THE TIME TO LAUGH.

SOME GOOD JOKES, ORIGINAL AND SELECTED.

The Birth of a New Joke The Realistic School-A Common Manta Not Exactly What She Wanted-Perlis of the Language.

BIRTH OF A NEW JOKE. From the Boston Journal: No poficeman was in sight, of course. That was because he was wanted.

"Hit him, Muggsy!"

'Soak him, Swipes!" "Now youse got him!"

"Put it on ther smeller!" These and many other edifying ejacalations were hurled at two small bootblacks who were earnestly engaged in spoiling each other's faces with their fists, while a big crowd

stood in a circle about them, in front of the postoffice. It was going badly for the larger of the two boys when a member of the Boston Peace Society, or one of its branches, stepped in and separated the boys. For a wonder both seemed will-

ing to stop. The peacemaker said:

'Well, what are you fighting about?" Then an amusing explanation followed and a new idiotic joke was started on its journey through the town, for every man and boy in the crowd that heard the explanation started of to "spring" the loke on the first acquaintance he should meet, and possibly to be a participant in another fistic engagement. The boy said:

"This bloke comes up ter me and sez, Say, what's ther next to ther last letter in ther alphybet?"

Y, sez I. "'Cos I wants to know,' sez he, and be laughs and swipes me on ther back, en ther others they all laugh too. I don't see no joke in it, so I hits him on ther peeper. Do youse see-

He stopped short; a grin spread all over his dirty and bruised face. He looked sheepish and then laughed outright.

"Hully gee, I see it now. You're all right, Muggsy. Shake! Why, Y, sure. Its a good one, and I'll spring it on me

They shook hands and went off together. The crowd laughed and each one hastened to spread the plague-a ew joke.

THE REALISTIC SCHOOL.

From Leslie's Weekly: Vivian's residence is much in the way of book agents, itinerant ten and coffee merchants, enlarged-photograph artists and improved-silver-polish philanthro-

Every historian is influenced to a greater or less extent by his personal surroundings and the things of his own times. For example:

Vivian was reciting in exceedingly new words the old, old story of Peter's release by an angel from prison. All had gone well and glibly up to the point where Peter had found his way

'Very well. What did he do then?' inquired the listener.

'He-he rapped at the door."

"That's right. What next?" There followed a somewhat lengthy pause. Then an inspiration came to the triumphant young historian "Why, I guess he asked 'if the lady of the house was in."

MAKING IT CLEAR.



Farmer Hayriy (in department tore)-"I wunder what them thar gals air allers yellin' cash fer?"

Mrs. Hayrix-"I reckon mebby it's tew let folks know they don't trust

NOT EXACTLY WHAT SHE WANTED. From the London Tit-Bits: A teacher was instructing a class of infants in the Sunday school and was letting the children finish her sentences to make sure they understood.

"The idol had eyes," she said, "but it couldn't-

"See," cried the children.

"It had ears, but it couldn't---"

"Hear." said the class. "It had lips, but it couldn't-

"Speak." said the children. "It had a nose, but it couldn't-

Wipe it!" shouted the little ones, and the teacher had to pause in her lesson in order to recover her com-

GOT WHAT HE DESERVED.

"You know Throggins? Smooth fellow. Great jollier. Tries to keep on the good side of everybody. Well, he went to church last Sunday morning almost out of fashion, and nobody will and slept through the whole sermon. Then he had the gall to tell the Rev. Dr. Fourthly, after the congregation had been dismissed, that he had never enjoyed a discourse so much in his life, and he would like to borrow the maruscript of it and take it home with

the day. What do you suppose the

"I can't imagine." "Well, sir, I think he'd seen Throggins nodding, and knew he hadn't heard a word. At any rate, he took Throggins by the arm, led him into his study, made him sit down, and then he read every blessed line of that sermon over again to him before he would let him up. O, you don't get shead of Dr. Fourthly-not much!"

OF COURSE. He-Dat's his Scomb on top of his She - My! An dose udders is his side combs. Wot?

"Willie," said mamma, 'didn't I tell you to wash your face?" "Yes, mamma," Willie replied, "and I did wash "Mamma," piped little Elsie, who had just been vaccinated, "perhaps be did do it, but it didn't 'take' the first

NEW FIRST READER.

Why is the farmer's wife mad? Because her son did what she told him to do.

time.'

What was it? She told him to draw a hogs-headful of wa-ter.

See the man. What is the man do-ing? He is hang-ing the pic-ture. I don't see that

he is hang-ing it. Of course you dea't,

A COMMON MANIA.

You never can tell. No one suspected for a moment. But you never cen tell. The old gentleman was so dignified. When he passed down Olive street in the mornings they used to say of him: "I wonder who that wealthy banker is?" or. "I wonder what brokerage firm he is connected with?"

He was so digaified. He was so mmaculate So precise.

But the germ is in the air. breathe and you swallow it.

Soon they began to observe on Olive treet the old gentleman was less dignified. What did he mean by rumpling letters he took from his pockets and making them into little spheres? And then his cane! The funny way he began to manipulate it!

Up goes the paper sphere! Biff goes the cane! Bang! goes the paper sphere.

Every day the same o'd story. Biff! hen Bang!

Mental aberration? Nothing of the kind.

Simply baseball mania. He bats away all his correspondenin this manner. He also maintains a batting average. Every miss is a "time at bet;" and striking the paper sphere is a base hit. He is his own official scorer. He is impartial. The old gentleman really has a "good eye," and he is batting now well over the

.300 mark. This is a confession. Mention it to the old gentleman if you like, but if he kicks you don't complain to the police .- St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

PAN-AMERICAN ROMANCE.

The tall, dark young man and the short, blonde young woman had realdentally met and became acquainted while on the way to Buffalo.

They had encountered each other in the Court of Fountains at the exposition and renewed the acquaintance, and every day thereafter for a week. they met at the same place apparently by accident, and strolled through the grounds together.

But the last day allowed by his excursion ticket had come and he could stay no longer. "It has been a delightful week," he

said to her. She murmured an assent to the prop-

osttion. "And I have come to know you so well that I hope you will not think me presumptuous if I ask you a ques-

tion. "What is it?" she asked, with down-

cast eyes. "Will you please tell me your name?"

VALUE RECEIVED.

"I suppose," said the man who had just been accosted by Meandering Mike, "that you think yourself perfectly justified in taking money from me

without rendering an equivalent?" "Don't say dat, mister," was the rejoinder. "Don't say I'd take it widout an equivalent. If de hard-luck story I've been tellin' you ain't fuiler of imagination an' graceful embellishments dan any of dem books you've paid 50 cents apiece for on de train, I'm ready to give up me chosen profession an' quit panhandlin' fur life."-Washing-

PERILS OF LANGUAGE.

Sprockett-"it's a hard world. have hardly made myself the master of bicycle vocabulary so that I can talk wheel glibly, when the wheel is listen if I talk about it."

Niblick-"Why don't you study golf

nomenclature?" Sprockett-"Because my mind len't equal to it. It would drive me crazy." "Niblick-"Very likely; but it wouldn't be noticed on the links, you him, so he could read it again during know."-Boston Transcript.

Ideas Become Fast

Instances are numerous which show now the fancies of the novelist may become realities through men and women reproducing in actual life the imaginary scenes of the story teller. it is well known that Sir Walter Besant's story of "All Sorts and Conditions of Men" brought about the building of the People's palace in London. Jules Verne's apparently wild flights of imagination in "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea" is probably largely responsible for the wonderful progress that has been made in submarine navigation, and the constructors and operators of these boats have been already able to discount some of the novelist's fancies. When the city of Galveston was overwhelmed in an instant by the destroying waters tens of thousands of people read the detailed story in the newspapers and wondered at the reproduction in this catastrophy of the Lafcadio Hearn's story of "Chitu: A Memory of Lost Islands." The Galveston story, to the smallest detail, had long before been dreamed and the dream told by the pen of Hearn. Those who have read 'King Solomon's Mines" remember how Captain Good upon one occasion when things were looking decidedly dubious for the English adventurers saved the lives of himself and his companions by a skillful manipulation of his single eyeglass and his false teeth, The recent outbreak in Ashanti furnished an incident which almost paralleled the one imagined by Rider Haggard. Two Englishmen were in a native village far out on the western borders of the disturbed country. When the war broke out all their native servants left them and they were alone with the hostile savages. One, a mining prospector, went to a neighboring chief for protection. The chief received him kindly, gave him a meal and, while he was eating, beat his man. Walter Bennett by name, a surveyor, was starting from his house when he heard the fate of his companion. He made his way to another chief, who received him grimly, took him into his house and then intimated Two days after such a criticism apthat he would shortly "do things" to Mr. Bennett. The chief's family gathered around to inspect their victim and the Englishman adjusted his monocle to that described by Mr. Cobbian,-Chi-

and sat down to think things over, | cago Chronicle.

When the dispensary system was first

operated Yorkville fought it bitterly,

because the citizens of that town are

strong on temperance. The law was

unpopular. It did not prove success-

tul, and finally it was decided to have

an election in which the people could

express their views on the dispensary

distensary and probibition tuled the

But the closing of the state estab-

liquors. Men got drunk just as they

formerly had done, and in the low

quarter of the town intoxicated men

prohibition. The wise heads took

has been in the last five years, an in-

such libraries, as against 4,026 in

The North Atlantic division has

2.437 of the 5,383 libraries, and 1,-

000,000 more than half the number of

volumes in the United States. New

York alone has 718 libraries with 7 .-

196,509 volumes: Massachusetts, 571 li-

braries, with 6,633,285 volumes and

Pennsylvania, 401 libraries, with 3,-

947,577 volumes The North Central

division has 1.728 libraries, with 11,-

211,710 volumes: Ohio, 266 libraries,

193 libraries, with 1,298,708, volumes.

421 libraries, with 5,303,237 volumes,

with 1.175,255 volumes, and the Dis-

trict of Columbia 74, with 2,504,785 vol-

umes, 1,000,000 of these being in the

Library of Congress. The South Cen-

tral division has 374 libraries, with

1,386,751 volumes. Kentucky has 76

libraries, with 125,729 volumes, and

Tennessee 71 libraries, with 382,221

volumes. The Western division has

cent. in the number of books.

CRIME TO STAGGER

FROVISION AGAINST INTEMPERANCE IN A

SOUTH CAROLINA TOWN

The strangest law which has ever! was a bitter fight in the council over

country seat near the mountain line. | cordingly entered on the statutes.

or prohibition. The voters buried the odor of whisky he is sent up to be

lishments did not stop the sale of dealt with under the anti-stagger law.

reeled out, a shocking spectacle of terfally decreased the sale of liquor.

counsel together. They talked over the clare that it has increased drunken-

defects, and agreed to punish the man | ness, because men buy the whisky from

who drank, and not the man who the "blind tigers" and then go home

sold. An extra meeting of the town to drink the entire supply, with the

council was called. An ordinance was expectation of remaining there until

introduced making it a misdemeanor thoroughly sobered. The law has in-

for any person to be seen staggering on | jected new Issues into the political life

the streets of the town. That was of Yorkville, and people from other

where the wise heads thought the root | towns are anxious to see similar meas-

......

THE NATION'S LIBRARIES

There Are Now 5,383 Such Institutions, with 44,521,851 Volumes

The report of the United States Bu- | 387 libraries, with 2,7779,596 volumes

reau of Education shows that there California has 212 of these libraries.

of the evil could be crushed. There ures adopted at their homes

Actual Life. The single eyeglass at once caught the fancy of the chief's wives and children and they laughed and jabbered until Mr. Bennett had to laugh too. For an hour or so the family of the chief kept the surveyor "doing stunts" with his eyeglass. When he managed to screw the glass into the eye of the chief's favorite wife the hilarious rapture of the whole village was complete, and even the old chief laughed until his woolly hair hurt him. Needless to say Mr. Bennett's life was spared and he was conducted to a place from which he could reach the British lines. Bib-

Fancies of Novelists

Reproduced in

ianiha is the name of the village where the surveyor saved his life after the manner of Captain Good of "King Solomon's Mines." You can't find it on the map-at least not on the ordinary ones but it is probable that the villagers are laughing there yet at the strange Englishman with the adjustable eye. Some years ago Justin Mc-Carthy wrote a novel called "Red. Diamonds." In that story can be found mang things which remind one of the Molineux case. Captain Praven, secretary of the Voyagers' club in that story, had an enemy called Bostwick, who tried to kill him as, it is alleged. Molineux tried to kill Harry Cornish, by sending him some polsoned headache powders, which came to the captain in almost exactly the same manner as the powders came to Cornish. And the failure of the plot is about similar in manner to the fallure of the plot against Cornish. When Alaska was purchased from Russia in 1867 no one thought that it would prove a second California as regards gold, but in that year Bret Harte pictured Yankee miners awinging their picks in the midst of wildernesses of snow and ice, and, in fact, prophesied the Klondike out of the fullness of his imagination. In "Pursued by the Law," J. Maclaren Cobbian has a criminal, in the custody brains out with a war club. The other of two policemen, scramble through the window of a rapidly moving raffway train, leap from it to the ground

nounced this incident as "highly ex-

citing, but unfortunately impossible."

heading "Leaped from a Train,"

chronicled an incident exactly similar

alike to the wise men of Yorkville.

Whether he stagger from drink or

from partial paralysis, he is seized,

hurried before a town physician, and

his condition tested. If there is the

fined; if he staggers from paralysis

or from other troubles, and can pro-

duce the whisky odor besides, he is

Friends and supporters of the new

measure declare that it has rid the

streets of the drunkards and has ma-

Men who fought for its adoption de-

Indian Is Maligned

Vices Which Today Arc Attributed to Him. west, hating a liar, tells the truth;

Indian character has been greatly maligned, says Maj. John M. Burke, who has made a study of the red men. Treachery, so often charged against them, has no part in their make-up. The Indian has fought the man who mistreated him, and he has always fought openly. He has been the friend-the unfailing friend-of man who has been kind to him, and as given evidence that he wished to help him. The Indian was the friend of Pere Marquette and Father De Smet. The man who has shown him a "forked tongue" he has treated as he would any other snake. The man who has cheated him, has taken advantage of his ignorance to make his hard lot harder, he has killed. The Indian is a child of nature, and he is therefore candid and ingenuous. When wronged he knows it, and says so, and his only way to get satisfaction is to He can only see what is in sight. When Columbus came to America the Indians were at first alarmed at the "great white-winged birds"-the ships. ings. But when they saw that those were people who were hungry and the best they had and gave it freely for nothing, and were as kindly as well-raised children. When the cruel Spaniards beat them and misused them, the Indians naturally enough belleved that all white men were cruel and dangerous. Cortez in Mexico and Pizarro in Peru found the aborigines a gentle people, but that did not decrease the relentless cruelty that always grows out of lust for gold, and so, for centuries, with all their continuous generations, the Indian was taught that the white man was his heartless enemy; and he accepted the lessons. There was no way to teach and make off. The critics naturally prohim that not all white men were greedy and cruel. Vice will go much But, coming down to this very day, peared the London papers, under the the unsophisticated red man of the deeds of charity."

having been surrounded, the game killed-exterminated uselessly-he has no way to get a living and thinks it only natural that the government which took away his opportunities for sustenance owes him food and raiment. The government says it does, and sends agents to look after and provide for him. Some of the agents formerly accepted their places with the belief that they had a right to rob the very class that they were appointed to protect. Of course, not all Indian agents were this way, but many of them were, and the Indian was blamed because he refused to be treated with the injustice that came from greedthe most cruel of all injustice-and he grumbled and fought. The Indian is supposed to be selfish and brutal-by those who do not know him. There is no human being on earth who will more quickly divide his last mouthful fight. There is no chance for him to of foed with a friend. No Indian that lay low" and wait for another deal. ever lived would crowd a white-haired old woman out of the way to get on a street car first. That sort of thing, and everything akin to it, that is discourteous, may be seen among the men white-faced, strangely-dressed of the streets of all cities. Real men people who came out of them were to do not do such things, no more than the simple natives supernatural be- all Indians do beastly things than those who do not know them suppose they do. The indian has not had the could eat, then the Indians brought benefit of laundries and porcelain baths, but he jumps into the water and washes himself every time he has a chance. He does not live where there are napkins and finger bowls, and he would not know exactly which curious little fork to use for this or that, nor the precise manner in which he should carry a spoonful of soup to his mouth. He has not been taught these things. Neither does he guage his neighbor's respectability by the number of ponies the neighbor possesses, nor does he lie awake of nights thinking over schemes to win his neighbor's goods. He thinks that one who is able to pay and does not do so is a worse man than he who is not able to pay. He does not say to the former, "He is all further to assert itself than virtue. right because he has money, though he does not pay just debts nor practice

ENGLAND'S NEW MOVE

WILL USE ASIATICS AND AFRICANS IN HER WARS

ments that have been made in the British Parliament for many years is sprung from South Carolina's dispen- the proposed legislation. Class was Chamberlain, colonial secretary, that sary system has been adopted by the arrayed against class, but the antithe English government will not hesitown council of Yorkville, a thriving stagger law prevailed, and it was actate henceforth to employ in Europe atic dominions. or elsewhere its Indian and African There is no provision in the law by which a man suffering from paralyprofound interest to the entire civilized world, but more especially to those nasis can be exempted from the operation of the law. All staggering people look tions which have millions of semibarbarous races subject to their rule.

> sentiment against the use of semi-civilexpressinon in the eighteenth century at Westminister, when the great Lord Chatham denounced with such cloquent indignation the employment by the British commanders in this country of Red Indian tribes against the are few newspapers, either in the United States or Europe, that did not express their abhorrence of the use of Cossacks and Circassians by Russia in | no longer dreads being found out.

One of the most important announce- , suppressing the Hungarian insurrection in 1848, and of the Sultan's action in endeavoring to put down the rising the recent declaration by Joseph in Bulgaria in 1876 by means of irregular Bashi-Bazouks, recruited from the most barbarous portion of his Asi-

Several years afterward, at the time verge of war with Russia, a small contingent of Indian cavalry was brought to Malta, which created such an outcry and storm of protest, even in Great Hitheto there has been a strong Britain, that the men were quickly shipped back to Bombay. Their visit ized races in the wars of Christian to Malta, however, served to remind states. It is a sentiment that found Continental Europe of the fact that the military resources of England were not restricted solely to her standing army at home, and that her forces in India must be taken into account. This is probably all that Lord Beaconsfield had in view when he brought the American revolutionary forces. There Indian contingent to the Mediterrancan.

The man who is imprisoned for life

SAVED BY A MONGOOSE

Its Attack on a Cobra Prevented a Fatality ...

A St. Louis man who has been en- | with a stick. The little animal was a gaged in engineering work in India mongoose, the famous India cobra

adventure with a cobra: "We had just finished a hard day's

work and were preparing to take a good rest. We were far from a village, on some hills, and took shelter in a deserted hut. We did not reach the hut until after midnight, and consequently we slept late into the next day. The first thing I remember upon opening my eyes was a flood of light through the door. I was nearest, and my two companions were behind me. On a second glance my blood almost and signed his name: "John Smith, froze. There on the floor of the hut and less than two feet from me was a clerk with that hospitable manner of large cobra, the largest I have ever seen. It was coiled to strike, and its venomous neck swelled with poison. The little eyes glittered like beads. I never moved a limb, but gazed at it in horror. My perfect stillness probably saved my life, for if I had made a move the snake would have struck. As it was, it seemed to be enjoying the triumph, and slowly moved its head backward and forward. I dared not utter a sound, as I knew that it would

seal my fate. "I was just revolving in my mind what to do and had determined to make a quick leap, when there was a rush from a far corner. A small animal about the size of a rat darted out from behind the snake and like a flash seized him by the neck just above the hood. And then commenced the flercest struggle I have ever witnessed. The snake plunged, writhed and twisted, but the little animal clung to it. At length its struggles grew weak-

brings home this story of an exciting fighter. As soon as the snake was dead it fled to its hiding piace and we could not coax it out. If I ever felt grateful to man or beast it was to the little mongoose that saved my life."

· Collegiate Degrees.

Once every seven or eight years somebody perpetrates an ingenious fraud in collegiate degrees. The victims are supposed to be educated men, but they are as easily gulled as innocent mossbacks. Hitherto the degree most in demand has been "M. D." Every quack in the country could get one for a few dollars. A "Professor" in Massachusetts sold thousands some years ago. No one ever thinks of asking the bearer of honors by whom they were conferred. The question would look like an impertinence. The latest victims, the "reverends," are undeserving of sympathy. Every one buying a "D. D." should be retired. from the pulpit. If this thing con tinues I shall expect to see all degree men required to append the name of tkeir university to their honors, as Jonathan Hedwards, L.L. D., Yale; Charles Elbert Cartwright, M. D., Harvard; the Rev. Beecher Darby Vandyke, D. D., Princeton; Ph. D., Columbia; D. C. L., Cambridge; D. Lit., Ox-

In the year 1900, out of 1,952 raids on illicit stills, 673 were made in Georgia, which is a prohibition state except as

ford, etc.-New York Press.

to four of its cities. An orator may spout like a whale er and I was enabled to dispatch it and still be only a "shark"

crease of 1,357 in the number of pubiic, society and school libraries in the United States. There are now 5,383 A Michigan Town.

York Sun.

54, with 363,866 volumes.

The arrival stepped up to the hotel 1856, and 44,591,851 volumes, as against counter, swung the register around 3,051,872-an increase of nearly 25 per Michigan." "Ah. Mr. Smith," said the the true hotel clerk, "what's the best word in Kalamazoo?" Mr. Smith turned pale as if he had been caught in the very act. "How did you know I was from Kalamazoo?" he inquired in surprise, for he had never been in that hotel before. "Oh," laughed the clerk, "I've been in the hotel business a long time, and I never saw one of them put down the name of his town yet. The only others I know with 2,955,589 volumes, and Michigan of like that are from Oshkosh." Mr. Smith didn't know just what to say in The South Atlantic division has reply, so he said it, and went on up stairs to his room, thinking -New Muryland has 80 of these libraries.

with 1.781,858 volumes, and Colorado

Native Seed Best.

Like Indian corn, the tomato is cest when the seed is produced in the same latitude and climate where the crep is to be grown, and it seldom does its best the first season when taken far north or south of its native locality.