrees. The Rocky mountain and Pacific sections escaped with low temperatures.

Lightning claimed three victims in Michigan and two in Iowa.

A woman and a girl were killed at Cedar Rapids, Ia., when they took refuge under a tree struck by lightning.

Damage estimated at several thousand dollars was caused by the storm to wires and orchards throughout Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Wisconsin.

If You Have a Sense of Humor

you'll be tickled with a new feature in The Omaha Sunday Bee.

And your sense of humor may mean dollars to you, for $5 is going to be paid each week to the cleverest man or woman, boy or girl, that reads The Omaha Sunday Bee.

See next Sunday's issue for particulars.

No Wonder Our Neighbors Aren't So Friendly

Actors Defy Sun in Street Show

Milk and Ice Fund Enthusiasm Rises With Mercury.

The Omaha Bee Free Milk and Ice Fund is going up with the temperature.

Tuesday noon, ignoring the boiling sun, actors on this week's bill at the World theater got busy and gave a show for the fund. It was a good show, too, and it netted the fund $74.10.

It was the first time in the history of Omaha that members of the theatrical world have braved the heat for a charity. But the enthusiasm of the actors and the crowd soared with the mercury.

While the World artists were putting on their show and selling The Omaha Bee for as high as $5, the employes of the Goldstein & Chapman company, on Sixteenth street, just north of Farnam, were also busy. Mrs. L. B. Stine and Ernest Cottmire, buyer for the suit and cloak department, conceived the idea that the babies were probably suffering in this torrid weather even more than grownups. Employes in every department of the store joined in enthusiastically, and $10 was raised in short order.

Lad Paints Fence.

And out in the residence section a small boy toiled that he might have money to send to the fund. This boy, John Weber, earned $1 by painting a fence, and sent the whole dollar to The Free Milk and Ice fund.

Here is a cause in which we can all join. Every cent of this money is used to buy milk and ice for the babies in the poor homes of the city that they may live through these days of terrible heat.

Previously acknowledged contributions	$705.60
Clyde C. Cressell, jr	2.50
A Friend	5.00
Mrs. M. W. E.	2.00
B. A. M.	1.00
Cash	1.00
Dan W. Smith	.25
Ruby R. Smith	.25
A Friend	1.00
World theater actors' fund	74.17
John Weber	1.00
Goldstein & Chapman company	10.00
F. J. D.	1.50
Total	$805.67

New York Clubs Are Filled With Bald-Headed Men

By Associated Press.

New York, July 11.—New York's exclusive clubs are full of bald-headed men who wear toupees so realistic that even their closest friends do not know their secret, declared Bruno Leo Schurig, toupee purveyor to John D. Rockefeller, who returned today from Hamburg. But the little ruse is costing them more and more dearly, for most of the toupee artists of France and Germany were killed in the war.

Three Banks in Montana Shut Down Since Monday

By Associated Press.

Helena, July 11.—The First State bank of Joplin (Mont.) affiliated with the Stanton Trust and Savings bank of Great Falls, which closed its doors Monday, has closed its doors also, it was disclosed today by L. O. Skelton, state bank examiner. The closing of the First State Bank of Shelby, another institution affiliated with the Stanton bank, already had been announced.

Snookums' License

Omaha Lost Dog on Way Home; Child Happy

Plate Saved the Day

During a recent auto trip to Minnesota, Snookums, the pet dog of Mr. and Mrs. O. Osborne, 4815 South Twenty-second street, and the inseparable companion of their daughter, Odeana, 4, was lost at Hardwick, Mich.

Yesterday Claude Bossie, city clerk, received a letter from T. H. Devinny of Hardwick saying he had found a dog with Omaha license tag No. 55, but without tail light or wheel tax.

Mr. Bossie, after a hasty trip to the records, telephoned Mr. Osborne.

Now Snookums is on his way to Omaha in an express car.

Odeana won't be happy till he gets here.

Business Halted During Mrs. E. E. Stanton Funeral

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee.

Stromsburg, Neb., July 11.—Business houses here were closed during the funeral of Mrs. E. E. Stanton on Tuesday.

Mrs. Stanton was married in Stromsburg 33 years ago and has lived here continuously since thenm with the exception of six years spent in Hood River, Idaho.

She is survived by her husband, two daughters, Mrs. C. F. Moore, Stromsburg, and Miss Hazel Stanton, Rochester, N. Y.; two sons, Charles E. Stanton, of Plattsmouth, and John T., in partnership with his father in the law firm of Stantan & Stanton.

Burial was in Stromsburg.

Believe Auto Accessory Theft Ring Is Now Broken

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee.

Falls City, Neb., July 11.—Richardson county authorities believe that they have cleared up a series of auto accessory thefts throughout this county and Nemaha county with the arrests of John Mather and Herman Pugh, both living near Humboldt. The two confessed when arrested by Sheriffs Young of Richardson county and Davis of Nemaha county and were taken to Auburn for trial. A great portion of their loot has been recovered, according to authorities.

Charged With Assault on 6-Year-Old Girl, Man Nabbed

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee.

Norfolk, Neb., July 11.—Dan Messer, known as Carl Smith, was captured here late Wednesday after an all night search by a posse.

Messer is charged with criminal assault on the 6-year-old daughter of George Baughman, Norfolk farmer. Messer says he is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Messer, farmers living at Wellington, Colo., He admits having served three months in jail at Omaha. He was taken to county jail.

Body of Man Found on Road Thought to Be Heat Victim

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee.

Fairbury, Neb., July 11.—The body of a man probably 70, was found Wednesday on the highway four miles southeast of Fairbury. He had died from excessive heat or apoplexy in the opinion of Dr. Birdsall, who examined the body for marks of violence. As none were found a coroner's inquest was deemed unnecessary. The body has not been identified.

Contempt Trial Judge Threatened

Letter Is Signed "K. K. K."—Writer Claims Texas as His Home.

Las Vegas, N. M., July 11.—Judge David J. Leahy, presiding in the trial of Carl A. Magee, Albuquerque editor, on charges of contempt, announced in court this afternoon that he had received a threatening letter signed "K. K. K."

When Judge Leahy had finished reading the letter he stepped from behind the judicial bench to the front of the platform. Addressing the well filled court room, and pointing out that he was not robed in court apparel, he dared the writer of the letter to make himself known, if in the room.

"I stand here before the dirty, cowardly reprobate that wrote that letter," Judge Leahy said.

The judge waited a moment and then said, as he resumed the bench: "He doesn't seem to be here."

Los Angeles Times Dynamiter Released from San Quentin

San Quentin, Cal., July 11.—David Caplan, who was convicted of second degree murder in connection with the Los Angeles Times dynamiting case, in October, 1910, and sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment, was released from San Quentin prison yesterday. He had served six and one-half years of his sentence. The three and one-half years' reduction was obtained for good behavior. Caplan told prison officials he would engage in the barber business in San Francisco. He was a barber in the prison.

On the morning of October 1, 1910, the Los Angeles Times building was destroyed. 20 employes were killed and scores were injured by the explosion.

On October 10, indictments were returned against five persons, among whom was Caplan. He had disappeared but following a nation-wide search, he was arrested on February 19, 1916, on Bainbridge Island, in Puget Sound, near Seattle.

Maughan Is Disappointed at Ban on Dawn to Dark Flight

By International News Service.

Dayton, O., July 11.—Lieut. R. L. Maughan, speed demon, whose plane failed near St. Joseph, Mo., Monday, during the attempted daylight flight from New York to San Francisco, arrived in Dayton at 12:50 this afternoon on the return trip, and when informed of the calling off of the proposed dawn-to-dark flight, probably until spring, expressed his bitter disappointment.

Maughan had expected to start from Mitchell field, New York, on another try next week.

Coast Guards Capture $10,000 Liquor Cargo

By Associated Press.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 11.—A rum-running dory ran wild in the inlet today when its crew of two abandoned a $10,000 cargo of whisky and brandy by plunging overboard when hailed by a coast guard boat. The smugglers left their engine running full speed ahead. The dory was overtaken by the coast guards, who preferred seizing the craft to capturing the swimmers.

"Big Union" Advocates Sentenced

Twenty-Seven Alleged I. W. W. Must Go to Prison for 1 to 14 Years for Criminal Syndicalism.

Reject Clemency Offer

Los Angeles, July 11.—Twenty-seven alleged members of the Industrial Workers of the World were convicted of criminal syndicalism by a jury in the superior court here today and within an hour after the return of the verdict had been sentenced to serve 1 to 14 years each in San Quentin penitentiary.

Tonight arrangements were being made to transport them to the penitentiary in a special car tomorrow, together with 17 other alleged I. W. W. previously convicted under the criminal syndicalism law. The plan to rush the convicted men north was in accordance with their request, expressed after they had filed notice of appeal, that they be taken to San Quentin "as quickly as possible."

While several of the defendants were emphatic in their refusal of the court's offer of clemency to those who would abandon their advocacy of the "one big union" and general strike ideas, most of them took occasion to say that they bore no malice toward jury, judge or prosecuting attorneys in the case.

Judge Paul J. McCormick questioned each defendant earnestly before passing sentence upon him and pronounced judgment only after each had specifically refused to cease advocating the one big union and general strike as weapons of industrial reform.

A request of the defendants that they be sentenced in the presence of the jurors who had convicted them was ignored by the latter, who, as soon as Judge McCormick indicated that they were free to go, filed out of the courtroom.

Germans Active Building Ships

Other Nations in Slump—Teutons Double French Output.

New York, July 11.—World ship building the last three months has declined to new low levels, Germany alone of all the maritime nations, showing increased activity, says the midyear report of Lloyd's register of shipping.

Ship yards of all nations had on June 30 an aggregate of two and a quarter millions gross tons of work—approximately 300,000 tons less than March 30, and 400,000 tons less than six months ago.

The United States, which, at the end of March was building 34,000 more tons merchant ships than at the first of the year, was building 8,000 tons less on the date of the survey.

Slump by British.

Ship yards of Great Britain and Ireland experienced a slump nearly as great as all the other sea nations together; they absorbing 154,000 tons of the world decrease of 316,000 tons during the quarter.

Germany now holds second place among ship building countries. It is constructing more than twice as much new tonnage as its nearest competitor, France, and two and a half times as much as the United States. Great Britain and Ireland lead with 1,338,000 tons.

Rank of Nations.

Other countries rank: Germany, 352,400; France, 170,900; Italy, 141,500; United States, 133,700; Holland, 100,000; Japan, 72,800; British dominions, 45,000.

Compared with a year ago, says Lloyd, the British ship yards are building 581,000 tons less, yards of the United States 17,000 tons less and those of all other countries 93,000 tons less.

Compared with ship construction immediately prior to the late war, the United States yards are building 15,000 tons less and the British yards about 400,000 tons less.

Former State Solon Is Heat Victi min Fields

Special Dispatch to The Omaha Bee.

Geneva, Neb., July 11.—Sam Jogsden, 63, farmer, four miles from Shickley, was found dead Wednesday afternoon in the field. Death is believed to have been caused by heat.

At one time he was a member of the Nebraska legislature.

He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Harry Johnson, Friend, Neb., and Mrs. Wallace Chesnut.

Brig. Gen. W. S. Pierce Dies.

Washington, July 11.—Brig. Gen. W. S. Pierce, assistant chief of ordnance of the army, died here last night after undergoing an operation for a digestive disorder.

The Weather

For 24 hours ending 7 p. m. July 11.

Temperature.

Highest, 85; lowest, 70; mean, 78; normal, 77.

Total excess since January 1, 1,93.

Relative Humidity, Percentage.

7 a. m. 86; noon 63; 7 p. m. 72

Precipitation, Inches and Hundredths.

Total Trace. Total since January 1, 13.27, deficiency 1.65.

Hourly Temperatures.

5 a. m.	70	1 p. m.	83
6 a. m.	70	2 p. m.	84
7 a. m.	73	3 p. m.	84
8 a. m.	76	4 p. m.	84
9 a. m.	78	5 p. m.	84
10 a. m.	80	6 p. m.	83
11 a. m.	81	7 p. m.	82
12 noon	82	8 p. m.	81

Highest Wednesday.

Cheyenne	88	Pueblo	88
Davenport	92	Rapid City	90
Denver	94	Salt Lake	82
Des Moines	98	Santa Fe	94
Dodge City	94	Sheridan	84
Lander	80	Sioux City	94
North Platte	88	Valentine	90