RULES TO NEW ARMY

DRAFTED MEN ARE TOLD BY GEN. CROWDER HOW TO REPORT FOR DUTY.

BOARDS IN CHARGE OF MEN

Recruits Will Be Summoned to the Colors on September 1 and Sent to the Training Camps Within Four Days.

Washington, Aug. 11.—Local exemption boards will be in full charge of assembling the men called to the colors September 1. They wil give the new fighting force its actual induction into military life, provide the men with meals, shelter and transportation, and escort them personally to the train for the mobilization camps.

Explicit regulations under which the first segment of the national army will be mobilized were issued by Provost Marshal General Crowder at Washington.

The details of the program for mobilizing the first 230,000 men called to the colors September 1 and forwarded to their camps before September 5 are as follows:

The actual call will go from the provost marshal general to the state adjutant general, stating the number of men to be supplied. Each local board will be at once informed of how many men it must furnish and the adjutant general will fix the day for entraining the men.

The local board at once will make out the list of men to fill the call from the roll of accepted men, and will fix the place of entrainment and time of departure.

Orders to the men will be posted and also sent by mail. The men will be directed to report to the local board not less than 12 hours before the time of departure for camp.

Before the men arrive at board headquarters the board members must arrange for their accommodation.

At board headquarters at the hour fixed for reporting the men will be drawn up, the roll called and agents will take them personally to their quarters, remaining with them until every arrangement for their comfort has been made. Emphatic notice is given that the quality of food shall be good, and the board is held liable for seeing that meals are adequate.

For each district five alternates will be summoned. They will be held at the assembling point until train time to fill in vacancies should any men of the levy fail to report.

RUSS PEOPLE ARE LOVABLE

Member of U. S. Commission in Petrograd Didn't See Drunken Man or Fist Fight.

Washington, Aug. 10.—"Labor was the propelling force behind the Russian revolution, and labor will be a great and helpful factor in the making of the new government."

James Duncan, labor representative in the United States mission to Russia, made this statement.

"Already the workmen's, soldiers' and peasants' council is the single authoritative body in Russia," Mr. Duncan said. "Labor is organizing rapidly and the labor situation, I believe, is most hopeful.

"I attended the first labor convention in Russia, when twenty-nine labor unions were represented, and carried on their business in an orderly manner.

"The Russian people are as lovable and as fine a people as I have ever met. I was a whole month in Petrograd, and during that time I didn't see a drunken man. I didn't see a quarrel or a fist fight in the streets, and all of this with no police."

CANADIAN DRAFT BILL PASSES

Becomes Law After Royal Assent and Government Proclamation—Calls 100,000 Men.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 10.—The Canadian conscription bill successfully passed its last legislative stage when it received third reading in the senate. It becomes effective after the formalities of royal assent and government proclamation. The date on which the first class will be called, composed of single men between the ages of twenty and thirty-two years, will be determined as soon as tribunals are created to pass on applications for exemption. The authorities expect to have the 100,000 men sought by the bill in training by autumn.

Coffins Made of Cardboard.

Amsterdam, Aug. 10.—Coffins of waterproofed cardboard are now being made in Germany, according to the Tagliche Rundschau of Berlin. The lids are glued instead of being nailed down.

Candy Plot Kills Children.

Lordsburg, N. M., Aug. 10.—Three children are dead here and more than a dozen others are ill, as the result of an epidemic of diphtheria, believed to have been caused by distribution of inoculated candy among the children.

Turks Bombard Chios.

Athens, Aug. 10.—Official advices from Chios say the Turks have bombarded the island from Tchesme, a seaport of Asia Minor, 40 miles from Smyrna, sinking four sailing vessels and slightly damaging the town.

FOR MASTERY OF THE AIR

KAISER'S AIDS QUIT

DR. RICHARD VON KUEHLMANN SUCCEEDS ZIMMERMANN.

Officials Announced That Five Ministers and Five Secretaries of Cabinet Resign.

Berlin, Aug. 8.—Official announcement was made on Monday that five ministers of state, including Foreign Secretary Zimmermann, and four secretaries of state, including Finance Minister Lentze and Interior Minister von Loebell, have resigned their portfolios.

Dr. Richard von Kuehlmann, the German ambassador to Turkey, has been appointed secretary for foreign affairs in succession to Doctor Zimmermann.

The ministers and secretaries of state who resigned were:

Ministers of state:

Justice—Dr. Beseler, appointed November, 1905.

Ecclesiastical Affairs and Instruction—Dr. von Trott zu Solz, appointed July, 1909.

Agriculture, Domains and Forests—Dr. van Schoriemer, appointed in 1910.

Finance—Dr. Lentze, appointed August, 1910.

Interior—Herr von Loebell, appointed May, 1914.

Secretaries of state:

Post Office—Herr Kraetke.

Secretary of Justice—Doctor Lisco.

Secretary for Foreign Affairs—Dr. Alfred Zimmermann, appointed November, 1916.

President of the Food Regulation Board—Adolph von Batocki.

Dr. Karl Helifferich will continue to be the representative of the chancellor and a member of the ministry of state and temporary minister of the interior.

The vacant Prussian ministerial posts were filled as follows:

Minister of Justice—Dr. Peter Spahn, leader of the Catholic party in the reichstag.

Minister of the Interior—Under-Secretary Drews.

Minister of Instruction — Herr Schmidt, ministerial director.

Minister of Agricultural—Dr. Essen Hartruthe.

Minister of Finances—Doctor Hertz.

ILLINOIS LABOR CHIEF HELD

Charles Magowan Arrested by U. S. Officers While Addressing Striking Rock Island Railroad Shopmen.

Moline, Ill., Aug. 9.—Charles Magowan, president of the Tri-City Federation of Labor, comprising all union workmen of Moline, Rock Island, Davenport and East Moline and many of the employees of the Rock Island arsenal was arrested on Tuesday by United States secret service operatives. He was addressing a secret meeting of striking Rock Island railroad shopmen in East Moline. Oliver Griffin, an alleged I. W. W. agitator, also was taken into custody.

O. K.'S REVISED WAR TAX BILL

Most of New Taxes for War Expenses Come From Incomes, Excess Profits, Liquor and Tobacco.

Washington, Aug. 8.—The war tax bill finally revised to meet latest estimates was favorably reported by the senate finance committee on Monday. It proposes to raise $2,006,970,000 by taxation.

Most of the new taxes proposed under the revised bill for war expenses of the present fiscal year would come from incomes, war excess profits, liquor and tobacco taxes.

Chicago's Draft Is Ready.

Chicago, Aug. 11.—Maj. B. M. Chiperfield, superintending exemptions here, said he would wire Provost Marshal General Crowder at Washington at once that 10,000 drafted Chicago men will be ready for the army Monday.

Germans Kill With New Gas.

Hazebrouck, Aug. 11.—British medical officers are trying to determine the nature of the new poison used, it is believed for the first time, by the Germans on the French town of Armentieres, near the Belgian frontier.

TROOPS QUELL A RIOT

ILLINOIS SOLDIERS ARE CALLED IN STREET CAR STRIKE.

Springfield Policeman Shot and Killed—Battle Follows Attempt to Disperse Crowd.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 9.—Five hundred soldiers of southern Illinois, commanded by Col. Claude E. Ryan of Effingham, are on guard duty in Springfield following incipient riots in various parts of the city on Tuesday night in connection with the street car strike. Adjt. Gen. Frank S. Dickson assumed personal command of the Ninth infantry, and mobs in all parts of the city were dispersed.

The riots followed the shooting of Policeman Noah Bell, who was attempting to disperse a crowd at Ninth street and North Grand avenue. Bell died a few hours later at a local hospital. Two bullets, alleged to have been fired from a street car, manned by nonunion men, hit Bell in the head. Five men are under arrest, pending an investigation. They are: Ralph Castles, son of former Chief of Police H. Castles of Springfield; Oscar Strok and Joe Frese of St. Louis, who say they were hired to come to Springfield to guard street cars, and Motorman William Koeble and Conductor Gus Lane.

RECORD 1917 CROP FOR U. S.

Government Estimates Corn Yield at 3,191,000,000 Bushels This Year—Wheat Crop Is Reduced.

Washington, Aug. 10—Corn to relieve the hunger of the nations at war with Cermany; to furnish the alcohol for the powder for the shells of America and its allies; to feed all American live stock and bring down the price of beef and pork, and to make up for the shortage in wheat which is felt over the world, is nearing maturity on American farms, according to the August government crop report.

The indicated yield of this king of American cereals is 3,191,000,000 bushels—a larger crop than was ever raised in a single year before. It is 67,000,000 bushels larger than was indicated in the July report, and 608,000,000 bushels larger than was raised last year.

The winter wheat yield is now harvested, and is estimated by the government at 417,000,000, a gain of 15,000,000 bushels over the July forecast. The promise for the whole nation is 653,000,000 bushels, or only 13,000,000 bushels above the short crop of last year, indicating that there must be a large substitution of other foods for wheat, if the United States is to spare any large amount of this grain for its allies.

The oats crop, however, mostly harvested now, is a record-breaker. It is estimated at 1,456,000,000, compared with a yield of 1,252,000,000 last year.

The indicated yield of white potatoes is for 467,000,000, compared with only 285,000,000 bushels last year.

WOMAN'S BODY IN QUICKLIME

Wisconsin Murder Has Features Like Ruth Cruger Case—Suspected Man Is Missing.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 8.—Discovery of the body of Mrs. Cora Miller, buried in quicklime, in an unused cellar of the home of Edwin Haughe, farmer, cleared up the mystery surrounding the disappearance of the woman from the home of her employer, Hiram Lovejoy, near the village of West Salem, La Crosse County, February 24. Haughe has not been found.

Nig Clarke Passes Naval Test.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 11.—Slipping quietly up two flights of stairs, Justin (Nig) Clarke, former baseball star, stripped before recruiting officers of the United States Marine corps and passed the physical examination.

Poles Are Court-Martialed.

Copenhagen, Aug. 11.—Several members of the Polish radical left have been tried by a German court-martial for attempting to incite the populace of Poland to disturbance, according to a dispatch from Berlin.

AGENTS ARE CHOSEN

MEN TO AID EXEMPTION BOARDS NAMED BY GOVERNOR.

TO WATCH FEDERAL INTERESTS

Representatives Expected to Prevent Fraud in Evading Service—Each County Has Official.

Lincoln.—Acting upon the request of the war department, Governor Neville announced the appointment of special agents in each county in Nebraska and in each registration district, who will represent the United States government in presenting to county exemption boards and to state appeal boards such information as may tend to show fraudulent exemption claims. These men are expected to secure all of the evidence which they can to prevent men from establishing false claims for exemption. Ample provisions have been made whereby a man subject to the draft might claim exemption and appeal to one of the state boards in case his request is denied. It is thought only a proper safeguard to prevent men getting excused on improper grounds, thereby requiring others to be drawn in their places, that there also be some person in every county to gather information on behalf of the government. The special agents in Nebraska counties except Douglas and Lancaster, are:

Adams—Volney B. Trimble, Hastings.
Antelope—Lyle E. Jackson, Neligh.
Arthur—Milton J. Bauer, Arthur.
Banner—M. E. Shafto, Harrisburg.
Blaine—E. G. Reed, Brewster.
Boone—C. G. Barns, Albion.
Box Butte—Robert Graham, Alliance.
Boyd—Sylvester S. Parsons, Spencer.
Brown—Ben H. Burritt, Ainsworth.
Buffalo—W. D. Oldham, Kearney.
Burt—A. M. Anderson, Tekamah.
Butler—M. J. Bouse, David City.
Cass—A. G. Cole, Plattsmouth.
Cedar—Wilber F. Bryant, Hartington.
Chase—Fred Hoffmeister, Imperial.
Cherry—T. M. Walcott, Valentine.
Cheyenne—J. G. McIntosh, Sidney.
Clay—Harry H. Johnson, Clay Center.
Colfax—W. I. Allan, Schuyler.
Cuming—J. C. Elliott, West Point.
Custer—M. S. Eddy, Broken Bow.
Dakota—Thomas Ashford, Homer.
Dawes—E. D. Crites, Chadron.
Dawson—George C. Gillan, Lexington.
Deuel—L. O. Pfeiffer, Chappell.
Dixon—H. P. Shumway, Wakefield.
Dodge—Ray Nye, Fremont.
Dundy—Paul Jones, Benkelman.
Fillmore—Frank O. Edgecombe, Geneva.
Franklin—S. Y. Hartt, Bloomington.
Frontier—James Pearson, Moorfield.
Furnas—G. E. Simon, Beaver City.
Gage—L. W. Colby, Beatrice.
Garden—H. J. Curtis, Oshkosh.
Garfield—Guy Laverty, Burwell.
Gosper—O. E. Bozarth, Elwood.
Grant—D. F. Osgood, Hyannis.
Greeley—J. R. Swain, Greeley.
Hall—J. D. Whitmore, Grand Island.
Hamilton—Fred Jeffers, Aurora.
Harlan—J. G. Thompson, Alma.
Hayes—M. F. Wasson, Hayes Center.
Hitchcock—J. F. Ratcliff, Trenton.
Holt—J. C. Donahue, O'Neill.
Hooker—W. C. Heelan, Mullen.
Howard—Frank J. Taylor, St. Paul.
Jefferson—E. A. Wunder, Fairbury.
Johnson—Frank A. Safranek, Tecumseh.
Kearney—Charles A. Chappell, Minden.
Keith—E. M. Searle, Ogalalla.
Keya Paha—R. C. McCulley, Springview.
Kimball—James A. Rodman, Kimball.
Knox—D. C. Laird, Center.
Lincoln—T. C. Patterson, North Platte.
Logan—R. L. Baker, Gandy.
Loup—Orville Chatt, Taylor.
McPherson—J. Weller Tryon.
Madison—John R. Hays, Norfolk.
Merrick—John C. Martin, Central City.
Morrill—G. J. Hunt, Bridgeport.
Nance—Albert Thompson, Fullerton.
Nemaha—Richard F. Neal, Auburn.
Nuckolls—George Jackson, Nelson.
Otoe—C. W. Livingston, Nebraska City.
Pawnee—C. A. Shappel, Pawnee City.
Perkins—B. F. Hastings, Grant.
Phelps—O. C. Anderson, Holdrege, R.
Pierce—M. H. Leamy, Pierce.
Platte—C. J. Garlow, Columbus.
Red Willow—Patrick Walsh, McCook.
Polk—H. H. Campbell, Osceola.
Richardson—John Mullen, Falls City.
Rock—J. J. Carlin, Bassett.
Saline—B. V. Kohout, Wilber.
Sarpy—A. E. Langdon, Papillion.
Saunders—E. E. Placek, Wahoo.
Scottsbluff—Fred A. Wright, Gering.
Seward—J. J. Thomas, Seward.
Sheridan—C. Patterson, Rushville.
Sherman—C. W. Trumble, Loup City.
Sioux—A. G. Schnurr, Harrison.
Stanton—W. P. Cowan, Stanton.
Thayer—T. H. Carter, Hebron.
Thomas—J. H. Evans, Thedford.
Thurston—Guy T. Graves, Walthill.
Valley—Bert M. Hardenbrook, Arcadia.
Washington—N. T. Lund, Blair.
Wayne—John T. Bressler, Wayne.
Webster—Bernard McNeny, Red Cloud.
Wheeler—J. M. Shreve, Bartlett.
York—T. W. Smith, York.

Suffs May Fight Petition.

Possible legal action to prevent the submission of the partial suffrage law under the referendum petitions which were recently filed by anti-suffragists with Secretary of State Pool and approved by him is hinted at by prominent suffrage workers. The suffragists said they had not finally determined on what course would be followed, but they had plenty of legal assistance if it was finally decided to file a suit to establish whether the petitions filed were sufficient. The suffragists contend there are a number of irregularities in the petition.

State's Assessed Valuation Grows.

Nebraska's total assessed valuation of property this year will reach $529,000,000, according to figures which Secretary Bernecker of the state board of equalization has compiled. With 91 counties reporting officially, the total valuation is $527,573,025. Allowing a small increase for the two which have not been officially heard from, the total state valuation will run over $529,000,000. Last year it was a trifle over $500,000,000. Every county in the state shows an increase.

Hard Cider Causes Trouble.

Hard cider, or a manufactured substitute for it, is giving state and county authorities some trouble in their efforts to enforce prohibition, and it promises also to make trouble for dealers in soft drinks who have been selling it. Samples of the stuff which have recently been sent in to Governor Neville from Fremont and Hastings, tested, respectively, 4 per cent and 6½ per cent of alcohol. It is unlawful to make or sell any beverage if it contains more than one-half of 1 per cent alcohol.

GUARD TO GO SOUTH.

Formation of Reserve Organizations to Be Pushed With Vigor.

Brigadier General Harries, commanding the Nebraska brigade, announced positively that the brigade troops will mobilize at their home stations and will proceed from there to Deming, N. M.

He also said there will be no announcement of the time they leave. With the taking into the federal service of the new Sixth regiment, all state troops are now in the federal service.

Following the departure of the National Guards the work of organizing Home Guard companies will be pushed with vigor.

Following is a letter to the chairmen of the county councils of defense, calling attention to the urgent necessity of organizing home guard units:

"Many inquiries have reached the State Council of Defense relative to the formation of the Home Guards in the several communities of the state. The state council, after consultation with Governor Neville and Adjutant General Steele, is authorized to give you the following information:

"That as soon as the National Guard regiments of Nebraska leave the state, the adjutant general, at the request of the governor, will immediately commence the organization of reserve militia forces, under rules and regulations as provided by law. This reserve militia will take the place of the present National Guard. When the reserve militia organizations are completed, if it becomes necessary in the smaller communities of the state, the governor will commission officers who will be authorized to organize Home Guard contingents for local purposes of protection and patriotic endeavor.

Counties Should Help.

"The several county councils are urged to encourage the work which Adjutant General Steele has undertaken in organizing reserve militia contingents and to assist him as much as possible in accomplishing this special task.

"The state council also calls the attention of the county councils to the mess fund movement which seeks to add additional provision for the comforts and needs of the enlisted men of the several National Guard regiments which are about to leave Nebraska. It is a very necessary and commendable thing to do and we ask the several county councils to assist generously this particular patriotic effort."

Vicksburg Commission Meets.

The Vicksburg commission met in the office of Governor Neville last Wednesday and discussed plans for the Nebraska train to the Vicksburg "Fifty Years of Peace" celebration to be held October 16 to 19. The last legislature voted $20,000 to send Nebraska veterans to the celebration. Five hundred and forty Nebraska veterans have registered for the trip, but not more than 500 are expected to go. It may be necessary for the veterans to pay their own expenses to the central part from which the veterans will leave for the south. Even then it may not be possible to pay all of the fare and the commission will then prorate it among men going on the trip.

Demands of Labor Reasonable.

Demand of Omaha labor unions as to hours of labor, wages and improved working conditions were not unreasonable, and unions at the present time are willing to accept conditions as they existed before the war, according to the report of the state board of mediation filed with Governor Neville.

The report rehearses the history of the Omaha building trades strike, and urges the governor and state council of defense to take some action, whereby Omaha employers may be brought to agree to return to "before the war" conditions and live up to the suggestions made by Secretary of Labor Wilson and indorsed by President Wilson.

County Agent Medium of Defense.

Nnder the provisions of administration's food control bill the sum of $115,000 has been set aside for county agent work in Nebraska. This will be sufficient to put a county agent in every county in the state, and to provide a food emergency agent for each district where regular county agents are not employed. County agents and food emergency agents will be put to work organizing and mobilizing agricultural Nebraska for maximum production.

Ordered to War Strength.

The War department has instructed all companies of the National Guard to recruit up to war strength, according to orders received at Guard headquarters in Lincoln. War strength of companies is 152 men.

Receives Interest On Bonds.

The state's first interest payment on its Liberty loan investment was received when Treasurer Hall got a draft for $885, covering the interest on the state's subscription for half a million dollars of the bonds.

Professor Offers Services.

Prof. Fogg of the University of Nebraska has offered his services to make speeches over the state on the national defense work.

Defense Councils to Meet.

The Nebraska state council of defense has planned a big meeting to be held at the state fair grounds during far week to take an inventory of the progress made in organizing the state for effective participation in the war.

SOLD SHOTGUN FOR TEN DOLLARS

And Filed on Western Canada Land. Now Worth $50,000.

Lawrence Bros. of Vera, Saskatchewan, are looked upon as being amongst the most progressive farmers in Western Canada. They have had their "ups-and-downs," and know what it is to be in tight pinches. They persevered, and are now in an excellent financial position. Their story is an interesting one. Coming in from the states they traveled overland from Calgary across the Battle river, the Red Deer river, through the Eagle Hills and on to Battleford. On the way their horses were stolen, but this did not dishearten them. They had some money, with which they bought more horses, and some provisions. When they reached Battleford they had only money enough to pay their ferriage over the Saskatchewan river, and this they had to borrow. It was in 1906 that they filed on homesteads, having to sell a shotgun for ten dollars in order to get sufficient money to do so. Frank Lawrence says:

"Since that time we have acquired altogether a section and a half of land, in addition to renting another three quarters of a section. If we had to sell out now we could probably realize about $50,000, and have made all this since we came here. We get crops in this district of from 30 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre and oats from 40 to 80 bushels to the acre. Stock here pays well. We have 1,700 sheep, 70 cattle and 60 horses, of which a number are registered Clydes."

Similar successes might be given of the experiences of hundreds of farmers throughout Western Canada, who have done comparatively as well. Why should they not dress well, live well, have comfortable homes, with all modern equipments, electric light, steam heat, pure ventilation, and automobiles. Speaking of automobiles it will be a revelation to the reader to learn that during the first half of 1917, 16,000 automobile licenses were issued in Alberta, twice as many as in the whole of 1916. In Saskatchewan, 21,000 licenses were issued up to the first of May, 1917. In its monthly bulletin for June the Canadian Bank of Commerce makes special reference to this phase and to the general prosperity of the West in the following:

"Generally speaking the western farmer is, in many respects, in a much better position than hitherto to increase his production. Two years of high prices for his products have enabled him, even with a normal crop, to liquidate a substantial proportion of his liabilities and at the same time to buy improved farm machinery. His prosperity is reflected in the demand for building materials motor cars and other equipment. It is no doubt true that some extravagance is evidenced by the astonishing demand for motor cars, but it must be remembered that many of these cars will make for efficiency on the farm and economize both time and labor."—Advertisement.

Tommy Explains.

A couple of Charlestown kiddies were celebrating Bunker Hill Day by exploding a few torpedoes, according to the Boston Transcript. Said Nellie: "I don't see how the Germans can blow up a big ship with one of these things."

"Oh, you girls can't expect to understand about such things," said Tommy, with a superior air. "Of course, the torpedoes they use are about a hundred times as big and they use a derrick to lift them up and drop them on the ship."

Conservation.

"Did you have any luck fishing?"

"Well, I didn't catch any fish. But I made the same piece of bait last a remarkably long time."

WOMAN COULD HARDLY STAND

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Fulton, N. Y. — "Why will women pay out their money for treatment and receive no benefit, when so many have proved that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will make them well? For over a year I suffered so from female weakness I could hardly stand and was afraid to go on the street alone. Doctors said medicines were useless and only an operation would help me, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved it otherwise. I am now perfectly well and can do any kind of work."—Mrs. NELLIE PHELPS, care of R. A. Rider, R.F.D. No. 5, Fulton, N. Y.

We wish every woman who suffers from female troubles, nervousness, backache or the blues could see the letters written by women made well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you have bad symptoms and do not understand the cause, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.