



MINER BROTHERS,
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Notions, Carpets,
Boots, Shoes, Groceries and
Queensware.

Dress Goods.

The Summer days are now here and with them comes the demand for light and pretty dresses. We have the largest assortment of any store in the Republican valley.

Our line of Organdies is complete, 10c to 40c.
India L's, blue or white, 10c to 50c per yard.
Dimities of all colors from 10c to 20c.
Dotted Swiss from 20c to 60c per yard.
Lawn from 10c to 25c per yard.
Striped linen colored lawn 20c per yard.
Linen colored lawn, 10c per yard.
Lappet Mills 20c per yard.

Muslins.

Bleached Lonsdale Sheeting, 7c per yard.
Bleached Fruit of the Loom muslin, 7c per yard.
Bleached Shell brand muslin, 7c per yard.
Bleached Farmers Use muslin, 6c per yard.
Bleached Household Use muslin, 5c per yard.
Unbleached muslin, best, 8c per yard.
Unbleached Pepperill muslin, 7c per yard.
Unbleached best L.L. muslin, 5c per yd.
Unbleached L.L. muslin 4c per yd.
Unbleached Superior, 3c per yd.

Calicoes.

Black and White Simpson's calicoes, 5c per yard.
Grey Calicoes Simpson's, 5c per yard.
Garner's Red Calicoes, 5c per yard.
Tartan Red calicoes, 5c per yard.
Light Fancies calicoes, 5c per yard.
Indigo Blue calicoes, 5c per yard.
Assortment colors and patterns 3c.

Ladies' Vests.

A good gauze vest at 5c.
All sizes in better quality at 10c.
Bleached or Ecru vests, 12c to 50c.
Ladies silk vests, sleeveless, 50c.

Ginghams,

Latest fancies in French ginghams at 10c per yard.
Fancy Plaids at 8c per yard.
Best Amoskeag check gingham, 6c per yard.
Apron check gingham 5c per yard.

SHOES,

Ladies' vici kid, latest toe, vesting top, \$3.50.
Ladies kid, latest tip, foxed heel, vesting top, \$2.50.
Ladies' Kangaroo, finest kind for hard wear, \$1.50.
Children's tan lace shoes, \$1.75.
Children's kid, lace or button, 65c to \$1.40.
Baby's soft sole shoes, all colors, 25c to 50c.
100 pairs Ladies' and Children's shoes, broken sizes, as long as they last at \$1.00 per pair.
Men's Creole plow shoes, \$1.25.
Men's Dom Pedro plow shoes, \$1.50.
Men's fine shoes, former price \$1.75, now \$1.00.
Men's Klondike tan shoes \$3.25.
Men's Klondike chocolate, patent leather tips, \$4.00.
Boys' extra quality plow shoes, \$1.40.
Boys' satin calf lace shoes, 1.25.
Boys' Kangaroo lace shoes, \$1.75 per pair.

Laces and Embroideries.
Laces in Silk, Cotton and Linen. Embroideries and Insertions.
Valencien Laces and Plain and Dotted Footings for trimmings and Handkerchiefs.

Trunks and Valises.

For the Trans-Mississippi Fair. In trunks and Valises we are prepared to save you money.
TRUNKS, from \$3.00 up to \$10.00.
VALISES from 50c up to \$5.00.
Canvas Telescopes from 50c to \$1.75.

Men's Ladies and Children's Hosiery.
Ladies' Hose 5c to 75c per pair.
Children's hose 10c to 45c per pair.
Men's Hose 5c to 50c per pair.

Table Damask.

Bleached Table Damask 25c to \$1.75 per yard.
Unbleached Table Damask 25c to 60c per yard.
Red Table Damask 15c to 75c per yard.
Red Dinner Napkins, 75c per dozen.
White Table Napkins 60c to \$5.00 per dozen.

TOWELS.

Linen Towels 10c to 75c.
Cotton Towels 16c to 25c per pair.
Linen Crash 10c per yard.
Linen Crash 10c to 25c per yard.
Cotton Crash 5c to 10c per yd.

Flannels.

Shaker Flannel 5c to 10c per yard.
Cotton Flannels 5c to 15c per yard.
Outing Flannels 5c to 12c per yard.

CARPETS.

Now is the time for new carpets. Start in fresh and new with the approaching summer. Our Carpet stock is more complete than ever. All Wool Carpets from 50c to 75c per yard. All carpets carefully cut and matched, and an extra charge for making. We are having a wonderful sale of carpets and can only lay our success to good quality and low prices.

PRESENT DAY THOUGHTS.

BY "NEMO."
(Copyrighted by Daws & Taylor.)

Away from that which is known, onward to that which is unknown; away from the thing that has been and is, onward to the thing that is not but will be; this is life. It is stagnation, it is death to try to live any other way. The necessity is on us to be ever moving forward out of the bright light of the which is understood, into the partial darkness of the next open door that conceals undreamed of happiness or disaster. Very naturally, there is a feeling of apprehension and shuddering and protest as Time, like a train carries us across plains decked with flowers and then rushes with terrifying ear past jagged and dangerous rocks and mayhap suddenly suspends us over chasms whose depths means destruction to those who fall therein. Yet what is this but life? Viewed aright it is a joy never to stand still; viewed wrongly it is a thing to fear; and feared most by those who have gained least of that which is best from the hurrying events of life as they have whirled by.

Once again let us turn these individual analogies, whose truth everyone sees, into national teachings whose truths some of us are slow to see. Naturally one needs most in these stirring times take as a text for thought the present conflict. For truth's sake and because the sacred honor that is the underlying current of our national life no matter how contrariwise surface storms may be, we have contented that there is a quality of mercy and of great dignity in what we are doing. Yet who among us is wise enough to see fully in advance the new vistas of progress or temptation to which the rush of events is leading us. It is easy for the superficial ones to talk of a nation as though it were in a fixed and unchangeable state, like an Egyptian mummy wrapped in the pitch and cements and preservatives of antiquity. But the nation that lives and moves and has a being instinct with progress is least of all like a mummy and those who would swathe it with rigid bands may indeed distort it but they cannot repress it. There is a tendency to always hark back to our own remotest past, with the credulous feeling that the men of those days had been prophets who foresaw, as in a vision, all that would happen to us, and made ample constitutional provision to meet it. Yet without detracting a particle from the value of their work we know that the articles of confederation of 1781, had to give place to the constitution of 1787, and that, in turn, has been amended fifteen times.

This evidence of change is no sign of indecision, but simply an evidence of growth. Our ancestors could not possibly have foreknown the great surging western wave of population nor could they know that the climate of the south and the development of the cotton-gin and the labor conditions that went with it would serve almost to tear apart every strand of union, nor could they have realized that the state jealousies of the early years would have so vanished by now that we scarcely have a remnant of state distrust left. These things are here set forth merely to accentuate the fact that vitality means change, and that change is simply readjustment to the new conditions as they have appeared.

We already see as we advance in our charitable warfare that the one simple aim, to help the Cubans, will be complicated by a number of new relations and responsibilities. We are going to be much in the condition of the country lad who is suddenly transported from the isolation of the farm to the crowded walks of the city. He has to keep on the right side of the way or upset himself and his fellows; he has to hold his elbows in and learn an entirely new set of social rules. So shall we; the end of the war is going to leave us utterly removed from the compact

isolation of the past. We shall no longer be able to live for ourselves or to ourselves. Whether we will it or not much more definite international relations of friendship or of antagonism will be ours to confront. And we shall find that the diplomacy of the future will be much more sensitive than in the past because of our very apparent predilections for the the English speaking in opposition to the Latin races.

We shall also find that our form of government, hitherto adjusted, with the exception of icy and darksome Alaska, to states that touch their fellow states on one or more sides, will have to be so extended or amended as to take in the administration, either permanently or otherwise, of remote colonies. Among these will certainly be the Philippines, unless Spain suddenly ceases them to such a nation and that in itself would be a serious problem, with possibilities far more extended than they are at present with our seventh rate opponent. Other territory in all likelihood will comprise Porto Rico, held for indemnification, and Cuba held for a time sufficient to permit the inauguration of a smooth running government of its own. Each of these departures will bring us into entirely new areas of international sensitiveness, we shall be part and parcel of the great eastern question—the control of the brown Malay and the partition of the lands of the senile Chinaman—and on the Asiatic coast the turmoil consequent upon the destruction of Spain will be ours to quiet.

Thus the open door of our latest duty shows us in broad horizon that we did not dream of before. Wise hands are needed, unswayed by party bias, uninfluenced by a desire for notoriety, but held as in a vice, to a determinate purpose to spend and to be spent in effort that shall still tend to perpetuate the growth in grandeur and leadership of this our dear country, carved at such an expense of effort, from the wilds of the western world. We shall go further with this line of thought.

Annual Festival.

On invitation of Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Rust the Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. church of this city spent the afternoon of Wednesday at their home one half mile west of town. Mr. and Mrs. Rust every year invites this society out to their place to spend the afternoon. Their home now surrounded by fruits and flowers is in all its glory, and their guests very much enjoyed this beautiful scene of growing fruits and vines decorated with flowers. But more beautiful than all was the freshness and bloom of youth depicted upon the faces of the happy host and hostess for they must be some fifty years young. Well did they know what their guests liked, so they had made arrangements to supply them all, whether the number be great or small. Forty or more down they sat, to one left without a plate; soon the waiters hove in sight and they began to eat with all their might; golden cream and strawberries fine, oh, how I wish capacity great was mine. Do not forget to invite us again, and the next time we will bring all the men.

Resolutions of Condolence.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Cowles Christian Endeavor Society, in regard to the death of Sarah Teel, of that place:
WHEREAS, It has pleased God to remove from our midst our beloved sister Sarah Teel, be it
Resolved, That we the Christian Endeavor Society of Cowles, Nebraska, of which she was an earnest member, hereby tender to the sorrowing family and friends their heart-felt sympathy in this their sad hour of bereavement.
HELEN FULLER, Com.
ANNIE DEAKIN, Secy.

We will for the next ten days supply any one paying us a year in advance on THE CHIEF with a Colortype picture of the battle ship Maine, size 10x25, ready for framing. These are fine and you should get one at once. Copies can be had also for 50 cents in cash.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 13.

There have been numerous reports recently, originating in Europe, that Spain had or was about to ask Austria or some other nation, to ask the United States its terms for peace. These rumors are believed to have been started for the purpose of feeling public opinion in this country. Not only has the Austrian minister not made any peace overtures to this government but he evidently does not expect to have any important business in Washington before fall as he is going to the new England coast, with his entire staff, this week, to remain all summer. According to prominent European diplomats, no peace overtures will be made on behalf of Spain until this government intimates to the diplomancers that such will be accepted and that it would be willing to discuss the terms upon which it would agree to peace. If that is really the view of the European nations, Spain would better deal directly with this government. We did not seek this war, but having got into it, and having won nothing but victories, it would be absurd to expect us to ask for peace. It is the whipped power that must ask for peace, and the longer Spain defers the asking the worse she will be licked. The fighting power of the United States grows stronger each day, while that of Spain grows weaker.

If there had been no bond clause in the war revenue bill, as reported from conference, it would have come very near to receiving a unanimous vote in the senate, instead of going through by a vote of 43 to 32. The opposition to the other clauses of the bill was nominal, although a number of them, including the coinage of \$1,500,000 in silver every month, some of the stamp taxes, and the tax on tea, were not altogether satisfactory. President McKinley promptly signed the bill, and now the people have a chance to buy at par one-half of the \$400,000,000 in bonds authorized to be issued by the new law—it is hoped that it may not be necessary to issue the other \$200,000,000. Although these bonds will only pay three per cent interest, the big financiers are so certain that they will soon command a premium that they will gladly take them all. Small investors will have the first opportunity to buy. What they fail to take in thirty days will go to capitalists in big blocks. Senator Wolcott is one of those who believes that the people will take them all. He said: "The people of the country will take up these bonds as a manifestation of their patriotism and their pride in the country."

The conundrum of the day is, where is Shafter's army? That it was for some reason detained at Tampa for several days after it had embarked on the transports is known, but that is about all that is known, owing to the censorship of news. Only the very glibly accept the story given wide publicity, that the transports were held at Tampa because of the fear that they might be captured by some mysterious Spanish fleet that had been reported to be engaged in doing the "Flying Dutchman" act in the vicinity of Havana. These transports are known to have gone to Key West and are supposed to be well on their way to Santiago, but it is altogether probable that the first positive information the public gets about these troops will tell of their capture of Santiago, where Admiral Sampson has so well prepared the way for them. They cannot get the honor of first raising our flag on Cuban soil, that already belongs to Sampson's marines, who are now in possession of Guantanamo bay.

It is now settled by agreement of the house, after a large majority, including members of all parties, had shown its power, that the Hawaiian annexion resolution shall be voted upon Wednesday afternoon. Its adoption is certain. Speaker Reed's friends are trying to square him with the friends of annexation by declaring that he has been misrepresented, that he never had any idea of allowing his

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S
CREAM BAKING POWDER
A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

personal opposition to annexation to cause him to try to stand in the way of a majority of the house getting to a vote on the resolution. Some of the leading annexionists assert that the speaker has killed his political future, but wise politicians are not yet investing any money in mourning for the alleged corpse.

Secretary Alger thus answers the critics of the war department: "I do not believe that history records an instance where so much has been done in a military campaign of this magnitude in the brief time that has elapsed since hostilities began. I challenge the records. There is an abundance of supplies at the disposal of the government. Everything needed for the army is either on the ground or in the process of transit. Within a week, or a fortnight at the most, the required supplies and equipment will be delivered to the troops. In two weeks every man in the army will be fully equipped for the war."

The postoffice department officially denies the statement that private mail is being opened by its employes at Key West or Tampa, or anywhere else, and adds that private mail during the war is as safe as in times of peace.

Hurry orders have been sent to Gen. Coppinger and Gen. Lee, who are to command the army sent to Porto Rico to get their men ready for embarkation with as little delay as possible.

Dr. Fenner's Dyspepsia Cure
As the name implies, is simply for dyspepsia or indigestion. This preparation is the prescription of one of America's most eminent physicians, whose writings on medical questions are accepted as authority. If not satisfactory after using one bottle your money will be refunded by C. L. Cotting.

Klondike.
What does it cost to get there? When and how should you go? What should one take? Where are the mines? How much have they produced? Is work plentiful? What wages are paid? Is living expensive? What are one's chances of "making a strike"?

Complete and satisfactory replies to the above questions will be found in the Burlington Route's "Klondike Folder," now ready for distribution. Sixteen pages of practical information and an up-to-date map of Alaska and the Klondike. Free at Burlington Route ticket offices, or sent on receipt of four cents in stamps by J. Francis, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Burlington Route, Omaha, Nebr.

Liver Complaints and Nervousness Cured.

A torpid liver always produces dullness, irritability, etc. You are all clogged up and feel despondent. Perhaps you have treated with physicians or tried some other recommended medicine without benefit. All that is no argument against "Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic," which we insist will cure nervousness and liver complaints. If not satisfied after using one bottle your money will be refunded by C. L. Cotting.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.