

RAILWAY SETTLEMENTS IN SIGHT

Daugherty Takes Shot at Radicals

Says Government Will Consider in Due Time Proceedings Against a Few Labor Leaders.

Praises Rank and File

Washington, Sept. 6.—(By A. P.)—Formal announcement by Attorney General Daugherty that the government would "consider in due time, what proceedings shall be taken against the few misguided labor leaders who have made incendiary speeches" in connection with the industrial situation and persistent report that secret conferences are in progress looking to some sort of a settlement with individual roads, stood out in today's developments in the strike of the railroad shop craft.

Mr. Daugherty, in his statement, emphasized his belief that the rank and file of labor organizations were content to leave the issue to the orderly processes of law, but said the few leaders "who have shown contempt for the courts need not complain that they are denied the full privilege of free speech."

Must Produce Records. Instructions have been sent to the United States attorney at Chicago, the attorney general said, to notify counsel for the unions that leading officials of the shopmen's organizations, together with their complete records, would be required before the court when the case is again called.

Both in government and labor circles, complete ignorance was asserted of any actual or impending negotiations looking to the settlement of the strike. It was a matter of common knowledge, however, that several railroads still held views in favor of separate agreements expressed at the recent conference of railroad executives in New York.

The government's restraining order came to its first public attack in the senate when Senator Robinson, democrat, Arkansas, assailed the writ on the ground that it constituted a "plain violation of the constitution."

Watson Defends Government. Senator Watson, republican, Indiana, defended the government's action, asserting that it was the only action possible in the emergency which the country faced.

The suggestion that settlement negotiations might have been instituted through third parties was seen in a statement of machinist officials that their organizations was not invited to any meeting.

Attorney General Daugherty said he assumed that the strike leaders would welcome the opportunity to appear before the court.

His statement follows: "The government will consider what proceedings shall be taken against the few misguided labor leaders who have made incendiary speeches with the purpose of defeating the strike."

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Badger State Firebrand Triumphs in Primaries



Sen. R. M. La Follette

La Follette Wins G.O.P. Nomination by Big Majority

G. O. P. Nomination May Be Equivalent to Re-Election, With Demo. Vote Too Light to Qualify Candidate.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 6.—(By A. P.)—Returns from 1,500 precincts out of 2,553 for the republican United States senatorial nomination today gave Senator La Follette 202,464; W. A. Gantfield, 80,920.

Returns from 1,504 precincts for republican gubernatorial nomination give Gov. John J. Blaine 186,100; Morgan, 87,513; McHenry, 9,652. For the democratic gubernatorial nomination 469 precincts give Bentley 3,632; Athey, 2,762.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 6.—Senator Robert M. La Follette has been renominated by the republicans of Wisconsin by a majority that at midnight was figured around the 150,000 mark.

Gov. John J. Blaine's plurality ranges around 100,000 figure and probably will be larger than that. He was the La Follette candidate. Apparently the entire La Follette state ticket has been swept to a victory by the primary results which are of the landslide variety as viewed by "Rob's" supporters. The only office at issue is that of attorney general.

Milwaukee was swept into the La Follette column when the first figures began to appear from the notably "Rob's" sections of the city. The senatorial returns from W. A. Gantfield, the candidate of the La Follette opposition, is estimated at between 20,000 and 25,000.

May Mean Election. It is now a serious question as to whether the democrats or the socialists polled sufficient votes to permit either one of them to show as a party under the Wisconsin law in November election.

The democrats had no contests worthy of mention and there has been little tabulation, at the midnight hour, of the democratic vote. The party needs 25,000 votes to record officially in today's primary to get a place on the November ballot. The sole democratic candidate for United States senator was Mrs. Jessie Jack Hooper. Unless 25,000 is shown in the official returns, Senator La Follette will have no opponent in November and his nomination yesterday is equivalent to election.

Senator La Follette gets the greatest majority than he ever has secured in a direct vote in Wisconsin. He was permitted by the course of the campaign to get all the wets, most of the dries, the railroad men and the bulk of the labor vote.

Nevada Vote Light. Reno, Nev., Sept. 6.—The primary election vote in Nevada yesterday was light, reports received last night indicated. It was estimated that not more than half of the 33,000 registered voters went to the polls in spite of a five-sided race on the republican ticket for United States senator, and a two-sided fight on the democratic ticket for governor.

Representative Samuel S. Arentz had a lead of 67 votes over Charles S. Chandler for the republican nomination for United States senator at 11 tonight, when one-fourth of the votes cast in the primary today were counted. About 15,000 votes were cast, divided evenly between democratic and republican candidates.

Vardaman Trails. Jackson, Miss., Sept. 6.—Revised unofficial returns today from 75 of the 82 counties in the state—29 complete and 46 incomplete—show Hubert D. Stephens leading James K. Vardaman by 10,876 votes for the democratic nomination as United States senator in yesterday's run-off primary.

Figures tabulated by the Jackson Daily News gave Stephens 51,124 and Vardaman, 74,218.

Swiss Army Lieutenant Wins Flight Around Alps. Bern, Sept. 6.—Lieut. F. De Moxter of the Swiss army won the contest in the flight around the Alps, an event in the international aviation meet held at Zurich today. He covered the distance in eight hours.

Turks Cut Greek Force to 100,000

Chris' Massacred, Communiqué Charges.

Refugees Reach Smyrna

Paris, Sept. 6.—Latest advices reaching officials here on the Asia Minor situation declare that all that remains of the Greek army is 100,000 men fleeing in utter rout before the victorious Turkish nationalists and now less than 60 miles from the Mediterranean.

The advices declare it probable that only half that number of Greeks will reach the sea as organized fighting units of Turks are within 50 miles of Smyrna and 40 miles from the Sea of Marmora.

The Turkish advance since the offensive was launched 10 days ago is stated to be more than 130 miles, which experts here say is one of the fastest advances in all the history of wars.

Smyrna, Sept. 6.—(By A. P.)—It was estimated up to last night that 150,000 refugees of every nationality had collected here and the American relief committee has published an appeal calling upon everybody to offer their assistance.

The allied consuls here decided to ask the Anglo-French police to keep order. It is reported that allied troops will land tomorrow.

A local committee has begun to enroll volunteers to substitute for the evacuating Greek army. Thousands of officers and soldiers enrolled.

Rush Reinforcements. Constantinople, Sept. 6.—(By A. P.)—While the Turks are beginning to press their advantage over the Greeks in their drive toward Smyrna, the latter are rushing reinforcements to the scene, and if General Tricoupius can restore the morale of his men the Kemalists may yet be brought to a standstill, it is believed here.

News of the appointment of General Tricoupius as commander-in-chief was received with marked enthusiasm.

It is officially announced that all the army corps in the southern group have effected a junction at Constantinople.

The telegraph lines between Ankara and Constantinople resumed operations yesterday. Fevzi Pasha, chief of the national general staff, sent the following message to the population of Constantinople: "We have vanquished the enemy and are hotly pursuing him. We will smash him completely within the next few days."

Attacks Repulsed. Athens, Sept. 6.—(By A. P.)—Fresh attacks by the Turkish nationalists have been repulsed by the Greeks, who inflicted severe casualties on the Kemalists, according to an official communiqué issued last night. The statement says: "The enemies offensive toward Akardag met with stubborn resistance from our troops who repulsed fresh attacks. The number of the enemy killed and wounded exceeds 10,000. Our forces retired in order, destroying communications."

"The enemy has not yet occupied Eski-Shehr, although the town has been evacuated five days. The massacres and persecution of the Christians in the evacuated districts continue."

In general, the military situation is regarded in official and other circles as continuing to improve and with the position of the southern Greek forces at Ala-Shehr, 80 miles east of Smyrna, is considered here to be secure.

MacSwiney's Widow in U. S. to Raise Funds for Rebels

New York, Sept. 6.—Mrs. Mabel MacSwiney, widow of Lord Mayor Terence MacSwiney of Cork, who died of starvation in Brixton prison, London, in 1920, arrived on the steamship President Arthur yesterday. She was accompanied by Miss Linda Mary Kearns, Irish republican leader, and said her purpose was to raise funds for dependents and orphans of Irish republicans and for hospitals for the Irish republican army.

Every Car Is a Used Car

Because an auto is not brand new, do not "kid" yourself into believing that it is not a safe investment. Good cars are all the time finding their way to the saleroom floor to be sold as "second-hands." After a car has gone a few hundred or even a few thousand miles, it is still at its best, unless it has been abused.

Food Prices Decrease 3 Per Cent in Omaha

Washington, Sept. 6.—Only one of 26 representative cities in the United States reported an increase in the level of retail food prices for the month of July 15 to August 15, and that was less than five-tenths of 1 per cent, according to figures made public today by the bureau of labor statistics of the Department of Labor. Decrease amounted to 3 per cent in Omaha and 1 per cent in Los Angeles.

Nebraska Labor Votes to Ignore U. S. Injunction

Order Obtained by Daugherty Assailed by Speakers at State Meeting—Will Collect Funds.

By unanimous vote, the Nebraska Federation of Labor, in convention at the Omaha Labor temple, yesterday resolved to disregard the Daugherty injunction.

"There is to be no cessation of labor meetings, free speech or collection of relief funds—we will surrender, none of our constitutional rights," read a resolution presented by Frank Coffey of Lincoln, state secretary.

Thomas L. Wilson assailed Daugherty's Americanism as being "one-half of 1 per cent."

Will Collect Fund. "If he wanted to be fair, he would order an injunction to prevent railroad executives from invading peaceful communities with armed guards and thugs," said he. His demand that we shall not solicit funds for the relief of our needy brethren is a violation of the rights of humanity. It is done for oppressive and intimidating purposes."

Each local organization in the state will be asked to contribute to a relief fund for the striking shopcrafts families. Election of officers is scheduled for today, the closing session.

Dub Officers Loafers. High salaried officials of international unions who sit in swivel chairs in Washington, D. C., and Indianapolis offices were objects of censure. "Those \$7,500 a year men don't bestir themselves enough about our problems right here," protested Dan Sullivan, Omaha iron worker.

C. P. Woodward, Omaha, dubbed them "loafers."

Opposes Resolution. The same "office-holders" would oppose carrying out the purpose of a resolution to amalgamate all crafts into one union for each industry. Sullivan pointed out.

"Labor needs organization and co-operation like the Associated Retailers of Omaha," said he.

Thomas L. Wilson, for 40 years in the machinists' union, opposed the resolution because it might be construed to mean that the American Federation of Labor was not functioning properly.

Thanks War Vets. F. M. Coffey of Lincoln, state secretary, recommended that the intelligence of the country, workingmen and employers alike, be directed to devise some better plan of adjusting differences than by strikes and lockouts.

He also advocates the repeal of the Esch-Cummins bill.

F. B. Noracoz, Omaha, introduced a resolution of appreciation to the United States War Veteran's bureau for its handling of the soldiers' rehabilitation problem and for friendly relations with labor unions.

A resolution to co-operate with the fraternal order of Eagles in promoting old age pensions was referred to the committee.

New York Trades Council Wants U. S.-Owned Rails

New York, Sept. 6.—The executive committee of the Central Trades and Labor council, representing 800,000 members, last night adopted a resolution to be submitted to the federal government immediately to take over and operate the railroads and make terms with the striking shopmen.

Gallows Will Claim Another Member of Fast Waning Iowa Desperado Gang

Joe Peavy to Pay Penalty for Brutal Murder of Whisky Runner.

Along the highway running from Rock Rapids to Sioux City in northwestern Iowa, on the night of March 28, 1919, purred a high powered motor car. It was driven by Claude Letner, a booze runner, and it carried 11 cases of Canadian whisky, bound for the market in Sioux City.

At a lonely spot in the road near the small town of Hull, the progress of the car was blocked by another automobile. The occupants of the waiting machine, two men and a woman, were standing at the roadside. They were highjackers, about to seize their prey.

Revolvers in the hands of the waiting men spit fire and the lifeless body of Letner fell backward into his car, his blood staining the whisky cases.

His slayers robbed the body of \$800 in cash, then dragged it into a neighboring field, where it was found next morning by George Divestas of Sioux City, a passing motorist.

Will Pay Penalty. The highjackers drove both cars into Sioux City, disposing of the whisky through channels there and explaining that the blood upon the cases was from chickens which they had killed during their trip back from Canada.

Next Friday at the state penitentiary at Fort Madison, the first hanging in Iowa for 10 years will be staged. Joe Peavy, notorious outlaw and member of one of the worst gangs of gunmen which ever operated in this section of the country, will pay the penalty for the murder of Claude Letner.

He was convicted of the crime at Orange City, Iowa, on March 17, 1921, upon the testimony of Mae Letner Burzette, the only other living witness of the shooting on the



Joe Peavy



Eugene Weeks

Slayer of Des Moines Grocer Also to Die 10 Days Later.

The third member of the highjacking party and the leader of the band of criminals which terrorized towns in four states for nearly two years.

Passing of Gang. The execution of Peavy will mark the passing of another of the few remaining members of the original gang of desperados which began to disintegrate with the death of its leader, "Red" Burzette, in a gun battle as Sioux City on July 22, 1919, only four months after the Letner murder.

The fight featured an attempt of four Sioux City policemen to capture the leader and two of his henchmen in a small restaurant where the gangsters were eating breakfast. Burzette and James Britton, one of the officers, stood face to face and emptied their guns into each other. Both died from their wounds.

Jim Davis and Tex Maynard, the other two gunmen, both were wounded and captured. They were sentenced to long terms in the state penitentiary, where Maynard still is in custody. Jim Davis went "over the wall" a year ago and is at liberty, a fugitive outlaw.

Queen of Underworld. Mae Burzette, a brunette of startling beauty, reigned as queen of the underworld in Sioux City during the period in which her husband's band of criminals was at the height of its activity. Fearless, cunning and reputed to be as dangerous an opponent with a revolver as any of the Burzette gangsters, she frequently accompanied her husband and his men in their operations.

She was with the bandit leader and Peavy the night he killed Letner for his money and whisky and it was her testimony which resulted in the conviction of the man who will die on the gallows this week. No evidence could be found, however, to convict

(Turn to Page Two, Column Two.)

Separate Agreements Possibility

Secretary of Shopmen Sends Out Call for Conference of Policy Committee in Chicago Monday.

Big Mileage Is Involved

Chicago, Sept. 6.—(By A. P.)—A call for an immediate meeting of the policy committee of 90 in Chicago, probably next Monday, was sent out tonight by John Scott, secretary of the striking railway shopcrafts unions.

The telegraphic appeal was in code and was addressed to the regional general chairman of the organization in all parts of the country. It was expected that it would be several days before the would arrive in Chicago, and for that reason no general sessions were expected before the first of next week.

The meeting was called, it was intimated, to consider plans for a settlement of the strike on separate roads representing about one-third of the country's mileage. It followed reports of conferences between B. M. Jewell, head of the strikers and rail executives in the east.

Shopmen Meet Executives. Chicago, Sept. 6.—Seven representatives of the striking federated shopcrafts were declared by John Scott, secretary of the railway employees' department of the American Federation of Labor to be in Baltimore today for a conference with railroad executives on a proposition to end the strike.

Scott intimated that a proposal on which it was hoped the strike could be halted had been prepared, but he would not outline it. The conference, he said, was to have been secret. Should the meeting produce a favorable result, Scott said the policy committee of 90 union representatives would be summoned to meet in Chicago.

New York, Sept. 6.—If any conference is being held in Baltimore between striking shopmen and railway heads it involves only a few individual roads and does not look toward settlement of the strike on a national basis, it was said today at headquarters of the Association of Railway Executives.

By George F. Authier. (Washington Correspondent, The Omaha Bee.)

Washington, Sept. 6.—Reports persist in Washington today that Bert M. Jewell of the shopmen's union has been in the east for the last few days conferring with rail executives with the view of a strike settlement and that he would return to Chicago, where he was to call a meeting of executive and policy committee of the union for the purpose of ending the strike.

This corroborates the confident statement made yesterday by Attorney General Daugherty that the strike would be ended within a week, even if Mr. Jewell has not adopted this program.

Strike Seems Lost. It is apparent to the forces of organized labor that the shopmen's strike is lost. Only a combined action on the part of labor could win it now, in view of the fact that the brotherhoods have refused to join the coal strikes have been settled and in view, also, of the utter impossibility of calling a general strike.

According to the information obtained here, the labor leaders propose at their Washington meeting of the executive council of the American Federation, next Saturday, to consider recommending a protest sympathetic strike of 24 hours throughout the country. The federation can recommend only not order a general strike would require 30 days to engineer, as all of the organization memberships would have to vote on it.

Any yielding on the part of the shopmen would be explained on the ground that the strikers yielded to more majeure on the part of the government. It will then be an effort to secure the election of a democratic house in the approaching congressional elections, making it plain that the winning members owed their election to the aid of organized labor.

This would be for the purpose of rebuking the Harding administration for its use of the injunction and to prevent the possibility of the enactment of compulsory arbitration legislation, which is the fear of organized labor now.

Havelock Shopmen Vote to Back President Jewell. Lincoln, Sept. 6.—Twelve hundred striking Havelock shopmen in a mass meeting held in that town passed a resolution declaring that they stood with Bert M. Jewell, president of the railway employees department, Chicago, "to the last ditch and in spite of injunctions."

A copy of the resolution was prepared and sent to Mr. Jewell.

Deshler Auto Accident Probed by Coroner's Jury. Hebron, Neb., Sept. 6.—Special Telegram.—A coroner's jury investigating the death of Mrs. Henry Shreve and son of Deshler in an automobile accident last week, was unable to determine the cause of the accident.

Hughes Is Guest at Brazil Fair

American Secretary of State Will Live at Guanabara Palace in Rio de Janeiro

Rio de Janeiro, Sept. 6.—Secretary Hughes, the third American secretary of state to visit Brazil, arrived yesterday afternoon aboard the Maryland as President Harding's representative and the chief of the American diplomatic commission to the Brazilian centennial.

Mr. Hughes and party left on the Pan-America, but before reaching Rio they boarded the Maryland, which, with the Nevada, had been escorting the Pan-America. The Maryland, escorted by the Nevada, then entered the harbor, the Maryland exchanging the usual artillery salutes with the shore batteries.

Immediately after the warships had anchored American Ambassador Morgan and representatives of the Brazilian foreign office boarded the Maryland and brought off Mr. Hughes, who accompanied the admiralty quays, where a huge throng cheered them. The party proceeded immediately to Guanabara palace, where Mr. Hughes and party will be guests of the Brazilian nation during their sojourn.

Guanabara is the finest palace in Brazil. It was built by Emperor Pedro for his daughter Isabel, who was three times princess regent of Brazil before the establishment of the republic. Eltho Root, Theodore Roosevelt and King Albert also have been guests there. All the other missions are housed at the New Gloria hotel.

Third Candidate Enters Race for Congress in Sixth

Lincoln, Sept. 6.—The Sixth congressional district of Nebraska will have an independent candidate for congress on the November ballot as a result of the filing today of a petition bearing 295 signatures with the secretary of state.

The candidate is John A. Smith of Thedford, Thomas county. The other candidates are Robert G. Simmons, republican, Scottsbluff, and Charles W. Beal, democratic and progressive, Broken Bow.

Irrigation Ditches Are Closed Due to Dry River

Scottsbluff, Neb., Sept. 6.—Unusual drought conditions that have resulted in a complete drying up of the North Platte river near its junction with the South Platte, led today to the closing, by order of the state irrigation department, of all ditches in this valley whose priorities are subsequent to 1894.

This is not expected to have a serious effect on crops, as most of them have matured.

Fire May Delay Opening of Three New Play

New York, Sept. 6.—A three-act play in an East Side studio destroyed \$100,000 worth of stage and movie equipment which may cause postponement of three plays scheduled to open here soon.

Rats Desert Lions' Cages to Rob Kiddies in New York Park

New York, Sept. 6.—Huge field rats in Bronx park, tiring of the diet of raw meat which they have been taking away from the lions in the cages at the zoo, set out to rob children of goodies they were eating on the grass.

One of the rodents, infuriated because Helen Miller, 4, clinging to a cracker it tried to take away from her, buried its fangs in her leg and hung on until it was slain by workmen. The workmen then slew about a dozen more of the big rodents which were darting about among other children in the park.

Hot Weather Damages Nebraska Corn Crop

Washington, Sept. 6.—Excessively dry, hot weather in nearly all sections of the country has caused deterioration in the condition of many crops, according to the semi-monthly crop reports of the Department of Agriculture. Preparation of the ground for fall seeding, however, has made considerable progress and farm work has advanced satisfactorily.

Corn is maturing rapidly and being husked in the southern states, but this crop has deteriorated in the central and eastern states, with the setback severe in Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska, due to heat and lack of moisture. Thrashing of small grains has been virtually completed in the south and middlewest, but market conditions have slowed up the threshing of wheat in Kansas.

Spring wheat yields in the Pacific coast states are running below normal and of light weight. The quality is high, however, in the Dakotas and Minnesota, where threshing of spring wheat is under way. Oats have been variable generally and light in weight.

Burlington Power Plant Will Be Built in Alliance

Alliance, Neb., Sept. 6.—(Special.)—The contract for the Burlington new \$85,000 power plant at Alliance has been let to the Home Builders' Construction company of Omaha and the work will be started immediately, according to General Superintendent A. G. Smart. The contract price does not include the cost of engines and boilers. The new plant will be one of the most modern and best equipped in the west, incorporating all of the latest ideas in engineering facilities. It is an important step in enlarging the repairing equipment at Alliance and will increase the company's working forces to considerable extent. New drop pits and other improvements will be added within another year, Mr. Smart says. A new master mechanic's building, costing approximately \$4,000, has just been completed.

"Hammer Murder" Defense Attorneys Withdraw

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 6.—A legal firm of attorneys has served notice of withdrawal from the defense of Mrs. Clara Phillips, indicted for the so-called "hammer murder" of Miss Alberta Meadows. No reason was given for the lawyers' action. Representatives of the public defender's office recently conferred with Mrs. Phillips.

Relief From Heat Wave Predicted

Colder Wave Sweeping Eastward After Torrid Period With Temperature 101.

Relief from several days of intense heat, that reached a climax at 2 yesterday afternoon when the mercury clung to 102 degrees, was promised by M. V. Robins, meteorologist, last night. Freezing temperature in Alberta, Canada, as well as parts of Oregon and Montana, is expected to be felt here today, according to the weather man.

The cold wave which is sweeping westward brought the temperature at Yellowstone park to 42 yesterday. The temperature at Kalispell, Mont., was 38. At Helena and Billings, Mont., it was 40.

A general sinking temperature was reported throughout Nebraska last night, especially in the western part of the state.

Indications yesterday morning were that the heat record for the year, 102, would be duplicated. At 5 it was 77; at 8 the mercury stood at 82 and at 9 a 86. By 12 the temperature was 98, reaching 101 at 2. A drop of two degrees took place in the next two hours.

96 at Chicago. Chicago, Sept. 6.—The second hottest day of the year, with the mercury registering officially 96 degrees, brought two deaths and scores of prostrations to Chicago. It was the sixth day of the present hot wave.

On the south side of the city the heat was broken by a terrific freak wind and rainstorm which lasted 15 minutes. One man was killed by a falling wall. Dr. J. A. Carstow of Mount Vernon, Ia., dropped unconscious in the lobby of a downtown hotel today. He is thought to have been overcome by the heat.

Prostrations at Norfolk

Norfolk, Neb., Sept. 6.—Spt. Tel.—The mercury touched 100 here yesterday and several prostrations were reported. The heat has been general all over north Nebraska during the past few days and corn is reported suffering badly. Pastures are drying up.

Hot in Iowa

Des Moines, Iowa, Sept. 6.—High temperatures prevailed throughout Iowa today. Mason City reported that the temperature rose to 102. All September heat records were broken at Iowa City when the mercury rose to 100.

The Weather

Forecast. Thursday fair and cooler. Hourly Temperatures.

Table with columns for city, temperature, and time.