

The Chief

C. B. HALE, Publisher

RED CLOUD - NEBRASKA

NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

ITEMS OF INTEREST PERTAINING TO VARIOUS LOCALITIES.

GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANT

The News of Many Climes Told in Short and Pithy Paragraphs, Written Expressly for the Busy Man's Perusal.

Washington.

Spain wants an official report of the attempted raising of the Maine forwarded to that government.

The president has eliminated 33,526 acres from the public domain in the Kernal forest of California.

There seems to be a great difference of opinion among the Nebraska delegation at Washington regarding the reapportionment of the state.

The treasury department bill, prohibiting the use of Panama canal bonds as security for national bank notes, was passed by the senate.

Inefficiency, insubordination and mismanagement have developed in the railway mail service and an investigation is on foot by Postmaster General Hitchcock.

After a ten years' struggle the house has passed a bill providing for the construction of American embassies, legations and consular buildings abroad.

More than 100 counterfeiters now serving sentences in federal and state prisons of the country are asking to be paroled under the law enacted at the last session of congress.

Postmaster General Hitchcock is in favor of a system by which magazines will pay 4 cents a pound postage on advertising pages and 1 cent a pound on reading matter pages.

It is understood the president will call an extra session of congress to consider the Canadian reciprocity treaty, providing the democrats will attempt no other legislation during the present session.

In order to study the plague conditions in China, the American government will send Dr. Richard P. Strong, a scientist connected with the government in the Philippines, to the plague district. This action was taken in response to an invitation of the Chinese government.

General News.

The New York senatorial deadlock still continues.

Womans suffrage was defeated in the Montana legislature.

The bill to promote Capt. Robert E. Peary has been postponed.

A bill to license horse racing is before the Missouri legislature.

The plague is causing an average of nineteen deaths a day in Chefoo, China.

The Missouri state capitol building was entirely destroyed by fire Sunday night.

The rate of discount of the Imperial Bank of Germany was reduced from 5 to 4 1/2 per cent.

The South Dakota legislature has reported favorably on a bank guaranty bill for that state.

Two men were killed and a dozen persons injured in a gas explosion at Carpentersville, Ill.

A movement has been started at St. Louis to make that city the permanent capital of Missouri.

Montreal has just gotten over the results of the worst blizzard known there in ten years.

The Kansas legislature has passed a bill bestowing upon women the right to vote at all elections.

The trial of Mrs. Doxey, charged with bigamy, was continued in the St. Louis county court till May 21.

After evading the police for forty-six years, the Sicilian brigand, Giuseppe Vitale, has just been captured in Italy.

Aurelius L. Hawkins, a pioneer frontiersman and Indian fighter, died at his home at Tulsa, Okla., aged 84 years.

The Philippine Islands want unrestricted home rule, according to Manuel Quezon, their representative in congress.

The Roosevelt dam, part of the Salt River Irrigation project of Arizona, has been completed and will be opened March 18.

A religious demonstration, held despite the prohibition of the government, led to a series of street conflicts at Lisbon.

James Whitcomb Riley, the Hoosier poet, is seriously ill at his home, having never fully recovered from a paralytic stroke received some months ago.

United States Commissioner Tibbets has rendered his decision in the Mexican extradition cases based on alleged Kickapoo Indian land frauds at Guthrie, Okla. Grimes, Chapman and Brown are to be returned to Mexico for trial.

The Iowa legislature has decided that in future all vehicles must turn to the left instead of the right as heretofore.

Appeal for drastic quarantine against a reported outbreak of smallpox in New Mexico was made by Delhart, Tex. Health officials to the state department of health.

Thousands of Chinese are perishing from starvation, the dead remaining unburied.

After an illness of six days, Rt. Rev. Thomas Bonacum, bishop of the Lincoln diocese, died at the noon hour Saturday.

By the blowing up of the Pluto power plant at Marquette, Mich., ten men met instant death and several were severely injured.

San-Ed Dowieh, Persian minister of finance, was shot dead in the street at Teheran. His assassins, two Armenians, escaped.

The report that an American under the red cross flag had been fired on by Mexican troops during an engagement at Juarez will be investigated.

Frank Hotchkiss, known to Yale men for two generations as the official in charge of the university grounds and buildings, died, aged seventy years.

Thelma Chadd, aged six years, daughter of Mrs. Elmer Chadd, living near Ottumwa, Ia., blew off the top of her head while playing with a shotgun.

Dr. S. Kitazato, accompanied by the chief of the Japanese colonization department, will leave for Manchuria on February 13 to investigate the plague situation.

On the plea that his live stock was starving, Guy Livingston, in jail at Dunkirk, Mont., for selling whisky to Indians, has been pardoned by President Taft.

Josie, an elephant, sixty-three years old, in Walbridge park zoo, Toledo, died. She had been ill since Friday, when she choked on a large piece of sugar beet.

Twenty-five hundred students of the University of St. Petersburg, Russia, at a meeting, voted to go out on strike until Easter. The police made fifty arrests.

Mrs. W. J. Bryan sailed from New Orleans Monday for Jamaica, where she will visit with her daughter, Ruth, who recently married a British officer stationed there.

Margaret Danm, of Omaha, a young music student, popular in the American colony in Berlin, has been missing from her lodgings in that city since January 24.

The first battle between insurgents and regulars of the Mexican army took place near Juarez Tuesday. About 200 shots were exchanged and the engagement lasted fifteen minutes.

Although North Dakota has the reputation of being an exclusively agricultural state, a bulletin issued by the census bureau shows the manufactured products of that state in 1909 to have been \$19,150,000.

A workmen's car on the Peoria & Pekin Union terminal lines collided with a regular passenger coach on a side switch at South Bartonville, Ill., reducing the cars to wreckage and injuring seventeen persons.

The body of the late Bishop Bonacum will probably be laid at rest at St. Thomas orphanage, near Lincoln. That edifice was erected largely through the energy of the prelate and is a monument to his efforts.

Ten shop employees of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad were torn to fragments and ten others were injured when an engine under repair exploded in the Smithville, Texas, yards.

Immigration officials will deport seven Servians who have arrived at Philadelphia on their way to Gary, Ill., where investigation proved that over 1,000 men are already out of employment.

While searching for the body of Paul Reich, who has been missing for two weeks, a crowd of farmers unearthed from a sand hill on the Reich farm near Offerle, Kans., the skeletons of three unidentified persons.

Arrangements have been made by the Missouri general assembly to meet in the supreme court building and the house in a hall in a Catholic school building. The bills which were lost in the fire which destroyed the state house Sunday night will be reintroduced.

The body of Giovambattista Areechi, said to be a member of a black hand band, was found in a swamp near Erie, Pa. Letters found on him indicate that he had been commissioned to kill one Pietro L'eri. This letter is dated Eueria, Sicily, October 10, 1910, and is signed Giuseppe Iola.

Fire, caused by blazing soot from a chimney falling on the roof of the sulphuric acid plant of the Standard Oil company at Point Richmond, Cal., destroyed that plant, a tank containing 500,000 gallons of crude oil and damaged the \$1,000,000 acid plant. Carl McPherson, a workman, fell into a ditch filled with blazing sulphuric acid and was terribly burned.

Helen Vivien, second daughter of George J. Gould, head of one of the wealthiest and most prominent families in America, was married in New York city Tuesday to Lord Decies, an English army officer. She is eighteen years old; he is forty-four. The church was packed with an assemblage representing the best of New York's social and professional life, together with a sprinkling of foreign nobility, relatives of the bridegroom.

The Ohio house and senate have adopted resolutions favoring the popular election of U. S. senators.

Mrs. Russell Sage has presented Cornell university with \$300,000 to erect a dormitory for women, which will be known as Prudence Riskey hall.

A bill providing for the submission of a state-wide prohibition amendment to the constitution to popular vote, the election to be held this year and the law to go into effect July, 1914, if approved, has been passed by the West Virginia state senate, 23 to 7. The house has passed a similar measure.

PURSUES ELOPERS

ARRESTS THEM AT WINNEBAGO AND THEN RELENTS.

HAPPENINGS OVER THE STATE

What is Going on Here and There That is of Interest to the Readers Throughout Nebraska and Vicinity.

Winnebago—Two eloping young people from Walthill were captured by the girl's irate father, who pursued them in an automobile. The eloping young people were overtaken at Homer, Neb. By that time the animosity of the father had subsided somewhat, the matter was peacefully settled and the young people continued their interrupted journey to Sioux City, where they were married.

Co-operation in Business.

Hastings, Neb.—A co-operative organization has been perfected here for the purpose of conducting a general merchandise store. The meeting was held in the district court room under the auspices of the American Society of Equity and was attended by upwards of 100 farmers and members of the society.

Y. M. C. A. Day at Hastings.

Hastings.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Young Men's Christian association it was decided to observe Wednesday, February 15, as Young Men's Christian association day. The day will be celebrated by each member of the association attempting to secure at least one new member.

Farmers' Institute Opens.

Lyons.—Notwithstanding the fourteen-inch snowfall, the farmers' institute convened in the Lyons opera house Monday. The day was an ideal one overhead and a large crowd was in attendance. The high school children were excused for the occasion.

Troops in Railroad Accident.

Fremont.—A train carrying two troops of cavalry from Fort Meade, S. D., was derailed at the roundhouse here. Fortunately the train was running at a low rate of speed through the yards and a serious wreck would have resulted.

Ticket Twelve Feet Long.

Omaha, Neb.—Mr. and Mrs. A. Lott of South Omaha are en route to the coast. The railroad ticket to cover the trip is twelve feet long, exclusive of the sleeper coupon.



Joseph Ord, an old resident of Auburn, is dead.

Farmers will start a co-operative store at Hastings.

The Daily Republican is a new venture at Broken Bow.

Otto Zuelow has been appointed postmaster at Schuyler.

Bonds for an electric light and water plant at Gordon carried.

The Burlington is arranging to build a new depot at Grand Island.

Young ladies at Ainsworth have organized an indoor baseball team.

One lone animal was the bag netted in an old-fashioned wolf hunt at Lorton.

Albert Shaw had his hand torn off at Superior in a gasoline pumping machine.

The farmers of Dannebrog have organized a co-operative grain and supply company.

The Syracuse farmers' institute just closed was said to have been the best in its history.

There is talk of an interurban between Beatrice and Adams, a distance of thirty miles.

Henry Ahlmeyer was instantly killed by a Northwestern train at a crossing near Arlington.

Will Hamer killed a bald eagle that measured ten feet from tip to tip, near Sparks the other day.

Rev. Virgil Shirley of Minden will probably accept the pastorate of the Christian church at Central City.

Ed Armstrong of Broken Bow will probably lose one eye as the result of the bursting of a gun barrel when he shot at a coyote.

Charles Becker, near Polk, was seriously injured by the bursting of a grind stone which he had attached to a gasoline engine.

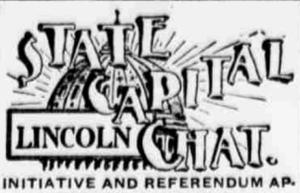
A steam pipe in a B. & M. engine burst as the train was nearing Crawford, blowing the engineer out of the cab window and seriously injuring him.

Willie Moore is under arrest at Ravenna charged with the burning of Custer county's court house, which was destroyed a little more than one year ago.

Otoe McKin was struck by a train at Winnebago and so badly mangled that his recovery is doubtful.

The Nebraska conservation and development congress will hold its second annual session in Lincoln February 23 and 24. The state's resources and their proper development will be discussed.

Frank Wetzel, a Fremont boy, was on the Delaware, the U. S. battleship, when an explosion killed and injured a number of marines, some time ago. He was blown through a door by the concussion and painfully but not seriously hurt.



INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM APPROVED BY SENATE.

The Nebraska state senate recommended the initiative and referendum bill for passage Tuesday afternoon after a session devoted largely to oratory. The bill was discussed in committee of the whole and after minor changes was ordered engrossed for a third reading. Friends of the measure stood shoulder to shoulder and succeeded in voting down all radical amendments offered.

Skiles of Butler, the introducer of the bill, championed the measure, while Albert of Platte opposed some of its provisions and proposed referring it to a committee to digest the many proposed amendments. Placek of Saunders offered several amendments which the introducer of the bill opposed and they were defeated.

Petitions Against Sunday Baseball.

A bunch of petitions against Sunday baseball were introduced in the senate Monday, all of the papers being referred to the judiciary committee, which had the bill in charge. A petition to Senator Pickens was headed by E. S. Burr of Carleton, a petition to Senator Skiles was headed by W. Cady of Pleasantdale, a petition to Senator Cox of Hamilton had the name of the Rev. A. V. Wilson of Ong at the top, one to Senator J. A. Cox was headed by E. A. McVey of Stockman, the petition addressed to Senator Varner came from J. A. Dorens of Madison and others. Senator C. E. Smith received two petitions, one from G. W. Stone and others of Exeter, and one from R. A. Smith and others of York. A petition to Senators Selleck and Brown of Lancaster was headed by the name of J. D. Priest of Normal, while the last of the bunch of petitions addressed to Senator McGrew had the name of C. H. Shader of Bloomington at the beginning.

Conservation Congress.

The second annual session of the Nebraska conservation and state development congress is to be held in Lincoln, February 23 and 24. The congress is to discuss the state's resources, including the state's people, and the proper development of the resources; to promote co-operation between country and town, and to encourage the development of home manufactures, trade and commerce for the purpose of supplementing the rapid development in agriculture. The officers of the association are G. E. Condra, president; W. G. Whitmore, vice president; W. R. Mellor, secretary; W. S. Whitten, chairman publicity committee.

Hard On the Short Weights.

Senate File No. 195, by Reynolds, a bill introduced at the request of the pure food commission, is designed to strike a death blow at the short weight dealer in this state.

The commissioner is made the state sealer of weights and measures. It is provided that all weights and measures shall be inspected by the commission or its deputies. The usual standards of weights are included, the national bureau of standards system of measures adopted, the metric system legalized and a number of commodities are specifically included in the bushel weight list.

Expense of Guaranty Law.

Governor Aldrich has prepared a special message to submit to the legislature. It is said to contain information in regard to the needs of the state banking board to enforce the guaranty of deposits act. The governor will ask for twelve state bank examiners instead of the five or six now on duty. The salaries and expenses of the twelve examiners will reach \$25,000 a year. If the legislature amends the law so as to eliminate that part which requires examiners to verify notes and other assets in banks, eight or nine examiners will be able to do the work.

Changes in Bank Law.

A lengthy bill contemplating several radical changes in the state bank guaranty law was introduced in the house Monday afternoon. The law has recently been declared constitutional, but has not been put into operation. The bill is said to come from state and national bankers. It was introduced by Bonham of Jefferson and Minor of Lancaster.

Southwest Wins a Point.

Eastman's agricultural bill has received votes enough in the house to indicate that it will pass that body on third reading. This bill, appropriating \$100,000 for another agricultural school in the southwest, was put to sleep twice, but because of a parliamentary mistake was so located that its friends could bring it up again.

Dr. J. P. Lord, superintendent, and Dr. H. W. Orr, assistant superintendent, of the Nebraska Orthopedic hospital, desire raises in salaries for those two positions.

The superintendent at present gets \$1,400 a year and the assistant \$1,300. They have suggested \$2,000 as adequate compensation for the superintendent and \$1,800 as proper for the assistant. They also believe the compensation of some of the nurses should be increased. They appeared before the finance ways and means committee to urge these increases.

NO STATES TO LOSE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TO INCREASE MEMBERSHIP.

DEMOCRATS CARRY THE DAY

Body After March 3, 1913, to Consist of 433 Members if Senate is Willing—Long and Persistent Debate.

Washington.—The democrats of the house, aided by a few republicans who declined to be bound by the party caucus, have won their fight for an increased representation in the lower branch of congress under the census of 1910. They voted down the republican caucus bill to maintain the membership at 391, as at present, and then passed the original Crumpacker bill, fixing the membership at 433 on and after March 3, 1913. If Arizona and New Mexico should be admitted to statehood they would be given one representative each, bringing the total to 435.

This action of the house must be ratified by the senate. The house leaders believe the senate will follow the wishes of the lower branch.

Under the new reapportionment plan no state loses a member. The following states gain the number indicated: Alabama 1, California 3, Colorado 1, Florida 1, Georgia 1, Idaho 1, Illinois 2, Louisiana 1, Massachusetts 2, Michigan 1, Minnesota 1, Montana 1, New Jersey 2, New York 6, North Dakota 1, Ohio 1, Oklahoma 3, Oregon 1, Pennsylvania 4, Rhode Island 1, South Dakota 1, Texas 2, Utah 1, Washington 2, West Virginia 1.

Department To Be Fair.

Washington.—Grievances of railway postal clerks formed the principal topic of a several hours' conference between officers of the postoffice department and the executive committee of the railroad mail clerks' association. It developed that the chief grievance of the railway clerks is the general determination of the department to "take up the slack" in the time of the employees—that is, so far as possible, obtain uniform hours of service not generally to exceed six and one-half hours a day for those who work six days in a week.

Trade Railroad for Lumber.

Washington, D. C.—Through its attorneys the L. E. White Lumber company of San Francisco has applied to the government for 1,000,000,000 feet of lumber, sugar pine, yellow pine and fir in the great pine forests in Madera county, California. In making the application the company agrees to construct a railroad forty miles long into the region and when it has taken out the prescribed amount of lumber it will turn over the railroad to the government.

Boycott on the Liberator.

Paris.—A threatened British boycott has made it necessary for Edward H. James to find another printer for the Liberator. The printing firm that has been doing the work has notified him that they had been informed by a deputation from the British chamber of commerce here that if they continued the publication of the paper that libeled King George they would cause the establishment to lose other and more important business.

New Claimant for Eddy Estate.

Concord, N. H.—Another complication in the contest of the disposal of the \$2,000,000 residue of the estate of Mrs. Mary Baker Glover Eddy, founder of the Christian Science denomination, is threatened. George W. Baker of this city, son of the deceased brother of Mrs. Eddy, has decided to take steps to determine what his rights in the matter are.

Five Rebel Generals Executed.

Cape Haitien—General Millionard, the head of the revolutionary forces, and five other rebel generals, were taken from the prison at Trou and shot to death. General Millionard was arrested soon after the uprising occurred and remained in confinement until his execution was ordered by the government. He belonged to the department of Vallieres.

San Diego, Cal.—Fifteen rebels killed and six horses and twenty-five thousand rounds of ammunition captured were the result of a battle between sixty rebels and seventy-five Mexican troops under command of Captain Gonzales, which was fought in Picacho canyon, eighteen miles east of Campo.

Pierre, S. D.—The daylight saloon closing law has passed the South Dakota senate by a two-thirds vote, 31 to 12, thus making it an emergency law.

Washington.—That the exposition in commemoration of the completion of the Panama canal, if held at San Francisco, would be the greatest ever known, is the opinion expressed by the senate committee on industrial exhibitions in a report presented to the senate.

This view is based on the fact that \$1,500,000 has been promised by California for the proposed exposition. The report makes it plain that the promise of the large sum had much influence in taking the exposition to the Pacific coast.

OWES HER HEALTH

To Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Scottville, Mich.—"I want to tell you how much good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash have done me. I live on a farm and have worked very hard. I am forty-five years old, and am the mother of thirteen children. Many people think it strange that I am not broken down with hard work and the care of my family, but I tell them of my good friend, your Vegetable Compound, and that there will be no backache or bearing down pains for them if they will take it as I have. I am scarcely ever without it in the house.

"I will say also that I think there is no better medicine to be found for young girls to build them up and make them strong and well. My eldest daughter has taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for painful periods and irregularity, and it has always helped her.

"I am always ready and willing to speak a good word for the Lydia E. Pinkham's Remedies. I tell everyone I meet that I owe my health and happiness to these wonderful medicines."

—Mrs. J. G. JOHNSON, Scottville, Mich., R.F.D. 3.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases.

RHEUMATISM AND GOUT PROMPTLY RELIEVED BY BLAIR'S PILLS GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. SAFE & EFFECTIVE 50¢ & \$1. DRUGGISTS. OR 93 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.

OPINION NOT ALWAYS FINAL

Pretty Safe to Say That Doctor's Diagnosis Was "Away Off" in This Case.

The pretty daughter of a physician is engaged to a college student of whom her father does not altogether approve. His daughter is too young to think of marriage, the doctor asserts; the college student is too young to think of it, likewise. It is out of the question.

She explained all this to her lover the other night.

"Father says," she summed it up; "father says, dear, that I will have to give you up."

The young man sighed. "Then it's all over?" he murmured, with gloomy interrogation. And the girl laughed and blushed.

"Well," she said, "well, you—you—know that when the doctor gives you up that's just the time for you to take more hope. Isn't it sometimes that way?"—Reboboth Sunday Herald.

Careful Man.

"Pretty careful, is he?" "Pretty careful. He left a partly smoked cigar in my office the other day, and a little later sent his clerk around after it."

What a deal of grief, and care, and other harmful excitement does a healthy dullness and cheerful insensibility avoid.—Thackeray.

There is a lot of difference between making good and making others good.

RESULTS OF FOOD. Health and Natural Conditions Come From Right Feeding.

Man, physically, should be like a perfectly regulated machine, each part working easily in its appropriate place. A slight derangement causes undue friction and wear, and frequently ruins the entire system.

A well-known educator of Boston found a way to keep the brain and the body in that harmonious co-operation which makes a joy of living.

"Two years ago," she writes, "being in a condition of nervous exhaustion, I resigned my position as teacher, which I had held for over 40 years. Since then the entire rest has, of course, been a benefit, but the use of Grape-Nuts has removed one great cause of illness in the past, namely, constipation, and its attendant evils.

"I generally make my entire breakfast on a raw egg beaten into four spoonfuls of Grape-Nuts, with a little hot milk or hot water added. I like it extremely, my food assimilates, and my bowels take care of themselves. I find my brain power and physical endurance much greater and I know that the use of the Grape-Nuts has contributed largely to this result.

"It is with feelings of gratitude that I write this testimonial, and trust it may be the means of aiding others in their search for health." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in plgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.