TRAIN LOAD AFTER TRAIN LOAD OF SETTLERS

ARE GOING TO CENTRAL CANADA.

The question of reciprocal trade relations between the United States and Canada has provoked considerable discussion and interest. Whatever else the discussion may have done, it has brought out the fact that on the Canadian side of the line the agricultural situation is one that forces attention, and it has also brought forth the fact which it is well to face, that on the American side of the border, there is a vastly increasing population to be fed with a somewhat decreasing proportion of food products. This article is intended to point out to those who may wish to become of those who can raise wheat, oats, barley, flax, cattle and hogs at the least cost that the opportunities in Central Canada are what they are seeking. During the past year the official figures show that upwards of 130,000 Americans located in Canada, and the greatest majority of these have settled on farms, and when the time comes, which it will within a few years, they will be ready to help serve their parent country with the food stuffs that its increasing population will require. The immigration for the spring has now set in in great earnest, and train load after train load of a splendid class of settlers leave weekly from Kansas City, Omaha, Chicago, Detroit, St. Paul and other points. Most of these are destined through to points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. The reports that come from the different farming districts there are that the spring is opening up well, and the prospects for a splendid crop this year are very good. In some districts good homesteads are yet available. The price of all farm lands has naturally had an increase, but it is still away below its earning capacity. The immigration branch of the Dominion Government has just published its 1911 illustrated pamphlet, which may be secured on application to the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or any of the agents of the Dominion Government, whose advertisement may appear elsewhere in this paper.

Grouch Still With Him.

When Brown died he left an old friend living, by the name of Jones, who always had a grouch. After Brown had been in heaven some time, he met Jones just coming through the gate, and as the newcomer did not look as happy and contented as he should, Brown asked him what was the matter. "Well," Jones said, "I got my feet wet coming across the river Styx and caught a nasty cold, broke my left wing and have to carry it in a sling, and my halo don't fit worth darn."

The extraordinary popularity of fine white goods this summer makes the choice of Starch a matter of great importance. Defiance Starch, being free from all injurious chemicals, is the only one which is safe to use on fine fabrics. Its great strength as a stiffener makes half the usual quantity of Starch necessary, with the result of perfect finish, equal to that when the goods were new.

Absent-Minded Suffragette.

One of the Suffragettes lost me best hatpin, Lizzie.

Another—Where did you leave it last?

The First—Oh, I remember now? I left it sticking in that policeman!—London Opinion.

"SPOHN'S."

This is the name of the greatest of all remedies for Distemper, Pink Eye, Heaves, and the like among all ages of horses. Sold by Druggists, Harness Makers, or send to the manufacturers, $.50 and $1.00 a bottle. Agents wanted. Send for free book Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

Good breeding is benevolence in trifles, or the preference of others to ourselves in the little daily occurrences of life.—Chatham.

Full life exists in three dimensions, art in two, and science in one; like a solid, a superficies, and a line.

THE KEYSTONE TO HEALTH IS HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

The Bitters is a boon to those in convalescence—when a tonic and strength maker is needed.

Try it and see.

A word to the wise is sufficient.

YOU CAN MAKE $10 to $20 A DAY on few dollars capital. Will send you complete instructions for $1 with the understanding to return your money if you are not more than pleased with our propositions. ALEXANDER CO., Box 588, Winnipeg, Canada

Peters Eye Salve INFALLIBLE FOR WEAK SORE EYES

SUMMARY OF LAWS

A Condensed Statement of the Work Accomplished by Nebraska Lawmakers

GOVERNOR SIGNS MANY BILLS

A Digest of the Bills Passed by Both Houses of the Nebraska Legislature at Its Thirty-Second Session Which Have Been Signed by the Governor and Will Be Placed on the Statute Books

House Rolls.

2. Eastman. Establishes school of agriculture in southwestern Nebraska.

3. Bushee. Appropriation of $15,000 to finish and complete the basement rooms of the state house.

5. Bushee. Provides for election of governing board of trustees by benevolent and religious societies.

7. Fries. Establishes salary to be paid clerk of district court.

9. Fries. Makes it optional for school boards to set aside a fund for library purposes.

10. Fries. Grand and petit jurors shall receive $3 per day and 10 cents per mile.

14. Grossman. Provides police magistrates in cities and villages shall have coextensive powers within their corporate limits of such cities or villages.

21. Hatfield. Appropriation of $8,000 for the maintenance of the Nebraska Orthopedic hospital.

26. Bartels. Appropriation of moneys belonging to state normal school library funds for purchase of books for state normal at Wayne.

27. Prince. Amendments to constitution providing for non-partisan board of control for all state institutions.

29. Moriarty. Establishes fees in county judge and county treasurer's office.

32. Allen. Proposes an amendment to the constitution relating to time of electing judges of the supreme court.

33. McKissick. A bill for an act to protect lives of the traveling public and relating to the size of cabdose cars.

34. Fuller. Empowers county boards to erect or repair all bridges not exceeding in cost $500 without advertising for bids.

38. Leidigh. Makes it unlawful to camp on the public highway.

42. Taylor of Hitchcock. An act for the relief of animals injured on the right of way of railroad companies.

43. Taylor of Hitchcock. Makes it a misdemeanor to abandon maimed or sick domestic animals.

44. Taylor of Hitchcock. Makes it a misdemeanor to inhumanely or unreasonably beat domestic animals.

48. Kent and Clark. Appropriation for completion of the Chadron normal school buildings.

49. Potts. Authorizes the state treasurer to sell certain bonds held by the state.

52. McKissick. Appropriation for purchase supply Cobbey's Statutes for use of the state.

53. Lawrence. Provides that employers shall give letter to discharged employees, setting forth nature of service rendered, etc.

54. Bartels. Appropriation of $55,000 to erect hall and library building for state normal at Wayne.

55. Dolezal. Joint and concourrent resolution ratifying proposed amendment to constitution of the United States relating to income tax.

57. Metzger. Dipsomaniacs to be entitled to benefit of a writ of habeas corpus.

58. Sanborn. Provides for the preparation and distribution of hog cholera serum.

59. Kent and Clark. Appropriation of moneys belonging to the state normal library funds for purchase of books for state normal at Chadron.

62. Grimm. County commissioners' salary increased to $4 per day.

63. Clark and Kent. Appropriation of $12,000 to install a heating plant at the Chadron normal school.

64. Gandy. Road tax in all counties under township organization must be paid in cash.

68. Quackenbush. Appropriation of $16,000 for completing an additional story to the library building at the Peru normal.

70. Dort. Appropriation of moneys belonging to the state normal library funds for purchase of books for state normal at Peru.

71. Grueber. Limiting the hours of service of railroad employees.

73. Kotouc. State auditor shall be the lawful representative of foreign insurance companies doing business in this state.

77. Colton. When lands revert or escheat to the state it is the duty of the county attorney to appear in court and attend to the state's interests.

83. Potts. Provides that jurors draw their pay for services as soon as they are completed and the jury is discharged.

84. Hatfield. Establishes Board of control for dependent children.

86. Bailey. Appropriates $55,000 to build south wing to the present normal college at Kearney.

89. Bushee. Establishes a hospital for tuberculosis insane.

91. Gerdes. Appropriation for payment of officers and employees of the legislature.

92. Gerdes. Appropriation for payment of incidental expenses of the legislative session.

98. Evans. Creates an advisory board of pardons and making an appropriation.

109. Jones. Owners of land are permitted to drain the same in the general course of natural drainage.

167. Housh. Prohibits all gift enterprises.

169. Shoemaker. Makes it a penitentiary offense to carry revolver.

111. Bassett. Appropriation of moneys belonging to state normal library funds for purchase of books for state normal at Kearney.

142. Fuller. All taxes shall be due and payable at the death of the decedent.

145. Kotouc. Appropriation of 90 per cent of one mill levy for use of the Nebraska state university.

157. Hatfield. An act to legalize certain defective assignments of mortgages.

158. Hatfield. Provides for release of mortgages within one year from date.

168. Fries. Changes terms of office of district assessors.

169. Quackenbush. Regulating the granting of adjournments or continuance of causes in the district courts of the state.

176. Gustafson. Amends primary law.

177. Dolezal. Provides for the payment for all horses killed by the state veterinarian which were suffering with contagious diseases.

178. Bushee. Establishes a county high school board of five members, to be known as the board of regents.

180. McCarthy. Providing a method for perfecting titles; to legalize instruments now appearing of record.

183. Metzger. Appropriates $8,000 for construction of a barn and store-room at state fish hatcheries, South Bend.

184. McKissick. Amends county assessor law, making precinct assessors elective.

193. Bassett. State university authorized to accept gift or bequests.

195. Nuttman. Appropriates $300 for the relief of Sylvester C. Hathaway, penitentiary guard, injured by gunshot.

197. Anderson of Kearney. Railroads must provide shelter for live stock.

205. Lawrence. An act to provide for draining marsh, swamp or wet lands.

215. Anderson. Prohibits public exhibitions of hypnotism.

219. Sandborn and Hardin. General revision of laws relative to sale of agricultural seeds.

221. Evans. Appropriation for laundry at Hastings asylum.

222. Clark. Appropriates $4,000 to pay traveling expenses of district judges in excess of the amount appropriated for this purpose in 1909.

228. Bassett. Medical colleges to have bodies of people who die in poor houses, insane asylums and penitentiary, when agreed to by relatives.

238. Taylor of Hitchcock. Amends game laws of the state.

240. Metzger. Residents must have licenses to fish and hunt.

243. Metzger. Changes open season for hunting wild game.

247. Grossman. Regulating and licensing maternity homes.

248. Swan. Appropriation for expenses of food, drug and dairy commission.

252. McArdle. Amends law relating to registration of all motor vehicles.

259. Allen of Holt. Provides that judges of election shall call attention of voters to any constitutional amendment to be voted upon.

269. Quackenbush. Provides waterway dimensions of railroad bridges in the state of Nebraska.

274. Cronin. State aid for bridges over 125 feet in length on public highways.

276. Hardin. Amends law relating to the pure food and drug department.

278. Gandy. An act to enable owners of farms to record the name thereof.

281. Hardin. Provides for appointment of a commission to revise and recompile the laws of Nebraska.

286. Hardin. Prescribing methods of testing and weighing grain.

288. Anderson of Kearney. Provides that all persons serving as jurors must be qualified electors of the state.

293. McArdle and Bassett. Provides for township public libraries.

294. McKissick. Provides for incorporation of insurance companies.

301. Bonham. Appropriation for marking the Oregon trail in the state.

308. Quackenbush. Provides when attachments for recovery of money may issue.

309. Neir. Provides for filling vacancy in congress.

313. Quackenbush. Makes it a misdemeanor for minors to smoke cigarettes.

314. Metzger. Provides for the accommodation of caretakers of live stock while in transit on railroads.

318. Bushee. Organizes districts by state board of irrigation.

319. Hospodsky. Appropriates $100,000 for erection of new buildings at insane hospital in Lincoln.

322. Fries. To give cities and villages power to acquire a mill dam site.

326. McKelvie. Appropriates $234 for paving South street, Lincoln, in front of the Orthopedic hospital.

344. Bushee. Relates to construction of works in irrigation districts.

356. Potts. Charges the county boards of supervisors with the enforcement of quarantine rules and regulations of state board of health.

257. Potts. Village boards of trustees charged with enforcement of quarantine rules.

260. Buhs. Provides for a state hotel commission.

366. Gallagher. General salary appropriation bill for state officers.

368. Shoemaker. Appropriates $300 to pay deficiencies of school for deaf.

377. McArdle. Amends law granting franchises in cities of metropolitan class for gas mains, electric lights, etc.

289. Kirk. Makes judges ineligible to other offices during their term of office as judge.

418. McArdle. Establishes Nebraska legislative reference bureau.

423. Grossman. Appropriates $5,000 for water mains for the Nebraska school for deaf at Omaha.

431. Reagan. Requires registration of all pedigreed stallions.

411. Gandy. Appropriation for the relief of W. A. Philpott, injured at asylum.

414. Siebens. An act to prohibit throwing glass, crockery, etc., on public highways.

464. Prince and Sisk. Articles of incorporation must fix the terminal of all proposed street railroads.

466. Nordgren. Appropriates five thousand dollars for fire-proof vaults for insurance department.

480. Leidigh. Appropriates $12,000 for heating plant for the institute for the blind at Nebraska City.

481. Leidigh. Creates a bureau of printing and establishes a commission.

485. Bushee and Harrington. Appropriates $125,000 to aid school districts to hold at least five months' school in each year.

503. Holmes. Appropriates $62,000 for purchase of land for Nebraska school for the deaf.

511. Gallagher. Appropriation law for current expenses of the state officers.

525. Matran. Appropriates $600 for the relief of Louisa Rollins, injured in the feeble minded institute at Beatrice.

555. Liver. Provides for changing date of saloon license in metropolitan cities and submission of question of saloon license in all cities upon petition signed by thirty resident freeholders.

571. Gerdes. Compels all state institutions to deposit public funds with the state treasurer.

572. Gerdes. Monies collected for examination of insurance companies to be paid to state treasurer.

576. Gerdes. Certain members of the faculty of the state university shall be under direction and control of the regents.

594. Kirk. Appropriates $15,000 for construction of sewer and water system at Wayne normal.

599. Gerdes and Potts. Provides that all buildings erected by state appropriations shall be constructed within the limits of such appropriations.

608. Leidigh. Appropriation for purchase of two blocks of land adjoining institute for the blind at Nebraska City.

619. Swan. Appropriation for miscellaneous items of indebtedness owing by the state.

670. Joint Road Committee. Establishes county highway commissioner.

661. Gustafson. All bridges on public highways to be of sufficient strength to bear the weight of traction engines.

703. (At request of governor.) Provides for state inspector of buildings.

Senate Files.

1. Skiles. Constitutional amendment providing for the initiative and referendum.

7. Reagan. Constitutional amendment permitting cities over 5,000 to make their own charters.

8. Tibbets. Amends law relating to salary of county superintendents.

11. Kemp. Permits change of location of school site at either regular or special elections.

16. Reagan. Providing for protection of persons in and about the construction or repairing of buildings.

21. Cordeal. Cities of second class and villages may fund their indebtedness.

24. Placek. Repeals section 315, Code of Civil Procedure, relative to new trials in suits for damages.

25. Bartos. Actions may be brought for recovery, partition or sale of real property.

27. Cox of Hamilton. Fixes salaries of officers in cities of second class.

31. Buhrman. Provides for the drainage of water courses running through private lands.

37. Tibbets. County attorneys to prosecute and defend on behalf of the state in neighboring counties under a change of venue.

39. Kohl. Fixes the limit of 48 mills for school taxes in all cities and villages.

49. Tibbets. Abstracts of transcripts of evidence shall be prepared in all cases appealed to the supreme court.

50. Albert. Mayor and council in cities having over 15,000 and under 25,000 inhabitants authorized to issue bonds for construction of city halls, jails and buildings for fire department.

53. Banning. Provides for issuing distress warrants by county treasurer and for serving of same by the sheriff.

55. Lee. Prohibits hauling or conveying voters to polls on election day.

56. Tibbets. An act concerning private and foreign corporations holding and forcing liens upon property in this state.

59. Kemp. Provides for parole of first term prisoners.

62. Horton. An act relating to pandering to define and prohibit the same.

67. Morehead. Amends the law providing for register of deeds, fixing salary, etc.

71. Talcott. Making birthday of John Howard a legal holiday in all penal and reformatory institutions.

76. Brown. Establishes statutes for organization of a parish of the Protestant Episcopal church.

77. Brown. Fees to be charged in office of secretary of state.

78. Brown. Fixing amount of fees to be paid by corporations annually to the state.

81. Tanner. Provides punishment of persons interfering with telegraph and telephone wires.

88. Ollis. Defines meaning of co-operative company, corporation or association under the state laws.

93. Tanner. Amending South Omaha charter.

115. Ollis. Defines public stock yards and places the same under control of state board of railroad commissioners.

127. Bodinson. Provides when liens against real estate shall not be enforceable by reason of lapse of time.

147. Volpp. Amendments to constitution relating to term of office of members of legislature.

148. Volpp. Cemetery associations shall have power to purchase or take by gift, devise or power of eminent domain, lands, not exceeding 320 acres, and same to be free from taxation.

154. Brown. Establishes law granting divorce under certain conditions.

162. Placek. Authorizes and empowers cities of second class to require and enforce the lighting of railroad tracks.

168. Tanner. Amends law relating to terms of members of school boards in metropolitan cities.

171. Tibbets. An act authorizing the organization of trust companies, defining their powers and privileges.

175. Hoagland. Provides for the indeterminate sentence of persons convicted of certain felonies.

176. Banning. Auditor of public accounts authorized to deputize two competent accountants to establish uniformity in the system of keeping accounts.

184. Placek. Drainage district officers are permitted to issue bonds up to $5,000 without the holding of elections.

190. Hoagland. Providing for the drainage of self-irrigated lands.

191. Hoagland. Defining the duties of board of directors of irrigating districts.

192. Hoagland. Provides for the filing of petitions by electors in irrigation districts.

193. Hoagland. Relates to meetings of irrigation district boards, and provides for publication of proceedings.

199. Tibbets. Court costs to be taxed to persons suspended or disbarred in all contempt proceedings.

200. Albert. Judicial district apportionment law, specifying counties in each district, also number of judges to be elected in various districts.

201. Buhrman. Designates certain days as "legal holidays."

204. Hoagland. Provisions for establishing a system of sewerage and drainage in cities.

213. McGrew. Amends guaranty of bank deposits statutes.

225. Hoagland. An act to make irrigation districts liable in damages for negligence in failure to deliver water.

226. Hoagland. To appropriate water and irrigate lands for which water has already been appropriated.

227. Hoagland. Provides for lists of all lands to be watered, names of officers, owners and those in control of ditches or reservoirs.

228. Buhrman. Railroad companies to build and maintain sheds for protection of live stock at all shipping points.

235. Judiciary Committee. Fixes fees of shorthand reporters in all matters other than district court work.

236. Hoagland. General irrigation law.

241. Talcott. Board to make rules and regulations for admission of pupils in public schools and junior and summer normals.

242. Ollis. Provides for appeal from decision of state railway commission.

249. Morehead. Provides for a fire board, to have authority for the investigation of fires in all cities where a fire department is located.

250. Morehead. Establishes "State Fire Day" in all public and private schools.

253. Horton. An act to legalize issuance of bonds for purpose of maintaining hospitals, etc., in Omaha.

257. Smith of Polk. Prohibits agents from receiving messages unless they may be overheard by persons near the person sending or receiving.

259. Horton. Prohibits persons making connections with electric wires without knowledge or consent of owners.

269. Hoagland. Repeals section 6623, Ashley's Statutes, relating to irrigation.

270. Bartos. An act to prevent overloading of passenger cars.

271. Smith of Boone. Provides for the taxation of mortgages on real estate and prevents double taxation on encumbered property.

273. Placek. Legislative apportionment, redistricting the state in senatorial and representative districts.

278. Horton. Fixes salary of sheriffs in counties having a population of 170,000 or over.

285. Bodinson. Prohibits the sale of soda or carbonated waters containing saccharine or coal tar sweeteners.

292. Talcott. Authorizes villages and cities under 5,000 to sell real estate where same has been abandoned.

293. Hoagland. Defining the term "state board of irrigation."

294. Tibbets. Amends law relating to sewer and water districts in all cities.

299. Kemp. Provides fees charged by county judges in certain cases.

300. Selleck. County superintendents shall hold public examinations of persons desiring teacher's certificates on third Saturday in each month.

304. Bollinson. Provides for division of counties and subdivisions.

307. Hoagland. Commissioners may appoint temporary county judge under certain conditions.

310. Varner. Provides for recovery of damages against drainage districts.

312. Brown. Compels corporations, foreign and domestic, to file articles of incorporation.

318. Banning. Amends statute relative to salary of county attorneys.

318. Bartos. Prohibits bucket shops, and provides penalties for those engaged in promoting or patronizing the same.

319. Banning. Compels railroads to furnish watchmen to protect shipments of freight.

328. Selleck. Authorizes county boards to grade or pave in counties having cities over 25,000 and less than 100,000 inhabitants.

333. Reagan. Authorizes use of photographic processes in making and copying of public records.

342. Banning. Commission plan of government for all cities having a population of 5,000 inhabitants or over.

358. Selleck. Provides for committing dependent or neglected children to suitable institutions for the purpose of caring of the same.

363. Tanner. Establishes rates and condition of service under authority of water boards in South Omaha.

376. Hoagland. An act to determine the rights of parties who have acquired water rights under the act of congress of the United States.

377. Hoagland. Provides for laying out of public roads where topography of country will not permit following section lines.

388. Selleck. Authorizes mayor and council in cities of first class to levy taxes for certain purposes.

BOTH BILLS INTRODUCED.

Washington.—Two of the tariff measures which the house expects to pass in advance of any general legislation have been introduced. They are Canadian reciprocity, following the identical lines of the McCall bill except for a clause authorizing continued negotiations on articles not covered by the pending agreement, and a bill to put on the free list about 100 articles now dutiable. Both will receive early consideration.

The free list bill is designed to placate farmers for agricultural losses which they will sustain under the Canadian agreement, but it contains also foodstuffs and boots and shoes. The list is as follows: Plows, harrows, headers, harvesters, reapers, agricultural drills and planters, mowers, horse rakes, cultivators, threshing machines, cotton gins, farm wagons, farm carts and all other agricultural implements, including repair parts.

Bagging for cotton, gunny cloth and fabrics suitable for baling cotton, burlaps and bags for sacking agricultural products; hoop or band iron or steel for baling cotton; wire for baling hay, straw and other agricultural products; grain leather, buff, split, rough or sole leather, bend or belting leather, boots and shoes, harness, saddles and saddlery and leather for manufactured articles, barbed fence wire, rods, wire stands or wire rope, wire woven or manufactured for wire fencing.

Meats, fresh, salted, pickled, dried, smoked, dressed or undressed, prepared or preserved; bacon, ham, shoulders, lard, lard compounds and substitutes; sausage, buckwheat, flour, corn meal, wheat and rye flour, bran, middlings, and other offals of grain; oatmeal and rolled oats, all prepared cereal foods, biscuits, bread wafers and similar articles not sweetened; timber, hewn, sided or squared, round timber used for spars or building wharves, shingles, laths, fencing posts, sawed boards, planks, deals and other lumber, except ebony, mahogany, rose wood and other cabinet woods.

Sewing machines and salt complete the free list.

PHYSICAL WRECK RESTORED TO HEALTH BY GREAT KIDNEY REMEDY

I feel it my duty to furnish you with my testimonial as to what your remedy, Swamp-Root, did for me when I was a physical wreck from kidney and bladder trouble.

Some years ago I was not able to do any work and could only just creep around and am satisfied that had it not been for Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root I would not have lived. After using the preparation for one month I was able to work some and when I had used $3.00 worth of Swamp-Root I could do a good day's work. I used about $10.00 worth altogether and would not take $10,000 for the good that it did me. I consider it a God-send to suffering humanity for the disease for which you recommend it, and have recommended it to many sufferers.

H. L. HUGGINS,
Welch, Ark.

Personally appeared before me this 20th of September, 1909, H. L. Huggins, who subscribed the above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and in fact.

W. A. PAGE, J. P.

Letters to Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. For sale at all drug stores. Price fifty cents and one-dollar.

How Sea Birds Drink.

Under the headline, Where Do They Get Water? a writer in the Young Folks' Catholic Weekly says: "When I was a cabin boy I often used to wonder, seeing birds thousands of miles out to sea, what they did for fresh water when they were thirsty. One day a squall answered that question for me. It was a hot and glittering day in the tropics, and in the clear sky overhead a black rain cloud appeared all of a sudden. Then out of empty space over a hundred sea birds came darting from every direction. They got under the rain cloud, and waited there for about ten minutes, circling round and round, and when the rain began to fall they drank their fill. In the tropics, where the great sea birds sail thousands of miles away from shore, they get their drinking water in that way. They smell out a storm a long way off; they travel a hundred miles maybe to get under it, and they swallow enough raindrops to keep them going.—New York Tribune.

An Ambassador's Nose.

An ambassador to Russia, formerly a leather merchant in this country, discovered certain secret processes regarding a special kind of leather manufactured there. He would have been looked on with suspicion had it been suspected that he could learn anything of these methods. But during his sojourn he got near enough to certain factories to register, through his sense of smell, some impressions with which he was able to work out the formulas when he returned home.—Atlantic Magazine.

He Might Have Earned a Vote.

Little Johnnie stood gazing solemnly on the decrepit form of an old countryman. Noticing the boy's attention the old man asked: "Well, what is it, son?"

"Say," the inquisitive youngster asked, "did the politicians kiss you when you was a baby?"—Success Magazine.

His Hope.

"I suppose you hoped to win," said, "you write for the mere love of writing?"

"Yes," the sad-looking poet replied, "but I still hope to some day be able to write for at least fifteen cents a line."—Judge.

HEALTH RESTORED

And Found a Change In Food Put Him Right.

A business not count as valued the time he spends in thinking over his business, but he seems loth to give the same sort of careful attention to himself and to his health. And yet his business would be worth little without good health to care for it. A business man tells how he did himself good by carefully thinking over his physical condition, investigating to find out what was needed, and then changing to the right food.

"For some years I had been bothered a great deal after meals. My food seemed to lay like lead in my stomach, producing heaviness and dullness and sometimes positive pain. Of course this rendered me more or less unfit for business, and I made up my mind that something would have to be done.

"Reflection led me to the conclusion that over-eating, filling the stomach with indigestible food, was responsible for many of the ills that human flesh endures, and that I was punishing myself in that way—that was what was making me so dull, heavy and uncomfortable, and unfit for business after meals. I concluded to try Grape-Nuts food to see what it could do for me.

"I have been using it for some months now, and am glad to say that I do not suffer any longer after meals; my food seems to assimilate easily and perfectly, and to do the work for which it was intended.

"I have regained my normal weight and find that business is a pleasure once more—can take more interest in it, and my mind is clearer and more alert."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.