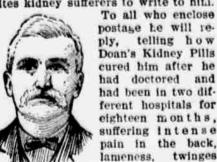
PROOF FOR TWO CENTS.

If You Suffer with Your Kidneys and Back, Write to This Man.

G. W. Winney, Medina, N. Y., inrites kidney sufferers to write to him.



postage he will reply, telling how Doan's Kidney Pills cured him after he had doctored and had been in two different hospitals for eighteen months, suffering intense pain in the back lameness, twinges when stooping or

lifting, languor, dizzy spells and rheumatism. "Before I used Doan's Kidney Pills," says Mr. Winney, "I weighed 143. After taking 10 or 12 boxes I weighed 162 and was completely cured."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

One way to buy experience is to speculate in futures.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c. You pay 10c for eights not so good. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill. Contentment is natural wealth;

luxury, artificial poverty.-Socrates. FITS, St. Vitus' Dance and Nervous Diseases per-manently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer Bend for FREE 2200 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 631 Arch Street. Philadelphis. Pa.

Many a man is out of work because there is no work in him.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Lattitude In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought





"He's a regular philanthro-what do you call it?" 'Wot's he did?"

"Why, in de last week he's give away two dozen 'Deadwood Dick' an' dozen 'Nickel' libraries!"

An Accident.

A "perfect lady" was charged in the police court with having broken her umbrella over the head of another "perfect lady." "What have you to say to the

charge?" asked the magistrate.

"It was an accident, your honor." "Do you mean to say that after smashing an umbrella over this woman's head you claim it was an acci-

"Sure, yes; but I meant not to break my umbrella."

The conversation turned on the effect produced on the emotions by pictorial art, when one gentleman remarked: "I remember one picture that

brought tears to my eyes." "A pathetic subject, I presume?"

"No, sir; it was a fruit painting. I was sitting close under it when it dropped on my head."

Work is the grand cure of all the maladies and miseries that ever beset mankind-honest work which you intend getting done.-Carlyle.

DIFFERENT NOW

Athlete Finds Better Training Food.

It was formerly the belief that to become strong, athletes must eat plenty of meat.

This is all out of date now, and many trainers feet athletes on the well-known food, Grape-Nuts, made of wheat and barley, and cut the meat down to a small portion once a day.

"Three years ago," writes a Mich. man, "having become interested in athletics, I found I would have to stop eating pastry and some other kinds of food.

"I got some Grape-Nuts, and was soon eating the food at every meal, for I found that when I went on the track, I felt more lively and active.

"Later, I began also to drink Postum in place of coffee, and the way I gained muscle and strength on this diet was certainly great. On the day of a field meet in June I weighed 124 lbs. On the opening of the football season in Sept., I weighed 140. I attribute my fine condition and good work to the discontinuation of improper food and coffee, and the using of Grape-Nuts and Postum, my principal diet during training season being Grape-Nuts.

"Before I used Grape-Nuts I never felt right in the morning—always kind of 'out of sorts' with my stomach. But now when I rise I feel good, and after a breakfast largely of Grape-Nuts with cream, and a cup of Postum, I feel like a new man." "There's a

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to

Wellville," in pkgs. Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

Principles of the Party as Enunciated by the Convention at Denver.

FOR REFORM OF TARIFF

Reduction of Import Duties on Many Articles Is Demanded.

INCOME TAX IS FAVORED

Modification of Existing Laws Relat ing to Injunctions Declared Necessary-For Economy in Administration-Publicity of Campaign Contributions and the Forbidding of Corporations to Contribute Is One of the Planks-Stringent Laws Against Trusts Urged - Railroad Regulation - Popular Election of Senators-Against Asiatic Immigra-

Denver, Col.-The platform of the Democratic party, as adopted by a unanimous vote of the convention, is as follows:

We, the representatives of the Democracy of the United States in national convention assembled, reaffirm our belief in and pledge our loyalty to, the principles of the party.

We rejoice at the increasing signs of an avalening throughout the country. The country is the party of the party of the party.

We rejoice at the increasing signs of an awakening throughout the country. The various investigations have traced graft and political corruption to the representatives of predatory wealth, and laid bare the unscrupulous methods by which they have debauched elections and preyed upon a defenseless public through the subservient officials whom they have raised to place and power.

The conscience of the nation is now aroused to free the government from the grip of those who have made it a business asset of the favor-seeking corporations; it must become again a people's government, and be administered in all its departments according to the Jeffersonian maxim of "equal rights to all and special privileges to none."

Officeholders.

Coincident with the enormous increase in expeditures is a like addition to the number of officeholders. During the last year 23,784 were added, costing \$16,156,600 and in the last six years of the Republican administration the total number of new offices created, aside from many commissions, has been 99,319, entailing an additional expenditure of nearly \$70,000,000, as against only 10,278 new offices created under the Cleveland and McKinley administrations, which involved an expenditure of only \$6,000,000. We denounce this great and growing increase in the number of officeholders as not only unnecessary and wasteful, but also as clearly indicating a deliberate purpose on the part of the administration to keep the Republican party in power at public expense by thus increasing the number of its retainers and dependents. Such procedure we declare to be no less dangerous and corrupt than the open purchase of votes at the polls.

Economy in Administration. Officeholders.

Economy in Administration

Economy in Administration.

The Republican congress in the session just ended has made appropriations amounting to \$1,008,000,006, exceeding the total expenditures of the past fiscal year by \$9,000,000, and leaving a deficit of more than \$60,000,000 for the fiscal year. We denounce the needless waste of the people's money which has resulted in this appailing increase as a shameful violation of all prudent conditions of government as no less than a crime against the millions of workingmen and women from whose earnings the great proportion of these collossal sums must be extorted through excessive tariff exactions and other indirect methods. It is not surprising that, in the face of this shocking record, the Republican platform contains no reference to economical administrative. record, the Republican platform contains no reference to economical administra-tion or promise thereof in the future. We demand that a stop be put to this fright-ful extravagance and insist upon the strictest economy in every department compatible with frugal and efficient ad-

Arbitrary Power of Speaker. The house of representatives was designed by the fathers of the constitution to be the popular branch of our government, responsive to the public will.

The house of representatives, as controlled in recent years by the Republican party, has ceased to be a deliberative and party it is bely responsive to the will

party, has ceased to be a deliberative and legislative body, responsive to the will of a majority of its members, but has come under the absolute domination of the speaker, who has entire control of its deliberations and powers of legislation. We have observed with amazement the popular branch of our federal government helpless to obtain either the consideration or enactment of measures desired reation or enactment of measures desired by a majority of its members. Legislative government becomes a fail-ure when one member in the person of the speaker is more powerful than the

body We demand that the house of repre-

We demand that the house of repre-sentatives shall again become a delib-erative body, controlled by a majority of the people's representatives and not by the speaker, and we pledge ourselves to adopt such rules and regulations to gov-ern the house of representatives as will enable a majority of its members to di-rect its deliberations and central legis-lations.

Misuse of Patronage.

We condemn, as a violation of the spirit of our institutions, the action of the present chief executive in using the patronage of his high office to secure the nomination of one of his cabinet officers. A forced succession in the presidency is scarcely less repugnant to public sentiment than is life tenure in that office. No good intention on the part of the executive and no virtue in the one selected can justify the establishment of a dynasty. The right of the people to freely select their officials is inalienable and dynasty. The right of the people to free-ly select their officials is inalienable and cannot be delegated.

Publicity of Campaign Contributions. We demand federal legislation forever terminating the partnership which has existed between the corporations of the country and the Republican party under the expressed or implied agreement that in return for the contribution of great sums of money wherewith to purchase elections they should be allowed to continue substantially unmolested in their efforts to encroach upon the rights of the people.

forts to encroach upon the rights of the people.

Any reasonable doubt as to the existence of this relation has been forever dispelled by the sworn testimony of witnesses examined in the insurance investigation in New York, and the open admission unchallenged by the Republican national committee of a single individual, that he himself at the personal request of the Republican candidate for the presidency raised over a quarter of a million dollars to be used in a single state during the closing hours of the last

campaign. In order that this practice shall be stopped for all time, we demand the passage of a statute punishing with imprisonment any officer of a corporation who shall either contribute on behalf of, or consent to the contribution by, a corporation of any money or thing of value to be used in furthering the election of a president or vice-president of the United States or of any member of the congress thereof.

We denounce the action of the Republican party, having complete control of the federal government, for its failure to pass the bill introduced in the last congress to compel the publication of the names of contributors and the amounts contributed toward campaign funds, and point to the evidence of their insincerity when they sought by an absolutely irrelevant and impossible amendment to defeat the passage of the bill. As a further evidence of their intention to conduct their campaign in the coming contest with vast sums of money wrested from favor-seeking corporations, we call attention to the fact that the recent Republican national convention at Chicago refused when the plank was presented to it to declare against such practices.

We pledge the Democratic party to the emetment of a law preventing any corporation contributing to a campaign fund and any individual from contributing an amount above a reasonable maximum and providing for the publication before election of all such contributions above a reasonable minimum.

Rights of the States.

Rights of the States.

Rights of the States.

Believing, with Jefferson, in "the support of the state governments in all their rights as the most competent administration for our domestic concerns and the surest bulwark against anti-Republican tendencies," and in "the preservation of the general government in its whole constitutional vigor as the sheet anchor of our peace at home and safety abroad," we are opposed to the centralization implied in these suggestions, now frequently made, that the powers of the government should be extended by judicial construction. There is no twilight zone between the nation and the state in which exploiting interests can take refuge from both, and it is as necessary that the federal government shall exercise the powers delegated to it as it is that the state governments shall use the authority reserved to them, but we insist that federal remedies for the regulation of interstate commerce and for the prevention of private monopoly shall be added to not substituted. the prevention of private monop-shall be added to, not substituted oly shall be aques for, state remedies.

We welcome the belated promise of tariff reform now affected by the Re-publican party in tardy recognition of the righteousness of the Democratic publican party in tardy recognition of the righteousness of the Democratic position on this question; but these people cannot safely intrust the execution of this important work to a party which is so deeply obligated to the highly pratected interests as is the Republican party. We call attention to the significant fact that the promised relief was postponed until after the coming election—an election to succeed in which the Republican party must have that same support from the beneficiaries of the high protective tariff as it has always heretofore received from them; and to the further fact that during years of uninterrupted power no action whatever has been taken by the Republican congress to correct the admittedly existing tariff iniquities.

We favor immediate revision of the tariff by the reduction of import duties. Articles entering into competition with trust-controlled products should be placed upon the free list, and material reductions should be made in the tariff upon the necessaries of life, especially upon articles competing with such American manufactures as are sold abroad more cheaply than at home; and graduate reductions should be made in such other schedules as may be necessary to restore the tariff to a revenue basis.

Existing duties have given to the manufacturers of paper a shelter be-

basis.

Existing duties have given to the manufacturers of paper a shelter behind which they have organized combinations to raise the price of pulp and of paper, thus imposing a tax upon the spread of knowledge.

We demand the immediate repeal of the tariff on pulp print paper, lumber, timber and logs and that these articles be placed upon the free list.

Trusts.

Trusts.

Trusts.

A private monopoly is Indefensible and intolerable. We, therefore, Tavor the vigorous enforcement of the criminal law against guilty trust magnates and officials, and demand the enactment of such additional legislation as may be necessary to make it impossible for a private monopoly to exist in the United States. Among the additional remedies we specify three: First, a law preventing a dpulication of directors among competing corporations; second, a license system which will without abridging the right of each state to create corporations, or its right to regulate as it will foreign corporations doing business within its limits, make it necessady for a manufacturing or trading corporation engaged in interstate commerce to take out a federal license before it shall be permitted to control as much as 25 per cent of the product in which it deals, the license to protect the public from watered stock and to prohibit the control by such corporation of more than 50 per cent, of the total amount of any product consumed in the United States; and third, a law compelling such licensed corporation to sell to all purchasers in all parts of the country on the same terms, after making due allowance for cost of transportation.

Railroad Regulations.

Railroad Regulations. We assert the right of congress to exercise complete control over inter-state commerce and the right of each state to exercise like control over com-

state commerce and the fight of each state to exercise like control over commerce within its borders.

We demand such enlargement of the powers of the interstate commerce commission as may be necessary to compel railroads to perform their duties as common carriers and prevent discrimination and extortion.

We favor the efficient supervision and rate regulation of railroads engaged in interstate commerce, and to this end we recommend the valuation of railroads by the interstate commerce commission, such valuation to take into consideration the physical value of the property, the original cost, cost of production and all elements of value that will render the valuation made fair and just.

We favor such legislation as will pro-

We favor such legislation as will probability the railroads from engaging in business which brings them into competition with their shippers, also legislation which will assure such reduction in transportation rates as conditions will permit, care being taken to avoid reductions that would compel a reduction of wages, prevent adequate service or do injustice to legitimate investments. We heartly approve the laws prohibiting the pass and the rebate, and we favor any further necessary legislation to restrain, control and prevent such abuses. We favor such legislation as will increase the power of the interatate commerce commission, giving to it the initiative with reference to rates and transportation charges put into effect by the railroad companies, and permitting the interstate commerce commission on its own initiative to declare a rate illegal and as being more than should be charged for such service. That the present law relating thereto is inadequate by reason of the fact that the interstate commerce commission is without power to fix or investigate a rate until complaint has been made to it by the shipper. We further declare that all agreements of traffic or other associations of rails, way agents affecting literstate rates, service or classification shall be unlaw-We favor such legislation as will pro-

We further declare that all agreements of traffic or other associations of railway agents affecting interstate rates, service or classification shall be unlawful unless filed with and approved by the interstate commerce commission.

We favor the enactment of a law giving to the interstate commerce commission the power to inspect proposed railroad tariff rates or schedules before they shall take effect, and, if they be found to be enreasonable, to initiate an adjustment thereof.

Banking.

Banking.

Banking.

The panic of 1907, coming without any legitimate excuse, when the Republican party had for a decade been in complete control of the federal government, furnishes additional proof that it is either unwilling or incompetent to protect the interests of the general public. It has so linked the country to Wall street that the syndicate sins of the speculators are visited upon the whole people. While refusing to rescue the wealth producers from spoliation at the hands of the stock gamblers and speculators in farm products, it has deposited treasury funds, without interest and without competition, in favored banks. It has used an emergency for which it is largely responsible to force through congress a bill changing

the basis of bank currency and inviting market manipulation, and has failed to give to the 15,000,000 depositors of the country protection in their savings.

We believe that in so far as the needs of commerce require an emergency currency, such currency should be issued, controlled by the federal government and loaned on adequate security to national and state banks. We pledge ourselves to legislation under which the national banks shall be required to establish a guarant'y fund for the prompt payment of the depositors of any insolvent national bank under an equitable system which shall be available to all state banking institutions wishing to use it.

We favor a postal savings bank, if the guaranteed bank cannot be secured, and that it be constituted so as to keep the deposited money in the communities where it is established. But we condemn the policy of the Republican party in proposing postal savings banks under a plan of conduct by which they will aggregate the deposits of rural communities and reduposit the same while under government charge in the banks of Wall street, thus depleting the circulating medium of the producing regions and unjustly favoring the speculative markets.

We favor an income Tax.

Income Tax. We favor an income lax as part of our revenue system, and we urge the submission of a constitutional amendment specifically authorizing congress to levy and collect a tax upon individual and corporate incomes, to the end that wealth may bear its proportionate share of the birdens of the federal government.

Labor and Injunctions.

The courts of justice are the bulwark of our liberties, and we yield to none in our purpose to maintain their dignity. Our parly has given to the bench a long line of distinguished judges, who have added to the respect and confidence in which this department must be jealously maintained. We resent the attempt of the Republican party to raise false issues respecting the judiciary. It is an unjust reflection upon a great body of our citizens to assume that they lack respect for the courts. It is the function of the courts to interpret the laws appear to work economic, social or political injustice it is our duty to change them. The only basis upon which the integrity of our courts can stand is that of unswerving justice and protection of life, personal liberty and property. If judicial processes may be abused we should guard against abuse.

Experience has proven the necessity of a modification of the present law relating to injunctions, and we relicrate the pledge of our national platforms of 1896 and 1204 in favor of the measure which passed the United States senate in 1896, but which a Republican congress has ever since refused to enact, relating to contempt. Questions of judicial practice have arisen especially in connection with industrial disputes. We deem that parties to all judicial proceedings should be treated with rigid impartiality and that injunctions should not be issued in any case in which injunctions would not he issued in any case in which injunctions would not he issued in any case in which injunctions would not he issued in any case in which injunctions and their members and producers to organization of industry makes it essential that there should be no abridgment of the right of wage-earners and producers to organization of industry makes it essential that there should be no abridgment of the right of wage-earners and producers to organize for the protection of wages and the improvement of labor conditions to the end that such labor organizations and their members shou Labor and Injunctions.

We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law by congress, as far as the federal jurisdiction extends, for a general employers' liability act covering injury to body or loss of life of employes.

We pledge the Democratic party to government work

We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law creating a de-partment of labor, represented sepa-rately in the president's cabinet, which department shall include the subject of mines and mining.

Merchant Marine. We believe in the upbuilding of the American and merchant marine with-out new or additional burdens upon the people and without bounties from the

public treasury. The Navy.

The constitutional provision that a navy shall be provided and maintained means an adequate navy, and we believe that the interests of this country would be best served by having a navy sufficient to defend the coasts of this country and protect American citizens wherever their rights may be in wherever their rights may be

Protection of American Citizens. We pledge ourselves to insist upon the just and lawful protection of our citizens at home and abroad and to use all proper methods to secure for them. whether native born or naturalized, and without distinction of race or whether native born or nativalization and without distinction of race of creed, the equal protection of law and the enjoyment of all rights and privileges open to them under our treaty; and if, under existing treaties, the right of travel and sojourn is denied to American citizens or recognition is withheld from American passports by any countries on the ground of race or any countries on the ground of race or creed, we favor prompt negotiations with the governments of such countries to secure the removal of these unjust discriminations. We demand that all over the world

the government of the United States to an American citizen shall be proof of the fact that he is an American citizen and shall entitle him to the treatment due him as such. Civil Service.

The laws pertaining to the civil service should be honestly and rigidly enforced, to the end that merit and ability shall be the standard of appointment and promotion rather than services rendered to a political party.

Pensions.

We favor a generous pension policy, both as a matter of justice to the sur-viving veterans and their dependents and because it tends to relieve the country of the necessity of maintaining a large standing army.

Health Bureau. Health Bureau.

We advocate the organization of all existing national public health agencies into a national bureau of public health, with such power over sanitary conditions connected with factories, mines, tenements, child labor and other such subjects as are properly within the jurisdiction of the federal government and do not interfere with the power of the states controlling public health

controlling public Agricultural and Mechanical Education. The Democratic party favors the extension of agricultural mechanical and industrial education. We therefore, favor the establishment of district agricultural experiment stations, the secondary agricultural and mechanical colleges in the several states.

Popular Election of Senators.

We favor the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people, and regard this reform as the grateway to other national reforms.

gateway to other national reforms. Oklahoma.

We welcome Okiahoma to the sister-hood of states and heartily congratu-late her on the auspicious beginning of a great career.

Arizona and New Mexico.

The national Democratic party has for the last 16 years labored for the admission of Arizona and New Mexico as separate states of the federal union, and recognizing that each possesses every qualification to successfully maintain separate state governments, we favor the immediate admission of these territories as separate states.

Grazing Lands.

The establishment of rules and regulations, if any such are necessary, is relation to free grazing upon the public lands outside of forest or other reservations, until the same shall eventually be disposed of should be left to the people of the states respectively in which such lands may be situated.

Water Ways.

Water Ways.

Water furnishes the cheapest means of transportation and the national government, having the control of navigable waters, should improve them to their fullest capacity. We earnestly favor the immediate adoption of a liberal and comprehensive plan for improving every water course in the union, which is justified by the needs of commerce, and, to secure that end, we favor, when practicable, the connection of the great lakes with the navigable rivers and with the gulf, through the Mississippi river, and the navigable rivers with each other by artificial canals, with a view to perfecting a system of inland waterways, to be

favor the co-ordination of the va-We favor the co-ordination of the va-rious services of the government con-nected with waterways in one service, for the purpose of aiding in the comple-tion of such a system of inland water ways, and we favor the creating of a fund ample for continuous work, which shall be conducted under the direction of a commission of experts to be authorized by law.

by law.

We favor federal aid to state and local authorities in the construction and maintenance of post roads.

Telegraph and Telephone.

We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law to regulate the rates and services of telegraph and telephone companies engaged in the transmission of messages between the states under the jurisdiction of the interstate commerce commercials.

Natural Resources.

Natural Resources.

We repeat the demanu for internal development and for the conservation of our natural resources contained in previous platforms, the enforcement of which Mr. Roosevelt has vainly sought from a reluctant party; and to that end we insist upon the preservation, protection and replacement of needed forests, the preservation of the public domain for homeseckers, the protection of the national resources in timber, coal, iron and oil against monopolistic control, the development of our water ways for navigation and every other useful purpose, including the irrigation of arid lands, the reclamation of swamp lands, the clarification of streams, the development of water power and the preservament of water power and the preserva-tion of electric power generated by this natural force from the control of mo-nopoly; and to such end we urge the ex-ercise of all powers, national, state and municipal, both separately and in co-op-

municipal, both separately and in co-operation.

We insist upon a policy of administration of our forest reserves which shall relieve it of the abuses which have arisen thereunder, and which shall, as far as practicable, conform to the police regulations of the several states where they are located, which shall enable homesteaders as of right to occupy and acquire title to all portions thereof which are especially adapted to agriculture, and which shall formish a system of timber sales available as well to the private citizen as to the larger manufacturer and consumer.

Havail.

We favor the application of principles of the land laws of the United States to our newly acquired territory, Hawaii, to the end that the public lands of that territory may be held and utilized for the benefit of bona fide homesteaders.

Philippines.

We condemn the experiment in imperialism as an inexcusable blunder which has involved us in an enormous expense, brought us weakness instead of strength, and laid our nation open to the charge of abandoning a fundamental doctrine of self-government. We favor an immediate desiration of the nation's purpose to recognize the independence of the Philippine islands as soon as a stable government can be established, such independence to be guaranteed by us as we guaranteed the independence of Cuba, until the neutralization of the Islands can be secured by treaty with other powers. In recognizing the independence of the Philippines our government should retain such land as may be necessary for coaling stations and navai bases.

Alaska and Porto Rice. Philippines.

Alaska and Porto Rico. We demand for the people of Alaska and Porto Rico the full enjoyment of the rights and privileges of a territorial form of government, and the officials appoint-ed to administer the government of all our territories and the District of Co-lumbia should be thoroughly qualified by previous bona fide residence.

We believe the Panama canal will prove of great value to our country and favor its speedy completion.

Pan-American Relations. Pan-American Relations.

The Democratic party recognizes the importance and advantage of developing closer ties of pan-American friendship and commerce between the United States and her sister nations of Latin America and favors the taking of such steps, consistent with Democratic policies, for better acquaintance, greater mutual confidence and larger exchange of trade, as will bring lasting benefit not only to the United States but to this group of American republics having constitutions, forms of government, ambitions and interests akin to our own.

Astatic Immigration.

We favor full protection, by both national and state governments within their respective spheres, of all foreigners residing in the United States under treaty, but we are opposed to the admission of Asiatic immigrants who cannot be amalgamated with our population, or whose presence among us would raise a race issue and involve us in diplomatic controversies with oriental powers.

Foreign Patents. We believe that where an American cit-izen holding a patent in a foreign coun-try is compelled to manufacture under his patent within a certain time, similar restrictions should be applied in this country to the citizen of subjects of such a country. a country.

Conclusion. The Democratic party stands for De-mocracy; the Republican has drawn to itself all that is aristocratic and pluto-

itself all that is aristocratic and plutocratic.

The Democratic party is the champion of civil rights and opportunities to all; the Republican party is the party of privilege and private monopoly. The Democratic party listens to the voice of the whole people and guages progress by the prosperity and advancement of the average man; the Republican party is subservient to the comparatively few who are the beneficiaries of governmental favoritism. We invite the co-operation of all, regardless of previous political affiliation or past differences, who desire to preserve a government of the people, by the people, and for the people, and who favor such an administration of the government as will insure, as far as human wisdom can, that each citizen shall draw from society a reward commensurate with his contribution to the welfare of society.

Tablet in Honor of Patriot.

A tablet to the memory of John Benjamin, a Maine soldier in the revolution, was dedicated recently in the Washington Memorial chapel, Valley Forge, on the 130th anniversary of the evacuation of Valley Forge by the American army. The chapel and its surrounding buildings are a memorial to George Washington. The tablet is the gift of Mrs. William Henry Pearson, of Boston. The tablet reads: With thanksgiving unto Almighty God and in loving memory of John Benjamin, of Massachusetts, born February 5, 1758, died December 2, 1814, artillerist in the continental army, giving to his beloved country a service of seven years and sharing the privations of Valley Forge, this tablet in tribute to his honor, his valor and his faithful life is erected by his granddaughter, Nancy Della Benjamin Pearson."

When Life's Brightness Leaves. The setting of a great hope is like

the setting of the sun. The brightness of our life is gone. Shadows of evening fall around us, and the world seems but a dim reflection-itself a broader shadow. We look forward into the coming lonely night. The soul withdraws into itself. Then stars arise and the night is holy.

Golf-Made Loafers. So long as you pay caddles a sum

sufficient to enable them, however poorly, to_live, and supply themselves with the invariable adjunct of the loafer, a villainous cigarette, you will breed loafers, and you will eventually make it necessary to alter the whole conditions of employment.-Country

Syrup&Figs ondElixir&Senna

Cleanses the System Effect-ually: Dispels Colds and Head-acties due to Constipation; Acts naturally, acts truly as

a Laxative.

Best for Men Women and Children - Young and Old.

To get its Beneficial Effects Always buy the Genuine which has the full name of the Com-

CALIFORNIA by whom it is manufactured, printed on the front of every package.

SOLD BYALL LEADING DRUGGISTS, one size only, regular price 50*per bottle.

HIS WAY OF PROPOSING.

He-They tell me you're great at ruessing conundrums.

She-Well, rather good. He-Here's one for you: If I were to ask you to marry me, what would you

TWO CURES OF ECZEMA

Baby Had Severe Attack-Grandfather Suffered Torments with It-Owe Recovery to Cuticura. "In 1884 my grandson, a babe, had an attack of eczema, and after trying

the doctors to the extent of heavy bills and an increase of the disease and suffering, I recommended Cuticura and in a few weeks the child was well. He is to-day a strong man and absolutely free from the disease. A few years ago I contracted eczema, and became an intense sufferer. A whole winter passed without once having on shoes, nearly from the knees to the toes be ing covered with virulent sores. I tried many doctors to no purpose. Then I procured the Cuticura Remedies and found immediate improvement and final cure. M. W. LaRue, 845 Seventh St.,

Louisville, Ky., Apr. 23 and May 14, '07." Some men decline to look upon the wine when it is red because they pre-

fer another color. Try Murine Eye Remedy For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes,
Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain,
All Druggists Sell Murine at 50cts, The 48
Page Book in each Pkg, is worth Dollars
in every home. Ask your Druggist.
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

It's all right for a man to be a dreamer of dreams providing he wakes up occasionally and gets busy.

Lewis' Single Binder Cigar has a rich taste. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill. The romance of a spinster is apt to

be one sided.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrop.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces in
fammation, aliays pain, cures wind coile. 25c a bottle. The prettiest flowers are not neces

Use Allen's Foot-Ease Curestired, aching, sweating feet. Zic. Trial package free. A. S. Oimsted, Le Roy, N. Y. Music isn't necessarily fragmentary

sarily the most fragrant.

