

## Used Car Is Good Buy at This Time, Says Omaha Man

Rebuilt Automobile Said to Be as Serviceable These Days as New Models.

By J. H. HANSEN, President J. H. Hansen Cadillac Co. Some used cars, say the buyers, are not worthy of a full gasoline tank. This is literally true. The average, modern automobile man, however, is one who is known as an honest merchant, incorporating in his business the same tactics and fine ethics found in any reliable establishment of today, and sells a good many used cars that are valuable cars. This modern automobile merchant rebuilds or renews the used car he trades in along such lines as to make the used car as serviceable as though it were new, and because it is not new, it can be purchased at a great saving.

**Care Renews Service.**  
Take any standard make of car which after having been driven a year or two has standard known value, rebuild its mechanical parts, repaint its body, retire its wheels, and it will give you just as much service and pleasure as a new car with the exception of not having the satisfaction of purchasing a new car. It is now an established fact some new cars on the market today are not as good, in any sense of the word, as several makes of used cars when they are rebuilt. Some concerns will sell a used car at as high a price as other concerns are getting for new cars, which in their class are good cars for the money, but in the automobile business, like in any other business, you get what you pay for and the used car sometimes is a better buy.

**Sure of Square Deal.**  
It is a safe bet that if you buy a used car from a reliable concern, who advertises in the newspapers the true condition of the car, a concern which through this advertising has built a great name by its reliable and square dealings, you are buying an article which will give you entire satisfaction, just like any other good merchandise. Should there be in your opinion something that could be better about the car this reliable concern is willing and ready at all times to make this used car just as satisfactory to you as though it had just been changed a new one, considered, of course, the amount of money spent for the car.

**Worth the Price.**  
Some of the best auto dealers are getting just as scrupulous about the truth in advertising as other merchants are and if you follow the advertising and investigate the condition of the car and find it as advertised you will soon know where it is safe for you to spend your money. Several concerns are now selling twice as many used cars as they are new cars and are building a great reputation by selling the best cars. A buyer does not interest himself in cars that have not been rebuilt and rebuilt by a concern with facilities established for this purpose. You always find that a concern of this kind is one handling standard makes of cars and rendering good service. Their used cars are always worth the price asked. Because they are good cars truthfully advertised.

## Reduction Expected in Potato Acreage

Kearney, Neb., Feb. 11.—(Special)—The potato acreage in the Platte valley promises to be reduced this season, in the opinion of growers. Estimates as to the possible reduction that may be anticipated vary, some placing it at possibly 25 per cent, others believing that it may be as great as 50 per cent. There are a few content that the potato grower can stage a comeback and who feel that the acreage of last year will not suffice and must be increased.


Henry Holt, an extensive grower, hopes to stimulate increasing acreage of the potato. He has about 10,000 bushels of early Ohio dry-land seed and announces that he will furnish it to other growers, under contract to repay him in potatoes in the fall, on the basis of a bushel and a half for every bushel of seed furnished.

While the financing of seeding is a factor in estimating possible acreage of the coming season, it is also a fact that much of the acreage has been planted to spuds for three or even four years and crop rotation is advisable or the soil will be spent.

Perfection of the marketing bureau, through which practically the entire crop in the Kearney district will be handled this fall, likewise is an encouraging factor.

King Alfonso of Spain has had the longest reign of any European ruler, having ascended the throne in 1856.

**A PEACH OF A DANCE RECORD**



**Dumbell**

played by **Bennie Krueger's Orchestra**

Hear it. Two pianos, saxophones, sparkling brasses—worth walking a mile to hear. "The Thief," another big hit, on the other side. And like all Brunswick Records, a true reproduction, not a note lost or slurred.

**Brunswick**

## Vets of World War Rapidly Vanishing as Defenders

Charts Show That of 3,000,000 Men Discharged Up to 1920, Few More Than 600,000 Will Be Available to Shoulder Muskets by 1925—Number Cut to 423,000 by 1930.

Washington, Feb. 11.—(AP)—Men who shared with Pershing the great adventure in France are passing off the stage as America's defenders. Official charts show that their place already is being taken by the younger brothers of the A. E. F. Tomorrow it will be their sons who stand ready to fight for the flag.

The chart shows that of more than 3,000,000 men discharged from the wartime army up to January 1, 1920, there will be available in 1925 for class I service—and that means battle service, face to face with the foe—few more than 600,000 veterans. By 1930, a decade after their discharge in the prime of their fighting power, only 423,000 will again be ready to shoulder a musket.

Millions trooped to the colors in the great war, but even the 18-year-old youngsters among them will be men weighed with cares and responsibilities by 1945. They will have married, or will have acquired other dependents; they will be broken with years; many will have died; some will be working at tasks as essential as soldiering, and none will be left to man the trenches. The bright day of their youth and fighting power will be but an honored heritage of their sons.

**Attain Average Status.**  
"Of the 3,128,670 officers and men examined for discharge to December 31, 1919, the colorless record of the War Department, 2,911,596 were discharged without disability. It is assumed by 1925, or approximately five years after discharge, they will have attained the status, having ac-

quired dependents, engaged in essential occupations, incurred disabilities, etc.) of average citizens and would be available (held for service) in the same proportions as obtained with those registered under the last draft."

Application of the census bureau death rate, coupled with the knowledge gained of average conditions surrounding the age groups involved by the calling up for examination under the draft act, of millions of citizens, gives a clear vision of what time is doing to the great body of trained soldiers poured back into the country after the armistice.

That is the basis of the War Department calculations as to probable exemptions, as the basis, too, of the pressure for filling up the organized reserves with new blood each year into an unfilling reservoir of fighting strength, at least partially ready to answer the call to arms.

## Fireworks Fly at Conference of League Committee

Warm Debate Follows Introduction of Proposal of Lord Robert Cecil for Treaty of Guarantees.

Geneva, Feb. 11.—(AP)—Lord Robert Cecil's project for a treaty of mutual guarantees providing for an international military force to be used against any state assuming the role of an aggressor, was referred by the temporary committee on disarmament of the league of nations to a subcommittee for further consideration.

It was provided that, meanwhile, the technical opinion of the permanent military commission of the league would be sought. The session was probably the most turbulent in the history of the league of nations committees.

M. Viviani of France and Signor Schanzer of Italy declared the time was not ripe for Lord Robert's project. To their suggestion that it be referred to the military committee for further study, the British statesman retorted that this meant the burial of his project, which was intended to pave the way for a reduction in armaments.

**Compromise Adopted.**  
M. Viviani held that the treaty stood no possible chance of success unless supported by the various governments and that therefore should be referred to the military committee, the members of which represented the governments.

After a violent debate, Lord Robert's compromise suggestion that the technicians be asked for an opinion but that the project come before the disarmament committee in June, was adopted.

The project as presented to the committee follows the outline given in previous dispatches, but Lord Robert decided to omit any concrete plan for reduction of armament. He explained to the correspondent that general acceptance of the guarantee treaty would inevitably be followed by a general reduction of those armaments which would become unnecessary.

The treaty provides that the council of the league, by a three-fourths majority vote, may decide whether any state is menaced and negotiate a special supplemental treaty affording adequate protection to the menaced state in the form of a military convention.

**Security Assured.**  
The signatories will agree to accept general command by any state to which the council might entrust the organization of protective measures. Each signatory would agree to hold part of its naval and air forces at the disposition of the state having general command and furnish further military help if requested by the council.

Any members of the league and in addition, the United States, Germany and Russia, could adhere to the treaty by notifying the league or the signatories.

Lord Robert said that, "to secure eventual reduction of armaments you must give the disarming countries some form of compensating security."

Reduction of military forces in consequence of the security afforded by the proposed treaty is dealt with in an annex. Penalties similar to the blockade and severance of relations outlined in article 16 of the league of nations covenant are provided for in the case of any state exceeding the armament limit fixed by the annex.

## French Airmen Patrol Occupied Area in Germany

Fliers Inspect Frontiers Daily—Army Officers Slowly Improving Railway Service in Ruhr.

Dusseldorf, Feb. 11.—(AP)—Air patrols began flying over the Ruhr valley to control the various coke and coal control posts and the movement of trains in the direction of an air-drome near Dusseldorf and airmen will inspect the entire occupation frontiers daily.

The French are slowly improving the railway service and it now is about one-twentieth of normal.

The municipal authorities have forbidden the population to accept soup from the French free kitchen, the burgo-master of Dochum informing the French that the Germans were well able to take care of themselves, and that, in any event, "should famine come to the Ruhr owing to French occupation, the Americans had promised to organize a relief commission."

**French Hold 14 Cities.**  
Essen, Feb. 11.—The area now occupied by the French and Belgians in the Ruhr aggregates approximately 720,131 acres of nearly the size of Rhode Island, according to figures announced in German quarters.

The population of this area is 3,177,987, which compares with the population of Massachusetts and Michigan.

The military forces hold 14 cities and nine rural districts. The total railway mileage in the Ruhr is 1,242 kilometers, of which two lines are militarized.

## U. S. Should Remember Facts Before Condemning France

Paris, Feb. 11.—"The United States must remember the facts before condemning France's policy and acting as Germany's catspaw by attempting to intervene and mediate in the problem," said a high member of Premier Poincaré's cabinet.

"France signed the Versailles treaty because it expected the Anglo-American-French guarantee pact to be ratified. French senate rejected the pact, the British guarantee automatically was invalidated, leaving France with a 37,000,000 population across the Rhine facing 60,000,000 Teutons lustful for revenge.

"Rivers are no longer military obstacles since the engineering methods of pontoons, aviation and long range artillery.

"The United States' war effort proves how quickly a big industrial nation can reorganize factories to become a colossal producer of munitions. We destroyed Germany's artillery and airplanes and scuttled its fleet, but the Americans find that their 1918 war material is obsolete and it is now necessary to manufacture new models in case of war today. Germany would start equal with us if another race for armament began.

**Quick Mobilization Possible.**  
"As long as newspapers are published in Germany mobilization could be effected rapidly and nearly every experienced veteran of the war could be ordered by the press to report to his prewar post.

"But so long as France holds the Ruhr, Germany cannot strike. Germany cannot manufacture equipment, machine guns, airplanes, ships, poison gas, monster artillery and submarines.

"France will hold the Ruhr until Germany proves it is sincere in its intentions to pay reparations. An honest Tusten effort to make indemnity for the devastated regions will indicate a change in the attitude of abandonment, hate and revenge campaign and an honest effort to live peacefully. Then the French troops will withdraw from the Ruhr."

**Byrne in Washington.**  
Washington, Feb. 11.—(Special)—Harry E. Byrne of Omaha, resident vice president of the Fidelity Trust company, was a Washington visitor today. He is attending a convention of the officers of his company in the East and decided to include Washington in his itinerary.

## Germans Selling Foreign Money to Stabilize Marks

Reichsbank Is Preparing to Unload \$15,000,000 Worth of Exchange Within Next Few Days.

Berlin, Feb. 11.—Great excitement has been caused in Germany's financial circles over tremendous financial manipulations involving billions of marks, affecting the nation's financial and economic standing and involving American foreign exchange speculations. It was confirmed that the German Reichsbank is selling large quantities of foreign money to stabilize or bolster up the paper mark. About \$1,700,000 were sold and had the effect of bringing the dollar to 30,000 marks, which is only a slight change from Friday. It is reported that the Reichsbank will unload all its \$3,000,000 gold marks (about \$15,000,000 worth) of foreign money within a few days, this money having been prepared for the payment of reparations which the French invasion, the Germans say, has invalidated.

In financial circles this latest attempt of the government through the Reichsbank to stabilize the currency is motivated as follows: Germany's paper money circulation is about 2,000,000,000 marks, while the government always has about 1,000,000,000 gold marks at present. It is worth 10,000,000,000 paper or five times the paper floating upon it. With no reparations necessary nor any foreign exchange except a small amount to meet Belgian bills, an opportunity has presented itself to Germany to perform the world astounding stunt of buying in the paper market for almost a song and at the same time stabilize its money. This stabilization, it is hoped, will result in Germany having a chance within the coming months to buy Chicago grain and British coal and other raw materials which must be purchased from foreign countries by foreign exchange, which will be purchased not at 50,000 marks to a dollar, but say 25,000 or 30,000 marks to a dollar.

So far the government's transactions are regarded optimistically in financial circles, which also argue that they are carrying on war with the French franc and at the same time stabilizing the mark.

## Association of American Nations Proposed by Brum

President of Uruguay Announces Plan Which Will Be Presented to Chile Congress Next Month.

Montevideo, Feb. 11.—(AP)—President Baltazar Brum of Uruguay made public the plan for an association of American nations which he has suggested. It is to be before the Pan-American congress at Santiago, Chile, next month.

The proposed states would admit to membership not only the sovereign states of the American continent but also the islands and territories of the continent depending politically upon countries situated on other continents, provided they have their own diplomatic representatives in at least one American country and expressly declare they are in a position to carry out and enforce the obligations inherent in the formation of the association. Members would be allowed to retire from the association after giving two years' notice.

The object would be: First—To establish the idea that relations are founded on the principles of justice and solidarity without taking into account differences of race, opinion, language, customs or religion.

Second—To intensify friendly, cultivated the sentiment of solidarity among the members and bring about increased knowledge of each other.

Third—To contribute to the friendly relations of the members with the other countries of the world.

Fourth—To be an agency of arbitration, investigating committees or conflicts of an international character of whatever nature.

The plan, as was drawn up, sets forth that the association considers dangerous to peace and its own security, any attempt by any nation or another continent to exert its domination, either in the form of colonization, mandate or protectorate, in any region of the American hemisphere. Also any infringement of the rights of a member by a country situated on another continent would be taken up by the association.

The association would adopt measures to prevent any war which would affect, directly or indirectly, any of its members.

## W. U. Employees Give "Darktown Jubilee"

A minstrel circle was staged by the Association of Western Union Employees in the Burgess-Nash auditorium Saturday. More than 200 attended.

The cast was directed by C. B. McKerny, who also acted as interlocutor. B. Hart opened with "Ones Scandal." Then followed the opening chorus, and a song by Bob Carson, with A. Morin at the piano. "Just a Little Blue" was sung by Mary Williams and Mary Elizabeth Gates. "Tomorrow" was an ensemble number.

A quartet composed of Hazel Lindbloom, Miss Gates, Miss Williams and Caroline Clark was followed by a cakewalk executed by Irene Winter and Mary V. Mahoney. A piano solo, "Somebody" was sung and played by Bob Carson.

The abbreviation, "U. S. A.," is used by the Union of South Africa, as well as the United States of America.

A national theater, supported by voluntary subscriptions, will soon be inaugurated in Rome, Italy.

## 200 Men Will Start Drive for Home Society Monday

Teams Will Canvass Business Section for Two Days in Effort to Secure \$40,000 for Building—Women Working for "1,000 Club" Making Progress—Many Organizations Endorse Campaign.

Two hundred men, representing the Lions club and their friends and a team from the Concord club, will make an intensive canvass of the business district for two days starting this morning in the interest of the Nebraska Children's Home society. The society is seeking \$40,000 with which to build a new receiving home where poor, unfortunate, homeless children will be cared for until good homes and suitable parents are located for them.

The business section has been divided into 30 districts with a captain in charge of each. Frank Myers of the Myers Brokerage and Bonding Twine company is "field boss." Dr. Max Emmert, representative of the Lions club, is chairman of the campaign committee and Frank Bultia, assistant to President Bell of the Northwestern Bell Telephone company, is general campaign director.

The special gifts committee, headed by District Judge Charles A. Goss, consists of Mayor Dahlman, Fred Thomas, A. B. Olsen, and Merle Taylor.

If the works will function for the two days we will go over the top with a bang," said Director Bultia. "Present reports indicate that the Omaha Women's club, which is obtaining members for the 1,044 club, and the church women will get their share. The society is 20 years old and is the oldest child-placing organization in Nebraska."

Mayor James C. Dahlman said: "A campaign for \$40,000 will be launched Monday by the Nebraska Children's Home society. I have been acquainted with the work of the society for more than 18 years. Its work of placing homeless children in good homes, where they can receive the care of loving parents, is well known. This society deserves the support of everyone."

The job, I am confident that they will.

The society and the campaign has been endorsed by the Omaha Chamber of Commerce, the Nebraska Chamber of Commerce, the Associated Retailers, the Omaha Woman's club, the Nebraska Federation of Women's Clubs, the Concord club, the Triangle club, the state welfare board and many other business and civic organizations.

The campaign is being sponsored by the Omaha Women's club, the Nebraska Federation of Women's Clubs, the Lions club and The Omaha Bee.

The new receiving home will be built on a beautiful site on the Fontenelle boulevard a short distance from the Fontenelle park. The present rented quarters are inadequate. The society is 20 years old and is the oldest child-placing organization in Nebraska.

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**"Give Me a Chance"**

**"1000 Club" Editor THE OMAHA BEE**

I want to help make some poor child happy. Enclosed find \$10 for my membership.

Name .....

Address .....

## Omaha Hay Barn Destroyed by Fire

Spectacular Blaze Attracts Big Crowd—Loss Is Estimated at \$30,000.

Heavy clouds of smoke and flames whipped by a strong wind handicapped firemen who fought to save the huge warehouse and office of the Omaha Hay company Fourteenth and Izard streets, at 9 Saturday night.

More than 300 tons of hay were destroyed. The loss on hay and building will total \$30,000, officials of the company said.

The fire, of unknown origin, broke out about an hour after the employees left the building. W. M. Burns, foreman of the warehouse, was waiting at Sixteenth and Nicholas streets, when he was attracted by the flames. He rushed to the barn which adjoins the warehouse and saved two horses.

All the records of the company were destroyed. The building, of frame and stucco construction, is a total loss.

Large crowds standing on the Nicholas street viaduct watched the spectacular blaze.

## Woman Seeks Divorce from Two Husbands

Norristown, Pa., Feb. 11.—For the first time in the history of the local courts a woman has started action to be divorced from two legally wedded husbands. The woman who is asking the court to rid her of both of them is Mrs. Lillie Koehler of this place.

According to the story which she told the court, she first married William Koehler, whose name she uses, in January, 1905. Eight years later, she says, he deserted her and that for the next six years she did not hear from him. Believing him dead, she then married George Gaston. In 1917 she received reliable information that her former husband was living. She then separated from Gaston. Since that time they have not living. She then separated from Gaston and is legally freed of her marriages to both of them.

Nurses in hospitals in Moscow, Russia, are paid 1,500,000 rubles a month. This amounts in American money to a little more than \$1.

## McLaughlin Is Proud of Yanks Home From Rhine

Nebraska Congressman Greatly Impressed by Sight of Last Troopers Landing at Savannah.

Washington Correspondent The Omaha Bee. Washington, Feb. 11.—(Special)—Representative McLaughlin of Nebraska, returning from Savannah, where he went to welcome the returning American soldiers from the Rhine, said he had never seen such a fine, understanding body of men in his life.

"They were given a splendid reception," Mr. McLaughlin said. "But some of them admitted they were extremely sorry to leave Germany. There a dollar is a small fortune, while here it is only a dollar. The soldiers spoke cordially of the Germans, showing friendship for both Germans and French. Some of them expressed the view France was quite right in occupying the Ruhr, while others took an opposite view.

"The German girls who came over as the wives of American soldiers looked considerably alarmed at the boisterous welcome accorded their husbands, and some looked as if they started to get homesick already. I imagine some of them will find life very strange here.

"It was an inspiring thing to see the return of this last contingent of the mighty force we sent so effectively abroad during the war. They went Americans, and it was clear, they returned just as they went. No one could see that fine body of men marching off the boat without a strange thrill of emotion."

Nearly 2,500,000 workers are engaged in, or directly affected by, the single group is composed of 1,200,000 automobile industry. The largest professional chauffeurs and truck drivers.

## Freight Traffic Continues to Gain

Railroads Handled 371,164 Cars During Week Ending January 27.

Washington, Feb. 11.—(Special)—The amount of freight handled by American railroads continues to beat all records for previous years, according to the report on revenue freight made by the American Railway association for the week ending January 27. The roads handled 371,164 cars which is described as exceeding all records for the same week in the five previous years. This was an increase of 5,586 cars over the previous week and 130,778 cars over the same period last year and 169,553 cars over the same week of 1921.

The records show that 487,967 cars of merchandise and miscellaneous freight were handled. This form of business is generally regarded as an index to business conditions. It is an increase of 2,666 cars over the previous week and 78,453 cars over the corresponding period of 1922, and 102,370 over 1921.

Loadings of hay and grain products were 46,813 cars, a decrease of 1,401 cars over the previous week and 3,579 cars less than the same week last year. It is still 6,894 cars above the average weekly loadings of the same period for the last five years.

The roads handled 25,435 cars of livestock during the week, an increase of 1,846 over the previous week and more than 3,000 cars over the same periods of the two previous years.

## Wheat Stabilization Bill Recommended for Passage

Washington, Feb. 11.—The agriculture committee on agriculture voted to recommend the wheat stabilization bill introduced by Senator Gooding of Idaho. The bill was amended in some particulars. Its purpose is to maintain wheat prices in the vicinity of a minimum of \$1.75 a bushel by a process of government surplus buying.



*"When the stormy winds do blow"*

So goes the old sea song, and it would be good advice to add

**DRINK Baker's Cocoa**

It is warming and sustaining, for it has genuine food value, and may be safely indulged in any hour of the day for it is stimulating only in the sense that pure food is stimulating.

It is delicious too.

Made only by **WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD.** DORCHESTER, MASSACHUSETTS

Established 1780

Booklet of Choice Recipes sent free

**you and 3 others may pay the price**

Nature sends a warning of Pyorrhoea—bleeding gums. Only one person out of five past forty escapes. Thousands younger are subject to it as well. Be on your guard.

Brush your teeth with **Forhan's FOR THE GUMS**

More than a tooth paste—it checks Pyorrhoea

35c and 60c in tubes

**Send Your VALENTINE by "Long Distance"**

ON ST. VALENTINE'S DAY, or similar occasions, the sound of your voice by "Long Distance" is better than any other message or gift you could send.

NORTHWESTERN BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY