CAUSED THE REBELLION.

The Philippine Insurgents Encouraged the Same Way as Were the People of the South.

Thomas A. Baker, a Confederate Soldier, Says Northern Democratic Sympathy and Encouragement Caused the Civil War.

Omaha, Sept. 24.—Thomas A. Baker of Memphis, Tenn., was a confederate soldier during the civil war. In a recent letter, in which he sets forth his reasons why he cannot support Bryan, he states the proposition as it is fairly and squarely. He charges that the southern states would never have seceded from the Union had it not been for the encouragement they received from the copperhead Democrats of the north, and, on this hypothesis, he concludes that Aguinaldo and his followers would never have taken up arms against the United States, and would not be in arms now, were it not for the encouragement they have received from Bryan and other Democrats. In the letter he says:

"I do not believe that the southern border states would have seceded from the Union in 1861 but for the aid and comfort given them by the copperheads of the north. When one distinguished orator declared that the Union army would have to march over the dead bodies of 40,000 Indiana Democrats before they reached the south, the magnificent utterance electrified Tennessee with hope.

"Thousands of men hesitated upon the brink of the awful abyss. They loved the Union and hated the abolitionists. The Union was a 'theory' entwined with beautiful and patriotic sentiments. Slavery was a 'condition' in which was invested the hard earnings of a lifetime. At the supreme crisis came the promises of northern Democrats that they would not let us be hurt; their bitter denunciations of the Republican party. The south made the leap.

"During the war we saw Indiana regiments and brigades march through the state of Kentucky. 'Tramp,' 'Tramp,' 'Tramp', they passed through Tennessee, Georgia and South Carolina. We never did learn how the poor fellows got over those 40,000 dead bodies of their Democratic friends and neighbors. We were fully persuaded they killed and made a corduroy road of them, because the anti-imperialist of Indiana said they would.

"Our next hope after we got mixed up together was that England and France would help us for commercial reasons. Vallandigham, Stevenson and a thousand other copperheads like the good brethren who held up Joshua's arms, held ours up by encouraging us to hold out a little longer, by denouncing the war a 'failure' and keeping us posted as to the movements of our enemies.

"This is all ancient history, but I, an old confederate, can see very readily how the anti-imperialist league can materially aid Aguinaldo and his crowd. Every old soldier, north and south, understands the force of moral support. Our war would not have lasted three months but for northern Democratic encouragement, and I believe Aguinaldo would have been as peaceful a citizen as Gomez but for the encouragement he has received from the sentimental traitors of the anti-imperial league."

IMPORTANCE OF VOTING.

It is highly important that every Republican and every one who believes in continuing prosperity, in maintaining good government, should go to the polls and vote on election day. This is all that is required to place Nebraska in that position where all the world will know that she has shaken off Populism and has taken a position in the ranks of Republican states. The danger is that the farmers and laborers, who constitute a large per cent of Nebraska's total vote, will be so busily engaged with their work and in such peace of mind that they will forget or neglect to do their duty on election day. But, one thing is certain, and that is, that the farmer who is getting good prices for his stock and crops and the laborer who is getting good wages and plenty of work, cannot expect this to continue unless they go to the polls in November and vote for the candidates of the party that has made these blessings possible. You cannot go to the polls and vote the Republican party out of power and then expect good times to continue. The Democratic party brought on the hard times. Free trade and determination to contaminate the standard currency of the nation frightened capital, drove money into exile, silenced enterprise, demoralized international commerce and finally precipitated widespread suffering and distress. To vote the Democratic party back into power would be to bring back hard times. This is just as certain as it is that night follows day. The farmer must sow in order to reap, and the laborer must toil in order to earn money. Neither can do otherwise and expect satisfactory results. So, too, they must both vote with that party that gives them prosperity in order for them to have prosperity. They cannot vote wrong and expect things to be right. They cannot vote for hard times and expect prosperity.

The primary object is to vote and vote right. Simply because you are satisfied with conditions is no reason why you should remain away from the polls. You should go there and vote, that this grand era of unexampled prosperity may be continuous.

It is highly important that the Republicans shall control the next legislature. Two United States senators are to be elected and other matters of almost equal moment will come before that body.

Should Nebraska join the Republican column of states it would mean much for her. It would attract capital for investment and would, even at the present low rate of interest, enable her people to borrow money cheaper, because throwing off Populism would be a guaranty that Nebraska is not a state that believes in repudiation. No one suffers more from fear of repudiation, bad collection laws and consequent poor credit than the borrower. The one who loans may loan or not, as he pleases. The borrower is frequently so situated that he must borrow or suffer the loss of the savings of a lifetime. Confidence in the honesty and integrity of the borrower makes it possible for the latter to secure loans and this, coupled with equitable collection laws, enables him to borrow at a low rate of interest. It will be observed, therefore, that laws that are intended to restrain proper and equitable adjustment of accounts between the debtor and creditor, while they may cause the creditor some annoyance, are infinitely more injurious to the debtor, for they not only limit his credit, but they require him to pay higher interest rates on every dollar he borrows. Populistic tendencies in this direction have in the past cost the state of Nebraska millions of dollars.

CONTINUES TO PILE UP.

Evidence of Republican prosperity continues to pile up. Farm products have advanced in price, laborers employed at increased wages, new homes are being bought, mortgages paid off and the transition carries with it a happy change in the financial and industrial conditions of all classes. Few farmers, perhaps, really understand what it means to them in the way of good prices for their products for the laboring people to be employed at good wages.

Statistics show that under the McKinley law more than $41,000,000 were paid out in wages every Saturday afternoon to the laboring people of the United States. Under the operations of the Wilson law, a Democratic measure, the total amount thus paid out fell to less than $19,000,000 per week, or a shrinkage of $22,000,000 per week.

Under the McKinley law more than $2,000,000 were invested in new business enterprises, furnishing employment to 122,000 laborers. Under the Wilson law more than $300,000,000 were withdrawn from use in commercial and manufacturing industries and nearly 280,000 men were thrown out of employment.

Under the Wilson law the balance of trade against the United States in the 15 months the law was in operation amounted to the sum of more than $70,000,000. Under the present Republican tariff law (the Dingley law) the balance of trade in favor of the United States for the last fiscal year amounts to the enormous sum of $544,000,000.

The estimated increase in the value of live stock, comparing the market prices of today with four years ago, is more than $600,000,000, and the estimated increase in the value of farm land and in the market price of farm cereals, on a similar comparison, is $550,000,000, making the total profit or gain to the farmers of the United States for the last four years more than $1,150,000,000.

The increase in bank deposits in so-called farming states, states like Nebraska, is more than 50 per cent, while interest charges in the same state have been reduced fully 40 per cent.

Governor Poynter and the fusion newspapers, as well as all the fusion leaders, are painfully silent on the report that at the end of Poynter's term there will be a deficit or shortage in the public funds of no less than $100,000.

Their answer to this is abuse of Republicans, but abusing Republicans will hardly satisfy the taxpayers, who will have to pay the bill.

The fusionists have boasted of the saving they have made in managing the state institutions. Four years ago they pointed to the amount asked and appropriated by the legislature. Two years ago they came to the legislature with a demand for more money than had ever before been required, and with a large deficiency and any number of unpaid claims. The legislature two years ago, not only made a large deficiency appropriation, but appropriated more than $2,000,000 for the two years ending in 1901. All this has been squandered and it will require $100,000 more to pay unpaid bills and labor claims.

The shortage in the penitentiary fund alone will amount to at least $25,000. There are at least 11 institutions that will come in with shortages ranging all the way from $3,000 to $10,000, and in some cases it will be even larger.

This amount, added to the amount appropriated, will run the expense in maintaining these institutions to a higher figure than ever before in the history of the state. If Poynter's administration has been a success in anything it is in increasing the hardships of the taxpayers.

From the governor down there is not a department of the state government that has not increased the expense from what it was under Republican rule. What makes bad matters worse is that the state is not receiving a dollar in interest on the $200,000 school fund. This alone represents a loss of over $4,000 a year to the state.

It is a fact, proven by the official records, that the Poynter administration, say nothing of its depravity and general weakness, has cost the state more money than any other since the state's existence.

GUIDE ROCK.

E. L. Hagan is building an addition on his house.

Chas. Sheeley is building an addition to his house.

Thomas Crozier of Weeping Water, Nebraska, a brother of the Crozier's of Stillwater precinct was in town Wednesday. He reports corn good there.

Paul Hanson and wife of Elm Creek were in town Wednesday.

The merry go round is still here.

I. W. Crary's new house is nearing completion.

Mrs. Schonbourg has purchased the Maloney property. Mrs. S. is a newcomer from Missouri.

Hon. E. A. Henshaw of Nebraska City and F. P. Olmstead of Hastings delivered good addresses to a good audience of attentive listeners Tuesday night despite the threatening weather.

Talk about calamity, where is he now? Hauling lumber from Proudfit's lumber yard to build a new mansion.

R. S. Proudfit went to Denver Wednesday night.

John Marsh bid us good bye Wednesday morning, but did not say where he was going or when he will return. Don't know whether he has started to stump the state or not.

John Kincher Sr. has sold his farm on Beaver creek to Henry Wehrly of Jewell county, Kansas.

The merry-go round will only run here Saturday.

I. B. Colvin has a Wilkes stallion to trade.

Died, October 1st at 2 o'clock a.m. Mrs. Lucy Strickland, wife of E. S. Strickland and daughter of our esteemed townsman, A. H. Crary. Mrs. Strickland leaves a husband and two little boys to mourn the loss of a kind and loving wife and mother. The funeral was held in the church on Tuesday conducted by Rev. Shirley of Nelson, Nebraska. A large attendance of sympathizing friends and neighbors followed the remains to their last resting place in the Guide Rock cemetery.

During the thunder storm Tuesday evening lightning struck the house of Ed. Cox four miles north of town and stunned his daughter badly, but after much work she was restored to consciousness and will sustain no permanent injury. The house was not much damaged.

C. E. Vaughan received news of the death of his wife's mother in Michigan and started for there immediately.

AMIDOWN

BLADEN.

Miss Irene Hall is visiting friends in the eastern part of the state.

Chas. Spence and wife and Thomas Riggins and wife are taking in the street fair at Lincoln this week.

J. E. Yost moved Wednesday to DeWitt, where he will go into the butcher business. We are all sorry to lose John and family, but wish him success wherever he may locate.

James McCoy, T. R. Hall, Geo. Cather and C. E. Hicks took in the Roosevelt rally at Hastings Monday.

Our streets are being plowed up and graded, and soon we will be up with the older towns with good streets and sidewalks.

Forey Whelan has purchased his brother's wood and pump shop and will convert it into a dwelling.

Roy Grandstaff left last Wednesday for Kansas City where he will take a course in a dental college.

Chas. Moore and D. P. Kummel went to Campbell Tuesday afternoon and played with the Campbell band at the rally.

Mr. L. B. Thorne is visiting friends in Michigan.

Cars Andrews and family and R. Tibbetts left Wednesday via. the overland route for the "Garden of Eden" in Oklahoma and Texas. We hope success and riches will overtake them.

It would be well for our town board to pass an ordinance prohibiting stock running at large and put it into force.

A republican club was organized at this place last Saturday afternoon. It will meet again next Friday evening October 5th.

Henry Widdersheim and wife drove to Hastings Monday to the rally, and visited with friends.

One of our merchants, a "no properity" fellow who four years ago had hard work to make expenses out of his business, has the brick on the ground for a new brick building 25x60. Work on the cellar will begin in a few days. He has McKinley prosperity to thank for this but he will not even get his vote. If the good times continue we will have a millionaire in Bladen. We are glad to note this prosperity.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

State of Nebraska, }
Webster County, }
In the County Court of Webster county.

In the matter of the estate of Earnest E. Quiggle, deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against Earnest E. Quiggle late of Webster county, deceased, that the time for filing claims against said estate is six months from the 7th day of September, 1900. All such persons are requested to present their claims with the vouchers to the County Judge of said county, at his office therein, on or before the 7th day of March, 1901, and all claims so filed will be heard before the said judge on the 8th day of March, 1901, at 10 o'clock a.m.

JAMES DUFFY, County Judge.

Dated, August 9, 1900.