

6 AFFAIRS OF STATE

EVENTS OF INTEREST TO AMERICAN PEOPLE.

Timely Mention of the Doings of the National Congress, Departmental and Executive Official Actions, and Movements of Army and Navy.

Thursday, April 20.

President McKinley has accepted an invitation to attend the state encampment of the G. A. R., to be held at Youngstown, O., the latter part of June, provided other engagements of an official character do not interfere.

Senator Jones of Arkansas, chairman of the democratic national committee, denies the published statement that he intends to resign the chairmanship of the committee. The senator expects to visit Carlsbad, Germany, for his health.

The navy department requested a correction of Admiral Dewey's dispatch of Tuesday. The correction confirms the dispatch. Lieutenant Gilmore and a boat crew were ambushed and captured, and their fate is still unknown.

Dr. Julio Henna and M. Zeno Gaudia, Porto Rican commissioners have presented to the president a memorial asking withdrawal of military from the island, and that steps be taken to determine whether Porto Rico is to be organized as a territory, admitted as a state or disposed of in any other way.

It is announced in New York that Speaker Reed has accepted an offer to become a member of the law firm of Simpson, Thacher & Barnum of New York; that he has been guaranteed a yearly income of \$50,000 and that he will resign his seat in congress and move to Gotham. Reed neither denies nor affirms the rumor.

A conference held at the White house yesterday between the president, Secretary Alger, Secretary Long and Adjutant General Corbin resulted in the confirmation of the original decision of the cabinet to at present refrain from availing itself of the authorization conferred by congress to organize a volunteer army of 35,000 soldiers in addition to the present regular army.

Friday, April 21.

The U. S. transport Crook is expected soon from Guantanamo, Cuba, with 414 American dead.

On account of the failure of the Pennsylvania legislature to pass certain needed legislation, it is said an extra session will be called.

Word has reached Washington that the Detroit has reached Greytown for an inquiry into the state of affairs there before proceeding to Bluefields.

After several conferences with the minister from Venezuela, the United States postoffice authorities have entered into an agreement for a parcel post treaty with Venezuela.

The monthly statement of the collections of internal revenue shows that during March, 1899, the total receipts were \$22,738,447, an increase over March, 1898, of \$9,491,310. For the nine months of the present fiscal year the total receipts were \$201,522,141, an increase over the corresponding period of last year of \$77,790,409.

The most expert pathologist of the agricultural department, Dr. Zwingler, is now in Morocco on a mission which the department hopes will launch a new and profitable industry in the most arid sections of the southwest. He is making a close study of the African date palm, selecting the finest varieties and an effort will be made to cultivate them in Arizona. It has been found that date palms will grow there with some irrigation.

Saturday, April 22.

United States Minister Bridgeman has called the state department from La Paz, Bolivia, that the revolution there is ended and everything is quiet.

The president will in a few days issue a proclamation giving effect to the new extradition treaty between the United States and Mexico, President Diaz taking similar action in Mexico.

Inquiry at the war department elicits the information that the First Nebraska may be expected to start home from the Philippines about May 5. All the volunteer regiments are to be returned as rapidly as transports can be sent to receive them.

The naval reserve association of Illinois, veterans of the Spanish-American war, has resolved to offer the government 250 men for service in the Philippines. Secretary Long of the navy department will be advised of the action of the association.

Shortly after noon Governor Stone of Pennsylvania, appointed Matthew Stanley Quay as senator to serve until the next session of the legislature. The appointment is addressed to the president of the senate and it is stated in the letter to be made under authority of clause 2 of section 3 of article 1 of the constitution of the United States.

Admiral Dewey has as yet not learned the fate of the boat crew of fourteen under Lieutenant Gilmore. The supposition is that they were captured or killed by the Spaniards or the 400 insurgents who are besieging the Spanish garrison. Admiral Dewey declined to say what steps he would take toward a punitive expedition.

Monday, April 24.

Senator McMillan of Michigan said yesterday that while precedents were against seating Senator Quay, he was inclined to think the precedent would be observed and that Senator Quay will be seated.

Sam Hoss, a negro, the murderer of Alfred Cranford and the assassin of Cranford's wife, was burned at the stake two miles north of Newman, Ga., yesterday in the presence of 2,500 people.

At Fulton, Mo., Edward Palmer shot and killed Thomas Ganaway, a companion, in a quarrel over a girl. Palmer's mind is unbalanced. Ganaway was a member of the Fourth Missouri volunteers.

At Smith Centre, Kansas, Mrs. Stockman shot and killed her husband, Charles Stockman, from whom she had recently been divorced. He was drunk and was raising a disturbance at her house. She surrendered.

General Otis has informed the war department that he is censoring cablegrams sent to the volunteers.

Secretary Alger has received from Major General Otis, commanding the troops in the Philippines, a report regarding the treasonable communications which, it has been asserted, have passed between people in this country and the soldiers. General Otis's report shows that one of the regiments under his command received some cablegrams reading as follows: "Don't enlist boys." One or two of these were signed "Committee" or "The Committee," while others had no signatures. The secretary did not make public the name of the organization to which the dispatch had been sent. The whole matter had been very much exaggerated, and he said, as General Otis's reports showed, that it was only to the above extent that any communications of the character indicated had passed. He said he attributed them entirely to the work of mischief-makers, who, because of their cowardly spirit, had refused to put their names to the dispatches.

Tuesday, April 25.

Dr. Malcolm Stewart has been appointed a member of the board of pension examining surgeons at Tecumseh.

The war department yesterday was without advice from General Otis in regard to the names of the killed and wounded in the battle of Quingua.

Major Francis B. Dodge of the pay department has been selected to disburse the \$3,000,000 allotted by the government to pay the Cuban troops.

There have been twenty deaths from typhoid fever among the members of the Eighth United States cavalry stationed at the city of Puerto Principe. One hundred and three cases have been reported.

President McKinley and Secretary Hay have determined not to enter into any negotiations with either Costa Rica or Nicaragua respecting the canal until the new isthmian canal commission has submitted its report.

Attorney General Griggs, in speaking of the negro lynching near Newnan, Ga., yesterday, said that the case had no general aspect and that therefore the government would take no action whatever in regard to it.

The German government has lodged a protest with the state department against the language used by Captain Coghlan of the Raleigh at the Union League club banquet. The incident will probably pass with nothing more serious than a reprimand for the captain.

Captain G. E. Wilde, of the U. S. S. Boston, has protested against the promotion of Colonel Miller to a brigadier generalship as a reward for the capture on Iloilo. It appears that this capture was made by naval forces under Wilde and that it was not until after the capture had been effected that the place was turned over to Captain Miller. The action is indorsed by Admiral Dewey.

Information received at the war department indicates that General Otis is about to execute another important movement, the initial features of which are shown by today's press advices from Manila. The objective point is the insurgent town of Calumpit, being about eight miles northwest of Malolos. It was here that the insurgents concentrated after being driven out of the capital, setting up a new capital and making it the base of their operations.

Wednesday, April 26.

Colored ministers of New York denounced the Georgia lynchings.

President McKinley, who has been having a serious attack of neuralgia, is much better.

Illinois will honor its dead ex-governor, Richard J. Oglesby, by holding an immense public funeral.

Countess Esterhazy has sued for a divorce. She alleges that the French count is too vile to live with.

The Borden Condensed Milk company has organized into a trust under the laws of New Jersey. Capital \$20,000,000.

Because Governor Tanner vetoed the appropriation for the university of Illinois at Champaign, the students hung him in effigy.

By an explosion of benzine in Fleece's charcoal works at Twenty-fourth and Callowhill streets, Philadelphia, yesterday one man was killed, two are unaccounted for and one woman was fatally injured. A score of persons were more or less seriously injured.

General MacArthur's division fought its way to the trenches before Calumpit yesterday, advancing four miles, mostly through woods and jungles and crossing the Bagbag river. This was accomplished at a cost to the Americans of six killed and twenty-eight wounded. The First South Dakota regiment was the heaviest loser.

Fishing with Scoop Shovels.

The greatest sport we have heard of in this section recently is the catch of fish that Herbert Bares, Anton Fergen and some others recently made. They went to the Jim river, near Victor Ulrich's place, and in a slough which was formed last spring from overflow of the Jim river they cut a hole in the ice and with scoop shovels they took out over 275 pounds of fine fish. They said that they found fish frozen fast to the ice, which, when held in their hands, revived and assumed their natural condition. It is said there are thousands of fish in the ponds and sloughs that were formed last spring by the overflowed river. Most of these will perish in a short time after the ice commences to freeze, for want of water and air. There are, no doubt, many fine pickerel in some of the creek ponds.—Parkston (S. D.) Advance.

BOGUS REVENUE STAMPS.

Revenue Officers Seize Half a Million Cigars and Have Only Begun.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 24.—At the close of office hours yesterday Internal Revenue Collector Bettman and his entire force went on a raid for counterfeit revenue stamps. They have confiscated over \$500,000 cigars. The large force had been organizing secretly for this work and all were surprised at finding so many. They state now that they cannot estimate the extent of these counterfeit cigar stamps in the Ohio valley.

WIDE WORLD NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF VITAL INTEREST.

A Brief Summary of Events in Which People are Deeply Interested—Short Sentences Conveying a World of Information to Our Readers.

Thursday, April 20.

The senatorial contest in Florida ended in the election of Hon. James P. Taliaferro, a democrat.

The great battle in Pennsylvania for United States senator ended yesterday without selection of a successor to Senator Quay. It is not known whether Governor Stone will call an extra session.

Tuesday's municipal election at Panama, Ill., which resulted in the election of the union miners' ticket, is causing an exodus of the imported negro miners, who are leaving for other fields.

The second of the one dollar Bryan dinners, that under the auspices of the workingmen, was held last night at the Grand Central Palace. The dinner was not as largely attended as the one the Saturday evening previous, there being but 1,500 present.

The American Spirits Manufacturing company has a new source of revenue which will bring it millions of dollars. Spirits form the prime factor in the manufacture of smokeless powder. The government has negotiated with the company for vast quantities of this product to use in the making of smokeless powder.

General Maximo Gomez has determined to announce to the people of Cuba his support of an American protectorate until such time as a stable, independent government may be founded. He is content to co-operate with the Americans until the island is pacified, the rural police organized, the Cuban soldiery at work and insular reconstruction far advanced.

Friday, April 21.

Three cases of yellow fever have developed at Havana.

Unless granted 25 cents an hour and an eight-hour day, 1,000 Toledo, O., carpenters will strike on May 1.

The farm on which Abraham Lincoln was born, two miles south of Hodgenville, Ky., has been sold to David Grear of New York, and will probably be converted into a park.

Ex-President Harrison will soon start for Paris to argue in behalf of Venezuela in the Venezuelan-British boundary dispute.

A bloody highbinder war broke out in Chinatown, Fresno, Cal., and as a result three occupy slabs at the morgue, two are in a hospital and nine are in jail.

The Paris Figaro continues to publish the testimony given the court of cassation. It is mostly in favor of Captain Dreyfus' innocence. Many Frenchmen are coming to believe that Dreyfus is innocent.

The Liggett & Myers Tobacco factory at St. Louis, the largest of its kind in the world, has been absorbed by the trust. Up to this time it has been an independent concern. The price paid was \$13,000,000.

At New Haven, Kas., Miss Nina Hall, who was to have been married this week to Assistant Engineer Ebby of the cruiser Brooklyn, was accidentally shot and killed by her little brother. She was attempting to wrest a revolver away from him. Engineer Ebby is on the way to the wedding and does not know of the tragedy.

Saturday, April 22.

Four men and a boy lost their lives by an explosion of gas in Cook & White's coal mine at Madrid, N. M., today.

Sheriff J. S. Dawson of Cook county, Tennessee, was killed last night from ambush in the mountains near the North Carolina line, not far from Walkersville, N. C.

Matthew Stanley Quay was declared by a jury of peers to be not guilty of the charge of conspiring to use for his own unlawful gain and profit the funds of the state of Pennsylvania deposited in the People's bank of Philadelphia.

Two exciting sessions of the Mazett investigating committee was held at New York yesterday. A feature was the refusal of the witnesses to give testimony. Another feature was the defiant attitude of Andrew Freedman on the stand.

The St. Paul flyer on the Burlington road went into the ditch seven miles west of Aurora, Ill., last night, killing one man and injuring several others and wrecking the train. The accident occurred while the train was going fifty miles an hour.

A force of about 200 rebels attacked the outposts of the Washington regiment, near Taguig, south of Pasig and Pateros. Two companies immediately engaged the enemy and advanced into the opening in skirmish order. The rebels were checked and routed after two hours' fighting, leaving twelve men killed on the field and several wounded.

The Kentucky law under which many negroes in the past two years have been sold on the block for a term of years, in punishment for vagrancy, has been declared unconstitutional by Judge Scott, on the ground that it conflicts with the constitution which prohibits slavery or involuntary servitude except in punishment for crime, and because vagrancy was not a crime but a misdemeanor.

Sunday, April 23.

The presence of the German fleet at Kiau-Chau has alarmed the Chinese.

There is now a prospect that the trouble between the union miners at Pana and the operators will be amicably settled. Both sides are willing to make concessions.

James Elsey, the London messenger who was sent from London to Hampton, Cal., by Harry McCallum, M. P., to deliver a letter ahead of one sent by mail, arrived at New York yesterday on his return trip. He said he beat the mails twelve hours.

The secretary of the interior has reversed the land office decision in the case of John Batting against Theodore Mackle, from the Sidney district of Nebraska. Mackle's homestead entry is held intact.

The Cuban sugar crop for 1899 is officially estimated at 307,903 English tons, against a total for 1898 of 235,032 tons.

It is reported that the copper combine is a go. The actual value of all the properties taken in will exceed \$400,000,000.

The Cuban tobacco crop is said to be of good quality and more abundant than for two years past. A large stock of Temedois filler was sold in the field for \$23 per quintal.

The Cuban army roll shows that there will be about 30,000 troops to participate in the \$3,000,000 appropriation to pay them off. This will give each man about \$75.

The academy of moral and political science of Paris has awarded the Audiffert prize of 15,000 francs, given yearly for the greatest act of devotion, to Major Marchand for traversing Africa.

Monday, April 24.

The Union Steel and Chain company has been organized with a capital stock of \$60,000,000. This is the largest incorporation that has yet come into existence.

Secretary Long has received word from Admiral Dewey in regard to the fate of Lieutenant Gilmore and the fourteen sailors of the Yorktown.

Colonel Stoutenburg, Lieutenant Sison and two privates of the First Nebraska regiment were killed in a skirmish with the Filipinos four miles north of Malolos Sunday. Many Nebraska boys were wounded.

Dr. B. E. Patton, a physician of Terre Haute, Ind., and well known as a cancer specialist, is lying in a hospital at that town, suffering from arsenical and chloroform poison which he claims was administered by his wife.

Senators Thurston and Hayward have decided upon the names of the census supervisors of the Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth districts, each designating those in the districts above or below the Platte under his jurisdiction. Senator Thurston has named W. D. Peebles from the Third and John T. Mallalieu from the Sixth.

Tuesday, April 25.

The Mississippi river is rising and it is predicted will soon reach the danger line.

It is rumored that Charles T. Yerkes will sell his Chicago street car holdings to a New York syndicate. It seems he has tired of fighting Harrison.

The body of Mrs. Henry Lemper of Waterloo, Ia., was found yesterday in the Cedar river, almost in the heart of the city. It is believed the woman was murdered.

There is little hope expressed that Captain Dreyfus will be released. It is said that the army is more powerful than the court of cassation, and that the court must bow to the will of the army. Military men of France, it is said, dare not release Dreyfus.

Ex-Governor and former United States Senator Richard J. Oglesby died at his residence in Oglesbush, in Elkhart, at 1:05 o'clock yesterday. The immediate cause of his death was in fall, his head striking the sharp edge of a piece of furniture. The remote cause was vertigo, which caused the fall.

Secret service officers of the government have arrested U. S. District Attorney E. P. Ingham and Deputy Internal Revenue Collector Samuel B. Downey of Lancaster, Pa., on the charge of aiding the Lancaster counterfeiters in their efforts to flood the country with bogus treasury notes and internal revenue tobacco stamps. The arrest of Ingham has created a sensation on account of his prominence.

Wednesday, April 26.

Assistant Secretary of War Meiklejohn has issued an order extending the immigration laws of the United States to Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippine islands.

A proposition to utilize negro troops to a large extent in future military operations in the Philippines is attracting much attention and it is believed will be considered by the administration in the near future.

The gallant marines who lost their lives in the early fighting around Guantanamo are to be interred in Arlington cemetery beside the bodies of the soldiers whose remains were recently brought from Cuba and Porto Rico.

Governor Lind of Minnesota was in Washington yesterday in consultation with the war officials. He was informed today that the Thirtieth Minnesota regiment would be brought back to the United States as soon as the transportation arrangements could be made.

It is the impression that the case of Captain Coghlan is losing importance. A high official said that in his opinion the needs of the case would be completely met by a sharp letter of reprimand addressed to him by the navy department, if the captain admitted he was correctly reported.

A signal evidence of the purpose of the United States to maintain friendly relations with Germany has been given in the favorable action of the president, at the instance of Secretary Hay, in approving the project for a new trans-Atlantic cable running between Germany and the United States.

Cuba's Sugar Crop

HAVANA, April 24.—The sugar crop for 1899 is officially estimated at 307,903 English tons, against a total for 1898 of 235,032 tons. The tobacco crop is said to be of good quality and more abundant than for two years past. A large stock of Remedois filler was sold in the field for \$23 per quintal. The planters in the province of Pinar del Rio are cheerful as to the outlook.

The beef inquiry board has concluded its hearings. Its report will follow soon.

Following up the burning at the state of Sam Hose at Newman Grove, Ga., a mob yesterday lynched "Lige" Strickland, the negro preacher who Sam Hose said hired him to kill Cranford. They swung him up instead of burning him.

The United States Worsted company, with an authorized capital of \$70,000,000, and the American Plumbing Supply and Lead company, with an authorized capital of \$35,000,000, were incorporated yesterday in the office of the secretary of state of New Jersey.

SHARP FIGHTING ALREADY.

The March on Calumpit a Running Fight.

SIX AMERICANS ARE KILLED.

One Army Advancing Directly on the Filipino Position, While Another Is Coming From the East—253 Dead Filipinos Counted.

"WASHINGTON, April 25.—The following has been received at the War department from General Otis:

MANILA, April 25.—Adjutant General, Washington: Hale's brigade, MacArthur's division, moved down right bank upon Quingua river yesterday to vicinity of Calumpit; now joined by Wheaton's brigade on left bank. Hale encountered fierce opposition, driving enemy with heavy loss, taking his intrenchments in flank. Hale's casualties, six killed, twelve wounded. The divis on has now invested Calumpit, which will be taken to-day.

Lawton, with part of his command, reaches Nonsagaray this evening, where he will be joined by center column from Boacave. Extreme heat, rain, high streams, bad roads made march very difficult. He has not met opposition since leaving Novaliches, enemy retreating in his front.

South of and near Manila enemy has a force of 4,000, making demonstrations daily; can be easily taken care of. It cannot communicate with north.

List of casualties of the day before yesterday, cabled to-day—Otis:

MANILA, April 25.—The movement of the American forces on Calumpit has begun. General Hale's brigade crossed the river at Quingua and is moving down the bank of the river toward Calumpit. Many insurgents were driven from the front of the line of march. Fifty of the enemy were killed in one engagement to-day, while the American loss was only one killed. The town of Malolos has been evacuated. Only the railway station is held. The army gunboats are unable to ascend the river to co-operate in the movement on Calumpit, and have returned to Manila.

General Hale's brigade, consisting of the Nebraska, Iowa and South Dakota regiments, with their guns, which left Malolos yesterday, followed the west bank of the Rio Grande river to a ford. Many small bands of rebels were encountered and yesterday afternoon the Americans discovered several hundred of the enemy entrenched near Pullian, north of Quingua. Our troops attacked the rebels, losing six men killed and eleven wounded.

General Hale's troops claim that nearly 300 dead natives were counted along the country traversed. Among the dead was a Spanish captain.

The rebels along the Bagbag river were reinforced from Calumpit as troops under General Hale approached. The South Dakota regiment bore the brunt of the fighting and lost five men killed and nine wounded. During yesterday's fighting the Americans captured 250 prisoners. The rebels are steadily retreating in the direction of Calumpit.

At 4 o'clock this morning General Hale crossed the river and advanced on Calumpit. General MacArthur's division also advanced, but none of the armored flat cars was pushed ahead on the railroad. The Kansas regiment advanced upon the right of the track, and the Montana regiment pushed forward on its left.

The Filipino troops engaged were well uniformed and well drilled. As the campaign progresses the rebel troops are improving. They are adopting American methods, and the accuracy of their shooting is evinced by the fact that five Americans were shot in the head.

The rebels are already returning to Malolos and are becoming troublesome. They fired on an ambulance yesterday which was crossing the plaza and they have driven the Chinese out.

The temperature to-day was 94 and several cases of prostration were reported. The weather was cloudy. The country traversed by our troops is thickly wooded and the hardest for fighting.

Fever Among Troops in Cuba. HAVANA, April 25.—There has been twenty deaths from typhoid fever among the members of the Eighth United States cavalry, stationed at the city of Puerto Principe, and 103 cases all told are reported. The persistence of the disease cannot be explained.

New York Anti-Trust Law. ALBANY, N. Y., April 25.—The assembly has passed the senate anti-trust bill by a vote of 105 to 2. The purpose of the bill is to prevent monopolies in articles of commodities of common use and to prohibit restraints of trade and commerce, providing penalties for violations of the provisions of the act, and directing procedure to enable the attorney general to secure testimony in relation to such violations.

Druggists Need Not Pay the License. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 25.—Senator Orchard's bill to tax druggists \$20 a year for the privilege of selling liquor on prescription or otherwise was beaten after a sharp debate in the senate. The vote was 16 to 11. It requires eighteen votes to pass a bill.

To Pay Spanish War Militia Expenses. TOPEKA, Kan., April 25.—The state adjutant general has been instructed to begin the disbursement of the Spanish war claims, expenses incurred in the concentration of volunteers for the United States army. The claims in all amount to \$20,933.

STRICKLAND LYNCHED.

Negro Preacher Mutilated by a Georgia Mob—Protests Innocence.

PALMETTO, Ga., April 25.—The body of Lige Strickland, the negro preacher who was implicated in the Cranford murder by Sam Hoss, was found swinging to the limb of a persimmon tree within a mile and a quarter of this place early yesterday. Before death was allowed to end the sufferings of the negro his ears were cut off and the small finger of his left hand was severed at the second joint. On the chest of the negro was a scrap of blood-stained note paper attached with an ordinary pin. On one side of this paper was written:

"New York Journal: We must protect our ladies, 23-99." The other side of the paper contained a warning to the negroes of the neighborhood. It read as follows: "Beware, all darkeys. You will be treated the same way."

Before being finally lynched Strickland was given a chance to confess to the misdeeds of which the mob supposed him to be guilty, but he protested his innocence until the end.

Three times the noose was placed around his neck and the negro was drawn up off the ground; three times he was let down with warnings that death was in store for him should he fail to confess his complicity in the Cranford murder. Three times Strickland proclaimed his innocence, until, weary of useless torturing, the mob pulled on the rope and tied the end around the slender trunk of the persimmon tree. Not a shot was fired by the mob. Strickland was strangled to death.

A coroner's jury held an inquest at Palmetto and rendered the usual verdict—death at the hands of parties unknown.

Another mob is hunting the country for Albert Sewell, who has been making himself obnoxious by remarks concerning the whites. There is not much prospect of his capture, however, as he has been out of town two days.

SENSATION GROWS.

Former Federal Officials Arrested in Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, April 25.—Former United States District Attorney Ellery P. Ingham, of this city, and Deputy Internal Revenue Collector Samuel B. Downey, of Lancaster, were arrested by secret service officers yesterday on the charge of aiding the Lancaster counterfeiters in their efforts to flood the country with bogus treasury notes and internal revenue tobacco stamps.

The arrest of Ingham created a great sensation on account of his prominence and his former connection with the government as United States attorney for the Eastern district of Pennsylvania.

Those who are now under arrest charged with complicity in the great plot are: Ellery P. Ingham, ex-United States district attorney, of this city; Henry K. Newitt, ex-assistant United States district attorney, of this city; Samuel B. Downey, deputy internal revenue collector of the Ninth internal revenue district of Pennsylvania, of Lancaster, Pa.; William Jacobs, of Lancaster; William E. Kendig, of Lancaster; Thomas Burns, Kendig's former partner; Arthur Taylor, expert engraver of this city, and Baldwin S. Bredel, expert engraver and mechanic.

MUST GIVE UP THE CIGARS.

No Way to Protect the Men Who Bought From the Counterfeitters.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The treasury officials believe that the total number of cigars seized because of the Pennsylvania counterfeit stamps will reach between 5,000,000 and 10,000,000. All such cigars are confiscated by the government, even though they be in the hands of innocent purchasers. The offer of holders to stamp them properly has no effect, because the law is mandatory. Internal Commissioner Wilson says that his office would like to permit holders of the Pennsylvania cigars to stamp them properly and to retain the stocks which they have had, but under the law that cannot be done.

The retailers will of course have a legal claim against the jobbers who in turn must look to the manufacturers, but as the latter will probably be in jail for some time to come it will not be easy to collect any money which has been paid.

THE RALEIGH'S SAILORS.

Banquet Tendered Coghlan's Men at the Waldorf.

NEW YORK, April 25.—One hundred and twenty sailors from the United States cruiser Raleigh, clad in their naval uniforms, were given a banquet in the Astor gallery of the Waldorf-Astoria hotel last night. The entertainment was planned and carried out by a committee composed of the following gentlemen: Roswell P. Flower, William C. Whitney, William McAdoo, Bradley Martin, Philip Rhineland, Thomas L. James, Clarence W. McKay, George J. Gould, F. W. Bliss, Emerson McMillan, W. J. Curtis and W. G. McAdoo.

The gallery was decorated with silken banners and flags and a fashionable crowd was present to see and help entertain the sailors.

An Emporia Boy Dead From Wounds.

EMPORIA, Kan., April 25.—Archibald Aldrich of this place, who enlisted with the First Colorado, Company E, and was wounded in battle at Malolos, died yesterday. His mother, Mrs. M. L. Aldrich, was notified yesterday afternoon.

Importing Negro Miners.

DES MOINES, Iowa, April 25.—Colored miners are coming in large numbers daily to take the places of striking whites in this district. They come from Galena, Iowa, Lost Creek, Okla., points in Texas, Pana, Ill., and other Southern points.