FALLING HAIR MEANS ANTI - CIGARET LAW DANDRUFF IS ACTIVE

Save Your Hair! Get a 25 Cent Bottle of Danderine Right Now-Also Stops Itching Scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff-that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its luster, its strength and its very life: eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die-then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight-now-any time-will surely save your hair.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, luster and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance; an incomparable gloss and softness, but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair-new hair-growing all over the scalp." Adv.

CARS PENETRATE THE DESERT

British in Egypt Find Travel by Motor Better Than Camel for Some Purposes.

I have motored in the Egyptian desert from eight or ten different places and I heard the same thing everywhere, "cars and camels for this job" -the car for the dash and rush to get there before anyone can hear you are moving; the camel, the old ship of the desert, for the slow and sure, time immemorial method. Both go where the railway is not and never will be; both play their different parts with almost unerring certainty, but until this war began only one man tried a motor journey in the desert, and he, like many another pioneer, was voted a fool. Yet today many hundreds of troops depend on cars for their subsistence, and they live as securely as comrades encamped on main railway lines, W. T. Massey writes in the London Telegraph. So perfect and reliable has the car supply service become that the vehicles move to a timetable, and at one spot I have seen two convoys which started 90 miles apart meet to exchange loads at the exact moment fixed by the conductor.

The cars have run over thousands of miles of the roughest desert. Water is as essential as petrol, and in a waterless area extreme care has to be taken against running short. It occasionally happens that cars get stuck, and they are freed by shoveling away the sand and laying down short lengths of planks beneath the wheels. Planks and stout ropes for towing form part of each car's equipment. new industry to be established at the is almost impossible to poison them. Specimens of twigs may be mailed The light cars are mostly of American make. They, too, have done well, but the wear and tear is infinitely greater than in British cars and as one machine wears out the best parts are transferred to motors beginning to show signs of failure.

INDIGESTION, GAS OR SICK STOMACH

Time it! Pape's Diapepsin ends all Stomach misery in five minutes.

Do some foods you eat hit backtaste good, but work badly; ferment into stubborn lumps and cause a sick, cour, gassy stomach? Now, Mr. or Mrs. Dyspeptic, jot this down: Pape's Diapepsin digests everything, leaving nothing to sour and upset you. There never was anything so safely quick, so certainly effective. No difference how badly your stomach is disordered you will get happy relief in five minutes, but what pleases you most is that it strengthens and regulates your stomach so you can eat your favorite foods without fear.

You feel different as soon as "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach-distress just vanishes-your stomach gets sweet, no gases, no belching, no eructations of undigested food.

Go now, make the best investment you ever made, by getting a large fiftycent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or bad stomach. Adv.

Not Served There.

The applicant for cook, in a story told by the Ladies' Home Journal, was untidy and insolent in appear-

"Don't hire her," whispered Jones to his wife; "I don't like her looks." "But," remonstrated his wife, "just consider the reputation for cooking she bears."

"That doesn't matter," said Jones testily; "we don't want any she-bears cooked; we don't like them."

Picked the Right Spot. "I see where a rich man has built a lake and flower garden on top of an

apartment house. That would be just the place for s truck garden."

"Why?" "I don't see how the neighbor's chickens could ever get up there."

LOWER HOUSE WOULD PROHIBIT THEIR USE

NEW INDUSTRY FOR THE PEN

Items of General Interest Gathered from Reliable Sources Around the State House

Western Newspaper Union News Service. One of the three anti-cigaret bills before the lower house has made its appearance and advanced to third reading without discussion and with only a few votes against it. H. R. 248, by Representative Fults, is designed to prohibit the smoking of cigarets in public places. The list of the places includes pasenger coaches, street cars, public autos, churches, court houses, school houses, hotels, restaurants, butcher shops, store rooms, barber shops, theaters and movies, postoffices, bank buildings, public or private stairways, depots,



DENING H. CRONIN®

Editor of O'Nelli Frontier, who is representing the Fifty-third district in the House for the fourth consecutive term.

box cars, livery stables, blacksmith shops, garages and basements.

Every person over eighteen years of age found guilty of violating the law shall be fined from \$1 to \$25 or shall be sent to the county jail for not more than ten days. The age limit in the original draft was sixteen, but it was advanced two years by the standing sommittee. It is also made unlawful for any owner of these public places to permit such smoking.

New Industry for Penitentiary.

Manufacturers of wagon boxes and state penitentiary for the purpose of The entomologists of the department wrapped in paper or, preferably, in a furnishing convicts with employment which will help make the institution self-supporting. A legislative committee is now investigating this plan. Warden Fenton favors it.

The committee has already recommended that an appropriation of \$35,-000 be made to purchase equipment and furnish working capital for a state broom-making plant at the prison. That industry has been operated there for many years under contract with a private firm which is now moving all its mechanical apparatus and raw material to its own plant in Lincoln.

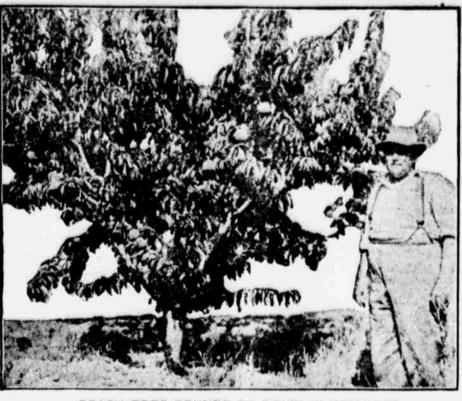
State Purchases Bonds

The state board of educational lands and funds has made the first purchase of irrigation bonds ever recorded. Altho the board has long been vested with authority to make such purchases, it has heretofore sidestepped the privilege. The initial purchase was of \$20,800 bonds of the Chimney Rock Irrigation district and \$25,200 of the Alliance Irrigation district. Both districts are near Bayard in the western part of Morrill county. The real estate value of the districts is more than \$300,000 and the bonded indebtedness less than \$50,000 each. Both recently rebuilt their works and these are said to be in excellent shape. The bonds draw 6 per cent and run for twenty years. The board also purchased \$21,500 of the bonds of school district No. 6, Nuckolls county.

Without debate the house has recmmended for passage H. R. 320, Norton's bill to have the guestion of calling a constitutional convention placed on the primary election ballots. If each party majority vote is favorable it is then counted as a part of the ticket and straight votes are deemed as for it. In this respect it is put on a par with all constitutional amendments. This method has been necessary to carry amendments, as otherwise no vote on the proposition is counted as a vote against it.

Irrigation School Bill Held Back. When the Stearns bill establishing a school of irrigation at Scottsbluff, in connection with the university agricultural experiment station there, came before the whole committee, nobody said a word regarding it and a motion to send it to third reading was adopted without discussion. Later, Chairman Rieschick of the finance committee moved that the report be not concurred in, and his motion carried. This sends the bill back for further action. Rieschick is opposed to any appropriation for the proposed school.

DISCOVER INSECT DESTRUCTIVE TO PEACH



PEACH TREE PRUNED TO DEVELOP OPEN TOP.

(From the United States Department of will continue to study it in the hope

An insect destructive to the peach and kindred fruits, believed to be new in the United States, has been discovered by entomologists of the United States department of agriculture in the District of Columbia and its environs. This insect, which in its adult form is a brownish moth and in its larval stage a small white and pink enterpilfar, attacks both the tender shoots and fruit, causing serious losses.

Because of the habits of the worm, the usual control measures such as spraying with certain arsenates will

Young Peach Tree.

probably not be effective. The smooth

DON'TS IN HANDLING BULL

hand at any time.

him plenty of exercise.

mous strength.

Swett.

Dont let him get the upper

Don't let him realize his enor-

Don't keep him confined. Give

Don't trust any bull at any

time. It is the "gentle" bull

that does the damage.-W. W.

WINTER CARE FOR CHICKENS

Every Preparation Made to Insure

Fowls With Proper Supply of

Food Will Be Repaid.

In the winter the care of poultry is

quite a task and every preparation

that is made to reduce work and in-

sure the birds with a proper supply of

clean food will be well repaid. On

the general farm the cattle, sheep and

hogs will doubtless come first and too

often the hens are neglected. The

only way to insure proper treatment

for the poultry flock is to equip the

house with feeding appliances that

will enable the farmer to care for the

flock without wasting time. All of the

hoppers can be made on the farm

from packing boxes or scrap lumber

and when once constructed the job is

done and the hens will pay for the

GOOD HENHOUSE EQUIPMENT

Low Table for Water and Milk Is

Handy-Hopper for Dry Mash Is

of Much Importance.

Keeping the flock in good condition

is more easily accomplished if the

house is furnished with good equip-

ment. An oblong table about two feet

high and long enough for the water

pail and a crock of sour milk will be

useful in protecting the receptacles

A large feed hopper which will hold

a week's supply of dry mash is im-

portant. Small hoppers for feeding

grit, oyster shell and charcoal are nec-

An effort to get along without the

hoppers will always result in wasted

feed or a poor condition of the flock

if any of the necessary ingredients are

from the litter on the floor.

essary.

not furnished.

labor many times.

peyresia molesta, is believed to have been introduced from Japan. So far as the department's entomologists know, it has not been found in America other than in the District of Columbia and in the adjoining territory in Maryland and Virginia. The specialists are desirous of knowing if the insect has at-

What the Insect Is.

The insect, known to science as Las-

of developing control measures.

elsewhere in the United States, The presence of the insect can best be determined in most cases by the nature of its injury to peach trees. It bores into practically every tender twig and causes new shoots to push out from lateral buds. These are attacked in turn, the abnormal stimulation of lateral growth producing a much branched and bushy plant. A coplous flow of gum from the twig ends often follows the attack of the cater-

tacked peach, plum, or cherry trees

Injury to Fruit.

In attacking fruit the young caterpillars generally eat through the skin at or near the point of attachment of the fruit stem. The larva, as it grows, makes its way to the pit, where it feeds on the flesh, which soon becomes much discolored and more or less slimy. Larvae entering at the side of the fruit are more likely to eat out pockets or cavities in the flesh.

The full-grown caterpillar spins i whitish silk cocoon in which to pupate. Moths emerge in the spring for egg laying by the time the shoots are well

The bureau of entomology. United young shoots, owing to their rapid States department of agriculture, esgrowth, are protected by the poison pecially requests owners of peach or solution for only a very short time aft- other fruit trees to report the presence poultry crates has been proposed as a er the spray is applied, and hence it of this new pest in their orchards. who have been investigating the pest | suitable box.

In Summer They Afford Shade and In Winter Some Protection From Wind and Sleet.

Those who live near a forest where the chickens, turkeys and guineas may have the range of the forest are fortunate. In the summer the trees afford shade, in the winter some protection from the chilling winds and driving sleet. Besides trees protect the soil; keep it from washing or blowing; they shed their leaves, making a covering to hold moisture, protect insects, etc.

Fowls delight to scratch among leaves under trees and in a little forest. Turkeys will eat acorns and find many insects in such places as the forest or grove.

Where one lives on a prairie or on the plains it would be well worth while to plant a few trees near the home to protect it from the bleak winds, add to its setting and at the same time give the fowls a place to "range." Even on the plains such quick growth as black locust or catalpa could be planted and it would not be long till a nice little grove would be had. There are other trees that grow fast and would soon make sufficient growth to be of use to the poultry. The trees need not waste, for when large enough for posts or other useful purposes they could be thinned and younger growth left to take the place of the older.

Even where one has but a city lot or a small poultry yard on the farm a few shrubs could be used to advantage for shade in summer and for winter protection. Figs, privet, grapevines, Japonica, Deutzia, spirea, lilac and other shrubs or vines might be used for this purpose.

RAISING MUTTON AND WOOL

Marketable Lambs Can Be Produced by Crossing Western Ewes With Good Mutton Ram.

Native or western ewes crossed with good mutton ram produce good marketable lambs and with present prices of wool, the fleece will more than pay the cost of keeping the ewes. Native ewes will be high in price.

Western breeding ewes can be purchased in carload lots at any of the stockyards. One hundred and thirty to one hundred and forty will be required to make up a carload.

THE CAR SHORTAGE

Committee Tells Congress How Fam-

Ine Injures Nebraska "Thirty to thirty-five per cent of Nebraska wheat is still on the farms or in the elevators, unable to be moved on account of the boxcar shortage."

This was the testimony of Rallway Commissiner W. G. Taylor, who urged interstate commerce control of freight shipping rules before the interstate and foreign commerce committee of the house of representatives in Washington, D. C., last week.

Mr. Taylor laid before the committee the joint resolutions of the two houses of the Nebraska legislature asking congress to increase the powers of the interstate commerce commission to permit it to make and enforce rules on shipping which would tend to reliev such a national car shortage as has been experienced the past few months.

The case of one shipper was cited by Commissioner Taylor, who had 60,000 bushels of wheat in an elevator and was unable to get more than one car a week. The commissioner called the attention of the committee to the fact that in the last few days wheat had dropped 20 cents, and the shipper, unable to get cars, was standing to lose \$12,000.

The net shortage, he said, amounted to 24,000 box cars out of 130,000 owned by lines in Nebraska.

Entered Land Subject to Taxation.

The following table shows the number of tracts of land upon which final proof has been made at the various land offices and Indian agencies in Nebraska the past year, as certified to State Auditor Smith, and the total number of entries and acres of land that will be subject to taxation in 1917. as a result thereof:

		No. of	No. of
-1	Land Office	Entries	Acres
-1	Alliance	691	272,077.00
F	Broken Bow	517	245,341.73
-1	North Platte	. 140	50.502.24
т	Lincoln	29	6.528.34
-1	O'Nelli	104	33,091.80
Т	Valentine	455	222,522.03
1	Indian Agency, Santee	5.3	
1	Indian Agency, Santee Omaha Agency, Macy	56	3.506.80
	Winnebago Agency	. 46	2,258.21
1	Grand Total	. 2,092	840,829.94
1	Acreage subject to taxat 1916 Acreage subject to taxat		102.882.06
1	Acreage subject to taxat	ion in	840,829.94
1	Decrease in 1917		262,052.12

To Create School Book Commission Creation of a state school book

commission, with a secretary drawing \$3,000 a year salary as its principal officer with a view to having the state of Nebraska print textbooks for all of its public schools or contract for their publication on a royalty basis, is the departure proposed by Representative Auten, now before the house committee on edu-

It carries an appropriation of \$134.-500, but Representative Taylor is proposing to have that amount included in his \$1,000,000-a-year special state levy for support of rural schools, and that may be done. Mr. Taylor is champion faster. For seven years, it only too glad to do this, as he fig- is related, he lived on a diet comures it will help in the passage of posed of raw herbs and pulse. Dur-

The commission, under the terms of this contemplated enactment. would have power to purchase copyrights and to buy the product of text-book compilers. After that was done it could have the books printed and supplied to school boards at files abounded, subjecting himself to cost, as is done in Kansas and some other states.

To Prevent Misuse of Mileage

State officials and employes may be prohibited from buying railroad mileage books by the addition of a clause to the general maintenance bill in the legislature, requiring the purchase of a ticket and the taking of a receipt therefor on each trip made on state business. This provision, if inserted, will be an ironclad one, intended to stop once and for all the abuses resulting from misuse of mileage.

The finance committee of the house, which is now preparing the departmental maintenance bill for introduction has had its clerk investigate the mileage accounts of several state officers and bureaus which seemed to have made extravagant expenditures under that heading in the last biennium. The committee is convinced that there is need for radical reform, but just how to bring it about has been a perplexing problem.

It is believed that a blanket paragraph in the apropriation bill, absolutely cutting out all official mileage, will go a long way toward putting the traveling expenses of every department on a proper basis.

Blind Relief Bill Referred Back. Partial consideration was given to

the Mills bill authorizing county boards to furnish financial relief for blind persons not exceeding \$300 per year each. Mr. Leidigh said this would bankrupt Otoe county, where there are many sightless people needing assistance on account of the state school for blind being located there. He thought the state should furnish the funds to help them. The bill was referred back to the committee on miscellaneous subjects.

Governor Neville has signed his name to two bills pased by both houses of the legislature that made them the first laws to be enacted by the 1917 legislature. The first was House Roll No. 7, by

Hoffmeister of Chase, requiring forfeiture of undeveloped right-of-way. The second, House Roll No. 86, by Flansberg of Lancaster, shortened the time allowed for appeal to the supreme court from six to three months. Neither contains an emergency clause, and so will not become effective until July.

Your Health Paramount and deserves utmost care

One of the greatest drawbacks to health is a weak stomach, but in many cases this can be corrected by careful diet and the assistance of

- OSTETTER'S **Stomach Bitters**

It is a Splendid First Aid



1120 Acres and great wheat our ton, 615 pers. Must sell. Write debt Payles, Treate "ROUGH on RATS" Dis outdoors, lice and He

APPENDICITIS

SAINT OF CANDY MAKERS

Macarius, Egyptian Man of Fame, Properly Entitled to Such Honor as That Name Entails.

Probably few of the confectioners and candy makers who cater to the public's "sweet tooth" are aware that they have a patron saint all their own, but such is the case. He is St. Macarius. Macarius was adopted by the confectioners as their protector because he himself followed the occupation of making sweets in Alexandria before he forsook the world and its ways and retired to Thebals in upper Egypt to live the solitary and self-sacrificing life of an anchorite.

Macarius lived in the fourth century, and, if we may believe the traditions concerning him, he was a ing Lent he ate on Sundays, and then but a few cabbage leaves. One of the remarkable tales told about the "candy saint" is that once, having killed a gnat that bit him, he explated the "crime" by spending six months in a marsh, where great venomous such torments that he became a mass of sores.

Not Much Trouble. "What are you doing now, Pete?" "I'm collecting." "Collecting what?" "My thoughts." "Gosh, you always were licky getting light work."-Puck.

Akin to Marriage. Willis-What system do these military airplanes work on? Gillis-One person runs the ma-

chine, and the other is just an observer, but both of them fight. Willis-I see; just like being married.



You Can Snap Your Fingers

at the ill effects of caffeine when you change from coffee to

"There's a Reason