

## Passage of Credit Bill Certainty

### Senate Agrees to Final Roll Call on Lenroot-Anderson Farm Aid Measure on Friday.

### Recommittal Move Beaten

Washington, Jan. 31.—(By A. P.)—Passage of the senate Friday of the Lenroot-Anderson farm credits bill, the second and last on the administration farmer relief program, was regarded as certain today by an agreement for a vote on that day and the overwhelming defeat of a motion for recommittal.

The unanimous consent agreement for a final roll call Friday was offered by Senator Swanson, democrat, Virginia, after conferences with leaders on both sides, but was adopted only after Senator Lenroot, republican, Wisconsin, had threatened to hold the session tonight.

After disposing of this bill the senate will take up the War department bill with the shipping bill following on the program. Considerable debate on the army budget is predicted, with the possibility that opponents of the shipping bill will use it, as it has been charged they have the farm credit legislation as a buffer against the shipping measure.

### Motion Comes as Surprise.

The motion to recommittal the Lenroot-Anderson bill came as a surprise. It was made by Senator Couzens, republican, Michigan, the new member appointed to succeed former Senator Newberry, and proposed to send the measure and all substitutes and amendments to the banking committee. The Michigan senator contended that the senate was without sufficient information to act on farm credits and urged that the bill go over until the next congress, but his motion was defeated, 31 to 4. Its supporters were Senator Couzens, La Follette, republican, Wisconsin, Norbeck, republican, North Dakota and Walsh, democrat, Massachusetts.

In presenting his motion, Senator Couzens made his "maiden" speech. The Capper farm credits bill passed recently by the senate, he declared, was all the credits legislation immediately necessary. He said also that he preferred the Norbeck bill with its provisions for centralizing farm credits funds provided by the government to the Lenroot-Anderson measure.

### Criticizes Banking Committee.

Senator Couzens criticized the banking committee, of which he is a member, contending that they had not given sufficient consideration to the Norbeck bill, nor in fact, to the Lenroot-Anderson measure.

### "I submit that this congress is not informed as to the best method of providing credit for the farmer," he declared.

"By the next congress we will have the experience under the Capper bill, with its one year's extension of the War Finance corporation's activities and also of the liquidation in agriculture. I can see nothing lost by delaying this legislation."

Senator Brookhart, republican, Iowa, discussed at length his bill providing for co-operative banking system and detailed the reputed success of the co-operative movement in this country and abroad. Senator Lenroot criticized the Brookhart bill, contending that no demand had come for it from farmers or farm organizations and said that senators and representatives could not be expected to accept the amendment merely on the word of Senator Brookhart. The latter replied that the pending bill was not a "farm block bill, but a bankers' block bill."

### Bloc to Control Congress.

The farm bloc movement was then discussed at some length by Senator Brookhart, who said that eventually the "farm bloc, the labor bloc, the soldier bloc and the mothers' bloc" would have a controlling voice in congress.

Senator Reed said he hoped the day would never come when there would be a railroad bloc, a farm bloc and other blocs forming a senate soviet of class representatives.

In reply Senator Brookhart said the country had been ruled by the "Wall street bloc, the railroad bloc and the bankers' bloc," and this condition had caused the farmers to demand fair treatment through their representatives.

### Renewed indications of recovery in the agricultural industry were given in reports made public by the federal reserve board, which show that sales of farm implements in December and January revealed a restoration of the buying powers of the farmers. December sales, according to the reports, were more than double those of December, 1921, and the increases were sustained in January.

### Army Aviator Stationed at Honolulu Commits Suicide

Honolulu, Jan. 31.—(By A. P.)—First Lieut. Carl H. Myers, army aviator, committed suicide by shooting to death in the Officers' club at Lake field near here, according to a report made by brother officers. No motive for the suicide is known.

Lieutenant Myers was born in Missouri in 1881 and was graduated from the University of Kansas in 1903. He enlisted in the army in 1917 and was commissioned in 1918.

### Nebraska Representative Would Abolish Rail Act

Washington, Jan. 31.—(By A. P.)—Repeal of the interstate commerce act, with all its amendments and the wiping out of the statute books of the transportation act of 1920, was proposed in bills introduced today by Representative McLaughlin, republican, of Nebraska.

## Wife of Senator Raps Washington Society



Mrs. Miles Poindexter.

Wife of the Washington senator, in article in Spokane paper, accuses wives of cabinet officers of using government automobiles to do their shopping and of other forms of "petty graft."

Washington, Jan. 31.—Mrs. Poindexter, wife of senator from Washington, whose zesty letter to a western newspaper about Washington events and officials has created considerable stir in capital life, is unperturbed by the excitement she has caused and says she intends to express herself further on Washington affairs.

Mrs. Poindexter is just now visiting friends at Annapolis, but has read in the newspapers of the excitement caused here by her criticisms of the actions and prerogatives of cabinet officials and others in official life. "I do not see why my letter should cause such a stir," Mrs. Poindexter said today over the long distance telephone. "Why should Washington be stirred about something it already knows and always has known?"

"Of course I will now write a letter about the excitement my other letter has caused, and I will try to make it more interesting."

## Injunction Issued Against Big Hotel, Following Raid

### Federal Agents Swoop Down on Fontenelle, Arrest Two Bellmen but Find No Booze.

Federal agents in charge of Robert Samardick searched Hotel Fontenelle at 1 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, but failed to find any liquor. The officers arrested two bellmen, however, charging them with violating the prohibition law. Warrants were out for five more bellmen last night.

A temporary injunction against the hotel was signed yesterday afternoon by Federal Judge Woodrough following the raid. The petition for the temporary injunction was signed by Assistant United States Attorney Keyser and was directed against the Douglas Hotel company, Eppley Hotel company and Eugene Eppley. It declares that the hotel and its furnishings, furniture, fixtures and so on "are a common nuisance for the reason that intoxicating liquor is unlawfully kept and sold there."

### Seeks to Close Hotel.

The petition asks that on final hearing the hotel be absolutely closed up for the period of one year.

The temporary injunction prohibits the defendants and all other persons from removing or in any way interfering with any furniture, fixtures or other things used in the maintenance of the hotel and from operating the hotel in violation of the national prohibition act.

### 20 Days to Show Cause.

Within 20 days the defendants are commanded to appear in the federal court to show any reason why a permanent injunction should not be issued, closing the hotel for one year.

E. C. Eppley, proprietor of the Fontenelle, and the chain of Eppley hotels, in an interview following the raid, indicated that he believes he is being persecuted in an effort to get him to relinquish his lease on the hotel.

### Eppley Charges Persecution.

"It is absurd to think that I would encourage or even tolerate the sale of liquor when there is so much at stake," said Mr. Eppley. "It wouldn't be good hotel practice to allow liquor to be sold for guests who become intoxicated are apt to destroy furniture and burn rugs, as well as

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## The Magnificent Adventure

—by—  
EMERSON HOUGH  
Begins Friday in  
The Morning Bee

## Many Civil Code Bills Introduced

### Legislation Large List of Measures to Pick From if It Desires to Change Present Plan.

### G. O. P. Plans Pay Cut

Lincoln, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Revision of the civil administrative code, leaving only three secretaries, and regrouping of state activities is provided for in a series of bills introduced in the lower house by five republican members, T. B. Dyson, R. B. Vanz, C. P. Donnelly, J. M. Pollard and N. M. Nelson. High points in the bill follow:

Makes commissioner of public lands and buildings secretary department of public works without additional pay.

Eliminates from present activities of department of agriculture all matters of educational or experimental work and transfers them to college of agriculture.

### Abolish Departments.

Retains department of finance, department of trade and commerce and creates a department of permits and inspections, which centralize the inspection work of the state and also handle the work of agriculture, labor and public welfare departments, which are abolished.

Combined salaries of secretaries would be decreased from \$30,000 a year as they stand at present to \$10,500 a year.

### The bureau of securities would be abolished.

With this bill in the hopper, legislators have their choice of almost any sort of government they desire.

Representative Strehlow introduced a bill which would make the governor chairman of any executive council which might be created. He further provides that the lieutenant governor receive the same salary as other state officers and that he would be placed in charge of the department of public welfare. Other provisions of the Strehlow bill follow:

### Secretary of state would become head of labor department.

State auditor would become head of the insurance department.

Land commissioner would become head of agriculture department.

The attorney general would become an appointive officer of the governor, and so would the state superintendent of public instruction. Neither of these appointments would be confirmed by the senate.

### He governor, with confirmation of the senate, would also appoint state banking commissioner, state tax commissioner and commissioner of public works.

Then, there is a Lamb bill, which would cut elective officers to governor, lieutenant governor and state auditor. This was introduced several days.

### Again, there is the Bryan bill creating an executive council and giving governor sole appointive power.

### Gems Worth \$250,000 Stolen From Hotel

Miami, Fla., Jan. 31.—Jewelry valued at \$250,000, the property of Mrs. David G. Joyce, wife of a millionaire Chicago lumber man, was reported stolen this afternoon. It is believed the jewels were stolen from Mrs. Joyce's bedroom at the Joyce winter mansion last night while the family was at dinner in the dining room.

### Consolidation of Soldier Relief Agencies Urged

Washington, Jan. 31.—A suggestion that the veterans' bureau and the pension offices be consolidated was made before the house interstate commerce committee today.

H. P. Raegle, representing the disabled American veterans, told the committee his organization would welcome any move to consolidate soldier relief agencies, but did not favor the "return of the old pension system."

"It is already back," declared Representative Huddleston, democrat, Alabama.

The witness demurred, saying a veteran now received "compensation" and that Mr. Poindexter, who retires from the senate on March 4, will be nominated for the post at Lima within the next few weeks. The place has been vacant for more than a year.

### U. S. Steel Corporation Pays Dividend From Surplus

New York, Jan. 31.—Directors of the United States Steel corporation yesterday declared their regular quarterly dividends of 14 cent on the common and 1 1/2 cent on the preferred stock.

The report of the corporation for the quarter ending December 31, 1922, showed total earnings of \$27,552,392 and net income of \$15,369,829. The balance provided from the surplus to pay the dividends was \$1,275,556.

### Man Who Passed Bad Check on Legless War Vet Jailed

Passing worthless checks to obtain funds with which to entertain his "Sheba" cost George B. Henderson, 21, confessed "sheik," a 60-day sentence in county jail in district court at Council Bluffs Tuesday. He pleaded guilty to the charge. One of his victims was Terry Black, legless war hero, who operates a cigar stand.

### Smith Would Stop Perpetual Tram Company Grants

Lincoln, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—No grant given by the city of Omaha to the Omaha tram company to use streets or extend lines can be construed as a perpetual franchise under terms of a bill introduced in the lower house by Representative Ed. Smith of Omaha.

### Artist Who Assassinated Polish President Executed

Warsaw, Jan. 31.—(By A. P.)—Nikolaj Gumbrowski, assassin of President Narutowicz of Poland December 16, was executed here today.

### Travelers' Bill Killed.

Lincoln, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—A bill placing traveling salesmen under the state compensation law has been killed by the house committee on labor.

## Language Law Repeal Provided in House Bill

Lincoln, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Repeal of that part of the language law which forbids teaching of foreign languages in common schools is demanded in house roll 698, introduced tonight by George B. Collins and A. W. Elssasser in the lower house.

With this provision stricken from the bill, it will resemble the original Siman law passed four years ago at the height of the war excitement.

The Siman law was made more drastic two years ago, the most drastic part being the section forbidding teaching of the language in common schools.

## Working Girls' Minimum Wage Passed by House

### Warm Debate Features Measure Giving \$12 a Week—Father of Bill Given Bouquets.

By P. C. POWELL.

Staff Correspondent The Omaha Bee.

Lincoln, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Nebraska's poor working girl was voted a minimum wage of \$12 a week by the lower house today following a warm debate. A motion by Representative Elssasser of Omaha to advance the measure to third reading carried, 58 to 10.

Fifty Lincoln working girls met Representative Donald Gallagher of O'Neill, beardless, wifeless, 23-year-old father of the bill, in the hallway as he left the house of representatives and presented him with two bouquets of flowers.

### Kisses would have been in order if Gallagher desired, he was told.

During the debate the girls gave members speaking in their behalf rounds of applause from the gallery, and when those opposed to the bill arose to speak, the girls drowned the speaker's voices in applause until the speaker announced that a repetition of such department would result in clearing the gallery.

### Two Amendments Added.

Two amendments were added to the bill, one exempting employers in towns of less than 3,000 population and farmers from provisions of the bill and the other making it optional whether a girl in town \$12 in cash or its equivalent in board and room.

Representative Garber charged such a law was class legislation and described it as another excuse for middlemen and manufacturers to increase prices to farmers.

"It will stifle initiative," Garber said.

"What is our statute permitting public service corporations a minimum price for the products but class legislation?" Representative Jacoby asked.

Representative Gallagher read letters he had received from working girls in which Omaha girls charged that certain Omaha firms were working their girls 10 and 12 hours a day without overtime, which is against the law. One girl wrote that certain stores paid their girls no more than \$3 a week.

### Charge Unsubstantiated.

"That is an unfair, unsubstantiated charge," Representative Burke said. "We leveled into wages paid Omaha girls at our committee hearings and

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### Senator Poindexter Slated for Peru Post

Washington, Jan. 31.—(By A. P.)—Inquiry has been made by the American government as to whether appointment of Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington as American ambassador to Peru would be acceptable to the government of that country.

Although no response has been received, it is the expectation in official circles that the selection will be approved and that Mr. Poindexter, who retires from the senate on March 4, will be nominated for the post at Lima within the next few weeks. The place has been vacant for more than a year.

### Remarkable Prayer Is Uttered at Inaugural of Arizona Governor

Washington, Jan. 31.—A remarkable prayer uttered at the recent inaugural ceremonies for Governor Hunt of Arizona, which is being circulated in official quarters here, reads in part as follows:

"O thou eternal Jehovah, on this inaugural day, as this grand old Roman assumes the gubernatorial responsibilities of this great commonwealth, we stand as hopeful, happy expectants of better days for Arizona. We pray that he may have wisdom to steer the ship of state over the breakers of extravagance and the deep seas of indebtedness which now confront him."

"During his tenure of office spare him the unjust, unreasonable criticism of disgruntled, mugwump democrats, shrewd and designing republican politicians and sensational headlines of newspapers."

"Grant, O Lord, that the banner of peace and prosperity may wave over Arizona until every state in the Union shall point with pride to this, the youngest, fairest daughter and brightest star that shines in the galaxy of states, and that Arizona may be regarded as the playground of the angels."

### Keelie Given Liquor Fine; Charges of Girls Dropped

Arthur Keelie paid a fine of \$50 in municipal court yesterday on a charge of being drunk and disorderly. He pleaded guilty to the charge.

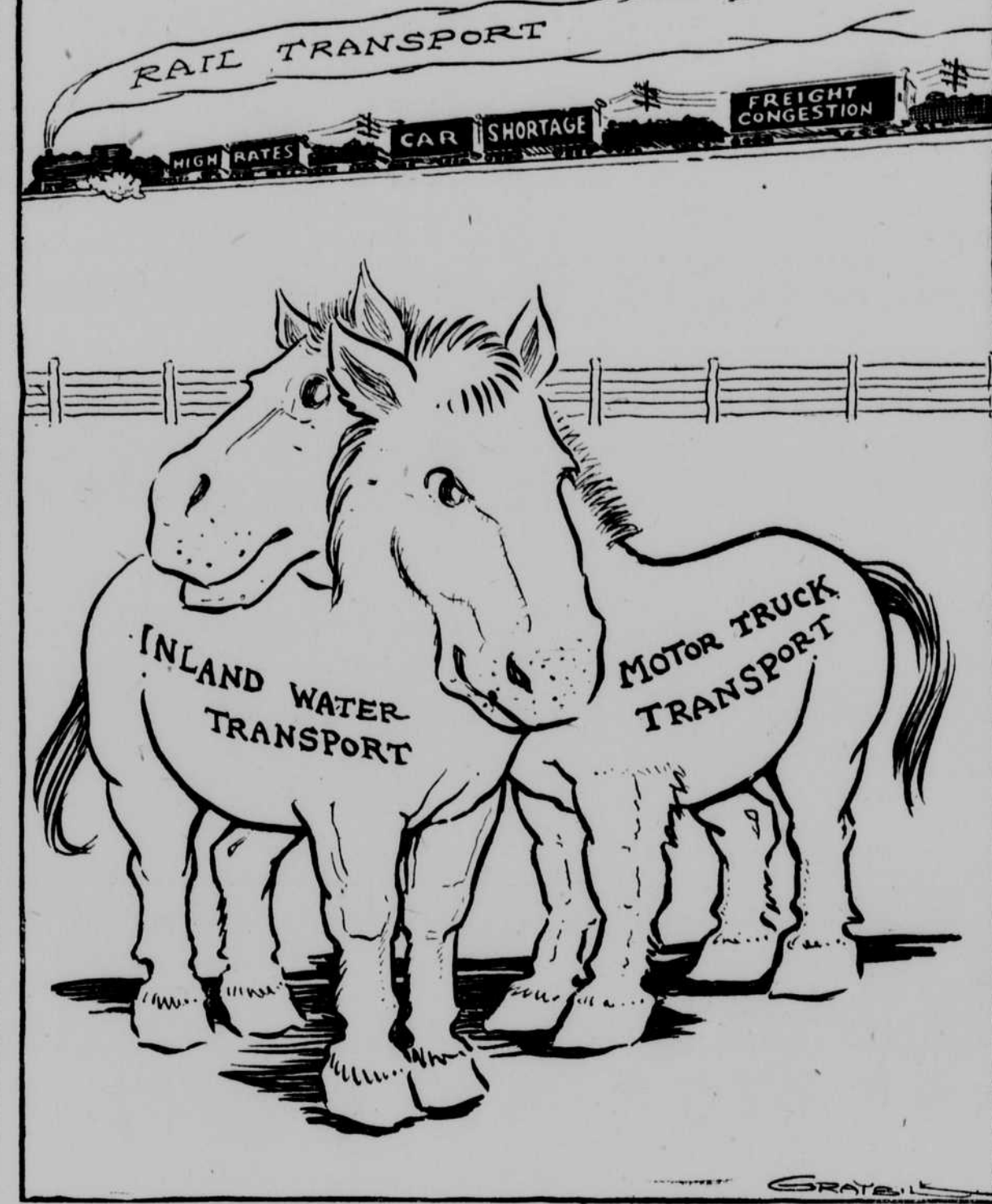
Thomas Sheehan, deputy county attorney, then dismissed the state complaint filed against Keelie, charging him with an attempted assault against Cecile Potter and Marie Pretzell, both 16, the night of January 25.

### Dismissal of the complaint followed receipt of a letter from the Potter girl's father by County Attorney Henry Beal, urging that he make a thorough investigation of the case before taking any action.

Sheehan stated that the girls changed their story originally given police.

Both girls received checks for \$500 from Roger Keelie, a brother of Arthur Keelie, following the filing of \$1,000 suits against the latter in

## Hitch Up the Horses



## Flinn Is Found Not Guilty on Murder Charge

### Slayer Tells on Witness Stand of Ride of Terror on Night of Killing of John Salerno.

A jury in federal district court at 920 Wednesday night acquitted Tom Flinn of the murder of John Salerno after a deliberation of about six hours. It is said that two jurors held out for manslaughter. Flinn, fearing for his life after the verdict was returned asked deputy sheriffs to "hold him over" in the county jail until today.

### Likening the alleged treatment of Tom Flinn, 21, on a terror ride the night of October 7, to the treatment accorded the victims of the Bastrop, La., case now attracting nationwide attention, United States Attorney J. C. Kinsler opened the argument for the defense of Flinn in federal court yesterday morning.

Flinn is on-trial for the murder of John Salerno after the latter and his brother, Sebastiano, had taken him in an automobile to several resorts to get him identified as "a government prohibition stool pigeon."

"This man, John Salerno, attempted to constitute himself judge, jury and executioner just as the unidentified man did in the celebrated Louisiana case," said Kinsler. "In that case they broke the legs, slashed off the hands and gashed the bodies of their tortured victims. In this case Flinn was beaten, kicked and threatened with death."

### Flinn on Stand.

Flinn himself was the first and only important witness yesterday. He is below medium height, fair of complexion and lame, one leg being shortened after infantile paralysis when he was 4 years old.

He told a story of terror at the hands of the Salernos the night of October 7.

"Johnnie Salerno meets me at Seventh and Pierce and accuses me of being a stool pigeon," he said. "He says he's going to cut my throat and then he knocks me down and kicks me in the head."

He told of Sebastiano Salerno, brother of John, driving up in a large car and of his being taken to The Sportsman cigar store, Fifteenth and Harney streets and from there to the Hog Ranch cabaret in East Omaha.

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### Woman Is Arrested for Speeding Past Schoolhouse

Mary Maher, 2966 Emmet street, was arrested at 1 yesterday afternoon on a charge of reckless driving by Motorcycle Sergeant Emery and Motorcycle Officer Cleghorn. The officers allege that the woman drove 25 miles an hour past Kellom school, Twenty-second and Paul streets, and kept on it Friday, while the house banking committee began hearings on the Capper proposal from the senate.

### Rural credits legislation made progress in both houses of congress, the senate refusing to recommittal the Lenroot-Anderson bill and agreeing to vote on it Friday, while the house banking committee began hearings on the Capper proposal from the senate.

### Union Pacific Employee Hurt When He Hits Train

Grand Island, Neb., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Allen Ellsworth, 48, pitteper for the Union Pacific, was severely injured when his small gasoline car collided with the rear end of a freight train two miles out of Dannebrog. Mr. Ellsworth has not been able to explain how the accident happened. He was immediately brought to a hospital here. A compound fracture of the leg may cause permanent injury.

### Secretary Weeks Plans Tour of Army Posts After March 4

Washington, Jan. 31.—Secretary Weeks let it be known yesterday he hopes to visit Florida some time after March 4, and later to make an inspection of army posts in various parts of the United States and possibly in the Canal zone and Hawaii. While his plans are tentative, the secretary thinks there is little possibility that he will be able to go to the Philippines.

### Plunkett's Residence at Fox Rock Burned

Dubin, Jan. 31.—(By A. P.)—The residence of Sir Horace Plunkett at Fox Rock was destroyed by fire today. A band of armed men raided the house yesterday and blew up the front porch before leaving.

The coastguard station at Balbrigan was destroyed today by raiders, who set off three powerful land mines. The explosion shattered the windows of nearby houses and the inhabitants fled from their homes.

## Day's Activities in Washington

The federal radio control bill was passed by the house and sent to the senate.

Peru, it became known, has been asked whether the appointment of Senator Poindexter of Washington, as American ambassador to Lima would be acceptable.

Investigation by the federal trade commission into all phases of the cotton industry, including production, marketing and mill operations, was ordered by the senate.

The federal reserve board, in a review of conditions, reported renewed indications of recovery in the agricultural industry.

### The Bursum pension bill, recently vetoed, was reported by the senate pensions committee after some of the provisions objected to by President Harding had been eliminated.

The house military committee tabled the Bursum bill to authorize retirement of volunteer officers, disabled during the world war, on the same basis as regular army officers.

Railroads were directed by the Interstate Commerce commission to resume the sale of interchangeable mileage books at a 20 per cent reduction from regular passenger rates.

Customs officials estimated that duties on imports would exceed \$480,000,000 in the current fiscal year ending June 30, establishing a new record for government revenue from that source.

A resolution which would request President Harding to urge worldwide limitation of narcotic and habit-forming drug production was introduced by Chairman Porter of the house foreign affairs committee.

Rejection of the nomination of James G. McNary of New Mexico to be comptroller of the currency, was understood to be favored by two of the three members of the senate subcommittee named to consider confirmation.

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## Night Session Is Required to Care for Bills

### Total of 672 Measures in House Beats Last Session Record by 55—Day's Filings Number 276.

Lincoln, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Night session of the lower house of the Nebraska legislature was held today to take care of the avalanche of bills that were thrown in the house hopper.

It was the 20th and last day for the introduction of proposed legislation. Only appropriation bills introduced by committees will be admissible during the remainder of the session.

### When the final count was made it was found that the day's total was 276 bills, making a total for the session of 672. This is 55 more than were introduced last session, when the grand total was 617.

One of the last measures to be thrown in the hopper was an appropriation bill asking \$285,000 for meeting the federal aid requirements for the next biennium in fighting bovine tuberculosis.

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### Labor Board Grants Rail Signalmen Eight-Hour Day

Chicago, Jan. 31.—The eight-hour day, one of the working rules for which the Brotherhood of Railroad Signalmen fought hardest in their hearing for new wages and working rules, is granted them by the United States railroad labor board in a decision issued today.

This decision is the result of a hearing before the board when the signalmen reconsidered their strike vote, taken with the shopmen last summer after reductions in wages became effective July 1, and then instituted new negotiations with the roads and took their case back to the board.

### Banking Committee Opens Hearings on Capper Bill

Washington, Jan. 31.—Hearings were begun today by the house banking committee on the Capper rural credits bill recently passed by the senate.

Discussing the agriculture situation, and proposed relief measures, Eugene Meyer, jr., director of the war finance corporation, declared it would greatly aid the farmer in need of loans, if more banks were in the federal reserve system.

### Mr. Meyer recommended an amendment to the bill which would permit rediscount corporations organized under its provisions to discount paper not only for livestock or agricultural loan corporations but for any bank or trust company member of the federal reserve system.

### Desire to Become Martyr Causes Boy to Shoot Self

Chicago, Jan. 31.—A desire to become a public "martyr" in the fight against narcotics prompted George E. P. Roth, 18, high school senior, to shoot himself and then declare he was investigating the case.

Roth sent a note to his father, stating he had acquired an unquarable drug habit and that since last October had obtained it from a peddler who catered to high school students.

Police declared Roth did not show the usual signs of the drug addict and later an interne at the hospital where he was taken said Roth admitted to him that he had not used drugs.

### Col. Edward Anderson Assigned to Duty Here

Washington, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Col. Edward Anderson, cavalry, now en route to the United States from the Philippine department, is detailed for duty with the organized reserves of the Seventh corps area and assigned to duty with the nondivisional group with station at Omaha, effective upon arrival at San Francisco.

### The Weather

Forecast.  
Thursday probably snow; not much change in temperature.  
Hourly Temperatures.

6 a. m.	18	1 p. m.	28
7 a. m.	17	2 p. m.	27
8 a. m.	16	3 p. m.	26
9 a. m.	15	4 p. m.	25
10 a. m.	14	5 p. m.	24
11 a. m.	13	6 p. m.	23
12 noon	12	7 p. m.	22

## Debt Terms Accepted by British

### Conditions for Funding Debt Are 3 Per Cent for 10 Years, 3 1/2 Per Cent Thereafter.

### Legalization Next Step

London, Jan. 31.—(By A. P.)—Great Britain has decided to accept the American offer in regard to the funding of the British war debt to the United States.

The government's decision was reached at a cabinet meeting this afternoon. There was a full attendance of the ministers and apparently they entered the meeting with the decision already formed to follow the recommendation of the chancellor of the exchequer, as the session lasted only a few minutes.

The terms are 3 per cent for 10 years and 3 1/2 per cent thereafter. No reservation was made regarding Great Britain being allowed to pay the total sum after the 10-year period.

### Temporary Agreement Urged.

The question which presented itself to the government, according to the view of the majority of the British newspaper, was whether to accept the proposed basis of settlement which, according to whether here, the American congress will ratify, or to continue on the five per cent interest rate until the election of another congress that might perhaps be less accommodating.

Several financial writers had advocated a policy of attempting to negotiate a temporary arrangement for a 10-year period after which final settlement would be agreed upon.

It is unofficially stated that there was practical unanimity of opinion among the cabinet members in favor of accepting the terms.

### Changes in Funding Law.