

NOTIFIES THE NAVY

Watson Sends Word of Surrender of Zamboanga.

THE CHIEFS DECLARE THEIR ALLEGIANCE

Surrender Province of Zamboanga, Island of Mindanao, to Commander Very of the Gunboat Castine—Surrender Was Unconditional

Secretary of the Navy Long Monday received a cablegram from Admiral Watson informing him that the entire province of Zamboanga, island of Mindanao, had surrendered to Commander Very of the Castine. The surrender was made on the 18th inst.

Admiral Watson's dispatch follows: Cavite, Nov. 26, 1899.—Secretary Navy, Washington: November 18 entire province surrendered to Very unconditionally. Delivery all guns promised. Numerous local chiefs declared loyalty.

(Signed) WATSON.

The information contained in Admiral Watson's dispatch was received by the president and his advisers with unqualified satisfaction. The surrender of the province of Zamboanga is regarded as the beginning of the end of the revolution in the islands, and it is believed, will be a hard blow to those who are endeavoring to maintain the insurrection in the islands of Luzon.

Zamboanga is the principal city of the island of Mindanao, which is the second largest island of the Philippine group. Advice from Admiral Watson indicates that the entire southern half of the island, which comprises the province of Zamboanga, has yielded to the American forces and acceded to the authority of the United States.

HOPES TO PRESERVE PEACE

Announcement of French Policy Is Made by M. Delcasse.

In the chamber of deputies at Paris, France, during the discussion of the foreign estimates, Count Montaigne, conservative, asked for explanations as to the incident of a British cruiser stopping and boarding a French steamer, the Cordoba, in Delagoa bay. M. Delcasse, the minister of foreign affairs, replied that it was not an isolated case. Belligerents, during a war, he explained, had the right to ascertain the nationality of any vessel. Turning to the situation in China and the recent incidents in the Kwang-Chau-Wang province, the minister reviewed the concessions obtained by other nations, and said France's share had been inferior to Great Britain's.

Referring to the Transvaal, the foreign minister said he favored mediation and arbitration, but did not deem it opportune to take the initiative, as the powers had not yet signed the Hague protocol.

He recalled the fact that Germany on the morrow of her victories, was obliged to seek an alliance, and said: "The Franco-Russian alliance, opposed to the dreadnought, had been drawn closer, and this alliance, which guarantees peace at present, admits of far-reaching projects in the future, and ought to encourage us to persevere in the existing line of policy."

Alluding to the commercial agreement with the United States, M. Delcasse said:

"We have concluded with the United States a commercial agreement, and when the matter is discussed we shall have little difficulty in showing that we have scrupulously safeguarded the interests of our agriculture."

MUST REMAIN AT HIS POST

Instructions Sent to Consul Macrum at Pretoria.

Mr. Macrum, the United States consul at Pretoria, has been instructed by cable to impress upon President Kruger that in the view of this government the usages of all civilized nations sanction the ministrations of a neutral representative in the interests of citizens and capitalists of one of the parties to a war, and he must further insist on performing the sacred duties imposed by all considerations of humanity. This is practically an announcement of the insistence of our government of the execution of the trust it assumed to look after the interests of British citizens in the South African republics.

Will Collect the Money.

The general committee which has in charge the movement to bring the next national democratic convention to Kansas City last year decided that \$10,000 should be added to the \$17,000 fund already subscribed and that 10 per cent of the subscriptions should be collected at once.

Will of John A. Logan.

The will of the late Major John A. Logan has been probated at Youngstown, O. It was made in Chicago, May 24, 1898, and his entire estate is given to his wife absolutely. No estimate of its value has been filed, but the deceased is reputed to have been quite wealthy.

Dutch Farmers Join Boers.

The news of the death of the khalifa and the final defeat of the dervishes has been received at London with great joy as a welcome set-off to the serious situation in south Africa. The gravest news from Capetown comes from the northern part of the colony, where it is now evident numbers of Dutch farmers have risen and joined the invading Free State forces in the Herschell and Barkley East districts.

The corner-stone of the new M. E. church at Bartley was laid recently.

WAR SECRETARY'S REPORT

President McKinley Presented With a Synopsis of the Document.

President McKinley has received a synopsis of Secretary Root's annual report, which he is now considering in connection with his message to congress. Denial as it does with all the events of the last year in connection with the Philippines, Cuba and Porto Rico and in the discussion and recommendation for the future government of these new possessions, it will form the basis of the most important chapter of the president's message.

These are some of the most essential features of the secretary's observations and recommendations. The immediate appointment of civil governor for Cuba and Porto Rico.

The substitution of civil government either by commission or a civil governor for the Philippines, immediately following the suppression of the present insurrection.

A complete grant of suffrage in the Philippines, Cuba and Porto Rico, with educational and property qualifications required for all voters.

The immediate construction of a cable between the United States and the Philippines.

No general reorganization of the army will be recommended by the secretary at the present time. He will leave this subject open for further consideration until after the war in the Philippines has been brought to a close. It will be pointed out, however, that the retention of the bulk of the present army will be necessary for some months to come. The secretary will be very urgent in his recommendations for the immediate construction of a cable line to the Philippines. During the past year the war department spent more than \$400,000 for cable tolls and, with the amount paid by the navy and state departments, more than \$500,000 in all has been paid for cable messages between this country and the Philippines. The secretary will point out these facts to show that it will be economy for the government to build its own cable.

ABSOLUTE INDEPENDENCE

Cubans Object to Appointment of a Governor General.

Some 5,000 people attended the meeting of the delegates of the Cuban league and national party at Havana, Saturday, says a Monday telegram. It was expected the questions of the civil governorship and the appointment of the new bishop of Havana would be discussed. As it turned out these matters were only touched upon.

The speakers, while advocating independence, advised moderation and the exercise of calm judgment. They believed that the best interests of the island would be subserved by the appointment of Cubans, instituting a civil government.

From every part of the island communications are received by the local papers protesting against a civil governor general. Almost without exception every paper published in Spanish has objected. Many think that any change to be made should be in the way of reducing the number of American troops in the island. In any event, in the management of the minority, sub-governors should be Cubans and not subject to any local military commanders.

The veterans who constitute the body from which trouble would be most likely to arise, are very pronounced against the civil governorship in any form. The various centers are making their objections and passing resolutions which call upon the United States congress to grant absolute independence to Cuba.

MILES GIVES HIS OPINION

Says England Will Eventually Triumph in the Transvaal.

General Nelson A. Miles, who arrived at Atlanta from New Orleans, went on an official tour of inspection to McPherson. Since the beginning of his tour in the south and west General Miles has found the army posts in good condition and is pleased with his visit.

When asked what he thought would be the probable result of the British and Boer war in the Transvaal he did not hesitate to say that England would eventually win, but he emphasized the fact that the victory would be bought with a great sacrifice of lives and property. General Miles and party have left for Washington.

SAFE BLOWERS IN KANSAS

The Bank Robbing Industry Shows Signs of Revival.

Robbers Saturday night touched off a quantity of dynamite that wrecked the safe and front end of the State bank at Bluff City, Kan. They escaped with \$1,000 in gold, besides some silver and bills. This is the eighth Kansas bank to be robbed by safe crackers within three weeks.

To Manufacture Coke.

Kilian H. Seible of Chicago, Iowa manager of the Union Fuel company, is in Des Moines to complete arrangements for the establishment of a coke plant in that city.

LONDON UNRESTFUL

Not Satisfied With the Recent News From Front.

FATE OF LANCERS IS NOT EXPLAINED

Their Whereabouts Not Known—Further Mobilization of Troops Decided Upon and Ten Thousand Men Needed—English Capture Ammunition

A London, Nov. 28th special says: A fresh interruption in the east African cable service at this interesting moment has caused a cessation of war news. As yet the war office has not received Lord Methuen's detailed list of casualties, nor is any information at hand regarding the whereabouts of the Ninth lancers, who were sent in pursuit of the Boers from Gras Pan. The Daily Mail says that a private telegram announces that the lancers are still scouting ahead of Methuen's advancing column, but as he announced yesterday that he was giving his men a day's rest, that is hardly possible.

Indeed the greatest anxiety is felt and more especially in view of the fact that a Berlin journal, the Deutsch Warte, which regularly prints Boer communication, announced before it could have been ascertained from British sources that the naval brigade lost 100 men at Gras Pan and that the Ninth lancers were captured.

It is understood that the government yesterday decided to proceed with the mobilization and embarkation of a sixth division of 10,000 men under a well known lieutenant general.

General Hildyard's achievement at Beacon Hill has relieved the situation in Natal and has brought the relief of Ladysmith within a measurable distance. General Buller appears to be confident of Lord Methuen's ability and is devoting all his energy to Ladysmith.

An attempt will be made, presumably to rescue Colenso in time to cut off the retreat of the Boers from Weenen over the Tugela river. It is feared, however, that the enemy will get there first and destroy the bridge. At Free Bridge the British found two massive spans utterly wrecked by dynamite.

FIT BURIAL FOR ANTHONY

Tammany Hall Responsible for Providing It.

Richard Croker, on behalf of Tammany Hall, has agreed to contribute \$300 to bury Sergeant Bill Anthony of the battleship Maine. Mr. Croker also promised to erect a monument over the grave of the marine.

The Philadelphia Times on Sunday instructed the burial company to procure the body and bury it. When the offer of Tammany Hall became known in Philadelphia, a representative of the newspaper telegraphed, insisting on burying Anthony. Mr. Croker sent for Mr. Carroll, the manager of the burial company, and told him Tammany Hall wanted to pay \$300 toward the expenses, and it was agreed that this amount should be added to that the newspaper promised to pay, and the marine be given a more imposing funeral.

GOEBEL MUST NOT SERVE

Republicans Declare They Will Call Upon Federal Authorities.

Senator Deboe of Kentucky left Frankfort for Washington, and after his departure a story emanating from republican circles was put abroad that in the event that Goebel is given a certificate of election next Saturday by the throwing out of Jefferson, Knox and Johnson counties, Senator Deboe, Senator Lindsay, Governor Bradley, General Taylor and other republican leaders will unite in an appeal to President McKinley to declare martial law in Kentucky, recognizing Taylor as governor and supporting his administration. Senator Deboe stated to the associated press that he is confident no emergency would arise requiring the assistance of the federal authorities, but intimated he had assurances that federal aid could be had if it became necessary. There was no change in the situation on either side.

Kansas Law Knocked Out.

Judge Hook, of the United States district court at Topeka, handed down a lengthy opinion knocking out the court of visitation. This is the court established by the last legislature to regulate railroads and telegraph companies. The court decided the law is in the nature of confiscation. The case calling forth the decision was brought before the court of visitation by J. B. Maxwell of Topeka against the Western Union to compel it to put in force a reduced schedule of telegraphic rates provided for by the new law. The Western Union resisted, setting up the unconstitutionality of the law.

New Companies Incorporate.

The secretary of the Illinois licensed incorporation of the United Pharmaceutical company of Denver, Colo., with a capital stock of \$250,000 and with a capital stock in Illinois of \$5,000. The Kellogg Switchboard and Supply company of Chicago certified to the secretary of state to an increase in capital stock from \$250,000 to \$500,000.

At South McAlester, I. T., prosecuting Attorney Soper has received pre-emptory instructions from Washington to begin immediate action against cattlemen for bringing herds into the Creek country.

MAKES A QUEER DISCOVERY

Deputy Sheriff in an Illinois Town Taken by Surprise.

Sheriff Cassidy of Montgomery county arrived at Chester, Ill., having in custody a prisoner under the name of Ellis Glenn, alias H. F. Terry, who was convicted of forgery at the circuit court in Hillsboro and sentenced to imprisonment under the provisions of the parole law. In the absence of Warden Tanner the prisoner was received for by Deputy Warden Dowell, who turned the prisoner over to Receiving Officer Lee for the usual bath and suit of stripes. The prisoner's hair was closely cut and a photograph taken, according to the custom of the prison. Upon being ordered to strip for the bath the prisoner, who was spare built and of decidedly feminine features, entered a protest. This led to the discovery that she was a woman.

Deputy Dowell was at once apprised of the fact, and he returned her to Sheriff Cassidy, who left with her for Montgomery county on the first departing train. The fair prisoner says that, although her age is thirty-eight years, she has always been single, but her appearance in a neatly fitting dark suit and derby hat would not indicate that she was over twenty.

When closely questioned the prisoner said that she was innocent of the crime of forgery. She said it had been committed by her twin brother, but in order that he might escape punishment for the offense she had assumed the guilt herself and allowed him to escape the consequences.

NAT:JI MOURNS ITS DEAD

Funeral of Garrett A. Hobart at Patterson, New Jersey.

With the impressive religious services of the Presbyterian church and with the dignity due to his high office, all that was mortal of the vice president, Garrett A. Hobart, was committed to the earth at Patterson, N. J. The president, Secretary of State Hay, Chief Justice Fuller, former Vice President Morton, ex-Secretary of War Alger, Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock, the supreme court judges, members of the senate and house of representatives and the vice president's personal friends filled the beautiful Church of the Redeemer and with moist, red eye and bowed head testified silently and eloquently to his worth as a statesman, friend and neighbor.

The chief magistrate of the country bowed his head in his hands. He was visibly agitated. There was scarcely a dry cheek in the crowded edifice and the widow was apparently the most composed.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF

Short Sketches of Recent Happenings in All Parts of the World.

Electric fan manufacturers have organized a trust. Its capital will be \$25,000,000.

The funeral of Lady Salisbury, wife of the English premier, who died November 20, was held at London Sunday.

The business portion of Weston, O., was destroyed by fire which started in the business house of Baldwin & Vetter.

Existing differences between the Detroit street railway employees and employers will be settled by arbitration.

It is reported in London that Lord Iveagh has purchased the Muckross estate, which includes the Lakes of Killarney.

Congressman Dave Mercer predicts a short session of congress. His reason is that the members will want to get into the national campaign.

Articles of incorporation were filed at Dubuque, Ia., by the Chicago, Dubuque & Omaha road, which will build a road southwesterly to Omaha.

At Mishawaka, Ind., Mrs. Harry Turnoek died as a result of heart failure caused from reading a notice that her husband had applied for a divorce.

The First Methodist church at Duluth celebrated its thirtieth anniversary Sunday by raising \$35,240, enough to clear its entire mortgage debt.

At a mass meeting held in Kountze Memorial church at Omaha Sunday resolutions were adopted in favor of unseating Congressman-elect Roberts of Utah.

Congressman Otjen of Wisconsin says that if it is proved that Congressman-elect Roberts of Utah is a polygamist, he will vote against seating him in congress.

Mrs. Leslie Carter, the actress, who has been seriously ill at Columbus, O., is rapidly improving. Her voice has not been impaired by the trouble in her throat.

The republican caucus committee appointed at the last session of congress to prepare a general financial measure for report to the coming congress is preparing to complete the duty assigned it. Seven of the members gathered at Prospective Speaker Henderson's rooms at the Normandie hotel and informally considered the bill created by the committee in Atlantic City during the summer.

On account of the prevalence of small-pox in the Indian Territory, all mail from there will be fumigated.

Scott McAfee placed a stick of dynamite under the kitchen stove at his home in Fountain Park, O., to dry. The explosion that followed wrecked the house, killed McAfee and fatally injured Miss Clara Kopp.

A new organization of Spanish war veterans, the Society of Porto Rico, was started at Chicago. At a reunion of company A provisional battalion of engineers, the members formed camp Miles No. 1 of the new organization.

WORK FOR LIFE

Terrible Trip of the Thirty-First Infantry.

A TRANSPORT CAUGHT IN A GALE

Short of Provisions and Water—Engineers Totally Incompetent and At the Mercy of the Typhoon for at Least Sixty Hours.

The transport Manauense, with Lieutenant Colonel Webb Hayes and three companions of the Thirty-first infantry on board, has arrived here, says a Manila dispatch of November 28. She narrowly escaped disaster. The officers and soldiers were for twelve days bailing with buckets. The steamer was unseaworthy, undermanned and short of provisions. Her engines broke down, and she rolled three days in a typhoon.

When the Manauense anchored in Manila bay this morning, thirty-three days from San Francisco, there were several feet of water in her hold and four hundred grimy, greasy, hungry, exhausted soldiers and sailors who had been passing buckets of water since November 17, night and day.

First Assistant Engineer Dudley was under arrest, and according to Col. Webb Hayes of the ship the chief engineer would also have been under arrest if there had been any one to replace him. The colonel's report also declared that the captain of the vessel told him that the only thing which brought them through was the fact that the men were greenhorns and failed to realize their danger, while experienced seamen would have deserted the ship and taken to the boats in midocean.

The Manauense is a chartered ship, flying the British flag. She belongs to a firm of which Senator Perkins of San Francisco is alleged to be a junior member. The officers say the firm bought her for \$45,000, and they claim efforts were made to sell her to the government for \$150,000.

She started from San Francisco accompanied by the transport Pelkin, which carried the remainder of the regiment, and encountered heavy seas to Honolulu with accident.

After starting it developed that she was undermanned and soldiers had to be detailed to act as firemen, coal-passers and waiters and to do other work. Before reaching Honolulu the crew concluded that the ship was not safe, and the majority agreed to desert. Though they were closely watched, many of the crew succeeded in getting away and the Manauense left Honolulu with less than half her crew.

The captain of the transport November 17 told Colonel Hayes that the vessel had sprung a leak, and an investigation resulted in finding several feet of water in her hold. The steam pumps were tried but failed to work, and there were no hand pumps on board. However, forty-six buckets were found, others were improvised and the soldiers not employed in working the ship were organized into five shifts, and stripped and began bailing.

The same day the leak was discovered the machinery collapsed. The lighting plant failed to work and after the supply of candles was exhausted the ship was in utter darkness at night.

The captain of the ship promised the men 25 cents a day for bailing, but he now proposes to pay them a dollar and a half. The soldiers talk of attaching the ship. The regiment will proceed to Zamboanga on the Pekin to garrison several ports on the island of Mindanao.

It is asserted that the water and provisions ran short, and that during the last week of the trip the men lived almost wholly on whisky, beer, and hard tack.

Stood the Test.

Prof. W. S. Johnson and C. L. Fortier of Milwaukee made a successful test in Chicago of the wireless telegraph. They succeeded in telegraphing without wires, through a suite of seven rooms with all doors closed and through seven walls. The professor claims that his invention is materially different from that of Marconi, and that instruments can be constructed to be carried on horseback and be ready for operation within a few moments after they have reached their destination.

The government of New Zealand proposes to stock its lands with choice American game birds. The steamer Alameda, which soon sails from San Francisco, will take sixty-three dozen of Kansas quail and following this shipment will be seventy-two pairs of ruffed grouse, seventy-two pairs of prairie chickens and four dozen of woodchucks, the whole to come from Kansas.

Held Them at Bay.

An insane man took possession of the tool house in charge of the Elkhorn section men at DeBolt, and defied the workmen to come within reach of him. He threw bolts, spikes, and other iron missiles at them, holding the crowd at bay. The man was in a nude condition. The sheriff was sent for and took the fellow into custody.

He Wants Ice.

Governor Leary of Guan has notified the navy department that he is in urgent need of an ice-making machine and refrigerating plant, and requests that the same be shipped to him as soon as possible.

Cancel Social Engagements.

Out of respect to the memory of the late Vice President Hobart the president has cancelled all his social engagements for the present. The members of the cabinet have done likewise and the administration will observe a period of mourning.

THEY ARE GLAD TO ESCAPE

Philippine Insurgents Abandon Prisoners in Their Hasty Flight.

The insurgents have evacuated Mangalaren, province of Pangasinan, says a Manila dispatch of November 28th, leaving seven American and thirty-four Spanish prisoners, who escaped in the confusion of the Filipino retreat. The Americans are P. J. Green and George Powers of the battleship Oregon; Thomas Edwards and Charles Bird of the Sixteenth infantry; Henry W. James of the Twelfth infantry; John Desmond of the signal corps and F. H. Huber of Love's scouts. They reported that two Americans were unable to escape and are with the insurgents. They are David Scott of the Twenty-fourth infantry and William Sherry of the hospital corps. Four deserters are with the Filipinos, Howard, Martin and Ford of the Californians and Watts, whose former regiment is unknown. Howard is the only one serving with the insurgents. He is a captain of artillery.

Colonel Bell of the Thirty-fourth volunteers arrived at Mangalaren last evening after a hard march and fording the Agno. He found that Fowler's company of the Thirty-third had occupied the town for two days. The insurgents, General Alejandro commanding, retreated to the mountains behind the town, short of food and ammunition. Besides this his men were deserting and six cannon, which the insurgents were dragging, impeded their march.

Colonel Bell proposes to follow the Filipinos until he can bring about a decisive fight or they are scattered.

Mangalaren was strongly fortified with rifle pits, commanding the roads, but the insurgents abandoned the place without firing a shot.

VICTORY DEARLY BOUGHT.

General Methuen's Triumph Over Boers Cost Him Many Men.

A dispatch has been received at London from General Buller giving a list of casualties among the troops engaged in what was hitherto known as the battle of Gras Pan, but which is now officially designated as the battle of Enslin. It proves, as anticipated, that the British success was heavily bought. The losses announced today, added to the naval brigade casualties previously reported, make a grand total of 128 as the cost of General Methuen's second battle. The Yorkshires apparently bore with the naval brigade the brunt of the fighting, as there were, in addition to three officers, forty-eight of the rank and file killed, wounded and missing. The fact that the list contains the casualties of the Ninth Lancers seems to dispose of the fears that the cavalry was surrounded and captured.

EX-SENATOR TIPTON DEAD

Represented Nebraska in the Upper House of Congress.

Hon. James W. Tipton, who represented the state of Nebraska in the United States senate for eight years, died in Washington Tuesday in the eighty-third year of his life. He was a native of Ohio, but came to Nebraska in 1858 and since his retirement from politics has lived in Washington.

Mr. Tipton served as United States senator from March 3, 1867, to March 3, 1875. He was chosen as a republican, but afterward took a prominent part in the campaign on behalf of a democratic candidate for president, stumping Nebraska with J. Sterling Morton. Senator Tipton was born August 5, 1817, near Caldwell, O.

Brings Back a Jail Breaker.

Sheriff Ogg returned to Geneva from Omaha with Herb Cochran, who broke jail at Geneva about five years ago. Cochran was serving a jail sentence for breaking into a store at Fairmont, but not liking his surroundings cut through the roof and had not been heard of until last Saturday, when the sheriff was satisfied of his presence in Omaha.

Patients About Well.

The plague-stricken patients from the steamer J. W. Taylor, who are being treated at Swinburne island, have nearly all recovered. No new cases have developed.

Murderers Run Down.

Ed. Johnson, Floyd Rumbaugh Frank Rumbaugh, alleged murderers of Night Watchman Enos Rath at Hicksville, Ind., were run down by bloodhounds and captured at Antwerp, Ind.

Will Meet William.

Queen Wilhelmina and her mother will leave The Hague Wednesday and go to Flushing to meet Emperor William of Germany and the Empress on their arrival from England.

Hundreds Are Dying.

Yokohama advices state that a terrible condition of affairs prevails at New Chwang, Manchuria, with respect to the bubonic plague, and hundreds of deaths are occurring weekly.

Celebrate Golden Wedding.

Dev. Dr. Hobbs and wife of the M. E. church at Salem, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary last week. The doctor is one of the best known pastors in the state, having pastored all over Nebraska during the last quarter of a century.

Mason Quits Root.

Victor L. Mason, private secretary to Secretary of War Root, has resigned to engage in business with General Alger. Mason was Alger's private secretary, and was serving Mr. Root in that capacity until the secretary could secure another one. E. H. Coursey of South Carolina has been the new private secretary.

Plot Against Sultan.

A number of arrests of Musselmans have been arrested, charged with a plot to assassinate the sultan of Turkey. Vigorous measures have been taken to preserve order.