



HOME GARDEN SHOULD PRODUCE SURPLUS FOR WINTER STORAGE



Boys Gathering the Product of Their Work, and They Are Pleased.

A half-acre garden, if cared for properly, will produce far more vegetables than the average family can consume during the maturing period of the crops. Only a small portion of a garden of this size should be devoted to those vegetables that must be used as soon as they reach maturity. It is advisable to devote the major portion of the space to those crops which if not needed at once may be kept for winter use. In fact, if the space is available the garden should be planned with the definite purpose of growing crops for storage for winter use.

Late beets, late cabbage, carrots, celery, onions, parsnips, late potatoes, sweet potatoes, salsify, and late turnips may be stored in their natural condition and if possible should be grown to the extent of the family needs for storage for winter use.

Work Garden All Season.

It is possible in nearly all sections of the country to grow late beets, late cabbage, late potatoes and turnips on ground that has already produced a crop of lettuce, radishes, beans, early peas, early potatoes, or some crop requiring a relatively short period for its maturity. Gardeners are inclined to neglect the opportunities for crop production in the garden after the first of the season has passed and frequently space is allowed to lie idle that should be producing a crop of late potatoes, cabbage or turnips. In sections where the season is short it is possible to plant the late crops between the rows of early crops before the early

crops are removed, thus gaining two or three weeks' time.

Late potatoes may be planted on ground from which early peas or string beans have been removed.

Late cabbage may be planted between the rows of early potatoes before this crop is mature. Turnips may be sown between the rows of late corn and late bush beans. Late beets may be planted between the rows of late beans and will grow long after frost has killed the beans.

Storage in the Home.

By utilizing every square foot of space in the garden a considerable quantity of vegetables may be grown for storage for winter use. If no storage facilities exist in the home all the crops suitable for keeping may be stored in outdoor banks or pits. However, it is not at all difficult to provide storage facilities in most homes, it being only necessary to make use of the cellar, the attic, a large closet, or other parts of the dwelling, depending upon the character of the product to be stored.

Beans, including the Limas, may be stored dry, and it is advisable to grow them to as great an extent as possible for winter use. Limas and other pole beans may be planted around the fence, it being possible in this way to produce considerable quantities of dried beans for winter use. The pods should be allowed to remain on the vines until dry enough to rattle, should then be gathered, spread on the attic floor or in some other dry place, and when dry, shelled and stored in bags.

GOOD SUCCESSION OF CROPS

Garden Should Be Kept Busy All Season—Plan Given for Grouping Various Vegetables.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
All the ground in the garden should be kept fully occupied all the season. As soon as one crop is removed, something else should take its place. The following grouping of vegetables will serve to indicate which ones may precede or follow others.

Crops Occupying the Ground All the Season.

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Beans, pole | Pumpkins |
| Peas, pole Lima | Peppers |
| Cucumbers | Potatoes, Irish, main crop |
| Eggplant | Tomatoes |
| Melons | Squash |
| Okra | Potatoes, sweet |
| Onions, from seed | Parsnips |

Early Crops Which May Be Followed by Others.

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| Beans, bush | Peas |
| Beets | Potatoes, early |
| Cabbage, early | Radish |
| Carrots | Spinach |
| Corn, early | Turnips |
| Lettuce | |

Late Crops Which May Follow Others.

- | | |
|------------------|-------------|
| Beets | Kale, sweet |
| Brussels sprouts | Peas |
| Cabbage, late | Spinach |
| Cauliflower | Turnips |
| Celery | |

In planning the garden all early-maturing crops should be grouped together, so that after removal the ground will be available as a unit for planting something else. It is not always necessary to wait until the crop is removed. Late cabbage or sweet corn may be planted between the rows of early potatoes some two or three weeks before the potatoes are harvested. Some dissimilar crop should follow the first crop occupying the ground, in order to help in the control of insects and diseases.

WITH THE LARK!

Gardening before breakfast starts any day right. Those tomato stakes? Where are they? Expensive kindling. Are you saving some finely sifted coal ashes to loosen that clayey spot?

Planting Castor Beans.

A bushel of castor beans of the India variety will plant from 15 to 20 acres. The seed should be soaked in warm water for 12 to 24 hours before planting. Such treatment makes germination more rapid and certain.

Mining Soil Profitable.

Mining the soil can only be made profitable by the miner turning manufacturer and selling his product on the market nearest the consumer, and returning the waste to the soil.

COMING UP TO SCRATCH

Surely a uniform! Overalls. A few yards of wire netting may mean peace with your chicken-loving neighbor. If that doesn't work, try a gentle message to his wireless run.

Growing Specialties.

It will pay the home gardener to grow certain specialties of which he may be fond, and which may be troublesome or expensive to purchase. Okra is an example of this class, and little beds of parsley, chives or other herbs take up very little room and provide the housewife with additions for her table which are most welcome if they can be picked conveniently and at the right moment.

Plants which grow high and cause heavy shade should not be located where they will interfere with sun-loving small plants. It is well, also, to separate perennials, such as rhubarb and asparagus which are not cultivated, from plants which must be tilled.

The same kind of vegetables should not be grown twice, if this can be avoided, in the same part of the garden. If a radically different kind is grown, disease spores and insects, though present in the soil, probably will not attack the second crop.

Ready Market for Crops.

Early cabbage, cauliflower, celery tomato and other garden plants should find a ready market this year. Florists in some of the towns and cities are using part of their houses for growing this kind of stock.

Depth for Planting Beans.

Beans of any kind should not be planted any deeper than is necessary to secure good germination. This should never be more than 2 inches and on heavy soil it should not be more than 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 inches.

Many Gardens Neglected.

Many gardens which start very favorably in the spring gradually decline in productivity as the season advances and become weed patches long before fall arrives.

Great Nitrogen User.

Corn is a great user of nitrogen, while potatoes and root crops need plenty of potassium. Has your soil enough of these?

Don't Experiment.

Do not experiment with crops about which you know nothing. There is no easy way of beating the crop production game.

HAVE TRADITIONS OF GLORY

Heroic Memories of the Past Inspire Many Regiments of the Army of the United States.

We have heard of those British regiments the "Black Watch," "Seaforth Highlanders," "Inniskilling Fusiliers," "Sherwood Foresters," and some others, famous for the long years they have been in existence, for their heroic deeds in past wars, for the traditions that have come down through generations of soldiers, of what they did at Waterloo, or Inkermann, or at the siege of Lucknow.

Who, outside the army itself, know that we in America have regiments more than a century old, with heroic traditions, too? That fact was brought to mind the other day by a little news item recording the annual dinner in Camp Eagle Pass, Texas, of the officers' mess of the Third United States Infantry regiment, and said the item: "Ever since the battle of Monterey, in the Mexican war, when for three days the Third bore the brunt of a great battle, it has been the custom for the officers to assemble annually for a regimental dinner."

But the history of that regiment goes away back of that battle in Mexico in September, 1847. It goes back over 125 years of active service, since its organization in 1792 as the "Infantry of the Third Sublegion." Four years later it became the Third Infantry, and so it has remained ever since.

This famous regiment was not in the Revolutionary war, but many veterans of that war were in its first organization. It was part of the first regular army of the United States, and fought in the War of 1812 and in the campaigns against warring Creek, Chippewa, Sioux and Blackfeet Indians. In the days before there was a house or a road in Kansas territory it did duty there. It went through the Mexican war, the Civil war and the Spanish-American war.

But there is an older regiment than the Third. The First regiment of Infantry was organized in 1789, from a regiment of state troops which fought under Washington in the Revolutionary war, and it is yet in existence, its colonel being Daniel L. Howell of Iowa. This regiment has a history of glorious deeds, too; and both these old regiments will have those traditions of the past to spur them on to greater deeds in this war.

Indians Making Good Soldiers.

At a soldiers' camp in Texas there is a Cherokee, Jesse Fixon. He can't talk English, but he can talk the allied language. A few days ago he wanted to convey some message to a lieutenant, and, using an interpreter and sign language, he declared he wanted to go to France right away and bayonet the kaiser all by himself. There are some noted members of the various tribes in service. George Baconrind, son of Chief Baconrind, of the Osage nation, is a good soldier and patriotic. His father, back in the Osage country, still wears a blanket. Herbert Whiteshield, a noted baseball player, sought by several major league clubs, is in the army. At one of the cantonments Major Koehler, long West Point swordmaster, put the men through strenuous exercise. It was play for Indians. Some men were overcome and had to drop out, but not one of the Indians did. The Indians, too, are not only healthy and strong as a race, but they follow all the sanitary regulations in camp. Several Indians have reached the grade of captain.

Military Decorations.

They are as follows: Great Britain, Victoria Cross of bronze, with red ribbon for the army and blue ribbon for the navy; Great Britain, Distinguished Service Order in enamel, red ribbon with blue stripes; Prussia, Order of the Red Eagle in enamel, white ribbon with yellow stripes; Prussia, Iron Cross of iron and silver, black ribbon with white stripes; Russia, Order of St. George in enamel or silver, black ribbon with orange stripes; Belgium, Order of Leopold in gold and enamel, maroon ribbon; France, Croix de Guerre in bronze, ribbon with green and red stripes; France, Legion of Honor in gold and enamel, red ribbon; France, Medaille Militaire in gold and enamel, ribbon with yellow and green stripes; Italy, Order of Savoy in gold and enamel, ribbon with red and blue stripes.

Nature's Inconsistencies.

"How shall we interpret the singing of birds?" asks John Burroughs in an article in Harper's. "Our turkey-buzzard has no voice because it has no syrinx (the musical box of the birds)," he says. "Maybe Nature did not dare trust the uncleanly glutton to speak. The hawks and the eagles she seems more liberal with because theirs is a nobler type of savagery."

"And yet, not to be too sure about nature's motives, there is the European stork, a rather noble bird, which has no voice. It is not easy to fathom nature's inconsistencies. See what a voice she has given to the frogs, and none to the turtles! Behold the noisy crickets and grasshoppers and the silent marmot and the silent skunks and porcupines!"

Rouse a Fighting Spirit.

The Trenton Republican offers this proof that Thrift Stamps rouse fighting spirit: One Trenton kid had 13 cents another 12 cents. They bought a Thrift Stamp together and then fought to see in which one's book it should be pasted.—Kansas City Times.

A Word of Precaution.

JUST wherein lies the reason for the use of vegetable preparations for infants and children?

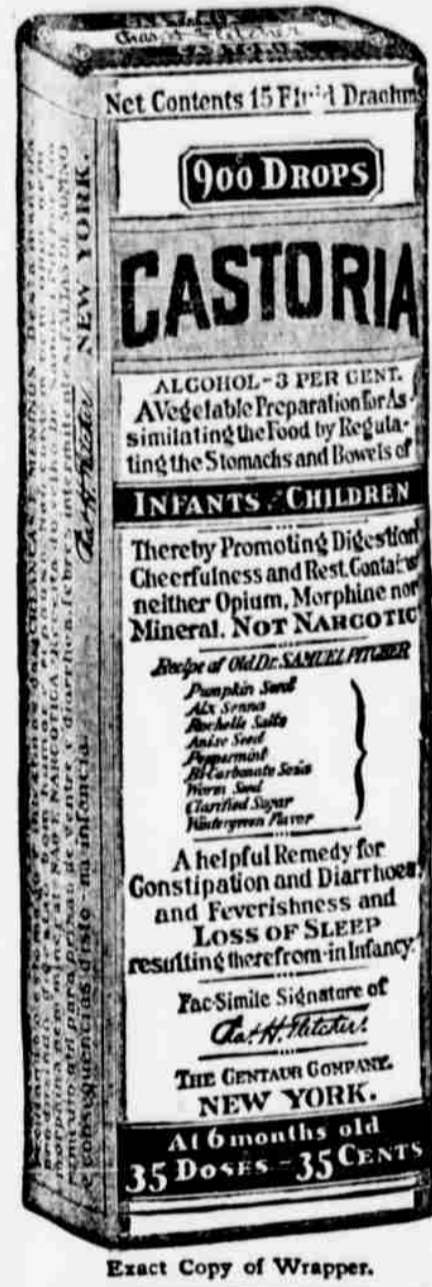
Why are any but vegetable preparations unsafe for infants and children?

Why are Syrups, Cordials and Drops condemned by all Physicians and most laymen?

Why has the Government placed a ban on all preparations containing, among other poisonous drugs, Opium in its variously prepared forms and pleasing tastes, and under its innumerable names?

These are questions that every Mother will do well to inquire about.

Any Physician will recommend the keeping of Fletcher's Castoria in the house for the common ailments of infants and children.



Children Cry For



Letters from Prominent Druggists addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

S. J. Briggs & Co., of Providence, R. I., say: "We have sold Fletcher's Castoria in our three stores for the past twenty years and consider it one of the best preparations on the market."

Mansur Drug Co., of St. Paul, Minn., says: "We are not in the habit of recommending proprietary medicines, but we never hesitate to say a good word for Castoria. It is a medical success."

Hegeman & Co., of New York City, N. Y., say: "We can say for your Castoria that it is one of the best selling preparations in our stores. That is conclusive evidence that it is satisfactory to the users."

W. H. Chapman, of Montreal, Que., says: "I have sold Fletcher's Castoria for many years and have yet to hear of one word other than praise of its virtues. I look upon your preparation as one of the few so called patent medicines having merit and unhesitatingly recommend it as a safe household remedy."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS BEARS

the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

Population of the Earth.

In 1787 the population of the earth, according to Bueching, was about 1,000 millions; in 1800, according to Fabri and Stein, only 900 millions; in 1833, according to Stein and Horschelman, 872 millions. In 1858 Dietrich estimated it at 1,296 millions and Kolb, in 1865, at 1,220 millions. According to the largest calculations the earth is inhabited by 1,400 million happy (?) human beings.

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY AILMENTS

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a medicine for curable ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of distressing cases. Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription for special diseases, makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Force of Habit.

"Say, Maggie, what has become of that drug clerk who was paying you such marked attention?" "I guess he thought I was a bottle of medicine. He shook me."

"REALLY, NOW—"

"I can't take that. I must have Red Cross Ball Blue. I have used it for more than ten years. My white dresses, linens and lace curtains are snowy white. I simply can't do without Red Cross Ball Blue. You will get it? All right, I'll wait."—Adv.

One Help.

"Can you throw any light upon this theory of astral bodies?" "Well, we have some good astral lamps."

Have a Clear Skin.

Make Cuticura Soap your every-day toilet soap and assist it now and then by touches of Cuticura Ointment to soften, soothe and heal. For free samples address "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

Paradoxical.

He—"I see where we may expect another coal famine." She—"Then we will have hot times this winter."

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort, 60 cents at Druggists or Mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

The Suspense That Kills.

Stranger—There doesn't appear to be much lawlessness about your town. Bad Bill—No. We won't stand for it round here.

Stranger—Ah. I suppose when any bad character drift into your town you immediately expel him.

Bad Bill—Well—er—most frequent we suspend 'em.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion. Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

A lot of people who never knew what thrift was are beginning to find out a good deal about it.

Adam and Eve probably used the date tree in reckoning time.

Take Care of Your Horses! Nothing else will do so much to keep them in fine condition as Dr. David Roberts' PHYSIC BALL and HORSE TONIC. Price 50c each. Once every three months—makes a sleek coat, prevents worms, etc. Read the Practical Home Veterinarian Book for free booklet on Absortion in Cows. If no dealer in your town, write Dr. David Roberts' Vet. Co., 100 Grand Avenue, Waukegan, Wis.



W. V. SULLIVAN Former U. S. Senator From Mississippi.



For Constipation Carter's Little Liver Pills will set you right over night. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Carter's Iron Pills

Will restore color to the faces of those who lack iron in the blood, as most pale-faced people do.



PARKER'S HAIR BALM A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

I Want to Hear From Owner of a Farm or unimproved land for sale. Rev. W. Booth, Toledo, Ind.

W. N. U., LINCOLN, NO. 22-1918.

How Ex-Senator Banished Stomach Trouble

A Wonderful Testimonial Endorsing EATONIC

Gentlemen: I have used EATONIC tablets in my family and find it a most excellent remedy for dyspepsia and all forms of indigestion. Yours respectfully, W. V. SULLIVAN.

EATONIC (FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE)

At All Druggists Quickly Removes All Stomach Misery—Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Flatulence, Heartburn, Sour, Acid and Gassy Stomach

Here's the secret: EATONIC Drives the Gas out of the body—and the Bloat goes with it. Guaranteed to bring relief or money back. Get a box today. Costs only a cent or two a day to use it.

Send for the "Eaton" Book, Address Eaton's Specialty Co., 1018-24 St. Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.