

The CHIEF

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OHIOANS INDORSE TAFT

PRESIDENTIAL CHOICE OF REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE.

SOP TO FORAKER AND DICK

Senator's Adherents Make Vain Effort to Defeat Indorsement of Secretary and Refuse to Accept Olive Branch Extended by Taft Men.

Columbus, O., July 31.—The candidacy of William H. Taft, secretary of war, for the Republican nomination for president, was indorsed by the Republican state committee by a vote of 15 to 6. The indorsement carried with it a declaration that the Republicans of Ohio are opposed "to the elimination from public life of Senators Foraker and Dick."

Although beaten by a decisive vote in all the preliminary contests, the adherents of Senator Foraker in the committee refused to accept the olive branch extended by the Taft supporters, and when the resolution, as amended, was finally accepted, no effort was made to make the action of the committee unanimous.

The resolution as adopted by the committee is as follows:

"Be it resolved, by the Republican state central committee of Ohio, that we believe the great majority of the people of Ohio, convinced of the high character, great ability and distinguished services of Secretary Taft, indorse his candidacy for the presidency, and, further, we declare that the Republicans of Ohio overwhelmingly desire that the name of the Hon. William Howard Taft be presented to the nation as Ohio's candidate for president, and that the Republicans of other states be invited to co-operate with the Republicans of Ohio to secure his nomination in 1908.

"And be it further resolved that we emphatically declare that the Republicans of Ohio are opposed to the elimination from public life of Senators J. B. Foraker and Charles Dick, whose services to the party and state have been distinguished, by ability, wisdom and patriotism."

The indorsement of Secretary Taft's candidacy by the Republican state central committee was vigorously opposed by Senator Foraker, who, upon the eve of the meeting of the committee, openly voiced his dissent to the proposition.

The senior senator from Ohio controlled seven of the twenty-one members of the committee on all votes except that taken upon the adoption of the resolution indorsing Taft. A. W. McDonald of the Sixteenth district broke with the Foraker forces on the final ballot, which stood 15 to 6.

A. I. Vorys, the manager of the Taft campaign, declared the action of the committee was important in that it gave assurance to other states that Secretary Taft had the support of his party in Ohio and would be backed by the delegation from this state in the next national Republican convention.

PROHIBITION IN GEORGIA

Hardeman-Covington Bill is Passed by the Lower House.

Atlanta, Ga., July 31.—The Hardeman-Covington prohibition bill, passed by the Georgia senate some days ago, was adopted by the house by a vote of 139 to 39. Two amendments added to the bill by the house will necessitate the bill going back to the senate for concurrence, of which there is no doubt, and the bill will then go to Governor Hoke Smith for his signature, which has been practically pledged, and prohibition will become a law in Georgia.

The amendments permit the sale of pure alcohol by retail druggists on the prescription of a reputable physician, and also allow wholesale druggists to carry pure alcohol in stock for sale to retailers only.

The bill prohibits the manufacture or keeping on hand in any place of business, the sale or giving away to induce business within the state of any liquor that may produce intoxication. The new law is to become effective Jan. 1, 1908.

Republicans Meet at Tulsa.

Tulsa, I. T., July 31.—Frank Frantz for governor and a full state ticket on a platform claiming credit for good features in the proposed constitution and demanding other amendments seems to be the plan of the Republican state convention to be held tomorrow. Delegates are arriving by hun-

dreeds. There is the best of feeling among them. All are for statehood and willing to give and take to secure it at the earliest moment. Frantz is the central figure in the convention. The convention will be held in a great tent seating 6,000.

Officer Kills Ex-Convict.

Chicago, July 31.—William Wood, a negro ex-convict, was instantly killed by Police Sergeant Hertz in a fierce fight, in which several other officers besides Hertz participated. During the fight, Henry A. Noyes, a bystander, was shot in the abdomen by Wood and was taken to a hospital in a critical condition.

Schmitz Makes Appointments.

San Francisco, July 31.—Eugene E. Schmitz, the convicted mayor, made appointments to fill the vacancies created by the forced resignations of fourteen members of the board of supervisors, Schmitz claiming the right of appointment on the ground that he is the rightful mayor of San Francisco.

AFTER POWDER TRUST

Suits Filed Against 26 Corporations for Violating Sherman Law.

Washington, July 31.—The government filed in the United States court at Wilmington, Del., a petition against the E. I. Dupont Powder company of New Jersey, and twenty-four other corporations and seventeen individuals connected with the twenty-six corporations, which are made defendants in the petition.

The petition relates that all of the defendants are engaged in interstate trade and commerce in gunpowder and other high grade explosives and are violating the act of July 2, 1890, commonly known as the Sherman anti-trust act.

It seeks to prevent and restrain the unlawful existing agreements, contracts, combinations and conspiracies in restraint of such trade and commerce, to prevent and restrain the attempts on the part of the defendants to monopolize such trade and commerce, and to dissolve the existing monopolies therein.

HIS SANITY MUCH IN DOUBT

Examining Magistrate Orders Henry Huntington Held for Mental Tests.

Versailles, France, July 31.—M. Hirsch, the examining magistrate before whom the Huntington case has been brought, decided that Henry Huntington, who Sunday night shot and wounded two sisters and two brothers at the bedside of his dying father, should be examined as to his sanity. M. Hirsch told the Associated Press that the prisoner, who at times was strangely agitated, told such conflicting stories that he was convinced he was suffering from neurasthenia, and furthermore the magistrate considers that Henry Huntington's wife is similarly affected. Mrs. Huntington admitted that her husband had twice been under treatment for nervous disorders.

GREEK REBELS WIPED OUT

Battle Between Turkish Troops and Small Band of Insurgents.

Athens, July 31.—There has been a pitched battle between Turkish troops, supported by Bashi-Bazouks, and a small band of Greek insurgents, who had entrenched themselves in a house on the outskirts of Seres, European Turkey, fifty miles northeast of Salonica. The band was completely wiped out, but thirty men were killed before the soldiers, aided by artillery, succeeded in capturing the miniature fortress. During the fighting the Bashi-Bazouks pillaged over 100 houses and burned a number of Greek buildings in Seres.

SHIP'S BOILER TUBE BURSTS

One Dead, Others Severely Injured on Gunboat Wilmington.

Washington, July 31.—A dispatch received at the navy department from Commander Boush of the gunboat Wilmington at Shanghai says a boiler tube of the vessel burst while the vessel was at Nanking. Three men were scalded, one of whom, Fireman Philip Hind, subsequently died. The other two are not seriously burned.

Unofficial reports of several deaths from smallpox on the Wilmington have reached the navy department.

Lay Cornerstone at The Hague.

The Hague, July 31.—The foundation stone of the Andrew Carnegie Palace of Peace was laid at Zorghvliet, in the midst of the wooded park stretching from The Hague to Scheveningen, by M. Nelidoff, president of the second peace conference.

BASEBALL RESULTS

American League—Washington, 2-6; Chicago, 4-4. New York, 6; Detroit, 1. Philadelphia, 2; St. Louis, 1. Boston, 3; Cleveland, 0.
National League—St. Louis, 5; New York, 11. Chicago, 7; Brooklyn, 6 (10 innings). Cincinnati, 8; Philadelphia, 9. Pittsburg, 12; Boston, 3.

American Association—Kansas City, 0-3; Minneapolis, 2-4. Columbus, 6-1; Toledo, 7-2. Louisville, 0-13; Indianapolis, 5-2. Milwaukee, 6; St. Paul, 7.
Western League—Pueblo, 11; Sioux City, 3. Omaha, 7; Des Moines, 1. Denver, 3; Lincoln, 1.

TELEGRAMS TERSELY TOLD

Joe Maloy of Silver City, N. M., shot and killed Deputy Sheriff Charles Smith as Smith was attempting to arrest him.

The plant of the Chicago, New York and Boston Refrigerator company at Chicago was damaged by fire to the extent of \$300,000.

John H. Jones of Pittsburg, general manager of the United Coal company, and Joseph Graham, fire boss, were killed in Edna mine No. 1 by a fall of slate.

A. A. Smith, a prominent shingle manufacturer, was killed at Everett, Wash., by the overturning of his automobile. Two companions, Duncan McKiddie and John Nelson, were injured.

M. Toropoff, leader of the monarchist party in Moscow, shot and killed M. Ermouse, a member of the social democratic party, during a heated political argument. Toropoff has been arrested.

The annual convention of the American Philatelic association was held on the summit of Pike's peak. John N. Luff of New York was elected president and it was voted to hold the next annual convention at Cleveland.

NEWS OF NEBRASKA.

PACKING HOUSE AT ALLIANCE.

Independent Concern Files Articles. Havelock to Secure One Also.

Lincoln, July 30.—Independent packing houses will be constructed in Havelock and Alliance, Neb. The Alliance company, with a capital stock of \$25,000, fully subscribed, filed its articles of incorporation, while Charles Williams of Sioux City is now in Havelock organizing a company there. Both concerns will do a complete packing business, the capacity of the Alliance concern being 100 beeves per day.

WILL OBEY PURE FOOD LAW.

Food Commissioner Johnson Receives Assurances from Some Dealers.

Lincoln, July 27.—Food Commissioner J. W. Johnson received several letters from Nebraska retailers stating they will obey the state pure food law by refusing to purchase package goods from manufacturing firms outside of the state. These letters came in reply to a circular letter issued Tuesday warning retailers that they would be subjected to arrest and fine if they sold packages containing prizes and those on which the net weight was omitted.

SHOT BY HIS HIRED MAN.

Merrill Brown of Bertha Probably Fatally Injured by Albert Butts.

Tekamah, Neb., July 30.—Merrill Brown, a blacksmith at Bertha, a settlement about seven miles east of Craig, was shot and perhaps fatally wounded by his hired man, Albert Butts. Brown and Butts had a quarrel, during which the shooting occurred. A 32-caliber ball entered Brown's head just back of the left temple and came out through the back of the head. Butts immediately went to Lyons, where he was captured within two hours after the shooting. Butts is well known at this place, having served time in the county jail here on charges of stealing, shooting and fighting.

ATTACKS THE REVENUE LAW.

Railroads Allege Valuation of Real Estate Every Four Years is Illegal.

Lincoln, July 30.—The Union Pacific and the Burlington railroads, before the state board of equalization, branched out on a different line of attack in their fight against the alleged low assessment of real estate, by attacking the constitutionality of the law which provides real estate shall be assessed every four years. Edson Rich, representing the Union Pacific, alleged in an amendment to his petition filed with the board that this section is not constitutional, because it permits real estate to be assessed at less than its real value. Testimony taken from the auditor's report was introduced to show that the average value of improved real estate is less at this time than in 1904.

A Cat Monitor.

I once owned two cats, one a gray, the other a black. Daily I placed a bowl of milk on the floor for their disposal. One day at the usual hour their meal was served, but only the gray cat was present. She drank about half of the milk and then walked out, only to reappear an hour later, the black cat following. As soon as they entered the house Maltie (which was the gray cat's name) seized Blackie by the ear and led her to the bowl of milk. That was the first and last time that Blackie wasn't present at meal hour.

MOYER RELEASED ON BAIL

PRESIDENT OF FEDERATION LEAVES BOISE JAIL.

BOND REFUSED FOR PETTIDONE

Attorneys Submit Motion Without Argument and it is Quickly Overruled by Judge Wood—Dr. McGee Held for Trial on Perjury Charge.

Boise, Ida., July 31.—After a delay of three hours, Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, was released from the Ada county jail on a bond of \$25,000, signed by Timothy Reagan and Thomas J. Jones of Boise.

Moyer will leave for Salt Lake tonight in company with William D. Haywood, who on Sunday was acquitted of the murder of former Governor Steunenberg. After a stop of a few hours in Salt Lake, they will proceed to Denver, the headquarters of the federation.

Dr. I. G. McGee of Wallace, Ida., charged with perjury in the Haywood case, had a hearing in the probate court and was bound over for trial and released on his own recognizance. Dr. McGee swore that Harry Orchard was in Wallace in August, 1904. Orchard was a witness against Moyer and declared he was not in Idaho at the time mentioned.

Formal application was made in the district court to have George A. Pettidone admitted to bail. The motion was submitted without argument and was promptly denied by Judge Wood.

PROTEST AGAINST THE FINES

Railroads and Government Clash Over Mail Regulations.

Chicago, July 31.—Western railroads are near an open break with the post-office department over the transportation of the mails, owing to a number of recent orders. The latest cause of grievance is the imposition of heavy fines on nearly all the roads for delay in delivering the mails. To consider the situation, a number of railroad officials had an important conference here. One official declared that the fines levied by the government against his road in one quarter amounted to \$40,000. A similar condition on other roads was reported.

The fines were assessed under a rule which went into effect in July, 1906. The roads are amazed to find that they are in danger of losing 16 per cent of their mail pay unless they revise schedules and place their mail trains upon running time which they know they can maintain in all seasons and in all kinds of weather.

The new rule, the roads claim, is oppressive and unjust. It provides that if the mails are late ten times on any route during a period of ninety days the road shall be assessed 15 per cent of the pay of that route for the quarter. Under the speed standards as now established operating men declare it would be a marvel for almost any of the big western systems to escape having their important mail trains late more than ten times in ninety days.

WELCOME FOR HOME COMERS

Boston Provides Entertainment for Hosts Who Have Returned on Visit.

Boston, July 31.—The host of home-comers who are in this city attending the home-coming week exercises were tendered a reception, at which they were welcomed to the state and city by Governor Gould and Mayor Fitzgerald. The feature of the sporting events of the day was a muster and play out of veteran firemen, half a hundred handbills participating in the display, after a march through the principal streets of the city. The families whose members are scattered over many sections of the country, gathered here for the reunions and one of them, the Fairbanks family, had as its guest the vice president of the United States.

LAST OF ASSESSOR'S REPORT.

Fifteen and a Half Million Increase in the Total Assessment.

Lincoln, July 29.—The last of the abstracts of county assessors has been received and the grand assessment roll as fixed by the county assessors is \$228,709,337.29. In 1906 it was \$218,080,801.02, making the increase this year \$10,628,536.27. As the increase in the personal property assessment is practically \$10,000,000 and the increase in the assessment of railroads practically \$5,000,000, it is thought the state board of equalization will change the returns of the county assessors very little. That is, there probably will be as many reductions as increases. The increase in the assessment is way beyond the estimates made during the session of the legislature, the university regents missing it over \$7,000,000 when they were making their plea for not only the 1 mill levy, but to get into the general fund for new buildings.

GROOMING COUNTS

But it cannot make a Fair Skin or a Glossy Coat.



Women with good complexions cannot be homely. Creams, lotions, washes and powders cannot make a fair skin. Every horseman knows that the satin coat of his thoroughbred comes from the animal's "all-right" condition. Let the horse get "off his feed" and his coat turns dull. Currying, brushing and rubbing will give him a clean coat, but cannot produce the coveted smoothness and gloss of the horse's skin, which is his complexion. The ladies will see the point.

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