



SALE! SALE!

Commencing Friday, Feb. 3, continuing to Saturday, Feb. 18

Too Many Goods!

Just finished invoicing and find we have too many Goods and NO MONEY. Going to reverse this state of affairs in the next fifteen days. How? By selling merchandise cheaper than was ever sold in Red Cloud.

SHOES! SHOES!

\$3.50 Shoes for.....	\$2.80
3.25 Shoes for.....	2.65
3.00 Shoes for.....	2.48
2.75 Shoes for.....	2.30
2.50 Shoes for.....	2.10
2.25 Shoes for.....	1.75
2.00 Shoes for.....	1.60
1.75 Shoes for.....	1.45
1.50 Shoes for.....	1.20
1.25 Shoes for.....	1.00
1.00 Shoes for.....	.80
90c Shoes for.....	.70
75c Shoes for.....	.55
50c Shoes for.....	.40.

LADIES' CLOAKS.

\$15.00 Cloak for..	\$10.00
12.50 Cloak for..	8.50
12.00 Cloak for..	8.00
10.00 Cloak for..	6.65

8.00 Cloak for.. 5.35
6.50 Cloak for.. 4.50
In other words, one-third off, 33 1/3 per cent discount.

RUGS! RUGS!

A nice line of rugs at 20 per cent off.

LADIES'

Tailor Made Suits

one-third off, 33 1/3 per cent discount.

Tailor Made Skirts

At Wholesale Prices
About 50 of these Skirts left and we are going to sell every Skirt at a sac-

rifices before the new Skirts come in. This line of Skirts is so well known that it needs no introduction. BESTON EARTH

DRESS GOODS.

20 per cent reduction on all Wool Dress Goods during this sale. All goods marked in plain figures.

SILK REMNANTS.

From 1/4 of a yard to 4 1/2 yard lengths, at bargain prices. Also a large lot of remnants in Cotton Goods and Wool Dress Goods that are money savers.

GROCERIES.

Oatmeal, 5 lb pkg, all brands	20c
Banner, Saxon, Union	20c
Quail Oatmeal, 3 pkgs for..	25c
Standard Corn, 3 cans.....	25c
Standard solid pack Tomatoes, 3 cans.....	25c
10c bottle Pickles.....	7 1/2c
10c bottle Mustard.....	7 1/2c
10c bottle Ketchup.....	7 1/2c
Best Full Cream Cheese, 1b	15c
15 can Curtis Bros. Jam.....	7 1/2c
10c jar Apple Butter.....	7 1/2c
10c can Jelly.....	6c
10c glass Jelly.....	6c
15c glass Jelly.....	8c
12 bars Maseot Soap.....	25c
8 bars Swift's Pride Soap.....	25c
Toilet Soap, 3 bars in box per box	7c
5c Coal Oil Soap per bar.....	3 1/2c
All 5c Toilet Soaps, per bar	3 1/2c
All 10c Toilet Soaps, bar.....	7c
Silk Soap, 8 bars.....	25c
Silver Leaf Soap, 8 bars.....	25c
Shredded Wheat Biscuit, pkg	10c

Men's Lined Mittens and Gloves, 20 per cent off.



TURNURE BROS.

TWO STARS FOR FLAG

SENATE PASSES THE JOINT STATEHOOD MEASURE.

Provides for Admission of Oklahoma and Indian Territory to the Union as a Single State and New Mexico as Another—Arizona Must Wait.

Washington, Feb. 8.—After a continuous sitting of almost nine hours the senate passed the joint statehood bill. As passed, the bill provides for the admission of the states of Oklahoma and Indian territory, and New Mexico according to the present boundaries with Arizona eliminated.

The long session was characterized by exciting incidents and many surprises. Beginning promptly upon the convening at 12 o'clock, the senate proceeded to consider the various amendments which had been suggested by the committee on territories and which had been passed over. One of the first of these taken up was the amendment prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors in what is now Indian territory, for the next ten years, and this was displaced with a substitute offered by Gallinger, which extended the amendment to the entire state for a period of twenty-one years, and this was adopted.

The first surprise of the day came when the committee accepted Foraker's amendment providing for a separate vote by each of the territories of Arizona and New Mexico on the constitution to be adopted by the proposed state of Arizona. That provision had scarcely been made a part of the bill when Bard presented his amendment, which had been originally offered by Patterson, and which provided for the admission of New Mexico as a state without the addition of Arizona. This amendment proved to be the point around which all the subsequent proceedings of importance revolved. It was at first adopted by the close vote of 42 to 40. This vote was taken while the senate was sitting in committee of the whole and was reversed in the senate proper by the tie vote of 38 to 38.

Subsequently the senate decided by a vote of 38 to 36 to entirely eliminate New Mexico and Arizona from the bill and this result had hardly been announced when Bard, in slightly changed form, renewed his proposition for the admission of New Mexico as a state, and this time the

amendment prevailed by the vote of 46 to 37. One of the affirmative votes was, however, cast by Beveridge, in charge of the bill, for the purpose of moving the reconsideration of the vote. He was prompt in entering his motion as soon as the result was announced, but the motion was laid upon the table by a vote of 39 to 38. The effect was to eliminate Arizona from the bill and to establish a state of New Mexico and another of Oklahoma and Indian territory. In this form the bill passed.

The defeat of the Bard amendment in the senate after it had been adopted in committee of the whole gave rise to some interesting incidents. Bailey intimated that there had been a "trade" regarding the adoption of an amendment adding a portion of Arizona to Utah.

The Mormon question also received an airing during the day. While the provision for the separate admission of New Mexico was under consideration Burrows, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, announced his opposition to the bill and stated it was due to the practice of polygamy in that territory to such an extent that he considered it unwise to take the administration away from the federal authorities. Dubois, McComas and Platt (Conn.) referred to the question of polygamy and to the revelations before the committee. The bill originated in the house and will go to conference.

RATE BILL DEBATE IN HOUSE.

McCall of Massachusetts Points Out Objections to Measure.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The feature of the debate in the house on the freight rate bill was the speech of McCall (Mass.), who, in opposing the proposed legislation, declared that it was not to be imagined that the supreme court would stand between the government and its victim, following that utterance up with the statement that the courts usually reflected the policy of the party in power.

The views of the speakers as to legislation needed were many and varied, but with the exception of McCall and Sibley (Pa.), all were agreed that the time had arrived for the granting of relief. The names of William J. Bryan and President Roosevelt figured prominently in the discussion, the allegation being made from the Democratic side of the chamber that the president in his recent message to congress on the subject of rate legislation only reiterated the

views of Mr. Bryan and the declarations of the Democratic party in three national platforms.

Rejoicing in Oklahoma.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Feb. 8.—The announcement that the senate had passed the statehood bill providing for joint admission of Oklahoma and Indian territory is creating great enthusiasm in both territories. Public demonstrations of rejoicing are taking place all over both territories.

Father Gopon in Switzerland.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 8.—Father Gopon, the leader of the workmen of St. Petersburg, in the affair of Jan. 22, is now known to be in Switzerland.

FINN OFFICIAL SLAIN

ASSASSIN SIGNALS ERA OF TERRORISM IN RUSSIA.

Shot by a Man in Officer's Uniform. Assassin and Victim's Son Wounded in Revolver Duel Following the Killing—Strike Is Spreading.

Helsingfors, Finland, Feb. 7.—Soisalon Soiminen, procurator general of Finland, who before he was ennobled was known by the name of Johnsson, was assassinated by a young man whose identity up to the present time has not been determined. The assassin and Soiminen's son were both wounded in a revolver duel following the killing. The motive of the crime apparently was purely political, the slain official being a prominent member of the government party.

The murderer appeared at the procurator's residence at 11 o'clock and sent in a card bearing in French the name of Alexander Gadd, who is in the Russian service. The young man, who was smartly dressed in an officer's uniform, was promptly admitted to the official's private study, and on his entrance fired four shots from a revolver, one of the bullets piercing the breast of the procurator, who expired almost immediately. His seventeen-year-old son, hearing the shots, rushed in from an adjoining room and fired three or four shots at his father's assailant, whose right leg was broken below the knee by a bullet. He was also slightly wounded in the shoulder and a finger of his left hand was struck. The assassin fired the one bullet remaining in his revolver at Soiminen's son, wounding him slightly in the calf of the right leg. He then endeavored to escape but

fell unconscious to the floor in the anteroom. There he was seized. Dr. Wasastjerna was called immediately, but found the procurator beyond need of his services. The assassin was removed to the surgical hospital, where he lies guarded by police, answering no questions and evidently unconscious. His recovery, however, is thought to be certain.

STATE OF SIEGE DECLARED.

Strikers at Sosnovice Have Dynamite and Bombs.

Berlin, Feb. 7.—The Lokal Anzeiger's correspondent at Kattowitz telegraphs: "A state of siege has been declared at Sosnovice, General Jedczynski taking command. The superintendent of police has been dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. The military are using their arms upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days' imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have abundant supplies of dynamite and handbombs. The exodus of Germans by rail is very heavy. A procession of strikers at Sosnovice, estimated at 40,000 persons, contained a number of German mining officials, whom the strikers had captured and compelled to march in their ranks." The Tageblatt Kattowitz correspondent reports that 1,500 soldiers have marched into Sosnovice under two generals and that important events are impending.

Gripenberg Leaves East.

Russian Headquarters, Huan Mountain, Feb. 7.—Lieutenant General Gripenberg, former commander of the Second Manchurian army, left here for St. Petersburg. The Japanese are feverishly fortifying their east flank and center, evidently apprehending a Russian offensive move, the Russian movement on the Hun river having demonstrated the possibility of operations despite the winter. The Japanese are attempting vainly to roll up the Russian right wing northwest of Sandepas.

Military Operations at Standstill.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 7.—Military operations in Manchuria continue at a standstill. No importance is attached by the war office to the Japanese movements on the Russian center and left, which are regarded as merely demonstrations. General Heisman, a war critic, expresses the opinion that the Russians are not likely to surrender the positions captured

north of Sandepas, and that a series of encounters there will probably continue until the weather is favorable for a general advance.

Strike Is Spreading.

London, Feb. 7.—According to dispatches in the morning newspapers of this city the strikes in Russia have spread to several stations on the Trans-Caucasian railway. A military train going to Batoum was derailed through strikers tampering with the line. There was no loss of life.

Twenty Strikers Killed at Kalisz.

Warsaw, Russian Poland, Feb. 7.—Advices from Kalisz say the strike situation there is serious. There are continuous conflicts between the military and the strikers. Twenty of the latter have been killed and many strikers and others wounded.

Damaging Blizzard in Texas.

Fort Worth, Tex., Feb. 7.—Specials from a large number of points in western Texas indicate the present blizzard is the worst in ten years. The whole northern portion of the state is covered with frozen sleet. Cattle are huddled in bunches and cannot be moved to water. Stockmen estimate losses aggregating hundreds of thousands of dollars and that range cattle will not recover in six months from the damage done them so far. There is no sign of the blizzard abating.

Easy Language to Learn.

Mr. George Wyndham, M. P., in his Glasgow address as rector of the university alluded to the story that the Scots who founded the kingdom of Dalriada killed all the men and women who were Picts and spoke their non-Aryan language. "I know that only five words of the Pictish tongue remain," he said. "In an examination which allowed to candidates a free choice from all languages I should select the Pictish language. It can be mastered in one minute."

A Drawback.

"Every time you speak," said the good fairy, "pearls and diamonds will drop from your lips."
"But," faltered the gentle maid, "don't you think that, under such circumstances, pearls and diamonds may become too dreadfully common?"

Progressive.

A man who had kept a hog in his pen for a year and a half was asked why he didn't kill it and begin to raise another pig, and he replied that he supposed he must keep a hog all the time anyway and he might as well keep that one as any other.