

SMASHUP IN ST. PAUL

GREAT WESTERN STOCK TRAIN STRIKES SOO PASSENGER.

Are Thrown Over Retaining Wall, Dropping a Distance of Twenty Feet. One Woman Is Killed and About Thirty Persons Injured.

St. Paul, Oct. 2.—A Chicago Great Western stock train, running about twenty miles an hour as it was going to the St. Paul yards, struck the middle of a Soo line passenger train which had just left the Union station and hurled two Pullman sleepers over a retaining wall to the bottom of a gully twenty feet below. One sleeper landed bottom side up and the other fell on its side. Mrs. Clara M. Cross of Minneapolis was so badly injured that she died in the hospital shortly after being taken there, and nine others were seriously injured, while a score or more were less seriously hurt. The engine and first sleeper of the Soo train got safely across the switch, but the second and third sleepers were hit. The end of the fourth sleeper was partly wrecked.

Seriously injured: J. P. Wilkinson, may die; H. Wilkinson, E. S. Martin, head badly bruised; Mrs. Henry Deutsch, Minneapolis, back and head hurt; L. S. Morris, Montreal, head, back and neck hurt; Franklin Lyon, Minneapolis, back injured and bruised, will recover; William A. Hall, traveling auditor Soo road, collar bone fractured and scalp wound; Mrs. Thompson Hall, Minneapolis, scalp wound.

THREE KILLED IN A WRECK.

Switch Engine Jumps Track in Birmingham Yards With Fatal Results.

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 2.—A switch engine in the yards of the Louisville and Nashville railroad jumped the track and two men were instantly killed and a third died in the hospital a few hours later. The dead are: T. P. Bibb, Joseph Armon and L. M. Glass, all well known young men. They were standing on the front running board of the switch engine, which was going at a high rate of speed, when suddenly the front wheels jumped the track. The front of the engine struck two cabooses on adjacent tracks and rolled over on its side. The bodies of the men were terribly mangled.

WOMAN KILLS SEVEN CHILDREN.

Mrs. Markham Slays Her Offspring and Husband Commits Suicide.

Rock Island, Ill., Oct. 2.—Mrs. Clarence Markham of Cambridge, near here, in a fit of temporary insanity, killed her seven children with an axe, after which she placed their bodies on a bed, saturated it with kerosene and set fire to it. She then hacked her throat with a knife and threw herself on the burning bed. Neighbors rescued her, but she was so badly burned that she died soon after she had made a confession. The eldest child was nine years old; the youngest a baby in arms.

Later Clarence E. Markham, husband and father of the victims of the tragedy, committed suicide by shooting himself after tying a rope around his neck so that it would choke him to death in case the bullet failed of its purpose.

Card Is Indicted for Murder.

St. Louis, Oct. 2.—The grand jury indicted Frank Willis Card, a native of North Bend, Neb., on the charge of murder in the first degree. It is alleged that on July 25 Card, who is one-legged and married, shot and instantly killed Mrs. Beulah Craft, aged twenty, wife of Charles T. Craft. After killing Mrs. Craft, Card fired several shots into himself. At the hospital, upon hearing a doctor say that he might recover, he tore the bandages from himself and tried to thwart the attempt of the authorities to save his life. Card is understood to have recovered sufficiently to stand trial.

Gas Workman Asphyxiated.

Des Moines, Oct. 2.—Charles Smith was asphyxiated at 1218 Park avenue. Smith formerly lived at that number, but recently moved to 1318 the same street. He was found in the empty house with his face bitten by rats that had attacked him during the night. The discovery was made by his wife. Smith was an employee of the gas company and had gone to the empty house to get his gas meter to move it to his new number. It is supposed that while he was at work on the meter the gas leaked in sufficient quantity to overcome him.

Prairie Fires Begin.

Huron, S. D., Oct. 2.—The first losses from prairie fire reported this fall come from the northeast part of the county. A party of hunters accidentally set fire to the prairie grass a few miles north of Cavour, resulting in the destruction of a large quantity of hay. Fire east of the same city was started from a passing freight engine on the Northwestern railway, and a strip of country two miles long and half a mile wide was burned over.

Dragged From Engine by Crowd and Forced to Rescind Order.

Denver, Oct. 3.—The spectacle of a member of the judiciary being dragged about by a mob and forced to rescind an official order ended a day of turmoil at Brighton, Colo., the county seat of Adams county. A. H. Guthrie, county judge, hauled the mayor, marshal and members of the town board before him and lectured them for their alleged failure to enforce ordinances against gambling and Sunday liquor selling. Following this, he ordered the sheriff and marshal to gather the slot machines in the town of Brighton, and when they reported later that they could only find one, Judge Guthrie deputized two men to arrest them for contempt. In the meantime both the sheriff and the marshal disappeared. The report of the judge's action concerning the two peace officers spread through the town and caused much excitement. Citizens began to gather on the streets, and, fearing for his personal safety, Judge Guthrie boarded a freight engine as it was pulling a train slowly through the town. He ordered the engineer to uncouple the engine from the train and run to this city with him, threatening legal action unless the engineer complied with the order. The latter refused to obey the demand, and while they were discussing the matter a mob gathered around the engine and Judge Guthrie was dragged from the engine. He was arrested against the sheriff and marshal told that he must rescind his order of arrest and upon being assured that he had already done so, the judge was released by the mob and allowed to proceed to this city on a passenger train later. Judge Guthrie has been at war almost constantly with other county officers since his administration began about a year ago, and has had these officials and members of the bar before him time and again on charges of contempt.

SECRETARY TAFT RETURNS.

Discusses Result of His Trip With President Roosevelt.

Washington, Oct. 3.—After an absence of more than three months, Secretary of War Taft returned to Washington, establishing a record from Yokohama to Washington by making the trip in fourteen days and arriving two days ahead of schedule time. Of the original members of the congressional party, only one, Senator Foster of Louisiana, returned to Washington with the secretary. The other members went home by different routes or stopped on the way across the continent. Secretary Taft appeared to be hearty and vigorous and cordially greeted those who met him. He made a quick trip to his home and then proceeded to the war department. There he expressed gratification that the long journey was over and that it had been accomplished without mishap to any of the party. In discussing briefly his trip, the secretary said that the natives of the Philippines have reached the point where they can participate in legislation with profit to themselves and that it will be a good education for them. There are, he added, a sufficient number well qualified to compose one branch of the legislative body.

Secretary Taft dined with President and Mrs. Roosevelt at the white house. The secretary detailed to the president the details of the congressional party's tour of the Philippines and the Orient.

Riksdag Approves Treaty.

Stockholm, Sweden, Oct. 3.—After the king's speech from the throne had been delivered at the opening of the riksdag the government introduced a motion requesting the house to approve a proposal that the arrangements entered into between Sweden and Norway should go into force from a date, which was left blank, when Norway took similar action. As soon as the Karlstad agreement is sanctioned by the riksdag and the storting the king will submit a proposal authorizing the dissolution of the union and conferring on his majesty full power to recognize Norway as an independent state. When this is done the treaty of Karlstad will become binding.

Senator Mitchell in Hospital.

Portland, Ore., Oct. 3.—United States Senator John H. Mitchell, recently convicted of conspiracy to defraud the United States government with the transactions in public lands, is in a local hospital, suffering from a broken rib. He slipped on some loose earth while watching the dry docking of the steamship Ocean. Serious complications are not apprehended, but on account of the senator's advanced age he will have unusual care.

Orders Packers to Plead.

Chicago, Sept. 30.—Federal Judge Otis J. Humphrey sustained the demurrer filed by United States District Attorney Morrison to the plea in abatement made by the packers seeking to have indictments for alleged restraint of trade declared void. Judge Humphrey said he made his decision on broad grounds, without taking into consideration technicalities which the government advanced against the plea in abatement.

PELTING OF CABINET

CHINESE EXCLUSION LAW AND BOYCOTT DISCUSSED.

President's Instructions to Consular Officers in China Cannot Be Complied With—Changes Must Be Made in Method of Executing Law.

Washington, Oct. 4.—The most interesting subjects discussed at the cabinet meeting were, first, the Chinese boycott against American goods, and, second, the consideration of complaints made by the Chinese against the method of executing the existing Chinese exclusion laws. The important fact developed was that the president's effort last summer to allay the indignation of the Chinese by a circular of instructions to the American minister to China and consular officers therein had in a measure failed of its purpose, and required considerable amendment to secure the object sought. Minister Rockhill himself reported that it had not been found possible to carry out the instructions in the letter without doing great injustice to worthy Chinese and imposing burdens too heavy to be borne upon the American consuls.

Coming freshly from the Orient, Secretary Taft took a prominent part in the discussion of this matter and presented some of the results of his observations on his recent trip. It developed that the requirement that American consuls identify the Chinese seeking certificates admitting them to American ports imposed a task upon these officials beyond their ability. The Chinese applicant frequently came from some place far distant from the American consulate and the consul was consequently obliged to refuse to identify as proper persons to be admitted to the United States very many worthy Chinese, which of course led to bitter complaint and fostered the boycott feeling.

The trend of opinion in the cabinet meeting was that the complaints were directed rather against the construction placed upon the law than against the act itself and especially against the definition given in California to the term coolie, so it was practically decided that changes must be made.

RAMSEY'S FIGHT ON GOULD.

Wabash Embroglio Reaches Injunction Stage of Its Proceedings.

St. Louis, Oct. 4.—Suit for injunction was filed in the St. Louis circuit court by Joseph Ramsey, Jr., president of the Wabash, against the Iron Mountain and Wabash Railway companies, the Mercantile Trust company of New York, Walter S. Wilson, H. W. Walker and George J. Gould.

In his petition Mr. Ramsey asks the court to grant him an injunction preventing the proposed annual meeting of George J. Gould and his associates at Toledo, where it is proposed to elect a board of directors and a president to control the Wabash road for the next year.

As a reason, he alleges that the one result of this meeting would be to stifle competition in traffic between the Wabash and Missouri Pacific roads between St. Louis and Kansas City. Ramsey sets out in his petition that he is a resident of Missouri, while the defendants are nonresidents. He owns \$50,000 par value of the debenture bonds of the Wabash and 100 shares of the capital stock. He brings the suit, he says, for himself and others similarly situated. The Missouri Pacific railroad, he says, holds 20,000 shares of Wabash stock, the Iron Mountain holds 65,000 shares of preferred stock and \$5,435,000 par value of debentures, these shares being held in trust by the Mercantile Trust company of New York, Wilson, Walker and Gould. Gould, he says, owns and controls a majority of the stock of the Missouri Pacific and controls the majority of the stock of the Iron Mountain railway.

F. W. Lehmann, attorney for Mr. Ramsey, says: "The importance of this suit to the public is in that it is a suit to enjoin rival companies of the Wabash from voting its stock and debentures."

SUIT TO COMPEL RESTITUTION.

Permission Asked to Bring Action Against McCall and Perkins.

New York, Oct. 4.—Permission to begin suit against John A. McCall, president, and George W. Perkins, vice president of the New York Life Insurance company, for the restitution of \$150,000 contributed to Republican campaign funds was asked of Attorney General Mayer by William Hepburn Russell, acting as attorney for several policy holders. Under the law of this state the sanction of the attorney general is required in order to bring a suit of this character. Mr. Russell

said the suit would be based on the contention that the money paid to the national Republican committee was expended by McCall and Perkins without corporate authority. He declared that he intended also to sue for the restitution of \$233,000, which Mr. McCall testified had been placed in the hands of Andrew Hamilton of Albany.

General Gomez Arrives.

New York, Oct. 4.—General Juan Jose Gomez, the governor of Santa Clara province, Cuba, who recently resigned as the Liberal candidate for the presidency of Cuba in opposition to President Palma, arrived here on the steamer Monterey. He will remain in this country about two weeks. General Gomez said: "My errand is to get a rest. I do not know what cities I shall visit, I have no plans."

PAT CROWE UNDER ARREST.

Police at Butte Say They Have Much Wanted Omaha Man.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 3.—Pat Crowe, wanted by the Omaha police for the kidnaping of the son of Edward Cudahy, the millionaire packer, in 1900, was arrested in this city last night. Crowe's identification has been made complete through photographs sent to the authorities by Omaha officers. Crowe acknowledged he was the fugitive, becoming alarmed when he feared the authorities were going to shoot him. Captain of Police W. F. McGrath and Detective McInerney made the arrest, placing the muzzles of their revolvers against his stomach as he emerged from a saloon in the tenderloin section of the city. Crowe declared he would return to Omaha without requisition papers. He cursed bitterly at his arrest, expressing chagrin at his apprehension in a town the size of Butte, when he, as he said, had traveled the world over and evaded capture in large cities. Crowe has two brothers in Montana, one living in Butte and the other at Great Falls.

A friend of Crowe's tipped the local police of Crowe's presence in the city, and his arrest followed after photographs of the fugitive had been secured from the Omaha police.

SUMMARY OF CROP CONDITIONS.

An Exceptionally Large and Fine Yield of Corn is Now Assured.

Washington, Oct. 4.—The weekly crop bulletin of the weather bureau summarizes crop conditions as follows:

Favorable weather prevailed throughout the principal crop states. An exceptionally large and fine yield of corn is now assured over much of the greater part of the corn belt and only a very small part of the crop in the north central portion, estimated at from 2 to 5 per cent, remains exposed to injury from frost, and this is maturing rapidly. The crop in Missouri was extensively blown down or lodged, but notwithstanding this and the damage by September floods, the yield in that state will be very heavy. A light apple crop is reported nearly everywhere, only a few unimportant apple producing states indicating satisfactory yields.

Owing to the extensive prevalence of blight and rot in the principal potato producing states a light crop of potatoes of inferior quality is generally promised. The fall seed sown so far has been exceptionally favorable for plowing and seeding in the central valley, lake region and middle Atlantic states. In portions of the southern states and on the north Pacific coast dry soil conditions have not been favorable for this work.

Fresh Disturbances in Austria.

Bruenn, Austria, Oct. 4.—Fresh disturbances between the Germans and the Czechs broke out here. The Czechs marched through the streets, wrecking stores and insulting Germans. Almost the whole garrison had to be called out to restore order, the rioters having continued the disturbances in the suburbs after being driven from the city. Many persons were injured and windows in the Jewish synagogue were smashed. Strong patrols have been placed at all the prominent German buildings for their protection.

Steamer Roddam Ashore.

London, Oct. 4.—Lloyds received a telegram from the captain of the British steamer Roddam announcing that the vessel is ashore and abandoned in the Yenesei river, Siberia. The Rod-

dam was at anchor off St. Pierre with eighteen or twenty other vessels when the outbreak of Mont Pelee occurred in 1902 and escaped badly damaged. She was almost overwhelmed by burning lava and seventeen of her crew were killed.

Standing of the Teams.

NAT'L LEAGUE.	W. L. P.	AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W. L. P.
N. York..102	43	70	54
P'burg..94	52	64	44
Chicago..86	61	58	53
Ph'phia..80	65	53	53
Cin'nati..74	72	50	50
St. Louis..56	90	38	74
Boston..49	97	35	74
B'klyn...41	102	28	74
St. Louis..72	95	35	54

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISIONS

Features of the Day's Trading and Closing Quotations.

Chicago, Oct. 3.—Liberal receipts in the northwest had a depressing effect today on wheat values here. At the close wheat for December delivery was off $\frac{1}{4}$ ¢. Corn and oats both showed a gain of $\frac{1}{8}$ ¢. Provisions were down $\frac{2}{32}$ ¢. Closing prices:

Wheat—Dec., 84 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢; May, 85 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢.
Corn—Dec., 44 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢; May, 43 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢.
Oats—Dec., 27 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢; May, 29 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢.
Pork—Oct., \$14.82 $\frac{1}{2}$; Jan., \$12.32 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢.
Lard—Oct., \$7.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢; Jan., \$6.80.
Ribs—Oct., \$8.50; Jan., \$6.45 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢.

South Omaha Live Stock.

South Omaha, Oct. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,800; steady; native steers, \$3.75@5.75; cows and heifers, \$2.50@4.25; western steers, \$2.75@4.75; Texas steers, \$2.75@4.00; range cows and heifers, \$2.00@3.50; canners, \$1.50@2.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.25@4.25; calves, \$3.00@5.50; bulls, stags, etc., \$2.00@3.50. Hogs—Receipts, 3,200; steady; heavy, \$4.95@5.25; mixed, \$5.10@5.20; light, \$5.25@5.37 $\frac{1}{2}$; pigs, \$4.75@5.25; bulk of sales, \$5.00@5.25. Sheep—Receipts, 3,200; steady; westerns, \$4.75@5.20; wethers, \$4.50@4.75; ewes, \$4.15@4.30; lambs, \$6.50@6.75.

Kansas City Live Stock.

Kansas City, Oct. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 26,000; steady; native steers, \$4.00@6.00; cows and heifers, \$1.75@5.25; stockers and feeders, \$2.00@3.00; calves, \$2.50@5.00; western steers, \$2.75@4.50. Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; 5@10¢ lower; bulk of sales, \$5.25@5.30; heavy, \$5.25@5.35; packers, \$5.30@5.35; pigs and light, \$5.00@5.25. Sheep—Receipts, 6,000; steady; muttons, \$4.00@5.00; lambs, \$5.25@5.75.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Oct. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 13,000; steady to 10¢ lower; steers, \$3.10@6.10; stockers and feeders, \$2.25@3.85; cows and canners, \$1.40@4.35; bulls, \$2.00@4.75; heifers, \$2.00@4.75; calves, \$5.10@7.50. Hogs—Receipts, 18,000; steady; shipping and selected \$5.50@5.75; mixed and heavy packing, \$4.70@5.45; light, \$5.00@5.55; pigs and rough, \$4.50@5.50. Sheep—Receipts, 40,000; mostly unchanged; sheep, \$3.00@5.40; lambs, \$4.00@7.75.

Final Effort to Save Patrick.

Albany, Oct. 2.—The final effort to save Albert T. Patrick, condemned to die for the murder of William Marsh Rice, will be made before the state court of appeals today. Ex-Senator David B. Hill will address the court in Patrick's behalf in an effort to obtain a reargument of the appeal recently decided against him by the court by a vote of 4 to 3.

Millionaire Kills Himself.

New York, Sept. 30.—William R. Travers, a millionaire man of leisure, son of the celebrated wit and Wall street operator William R. Travers, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head in his apartments in Madison avenue. The suicide is inexplicable, Mr. Travers being in the prime of life, in fair health and the possessor of a large fortune. Mr. Travers married Miss Lilly Harriman, a sister of Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.

A Queer Branch.

Uncle George—How do you like arithmetic? Little Dick—Pretty well so far, but the teacher says that next week we are to begin learning how to extract roots. Guess he must think we're all going to be dentists.

"Ridicule," says a German critic, "is like a blow with the fist, wit like the prick of a needle, irony like the sting of a thorn and humor the plaster which heals all these wounds."

Old Party—You worry your mother terribly. Why are you so wicked? Bad Boy—'Cause if I'm good she'll worry thinkin' I'm sick.

SAY, MISTER!

Do you know that it will pay YOU, as well as US, to buy your Building Material and Coal at our yards? Not only that our prices AVERAGE lower, or at least as low, as those of our competitors, but BECAUSE we take especial care of and protect all can be classed as REGULAR CUSTOMERS.

PLATT & FREES CO.
Coal. Lumber.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Cures Grip In Two Days.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.
Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature, E. W. Grove