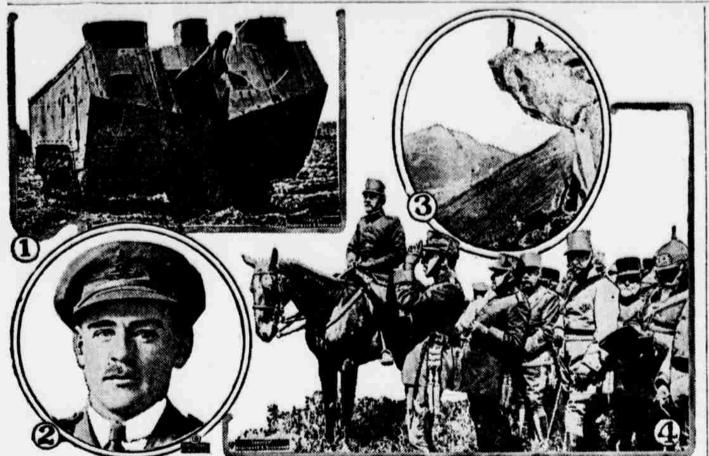
RED CLOUD, NEBRASKA, CHIEF



1-Striking close up view of the S., Chamond tank, latest of the French Leavening fortresses, which has revolving turrets. 2-Capt. Geoffrey Harper Bonnell, an American member of the Royal British flying corps, who brought to death Captain Boelke, the famous German aviator, and is now in America helping recruit Britons. 3-Sentries in the Alps on the Swiss border. 4-New photograph of King Alfonso of Spain and his staff at military maneuvers; internal disorders threaten the king's throne.

NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

Government Is Now Going After the Food, Munition and **Fuel Pirates.**



Other Agencies Attacking the Profiteers-Plans Pushed for Huge Amer-Ican Air Army-Russia Determined to Continue the War Against German Absolutism.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD. Uncle Sam last week began paying more special attention to the pirates that infest the land-the food pirates, the munition pirates, the fuel pirates and all the obnoxious brood of prof-Iteers whose greed for money obliterates their patriotism, if they ever had any of the latter quality. The warfare against these men and corporations is being carried on in the way of judicial investigations that will result in indictments and in proposed legislation by congress. The latter, of course, is the administration food control bill, may seem large, it really is insignifiwhich the president has been urging cant when compared with the total toward passage with the forceful assistance of Herbert C. Hoover. Mr. Hoover told a bunch of senators on "Tuesday why the measure should be passed, and answered all the objections of its opponents, headed by Vardaman, Gore and Reed. In the house on Thursday Representatives Madden and Cannon of Illinois made an attempt to have cotton included among the articles to be put under control, but the Southern Democrats rushed to the rescue of the cotton planter and defeated the plan. The majority also voted down a proposition by Haugen of Iowa to include clothing, shoes and implements in the measure. The opposition to the bill in the house was weaker than in the senate. Senator Sherman of Illinois fiercely attacked the measure as one designed to favor the city dweller and union labor and to injure the farmer, and he took the opportunity to say some very severe things about the administration, asserting it had been asleep for two years and now had waked up into hysteria.

young men are being selected for the work and put into training. For a long time Admiral Peary has been urging the building up of a powerful air service for our army and navy, and Brigadier General Squier has done all an active officer is permitted to do to forward such a plan, and now the government realizes that an immense fleet of airplanes is the quickest effective ald it can give to its allies in Eu-

rope. The aviation bill contemplates the establishment of 24 training camps and instruction in many technical schools; the construction of about 2,000 planes a month at the end of six months, with the number constantly increasing until it reaches 5,000 a month; the building at first mainly of training and observation machines and later of larger number of battle planes.

To fill up the ranks of the regular army, President Wilson issued a call for 70,000 volunteers between the ages of eighteen and forty years. Throughout the army the recruiting officers especially emphasized the fact that men who registered are welcome as volunteers and will have some advantages over those who wait to be drafted.

Registration slackers began getting what is coming to them last week. Their days of grace having expired, they were arrested wherever found and chucked into jail. Several of them already have been given prison sentences. Though the number of arrests

to start with, and already hundreds of | river, between Warneton and Armentieres.

Another German Flasco.

Germany's clumsy diplomacy came to grief again in the developments following the attempt of Robert Grimm, Socialist, to induce Russia to conclude a separate peace. When the intrigue was exposed, Grimm was driven from Russia, and last week Dr. Arthur Hoffman, a member of the Swiss federal council, who had a prominent part in the plot, resigned his office. The disclosures led to an excited mass meeting of protest and a pro-ally demonstration in Geneva. Grimm was denounced for trying to push Switzerland into the war for the purpose of serving Germany, and the crowds stoned the residences of pro-Germans.

Elihu Root and his colleagues spent the week getting acquainted with the true state of affairs in Russia, and were assured by the government officials that nothing would be concealed from them. Commander in Chief Brussiloff sent to General Robertson Wednesday a telegram assuring him that, "in honor bound, free Russia's armies will not fall to do their duty."

envoy, and his colleagues arrived in Washington and almost immediately gave out a statement of the program of the provisional government. This includes the absolute rejection of all thought of a separate peace and the achievement of universal peace without annexations or contributions and presuming no dominion over other nations. The provisional government manifested by the throngs of visitors, will take preparatory steps for an hundreds of whom promised personal



LATE NEWS FROM CAPITOL Items of General Interest Gathered

from Reliable Sources Around the

State House

Western Newspaper Union News Service. A new law enacted by the recent legislature of interest to all auto owners and drivers which necessarily includes the greater proportion of Nebraska's ighabitants, will go into effect July 24. This law, while it makes amendments and provisions for speed, brakes and other ideas connected with motordom, more particularly provides for the proper lighting of both pleasure and commercial cars. Under this new law, drivers at night are compelled to have a red tail light as well as proper front illumination, together with search lights. Many attempts have been made to provide proper regulations for light in night driving to eliminate all danger of accident coming through the glare. This new law specifically requires that no portion of the beam of reflected light from a car when measured seventy-five feet or more ahead of the lamps, shall rise above forty-two inches from the level surface upon which the vehicle stands. It can be readily seen that scientifically constructed light reflectors will be made necessary to meet with these strin-

30,000 People Visited It

gent demands.

Secretary A. E. Sheldon of the Nebraska State Historical society summarizes the events of the semi-centennial celebration as follows:

"The historical exhibit was under the supervision of the staff of the state historical society. Co-operating with the historical society were the Nebraska Daughters of the American Revolution, the Woman's Relief Corps, the Nebraska university museum and the State Horticultural society. Besides these there were over fifty individuals throughout the state who added their contributions either as loans or permanent contributions to the historical collections. During the three days that the historical exhibit was open to the public a careful estimate shows over 30,000 people visited Borls Bakhmetleff, special Russian it and nearly 5,000 registered their names on the historical society registry. Historical lectures with motion film and lantern slides pictures were shown three times daily to audiences aggregating about 6,000 people. The exhibit was thronged with visitors from eight in the morning until 11 o'clock at night. The most intense personal interest and appreciation was

ISSUES SAFETY WARNINGS State Council of Defense Tells People

to Beware of What May Happen. The Nebraska state council of defense has sent the following circular

to the county chairmen as a caution for public safety during patriotic rallies and other celebrations:

"At all patriotic rallies caution should be taken for the safety of all concerned in the following manner, in order to avoid any possible chance of viciousness on the part of non-sympathizers or fanatics.

(a) Special deputies should be so lected to guard the place of meeting.

(b) All packages and parcels should be examined before they are allowed to enter the meeting place and any persons arousing suspicion from his actions should not be allowed to enter. (c) Speakers should avoid, if possible, the shaking of hands at the conciusion of the addresses, especially where persons with handkerchiefs in their hands or where their hands are supposedly bandaged.

(d) The hall or grandstand should be thoroughly investigated directly before a meeting and a guard posted thereafter during the meeting to avoid any possibility of explosives being placed in the neighborhood.

(e) Where speakers are required to stay over night special precaution should be taken for their safety in stopping either at hotels or private places."

Will Bring a Test Suit

Silas Holcomb, a member of the board of control, has decided that a test suit will be brought to determine whether the auditor has authority to strike out items in claims for supplies for state institutions after they have been approved by the board, which is made responsible for them.

In this instance the item was one for \$7.05, for forty-seven carnations at the girls' industrial school at Geneva, the flowers being used for Mothers' day exercises. Mr. Smith, the auditor, did not strike the item from the claim, but his deputy. Fred Ayres, who has received the title of 'watchdog," did eleminate it, and Smith is inclined to back his assistant. **Commissioner Holcomb** was inclined to view the auditor's action as autocratic.

Reciprocal Demurrage Law

Nebraska railroads will be required to accept the main provision of the reciprocal demurrage law, which they are now fighting in the courts, as a condition precedent to their being allowed to charge the scale of demurrage rates for which they have sought permission at the hands of the state railway commission.

Before they are allowed to put into ffect the new demurrage schedule of \$2 per day for the first five days after free time has elapsed, and \$5 per day thereafter, they must agree in writing to obey the proviso in the reciprocal iemurrage act of 1915 penalizing them at the rate of \$2 per day for each car ordered by shippers, which the car riers fail to furnish within a specified

MEN AND Kidney trouble preys up-on the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheer-fulness often disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased. For good results use Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney medicine. At druggists. Sample size bottle by Parcel Post, also pamphiet. Address Dr. Kilmer's Co. Hinghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents. When writ-ing mention this paper.

TYPHOID is no more necessary experience has demonstrates the almost miraculous effi-decy, and harmlessness, of Antityphoid Vaccination. Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, you and your family. It is more vital than house insurance. At your physician, drugate, or sand for Haw Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccine, results from use, and danger from Typhoid Carties. Preducing Vaccines reducing Vaccines and Serums under U. S. Llesus The Cutter Laboratory, Barkeley, Cal., Chicago, IIL

KIII All Flies! THEY SPREAD Placed anywhere, Datay Fly Killor attracts and kills al

140 Dalay Fly Killer AROLD SOMERS, 180 DE HALB AVE., BROOKLYN, N. T



PATENTS Watson E. Col. Patent Lawyor, Was D. C. Advice and boo Bates reasonable. Highest references. Bett

W. N. U., LINCOLN, NO. 26-1917.

Fully Qualified.

The clergyman had advertised for a outler, and the next morning after breakfast a well-dressed, clean-shaven young man in black was ushered into his study.

"Name, please?" asked the clergyman.

"Hilary Arbuthnot, sir."

"Age?" "Twenty-eight."

"What work have you been accusomed to?"

"I am a lawyer, sir."

The Clergyman started. This was odd. However, he knew many were called in the law, but few chosen.

"But," he said, "do you understand the conduct of a household?"

"In a general way, yes," murmured the applicant.

"Can you carve?"

"Yes." "Wash glass and silver?"

"I-er-think so."

The young man seemed embarrassed. He frowned and blushed. Just then

the clergyman's wife entered. "Are you married?" was the first

question. "That," said the young man, "was

what I called to see your husband about, madam. I desire to know if he can make it convenient to officiate at my wedding at noon next Thursday week."

ANY CORN LIFTS OUT. DOESN'T HURT A BITI No foolishness! Lift your corns and calluses off with fingers-

Daniels Joits the Extortionists.

Secretary Daniels became weary of the extortions of the fuel magnates, and on Monday announced that the coal and oil the navy needed would be taken by the government and paid for at prices to be fixed by the government.. Producers of steel found themselves facing the prospect of the same action.

Organized labor also took a hand in the fight on the food extortionists and notified the administration, through the American Federation of Labor, that unless the prices of the necessities of life are brought down to reasonable figures, there probably will be an epidemic of strikes, possibly even a national tie-up in many industries.

The federal trade commission announced it was ready to begin its investigation of food conditions on July 1; the information obtained will be turned over to the food administrator and the department of justice.

Why should not the press of the country print prominently the names of the despicable creatures who are taking advantage of the nation's needs? Decent motives being lacking, fear of the public wrath might operate to induce them to cease their nefarlous work.

Planning Great Air Army.

More and more the government is becoming convinced that America's first big play in the war must be in in the air, and the plans for speedily sending many thousands of airplanes and aviators to the front from this country are being pushed with vigor. Congress is asked to make an aeronautic appropriation of \$600,000,000

registration. War department officials seem to be

having a hard time settling on the plans for the training camps for the National army. Over and over again the specifications are changed, and not much headway is being made. Instead of leaving the details to the regular army officers, who are experts in that line, the council of national defense has taken a hand and put "experts" of its own choosing in charge of various parts of the work, and the result so far has been confusion and delay. The council has been doing great work in many ways, but this looks like a case of too many cooks. The whole matter of getting the conscriptive army and the National Guard into training only emphasizes the wisdom of a universal service policy and law.

Submarines Very Active.

Germany's submarines put in another busy week, many reports of the sinking of allied and neutral vessels coming in. Among the ships sent down was the American oil tank steamship John D. Archbold, five of whose crew were lost. The vessel was armed and carried a gun crew from an American warship, but the gunners had not been supplied with range finders by the navy department.

Vice Admiral Sims, during the temporary absence of the British commander in chief, was appointed to take general charge of the operations of the allied naval forces in Irish waters, where the U-boats find most of their victims. The giving of this great responsibility to the American admiral shows the confidence the allies have in his ability and wisdom.

Two feats of the American destroyers in British waters were told during the week. One of these vessels came upon a submarine and promptly rammed it, probably sending it to the bottom. Two others, responding to wireless calls, rescued 80 survivors of two British ships that were torpedoed 100 miles away, the farthest point west in the Atlantic the U-boats have operated since the ruthless campaign began.

There was violent fighting in France throughout the week, but neither side made important gains. The Germans won first-line trenches from the British east of Monchy-le-Prieux and from the French east of Vauxaillon, but later were driven back again with heavy losses. The Canadian troops captured some positions in front of Lens, paving the way for a drive on that center of the coal fields.

Toward the end of the week the Germans yielded to the heavy pressure of the British in the territory dominated by the Messines ridge and abandoned the ground they had held on the western side of the bend of the Lys aid of the authorities.

agreement with its allies founded on its declaration of March 27, and its chief aim is stated to be to fortify the Democratic foundations of the army and organize and consolidate the nual historical society exhibit will be army's fighting power for its defensive as well as offensive purposes.

In Petrograd the all-Russian congress of workmen and soldiers unanimously resolved upon an immediate offensive, and the same sentiment was expressed in a manifesto issued by the military union of woman volunteers, which said "the workers are appealing for an unrelenting struggle against an enemy who is moved solely by imperialistic and slaving tendencies."

The provisional government has begun proceedings for the severe punishment of various high officials of the old regime, who are accused of breaches of the laws of the empire. Several former cabinet members and army commanders, including Protopopoff and General Rennenkampf, have been indicted.

Crisis in Austria-Hungary.

Not much news was allowed to come out of Austria-Hungary, but what did emerge indicates that the situation there becomes more critical daily. The Poles of the dual kingdom are virtually in revolt, demanding at least autonomy for their land, and nearly all the people are insistent for peace. The Austrian cabinet, headed by Clam-

Martinic, resigned. Conditions due mainly to the war have brought on a crisis in Spain that threatens to result in the deposition of King Alfonso, despite his personal popularity, and the establishment of yet another new republic in Europe. The censor, however is as busy there as in other countries, and the reports may be misleading.

Over in China matters seemed to be settling down peacefully, possibly in part the result of President Wilson's suggestion that the internal troubles there be brought to a pacific and speedy end. Several of the seceding provinces have said they would come back into the federal fold, and the president has called a new parliamentavy election.

Certain notoriously pro-German newspapers in Chicago, Milwaukee and elsewhere, some of them printed in the German language, are attracting the attention of the government agents by their continuous and vicious attacks on the allies of the United States and their thinly-velled opposition to this country's course in the war. With the skill of trained writers they may avoid suppression for treasonable utterance, but their sentiment and intent are evident, and if they cannot be reached by legal procedure, they may yet be squelched by the people without the

additions to the collections of the historical society. The interest evinced was so great it is likely, if adequate arrangements can be made, that an anmade at the Nebraska state fair."

To See That Order Is Carried Out Attorney General Reed, who intervened to put a stop to the Omaha strike, will personally see that the

The state's action in the strike situa-

"Should either side attempt to violate the restraining order issued by Judge Leslie," says Mr. Reed, "they may find that the federal and state governments will at once proceed against such individuals for treason against the state and the federal government, because, in effect, it would be lending aid and comfort to our enemies and will not be tolerated."

Will Heitzman, a former well known school man, has been appointed to the state normal board by Governor Neville. He succeeds A. L. Caviness for a term of five years. He was former instructor in the Lincoln schools and principal of the Beatrice schools.

Taking over by the United States

government of all railroad earnings over and above operating expenses and fixed charges, without assuming direct charge of the operation and swearing in all officers and employes of the carriers as government employes ouring the war, are the prinmation which has reached officials and railroad men in Nebraska. Rates interstate commerce commission.

Charging that moving pictures depicting the horrors of war are in line with the general German propaganda meant to discourage recruiting in the United States, a number of Nebraskans have addressed serious complaint tional guard have reported in Linto the state council of defense.

Such charges come not alone from the larger cities but from towns thruout the state where movies respond to June 20, but Major Spealman, to the popular clamor for war pictures. It is alleged that the pictures tell an untrue story, present but one phase, are incomplete and that their effect is generally bad at this time.

To Clear Up Uncertain Points

Attorney General Willis E. Reed states that he will soon start suit in the Lancaster district court to clear up some of the uncertain points in the prohibition law. The attorney general is still deluged with inquiries about certain provisons of the law and he believes that in some instances it will require an interpretation by the supreme court to clear them up. The provision which is causing the most trouble is the one relating to near beer. The attorney general indicated the suit would be a friendly test case for all parties concerned to secure the court's interpretation.

Discharged Guardsmen Must Register

Governor Neville has received a telegram from Marshal Crowder at Washington, D. C., in charge of registration, advising him that all discharged members of the Nebraska national guard, within the age limits of the draft law, must register. The telegram instructs the governor to proceed with registration of any discharged guardsmen in the state.

The Patriotic league of Nebraska, organized in Omaha at the outset of the war to promote patriotism in the state, is now merged with the Nebraska council of defense. It has a large membership over the state.

Expense of State Government It is costing the state of Nebraska about \$6,000,000 a year to run its government and maintain its institutions, according to official figures contained in the semi-annual report of State Auditor Smith to Governor Neville, for the period from Decemcipal features of the transportation ber 1, 1916, to May 31, 1917, incluprogram which is to be carried out sive. The total amount of warrants shortly, according to advance infor- paid by the state treasurer in that time was \$3,083,965. Of this gross sum, warrants totalling \$1.288.772. are to be collected as fixed by the were drawn against the general

Will Go to Fort Riley

Fourteen Nebraska doctors and thirteen enlisted men-chosen from the field hospital and the sanitary detachment of the Fifth Nebraska nacoln to go to Fort Riley for three months intensive training for medical war work. The camp opened whom the men reported has not yet decided just when the training corps will leave Lincoln. These men will serve as instructors in their detach ments on their return.

It's like magic!

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn, can harmlessly be lifted right out with the fingers if you apply upon the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority. For little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of

every corn or callus without pain. This simple drug dries the moment it is applied and does not even irritate the surrounding skin while ap-

plying it or afterwards. This announcement will interest many of our readers. If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to surely get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house .- adv.

They Understood.

Col. John Ward, M. P., is a popular hero.

When he was a sergeant and was licking into shape the raw recruits for his famous navvies' battalion his method of imparting instruction, though not always according to the drill book, was simple, direct and efficient.

Once, for instance, he was in charge of a squad at musketry.

"This," he said, "is the bayonet boss and this is the bayonet bar. Boss and bar-you can easily remember that; where you get your money and where you spend it."

The squad grinned sheepishly. But they understood-and remembered.

CUTICURA HEALS SORE HANDS

That Itch, Burn, Crack, Chap and Bleed-Trial Free.

In a wonderfully short time in most cases these fragrant, super-creamy emollients succeed. Soak hands on retiring in the hot suds of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub Cuticura Ointment into the hands for some time. Remove surplus Ointment with soft tissue paper. Free sample each by mail with Book.

Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere .-- Adv.

A Poor Finish.

"Would you believe it, I am grandmother at thirty-two?"

"I believe that you are a grandmother, but you're spoiling your story by tacking on the statement of your age."

A man who likes dogs will never fully understand the man who doesn't.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy No Smarting - Just Bye Comfort 10 co Druggists of mail. Write for Free Bye MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHI

fund.

court order is carried out, and will represent the state at the hearing, set for June 27, before Judge Leslie of the district court.

tion is the first of its kind in the his tory of the United States, according to the attorney general. He said he could recall no similar action where a state has intervened to halt both parties of a strike.