

A CONFESSION AT HARTVILLE

Nigh Makes a Written Statement Concerning Macomb Robbery.

FIVE HAVE BEEN CONVICTED.

Kennedy Planned It, the Confessor Says—His Sentence Twelve Years—Shepard Was Given Ten Years—Byrum Will Go Free.

HARTVILLE, Mo., June 28.—Joseph Shepard, the train robber, was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment yesterday afternoon, and Lewis Nigh pleaded guilty this morning without trial and took a sentence of twelve years. The case against Elmer Byrum, the confessor, was dismissed by the state, and Oscar Ray's case was continued to the next term of court. Today Wright county's record for justice is clear. Five of the robbers who held up the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis train at Macomb on January 3 are in jail under sentences varying from ten to twenty years.

The continuance of Oscar Ray's case is merely another form of releasing him. He is not bright and the general disposition of the judge and lawyers is to allow him to remain under parole indefinitely. Elmer Byrum has removed his family to Hartville and he will go to farming soon and try to forget John Kennedy and "Bill" Jennings.

The following is the confession made by Nigh and given to the editor of the Hartville Democrat for publication this afternoon:

"Editor Hartville Democrat: I desire to make the following statement through the columns of your paper. First, because I have not been correctly reported, and secondly, I want to give warning to my neighbors and fellow beings against submitting or giving way to the intrigues and persuasions of violators of law and morality.

"I was born in Plekaway county, O. 1846. My parents moved to Illinois and then to Barton county, Mo., where I lived sixteen years, two miles north of Lamar. I moved from there to Douglas county and have lived there ever since. This is the first time I was ever in jail in my life. I never was in the green goods' business, nor did I mortgage my farm to get money to buy green goods. I mortgaged it to get money to buy 160 acres more land to put my farm in better shape.

"Kennedy came to my house last December. I had never seen him before or had any communication with him. He stayed over night at my house. I found him agreeable, pleasant and persuasive. On the morning of the second day he told me that he was Kennedy, the 'quail hunter,' and that he was accused of many train robberies, and that train robbery was the easiest thing imaginable and no danger in the world; that they sometimes got \$30,000 or \$40,000 from a train.

"Kennedy said that the hills around Macomb were the most inviting place to rob a train and get away he ever saw. Seeing that I gave him a listening ear, he came bodily out and made me a proposition to take me in as horseholder, stating that his two pals would be down in a few days to do the job, and they only wanted the fourth man to hold the horses. He promised me no one would be shot or hurt in one of these excursions. My son-in-law overheard our talk and came to me and said: 'Nigh, you are too old to go into that business; let me take your place. I know all about the arrangements, as I overheard you and the stranger talk it.'

"I told Kennedy and Kennedy made a place for Byrum in the holdup. The facts are as Byrum testified to. I was holding the horses at the grave yard when they discovered the dynamite was frozen and they sent me ahead to build the fire and thaw it out.

"Kennedy said the engineers very often received a part of the booty and he had given one fellow \$200. He said it helped to keep a fellow from being identified and that the engineer and firemen one night told him that they had the wrong train. It would be a water haul. Kennedy told me he would never serve his sentence, as his pals would be compelled to raise the amount of his bond. As far as I know the engineer and fireman on the train we held up were all right, but Kennedy says he has a great many friends, firemen and engineers, that would not give him away.

"All I know about that green goods business in Douglas county is that a man by the name of Whittaker, who lives in Hunter, is at the head of it all, and this knowledge is from a number that he has fleeced. I was one of an organized gang who once started to drive him out of the country. The railroad has gotten all there was in these cases. I do not know of any false swearing by their men, but they have put a false light on a number of my friends.

"Fogey and Kennedy made arrangements not known to the rest of us. In fact, Kennedy took the precaution to make all arrangements with his men separately and before the work was done got them together. Kennedy was the originator and instigator of the whole affair and arranged the defense. It is sad to think that I resisted the temptation throughout my earlier life and now in my declining years to be taken away from my family when I could so easily have avoided it.

"My family must shall out and leave this country and try to forget the trouble I have given them. I have no harsh words for your officers and citizens. The railroad officials have dogged us down, but had we not have tropped and done wrong we could have avoided them.

AFTER BROTHER'S SLAYER.

J. W. Gates Will Assist in Prosecuting Jester.

WICHITA, Kan., June 28.—J. W. Gates, president of the American Steel and Wire company, passed through here last night for Tecumseh, Okla., making a race against time. Mr. Gates is the brother of the young man who was killed twenty-eight years ago by Alexander Jester near Warrensburg, Mo. Jester is now under arrest at Shawnee, where he has been living under the name of W. A. Hill. He was arrested for Gates' murder on information given by a jealous sister to prevent his marriage last Sunday.

Mr. Gates has all the documentary evidence with him that was collected by his father twenty-eight years ago, when Jester was first accused of murdering young Gates. Mr. Gates stated that a special train would be taken from Oklahoma City to Tecumseh, the county seat of Pottawatomie county, the place where habeas corpus proceedings had been instituted in behalf of Jester by his attorneys. Prominent attorneys in Oklahoma and Missouri have been telegraphed to by Mr. Gates to meet him in Tecumseh and Mexico, Mo., where Jester will be finally taken for trial. Mr. Gates made the statement that he would not spare money or time to prosecute the man who he believes murdered his brother and did away with his remains.

Sheriff Simmons telegraphs that he is awaiting the arrival of Sheriff Nelson of Missouri, with the requisition papers.

A SENATOR ACCUSED.

Charged With Forging an Indorsement of His Attitude.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 28.—Al Burkholder, a newspaper man, has created a sensation in political and army circles in South Dakota by charging that a United States Senator forged a letter in support of the Senator's hostility to expansion and the ward politicians. The letter purported to have been written by an officer of the First regiment, South Dakota volunteers, whose name was withheld through fear that the writer would be court-martialed.

The letter reflected on practically every feature of the conduct of the war in the Philippines, hinted at an investigation and at dreadful exposures, declared that sick volunteers were compelled to leave the hospitals and take their places on the firing line; and, in fact, described the conditions in the American ranks as being little better than in the convict camps of Siberia.

MILLION-DOLLAR STATUE.

Colorado to Send an Up-to-Date Girl in Pure Gold to Paris Exposition.

DENVER, Col., June 28.—The Colorado Paris exposition commission has made a contract with F. D. Higbee, representative of one of the largest statue casting firms in the country, for a solid gold statue for exhibition at the Paris exposition.

The design represents an "up-to-date" girl, the figure, of life size, being cast in solid gold, 18 karats fine, the cast with its base being six feet four inches in height. It is estimated that \$1,000,000 worth of gold will be used.

The pedestal is to be of copper and pure silver, standing five feet eight inches high, three feet square at the top and six feet four inches at the base.

Upon four panels, in bas relief, it is intended to show representative Colorado scenes.

TO SUCCEED HANNA.

It is Said That Henry C. Payne Has Been Selected.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 28.—Prominent Republican of this city, who is a close friend of Henry C. Payne, is authority for the statement that that astute political manager has been asked to take the chairmanship of the Republican national committee, succeeding Mark Hanna also as chairman of the executive committee. It is asserted that Mr. Payne is now considering the matter, and that he is strongly tempted to accept the position.

Senator Jones Approves.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 28.—Ex-Governor William J. Stone has received a letter from Senator Jones of Arkansas, chairman of the Democratic national committee, dated at London, in which the senator gives his most hearty approval to the proposition for a July meeting of the national committee. Senator Jones says that his health has improved wonderfully, and that he expects to return home about the first of September.

Mr. Burrows' View of It.

PAINESVILLE, Ohio, June 28.—Senator Burrows of Michigan is visiting here. In an interview he declared that his colleague, Senator McMillan, would be a candidate to succeed himself and would be reelected next year. Concerning Secretary Alger's alliance with Governor Pingree, Senator Burrows said he thought the secretary had destroyed what chance he might have had to go to the Senate by making such an alliance.

Boy Killed in a Mill.

UNIONVILLE, Mo., June 28.—A 15-year-old boy named Will Rowland, who was playing with a loose belt at the Crumacker mill near this city, became entangled and was killed. His body was wrapped once and a half around the shaft and horribly crushed.

Colored Recruits to Manila.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Fifty colored recruits, enlisted in the Southern states, passed through Chicago on the way to San Francisco, with orders to sail for the Philippines July 3.

A BELT OF GOLD TO SIBERIA.

Reports of New Discoveries in the Alaskan Mineral Fields.

CAPE NOME, NEW ELDORADO.

A Seattle Prospector Thinks the Yukon Mineral Belt Extends to Asia—Stories of Misfortune in Alaska With Every Account of Success.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 28.—The latest advices from the newly discovered gold field, Cape Nome, Alaska, are contained in a letter from Major E. S. Ingraham of Seattle, who writes under date of February 2, 1899. Major Ingraham is the leader of fourteen men who were fitted out by Prince Luigi of Italy and local business men. He went first to Kotzebue Sound, but finding nothing there, crossed overland to Cape Nome, with a portion of the party, enduring considerable hardships. Part of the time the men had for food only two pancakes a day. Major Ingraham writes:

"On September 25 six men went to work to test their claims, some on Snow creek and the rest on Anvil creek. The best pan was obtained on Snow creek and amounted to \$8.25. The aggregate of four days' work was \$1 less than \$1,000. The gold was of good quality and sold at St. Michael without assay for \$16.95 per ounce. On account of the lateness of the season and lack of supplies no attempt to reach bedrock was made.

"The news soon spread, and there has been a constant arrival of prospectors from Umanaska, St. Michael and as far south as Kuskokwim. Fully 300 locations have been made to date.

"Two other districts have been organized, one at Linck point, beyond Cape Rodney, and the other with Bonanza creek as a center.

"The rich finds at Cape Nome and on the Ne-Uek-Luck, a tributary of Fish river, prove beyond doubt that the rich mineral belt of the Yukon crosses to Siberia. Pay dirt is reported to have been struck on a river flowing into the chain of lakes having outlet at Port Clarence.

"Before starting from Kotzebue sound December 15, 1898, prospectors had come in from Noatak, reporting the discovery of a rich and extensive mineral belt north of the river. In November, 1898, there was a stampede from among the prospectors wintering upon the Kowak to reported rich diggings upon the Alashuck, a tributary of the Kynuk.

"There is no doubt but that next summer will witness remarkable developments in the vicinity of Gollivin Bay."

But with every story of fortune found in the gold fields comes one of suffering and disappointment. W. D. Doolittle of Irvington, N. J., arrived here yesterday after undergoing fearful experiences in Alaska. He attempted to enter the Alaskan gold fields over the Edmonton route, but failed, and returned to Telegraph creek out of food and just able to make his wants known. He said:

"I have witnessed people coming in with hands and feet frozen and starving and suffering with scurvy. Of fourteen men on their way to Telegraph creek, nine perished in a snow storm. Three men were found dead in a cabin at Moose lake. They were two Allison brothers of Kent, England and Carter of New Zealand.

"The latter part of May, Porter, the government agent at Telegraph creek, sent a relief party into the Liard district, consisting of two Indian guides and four white men. They had a snow load of provisions which they distributed among the needy people, numbering about 500."

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.—Eight miners have just reached here from Alaska with \$250,000, the result of two years' digging within twenty miles of Dawson. One of them, named W. H. Armstrong, has a nugget worth \$360.

"The country is full of idle men," said Armstrong, "and every steamer brings a lot more to swell the list. There will be a fairly good clean-up around Dawson, but it will belong to ten times as many men as last year's output."

Held for Killing His Father.

LENN CREEK, Mo., June 28.—William Anderson, oldest son of G. W. Anderson, the well-to-do cattle dealer, has been arrested for the murder of his father. The older Anderson had left his wife and children and was living with a woman, Lizzie Wisbach, on his farm. Both Anderson and Wisbach were found murdered with an ax January 13. Anderson was said to be worth \$75,000. It is reported his wife will turn states evidence.

A Missouri Politician's Son a Suicide.

SOUTHWEST CITY, Mo., June 28.—Arches Shambaugh committed suicide at his home north of Southwest City Sunday night by shooting himself. He was the youngest son of the late Judge Isaac N. Shambaugh, who was known in political circles in Missouri a quarter of a century ago. No reason is assigned for the suicide.

So He Drank the Strychnine.

TEMPLE, Texas, June 28.—Leslie Huling, a butcher boy 18 years old, stood at a saloon bar this morning, emptied a 25-cent box of strychnine into a glass of soda and drank it to prove that it would not hurt him. Huling will be buried to-morrow.

Ma McKinley Returns Home.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The President and Mrs. McKinley, with the other members of the presidential party, arrived here at 10:30 o'clock this morning and were driven immediately to the White house.

JOHN BULL EMITS A GROWL.

Great Britain Will Tolerate No Play From Kruger.

BIRMINGHAM, Eng., June 28.

Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, addressing the Unionists of this city, reviewed carefully the Transvaal question. In the course of his speech he said that, owing to the enormous military preparations of the government of the South African republic, Great Britain had been compelled to increase the British garrison in Cape Colony and Natal, entailing an additional expenditure of \$2,500,000 annually.

After denouncing in the strongest terms the attitude and actions of the Boers, Mr. Chamberlain, with great deliberation and emphasis, added: "The Transvaal's enormous secret service fund has procured it friends and advocates in every country. The way the British subject there is treated is not only a menace to them all, but interferes with our prestige among the natives, who now regard the Boers and not the British as the paramount power.

"Besides the breaches of the London convention, the Transvaal is flagrantly violating the equality that convention was intended to secure. Its misgovernment is a festering sore, poisoning the whole atmosphere of South Africa. The Dutch in Cape Colony and Natal would be in the happiest condition, but so long as the disease of hatred and suspicion prevails in the Transvaal, it is impossible to stop the contagion.

"Four times since independence was granted we have been on the verge of war with the Transvaal. It is erroneous to say the British government wants war; but it is equally erroneous to say that the government will draw back, now that it has put its hand to the plow.

"We hope the efforts that are now being made will lead to an amicable arrangement, for Great Britain only desires justice, but there comes a time when patience can hardly be distinguished from weakness, and when moral pressure becomes a farce that cannot be continued without loss of self-respect. I trust that time may never come in this instance, but if it does, Britons will insist upon the means to find a result essential to the peace of South Africa."

The speech was warmly applauded. In reply to a vote of thanks, Mr. Chamberlain said he felt strengthened and encouraged by their confidence and support. He had spoken from the heart, because he believed they had reached a critical turning point in the history of the empire, and that the whole world was watching to see how they would issue from the difficulty. "It is my belief," said he, in closing, "that the country will show itself not unworthy of its glorious history and traditions."

A GREAT REVIEW.

Flower of British Army on Parade Before the Queen.

LONDON, June 28.—The queen, the Duke of Cambridge, the Prince of Wales, the Duke of York, Grand Duke Michael of Russia, the Duke of Connaught, General Lord Wolsey, commander-in-chief of the army; Colonel Samuel S. Sumner, United States army military attache of the United States embassy at London and many princes and princesses were present on the famous plains of Aldershot to witness a review of over 18,000 of the best troops in the kingdom.

This review is interpreted in London as a means of satisfying Queen Victoria that her troops are ready for any emergency they may be called upon to meet, in the Transvaal or elsewhere.

ROW OF THE CHURCHES.

Methodists Believe They Have Biffed John D. Rockefeller.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Dr. William R. Harper, president of the University of Chicago, has ended his long connection with Chautauqua. Back of the announcement of the famous educator's retirement as the head of the Chautauqua collegiate department and from the board of trustees of the Chautauqua association is a battle of denominations. Methodists, who have regarded the Chautauqua enterprise as a monument to Methodism, believe they have biffed John D. Rockefeller and others, who, they claimed, were attempting to make the Chautauqua movement an auxiliary to the University of Chicago. And the Methodists have possession of Chautauqua.

Big Week at Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 28.—Benefit week of "all organized labor of Western Pennsylvania," at the Grand opera house has assumed proportions not thought of by the promoters, and the affair promises to result in closer union of the laboring classes in this section than ever before. The week was inaugurated with a large parade in which all of the labor organizations of the city participated. The program for the balance of the week includes many prominent men as special attractions. The principal demonstration will be made on Friday, when Major General Miles will be the guest of the city. All of the military and many civic organizations will turn out in force to welcome and entertain him.

McCoy to Meet Fitz.

DENVER, Col., June 28.—Kid McCoy gave a sparring exhibition at the Tabor opera house last night, and it was announced from the stage that Fitzsimmons had agreed to meet McCoy in September next.

Mrs. Southworth Is Ill.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Mrs. Edouard Southworth, the well known novelist, is quite ill at her residence in West Washington. Her weakness is due mainly to the infirmities of age, she being now in her 84th year.

KNOCKED OUT KANSAS LAW.

A Judge Upholds Co-Operative Insurance in Sunflower State.

A FAR-REACHING DECISION.

The Effort of "Old Line" Insurance Companies to Prevent Lumbermen From Operating an Insurance Exchange Thwarted by Judge Skidmore.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 28.—The insurance law passed by the last Kansas legislature, which prohibited a person insuring his property in a company not authorized to do business in Kansas, was declared unconstitutional yesterday by Judge J. H. Skidmore of Columbus, Kan. The decision was made in the case of the state of Kansas against John K. Williams, L. C. Boyle, ex-attorney general of Kansas, represented Williams in the suit. Williams is a lumber dealer of Galena, Kan., and does a large business. He was recently arrested for violating the law passed by the last legislature. This law prohibited a person insuring in a company unauthorized to do business in Kansas, and provided that in the event one did insure with a company not so authorized the contract would be taxed in a sum equal to 10 per cent of the amount of premium paid or contracted to be paid; and such tax became a lien on the property so insured. It was the insured who had to pay this tax.

About five years ago the lumber men of the West conceived the plan of insuring each other. J. W. Garvey of Kansas City, an old line insurance man, was put in charge of formulating a scheme. He did so. As a result the principal lumber dealers of the West commenced to insure each other.

This seriously crippled the old line companies, as lumbermen were among the best customers the insurance companies had. Premiums were cut in two. Still the "Lumbermen's Exchange" flourished and expanded. The insurance companies then inspired the law to-day declared void. The "Lumbermen's Exchange" had no permit to do business in Kansas. If the lumbermen insuring at the "Lumbermen's Exchange" could be made to pay a tax of 10 per cent they could not afford to continue such insurance and would thus be driven to purchase insurance in the old line companies. So the old line insurance companies had the law passed by the last legislature, and Williams, who carried insurance in the "Lumbermen's Exchange" was arrested under it.

Mr. Boyle attacked the law as unconstitutional for the following reasons: That the title of the act was defective, the act interfered with the right of private contract; the contract was entered into in Missouri and hence was beyond Kansas interference; that the tax was not levied for a public purpose.

Judge Skidmore sustained every contention made by Mr. Boyle and discharged Mr. Williams.

The case is of great interest to the insurance men and lumber men of Kansas and Missouri.

PRISON FOR ANOTHER ROBBER.

J. L. West Given a Sentence of Ten Years at Sedalia.

SEDALIA, Mo., June 28.—James J. West was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary this morning for attempted train robbery. This was the penalty given his accomplice, ex-conductor Eli J. Stubblefield. The court will pass upon motions for a new trial. If they are overruled the prisoners will be taken to the penitentiary at once.

The men attempted to rob a Missouri Pacific train near here last November. An ex-engineer, Adams, whom they believed to be in the plot, revealed it to the railroad company and detectives were put on the train and captured the robbers.

Artillery Returns From San Juan.

NEW YORK, June 28.—The United States transport Logan arrived to-day from San Juan with thirty-nine cabin passengers, principally officers and their families, 143 discharged and furloughed soldiers and 350 men and 600 horses of Light Batteries H and C, Seventh United States artillery, and Heavy Battery B, Fifth United States artillery. The troops are under command of Captain M. H. Macomb.

Miss Slavin's Father in Doubt.

WICHITA, Kan., June 28.—In his investigation to determine whether Miss Belle Slavin, who was found dead in the National Bank of Commerce, was murdered, her father yesterday examined closely the revolver found under his daughter's body. On the muzzle were cloths of blood and several long hairs. There was only one shot fired from the revolver. If Belle Slavin shot herself there is no explanation of how these hairs stuck to the end of the revolver. One of the women who dressed the girl after death says there was a dent in her forehead.

Street Band's Successor in September.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 28.—Governor Stephens, who is here, announces that he will call a special election in the Eighth congressional district about September 1, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Richard P. Blaud.

Two Transports Arrive at Manila.

MANILA, June 28.—The United States transports Grant and Hooker have arrived here with troops from Fort Leavenworth, Fort Crook and Jefferson barracks.

NAVY'S "PERSUADER" CLASS.

Vessels of the Vixen Type to Be Duty Off South American Republics.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The navy department is considering the advisability of fitting up and keeping in readiness light draught cruisers for special service like that recently performed by the Vixen at Bluefields, Nicaragua. The suggestion is made by advocates of the plan that such a course would save both time and expense and that such vessels could respond to the call of a consul or perform other similar service quite as well as could a battleship. They would have the great advantage, also, of covering the distance to far away ports much more speedily than would heavier ships. The present purpose is to use the auxiliary cruisers for this work, and the Hawk and Dorothea are among the vessels which will thus be utilized. They probably will not be put in commission, but will be provisioned and otherwise kept in condition for constant sea service. The intention is to have four such vessels.

16-YEAR-OLD FIEND.

Confesses to Assaulting and Murdering His Cousin.

HARPER, Kan., June 28.—John Kornstadt, a 16-year-old boy living in the southeast part of Harper county, has confessed to having murdered his cousin, Nora, the 10-year-old daughter of Tony Kornstadt. He first assaulted her and then threw her into an abandoned well, where she was found last Wednesday. She was alive when found, but died an hour later, without recovering consciousness. Her cousin was suspected and the feeling became so strong that lynching was talked of. Sheriff Gillespie took charge of the boy and brought him to Harper for safekeeping. A searching examination by County Attorney McColloch brought out the confession. He was taken to Wichita for fear of mob violence.

SIGHTED SFAX OFF FRANCE.

A French Cruiser, Probably With Dreyfus, on the Way to Brest.

PLYMOUTH, Eng., June 28.—The Belgian steamer Bruxellesville, which arrived here to-day from African



CAPTAIN DREYFUS.

ports, reported having sighted at noon to-day a French cruiser, believed to be the Sfax, having Dreyfus on board, going in the direction of Brest.

IRELAND STIRS THE CATHOLICS

A French Clerical Writer Berates the American Archbishop.

BRUSSELS, June 28.—The Revue Generale, a well known Belgian magazine, patronized by most of the leaders of the Catholic party, has consented to publish a violent onslaught on Archbishop Ireland by the French clerical writer, Ricanon d'Hericault. The writer finds Monsignor Ireland is much too advanced. He says:

"The American archbishop recently came to France as a commercial traveler of revolutionary ideas. The French Catholics were struck at hearing a foreigner pretending to teach them how to behave themselves and at the real scandal caused by this successor of the apostles. We offer our congratulations to France upon having become a Free Masonic republic, which exiles some of its priests and sends others into the army and closer convents.

"Many French prelates look upon Ireland as a savage. He has been truly described as a bombshell."

A PLAGUE SHIP AT 'FRISCO.

Doctors Are Examining the Passengers of the Nippon Maru in Quarantine.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.—The steamer Nippon Maru, which was held at Honolulu on account of the death of a passenger from black plague, arrived here to-day and was ordered to the quarantine station. She has a large passenger list, and her health conditions will not be announced until after the medical examination has been completed. It is believed there are no more cases of plague on board.

Iowa Convicts Win Their Pile.

ANAMOSA, Iowa, June 28.—The striking prisoners at the state prison, who have refused to work for several days, resumed work yesterday. Their demands in full were acceded to by the prison officials and hereafter pie will be served at least twice a week. No punishments are to follow on account of the strike.

Santiago Day in New York.

NEW YORK, June 28.—Santiago day, July 3, promises to be generally observed in the financial and mercantile district of the city. The cotton and coffee exchanges have agreed to suspend business on that day and similar action is expected to be taken by the stock exchange, the consolidated, the metal and mercantile exchanges.

Regulars Arrive at the Presidio.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.—Troop F, Sixth cavalry, Captain E. F. Wilcox, has arrived at the Presidio from Fort Leavenworth, etc.