THE RED CLOUD CHIEF.

port.

down.

warship.

hands.

THE TERROR SUNK.

DONE IT.

All Hands on Board Lost - Reported That

More Sr. NE HOLAS, Havti, June 7 .--

Reports from several points state that

the United States battleship Oregon

has sunk a Spanish torpedo boat de-

stroyer off Santiago de Cuba. How-

ever, advices received here to-day from

the flagship New York, off Santiago de

Cuba, say there is no truth in the re-

PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, June 7. - Ad-

vices just received state that the

United States battleship Oregon sank

the Spanish torpedo boat destroyer

Terror on Friday night. The Terror

was making her way from Porto Ries

to rejoin the rest of Cervera's fleet at

Santiago. An accident to her boilers

had compelled her to stay at Fort de

France while the rest of the vesicla

When the Spaniard was first sighted

the Oregon sent out signals directing

the craft to turn to. The torpedo boat

destroyer did not answer the signals,

and immediately an order was given

by Captain Clark of the Oregon to open

The gunners sent a 13-inch shell

crashing over the water and the Terror

wast struck amidships. The boat sank

almost immediately and all hands went

Another report received here has it

that the boat was not the Terror at

all, as this second authority believes

the boilers of that vessel to be in such

shape as would prevent her from leav-

ing Fort de France and putting out te

sea. In the second advices it is stated

that the ship sunk was the Furor, the

Kingston, Jamaica, June 7 .- News

has been received here to-day from

Port Antonio confirming a report

brought here yesterday by a vessel

from Santiago de Cuba saying the

Spanish torpedo boat destroyer Terror

(Furor?) had been sunk by an American

It appears that the battleship Oregon

saw a long craft sneaking close to the

shore and heading toward the harbor.

whereupon the Oregon opened fire

A 13-inch shell struck the torpedc

The vessel is supposed to have been

the Spanish torpedo boat destroyer

Terror, trying to make her way from

Porto Rico into the harbor of Santiago

de Cuba, to rejoin the fleet of Admiral

Cervera, with which she arrived at

Fort de France, Island of Martinique.

The Terror was compelled to remain at

Fort de France, as her boilers were out

of order. On the other hand, it is be-

lieved the torpedo boat destroyer sunk

boat amidships and she sank with all

Terror's sister ship.

sailed away to Santiago.

Over-Report Denied.

SAN SAY WAR NOTES Woman. D/

"My dED SKETCHES OF ning son L HOSTILITIES. months.

with iod,ished Paragraphs Portraygood. 1. News of Events as They saparills, ill Happen Movements of provem Navy Departmental Doings A year

has b wednesday, June 1.

Movernment is hastening work new battleships.

ac auxiliary cruiser Harvard has aned Schley off Santiago de Cuba. Eight thousand volunteers are now

in camp at Camp Merritt, San Francisco.

The eruiser Columbia has been docked for repairs. She was damaged in a collision.

The torpedo boat Rowan, built at Seattle by Moran Bros., "is ready for liter trial trip.

The navy department yesterday bought another yacht for the auxiliary fleet. It is the Inquirer, of New York,

Admiral Cervera's fleet is in no condition to fight. Besides being short of) coal, the bottoms of his ships are foul with sea grow.h.

The steamer Florida has just refurned to Key West from Cuba, having successfully landed a force of 100 men. with a pack train and a large quantity of arms and ammunition.

The third fleet alleged to be getting ready at Cadiz is a paper one. It con-sists of old style vessels, with battered bulwarks, no paint, and anchors and chains thick with rust. The government fears it not.

A private cablegram to the Wash ington Post from Jamaica at 9:39 last might announces a heavy engagement between Schley's fleet at Santiago and the forts and fleet at that point. It says Schley has forced his way into the outer harbor and at last reports was engaging both shore batteries and fleet. Naval officials absolutely diseredit the news.

Gov. Stevens of Missouri yesteriny rendered W. J. Bryan the coloneley of a Missouri regiment. Mr. Bryan deelined it, saying he'd rather go with the Nebraska boys. It is now be-Eleved that Nebraska is entitled to a full regiment besides the 660 men necessary to fill out the First and Second. If this is the case Colonel Bryan's Third will be called on. Washington advices lead to this conclusion.

Thursday, June 2.

St will take ten days to repair the cruiser Columbia.

Colonel Bratt of the First is moving hard to get his regiment in the next push to Manila.

Nearly all the newspaper boats have gone to Santiago de Cuba in anticipasign of actualities there.

Some -Eastern tobacco company treated the boys of the First Nebraska to cob pipes and tobacco.

Lancaster county prohibitionists have sent thanks to Colonel Bills for bis stand on excluding liquors from his regiment.

On his arrival at Jacksonville. Fla., from Tampa, Major General Litzhurd Lee was tendered a great ovation. He held a private talk with General Miles.

Vice President Canote of The Culempublic arrived in New York to conr with the members of the Cuban

Santiago people are in desperate straits as to food. It is alleged that even the officers of the Spanish army are unable to get enough.

The hospital ship Solace sailed from Key West for New York with eightyis sick and wounded sailors and maritics. A cooler climate is necessary. President McKinley discussed the question of Hawailan annexation with several representatives who were in consultatation with him today. He told that it was of the utmost importance that the two hauses of congrestake prompt action upon the resolution. He said he had received assurunces of a majority in the senate who will vote for annexation, and is therefore confident that it will become a

The navy department has buildtined the following report from Commodore Schley: "Secretary navy, Washing-Made reconoissance this afterton: noon, May 31, with the Massachusetts, lows and New Orleans to develop fortifications with their character. Fire was returned without delay by the heavy batteries to the east and to the west with large calibre and long ranges. The range was 7,000 yards, Reconoissance developed satisfactorily the presence of the Spanish squadron lying behind the island near the upper fort, as they fired over the hill at random. Quite satisfied the Spanish fleet is here. (Signed.) Schley.

Saturday, June 1.

L. W. Colby of Beatrice has been appointed a brigadier general by the president

Hong Kong advices say some of Dewey's men have been polsoned by cating fish supposed to have been doctored by Spaniards.

The New York Journal prints under a Cape Haytien date the following, which is affirmed to have been eabled verbatim to Europe today from Santi ago: "This morning there was heavy cannonading from 1 to 4 o'clock. An armed American trans-Atlantic steamer tried to run over the first line of torpedo defenses. The Spaniards let her do so, but when the American ship, which had already got into the pass, attempted to run over the second line of torpedoes the Spaniards set fire to one of these and the American ship sunk right down immediately after the explosion of the torpedo. An officer, an engineer and six seamen have been made prisoners. The name of the American ship is unknown, as well as the number of victims who have perished.

There is absolutely no doubt in the minds of naval officers in Washington that the sending of the collier into the harbor was all a prearranged move on the part of Admiral Sampson. The use of the collier, the unusual hour in the morning, the necessity of blockading the channel so as to relieve some of the ships of the squadron from remaining stationary off Santiago, the importance of discovering whether the mines were effective-all these reasons make it certain that the Merrimac was deliberately guided to her destruction. It was not a Spanish vie-

tory. It was a cleverly arranged scheme and it was successful. The eight men in the Spanish prison are

Monday June 6.

The in st cable strands binding Cuba to the outside world were cut last Friday afternoon.

Captain Charles V. Gridley, commander of the cruiser Olympia, and one of the herces of the battle of Manila bay, died June 4. He was invalided and ordered home by a board of medical survey after the battle. He fought from the conning tower. The precise nature of his trouble is not disclosed.

The only arrival at Key West yes erday from Hayana reports an unchanged condition there. The ships are still stationed in line and have relaxed none of their vigilance. but during the past few days nothing has occurred to vary the tedium of the wait. There has been no hostile demonstration from the shore, and so far as the immediate vicinity of Havana is concorned, the only sign of life there is the incessant work being done on the fortileations.

Five transports, carrying the Twentieth infantry, Colonel Wheaton: Third infantry, Colonel Page, and troops A. C. D and E of the Second cavalry steamed down Mobile bay at 9:2 o'clock last Friday morning en route presumably for Tampa, but really under sealed orders. The transports are the steamers Mattewan, Stillwater, Breakwater, Aransas and Morgan, Scenes of enthusiasm all along the river front where thousands of people had congregated were witnessed. Whistles of all the river and bay craft and mills and ringing of bells kept up an unceasing din as long as the trans- fire. ports were in sight.

Steps have taken by which it is expected that Lieutenant Carranza, who has conducted the Spanish spy system from Montreal with his associate. Senor du Bose, former first secretary of the Spanish legation here, will be expelled from Canada within the next few days unless they adopt their own means of leaving before an international question is raised as to their presence in Canada. The Carranza letter detailing his spy system, was communicated to the British ambassador Sir Julian Pauncefote, together with all other information bearing on the operations of the Spaniards in Canada. The ambassador was quick to act in the matter and without waiting the slow processes of the mail, he cabled the entire matter to the foreign office. No doubt is entertained as to the speedy action of the authorities at London now that a specific case has been made out against the Spanish officials in Canada.

Tuesday, June 7.

The Spanish cortes has ordered the She signaled the craft to turn and the harbor entrance cleared of the wreck signals were improperly answered. of the Merrimac by the use of dynamite. upon her.

Judging from the general tenor of the news from Manila, there is reason to believe that the city will fall into the hands of Dewey before the arrival of the American troops.

The navy department yesterday gave orders that the monitor Monadnock. now at Mare Island navy yard, be prepered to sail to Manila in ten days. With the Monterey and Monadnoek, Admiral Dewey will be able to hold and control the bay and town.

Promotion is in store for Lieutenant Hobson for his daring feat in sinking the Merrimae across the harbor entrance at Santiago. The present indications are that he will be taken out of the staff and be made a line officer as that insures not only increased pay but an opportunity to rise to the more conspicious line position of admiral. Hobson is 28 years old. Colonel Charles J. Bills of Nebraska, who was recently placed in command. provisionally, of the Second brigade, First division. Third corps, at Chickamauga, has established his headquar ters just opposite those of General Grant. Colonel Bills has selected Captain Charles H. Wilson as acting adjutant: Eugene L. Pirtner, commissary, and Major Suydenham quartermaster. A bit of important news came to hand at the navy department yesterday embedied in a report from Admiral Dewey of important successes achieved by the insurgents at Manila. Admiral Dewey reported that the insurgents have won several victories over the Spaniards in Cavite province and have taken fifty officers and 1.800 men prisoners. The arsenal at Cavite is ing prepared for occupation by inited States troops on arrival of the transports. The war department has supplied to the navy department the list of names procured from the commandant at fort McPherson, Ga., of the Spanish prisoners of war there. The department this morning sent this list to Admiral Sampson and the admiral himself will confer with Admiral Cervera specting an exchange of prisoners, orvera will be allowed to select from the list of prisoners those he is willing to take in exchange for Constructor Hobson and the gallant erew that manned the Merrimae on its last run. A telegram was received last night ia Washington from Colonel Bratt of the First Nebraska regiment of volunteer infantry new at San Faancisco awaiting transportation to the Philippines, stating that the men of his company are now thoroughly araned darkness or during a storm, when the | and equipped and ready to move. They have been auxious to be ordered off ever since their arrival on the Pacific That the Temarario is above water is coast, but have been made to stand by fastened to to her port side. Hobson | and see other regiments pass them b and board the troop ships to go to Macaptured by the Spaniards and are nita. The reason for the Nebraska solheld as prisoners of war. The news of diers' detention has been that they were poorly equipped and the secretary Rear Admiral Sampson by Admiral of war would not allow thei departure with inferior arms. As this deficiency eems now to have been remedied, the First Nebraska may be soon sent out of the country from the port of t'an Francisco.

IT IS ANOTHER HAVANA

How the Cuban Capital is Affected by

Mexico, May 31.-Preparations for defense are pushed night and day on the fortifications all over the island. The a Destroyer Did Not Obey the Captain's spanish officials here claim that if 50,-Orders One 13-Inch Shot and all was 900 men were needed to attack Havana by land and sea, when the war broke out, at least 100,000 men will be required to attack the Cuban capital now, in view of the new and strengthened fortifications, and also because been extended to Rinech, Calabara, Bejucal, etc., which are 'sside the line of defenses now, thus, it is claimed, "making Havana a Spanish Sebastopol." This increase in the cultivated area about Havana will, it is asserted. support the inhabitants with food, although not with luxuries. for a long time to come.

> In spite of this outwardly cheerful spect of affairs, anxious feelings ex-People go so far as to charge the colonies of Spain, with being a trattor and having "sold Cuba to the United States." This causes disconmay be reported.

There are hardly any business transetions and the city looks deserted. The families remain at home, except- LYNCHED BY A MISSOURI MOB. ing when the sound of a gun fired from one of the forts causes the people to rush to the windows or into the streets. If several shots are fired thousands rush to the wharves, to the vicinity of the bay and to San Lazare avenue to see if the American fleet is approach-

11 17. Then, again, the Spaniards rejoice greatly at the reported small amount of damage done by the American bombardments, and they also pretend to be happy over the seeming delay which they claim is giving Spain the opportunity to prepare a more vigorous defense than otherwise could have been made. Indeed, the Spanish military and naval authorities are beginning to nurse themselves with the belief that the naval and military power of the United States has been exaggerated by the newspapers, and they are comforting themselves with the idea that

Spain is showing herself able to fight such a giant as the United States. Although the streets are almost deserted, certain points of vantage are occupied by groups of people from early morning until late at night. This is particularly the case with La Punta, which is generally crowded from daybreak until dark.

The Spaniards comment continually upon the tactics of the American fleet. and naturally they are very severe in their criticisms, for they do not understand the method of warfare adopted. Many of them go so far as to say the United States is not prepared for war, that no plans have been decided upon and that the authorities at Washington are not serious in the steps taken.

Railroad communication between the province of Santa Clara and the provinces of Matanzas and Havana has been interrupted several times and the trains are sometimes twenty-four blowing up of culverts by the insurgents. The damage, however, is soon repaired. This has happened even in the province of Havana. Twice within the last ten days culverts have been destroyed with dynamite, in one case near Minas, six miles near Guines. But, it is maintained, there is no real interruption of railroad traffic, the telegraph lines are ports were premature as to warrant of life. In fact, were it not that the city is blockaded, people would hardly be aware that war was in progress, at least so far as the western provinces of | of Cuba, Cuba are concerned. This inactivity of the insurgents, in view of the concontration of the Spanish troops in the coast towns, cannot be accounted for by the Spanish commanders. Another matter which the Spaniards are freely discussing is the allegation do not explode, and it is further claiming that they know but little about the handling of cannon.

GOOD NEWS FROM DEWEY.

Chilippine Insurgents Capture 1.800 spanish Sollier.

WASHINGTON, June 7 .- The many deartment at 2 o'clock posted the following bulletin:

"Admiral Dewey reports that the insurgents have been actively engaged vithin the province of Cavite during he past week. They have wan several detories, taken prisoner about 1,800 men and fifty officers of the Spanish troops not native. The arsenal at Cavite has been prepared for occupation the so-called "cultivation zone" has by the United States troops on their arrival on transports."

BLOW TO THE GRIDLEY FAMILY.

The Captuin's Wife Was Arranging to Meet Her Husband in San Francisco.

Emr. Pa., June ..-Late last night be family of Captain C. V. Gridley, living here, was notified by the navy department of the death of the captain in Japan as a result of the battle of Senor Moret, the former minister of Manila. The members of the family are prostrated with grief. Captain Gridley was the son-in-law of Judge J. P. Vincent of this city and is the father tent to prevail, and if the Spanish fleet of three children-two daughters and locs not arrive here before food be. a son. Mrs. Gridley was in the midst comes really searce, terrible rioting of preparations to go to San Francisco to meet her husband and accompany him across the continent home.

Two Negroes Hanged in Pike County-Two Others in Danger.

CLARRSVILLE, Mo., June 7 .- An exursion boat from Quiney III., and Hanaibal Mo., arrived here yesterday with about 300 negroes on board. After the boat had tied up Cartis Young got into a fight with a negro woman named Lena Bryon of Hannibal. The fight became general and City Marshal Meloan went on board to quell it. He put Custis Young under arrest, when somebody in the crowd shot the marshal in the back, and he died in fifteen minutes.

There was great excitement throughout the town when the shooting became known and the citizens began to patrol the streets armed with guns and revolvers. A posse of men went on board the boat and arrested Sam Young, Curtis Young, Bob Taylor and Charles Taylor, all negroes, and took them to the city jail, where they were all locked up pending the arrival of the sheriff and prosecuting attorney from Bowling Green, the county seat. When those officers arrived to-day they found that Curtis and Sam Young had been taken from the jail and hanged to a convenient tree. It is feared that the two other men will suffer the same fate.

Clarksville is a river town of several undred inhabitants, in Pilce county, about fifty miles north of St. Louis.

TROOPS LANDED IN CUBA.

A Report That 5.000 Met Garela's Arms Near Santiago.

NEW YORK, June 7.- A dispatch from

OREGON IS SAID TO HAVE the War. HAVANA, May 26, via Vera Cruz,

Warren Beckwith, the base ball player and college graduate who eloped with the daughter of Robert T. Lincoln, has enlisted in an Iowa regi ment.

Colonel Fred D. Grant yesterday took the eath of brigader-general, it being administered at Chickamauga park by Judge G. A. H. Harris of Rome. Ga., an ex-confederate.

The war department has decided to accept Col. W. J. Bryan's regiment from Nebraska in addition to the 650 Cuba. He has applied to the war demen necessary to fill out regiments now in the field. Its maximum strength will be 1,326. This addition to the 660 and the First and Second will give Nebraska 4,038 men in the field.

Afternoon advices yesterday gave the information that Schley had attacked and demolished the forts at the entrance to Santiago de Cuba hay. This morning's dispatches confirm them, and news of the destruction of Admiral Cervera's fleet is hourly expected. The opinion is also general that Santiago will soon fall into the hands of the Americans.

A most interesting feature of yesterday at Chickamauga park was the sham battle between the Second and Third divisions of the First corps. Nine regiments composed the attack and defending armies, 16,000 men in all, and the maneuvering became in tensely exciting. The movements were reviewed by Inspector General Breekinridge and staff, who expressed the greatest admiration for the activity and precision with which the orders of the commanding officers were carried out.

In response to inquiry from the war department in relation thereto tieneral Brooke answers from Chicka mauga that "there is no reason what over for complaint as to the quality and quantity of food furnished the troops in this camp. Some regiments arrived with food rations only, but defects of this kind are quickly remedied and the vegetable component immediately. provided The water question is be ing solved as to quantity and it has always been good as to quality.'

Friday, June 3.

Sampson has arrived off Santiage de Cuba and has assumed command of the Sect.

Rosefelt's rough riders arrived at Tampa and excited favorable comnent.

It was definitely stated last night in Washington at the war department that the Third Nebraska regiment will probably go the Philippines.

Count de Rascom. the Spanish ambassador to London in an interview frankly stated that the war meant rnin for spain, and added: "The sentiment is growing in favor of seeking an honorable peace with America which, considering, her unpreparedness for a war of invasion, would also be welcome in preference to a protracted struggle, involving heavy sacrifices of men and money. This being so. I hope a basis of understanding may be found Proding to peace.'

the real heroes of the war. It is expected that reports will be received today from Admiral Sampson which will give details of the Merrimac's destruction and the names of the eight men who have been captured.

Sunday, June 5.

The U. S. sloop of war Mohican has sailed from San Francisco to Honolulu. It will relieve the Bennington, which has been ordered to join Dewey.

Brigadier-General L. W. Colby, U. S. . expects to be assigned to one of the corps which, will see service in partment asking that the Third Nebraska, which, it is understood, W. J. Bryan is to command, shall be * placed in the brigade. General Colby hopes to lead a strong body of volunteers. which will land in western Cuba and fight its way to Havana. He says that has personally inspected the ground and knows the difficulties and is familiar with the necessities for reaching the capital city. He desires to lead Nebraska troops and is anxious that the regiment to be organized under the second call shall accompany him on the c p dition. General Colby's request w 1 be taken under consider-

action by the war department. A single deed of American daring, unequalied in the annals of history has lost to the kingdom of Spain the powerful fleet of Admiral Cervera. Last Friday just before dawn, seven gallant seamen took the collier Merrin ac under the blazing Morro batteries at the entrance of Santiago bay, and sunk her cross wise of the channel just past the Estralla battery. Naval constructor Hobson commanded the expedition. It was almost certain death for the men who went, but they d the work assigned to them with he customary courage of American 472212333123 The idea of sinking the Merrianae across the channel was to distruct the passage so that the Spanish deet could not steal out in the American ships would be compelled to seek a place of safety. The Merrinane was such by means of torpedoes and his men escaped death but were their womierful escape was sent to Cervera, the Spanish admiral being so struck with the courage of the American crew that he thought Admiral Sampson should know the men had

not lost their lives. The battleship Oregon has been cent to Santiago de Cuba.

The secretary of war yesterday sent to congress a request for appropriations amounting to \$53, \$79,358

A Madrid despatch says: Despite the statements of the newspapers that Admiral Cervera was not present at the bombardment of Santiago de Cuba on Tuesday, Captain Aunon. the minister of marine, in an interview today declared that Cervera hoisted his flag on the Cristobal Colon in order to direct the Spanish operations, "the success of which is principally due to Cervera, who has given proof of high strategic ability.

sand for Dyspepsia.

The latest and most novel remody for dyspepsia hails from Oregon and is reported in the Grant's Pass Courier. It is nothing less than a spoonful of common sand, every day river bottom sand, taken wet just after bottom sand, taken wet just after meals. William Bybee, a well known afternoon, says that no further news citizen, is supposed to be the originator of this queer remedy, but quite prisoners. A launch came out from a number of veracious gentlemen testify to its curative properties, which are supposed to take the form of mechanical action by carrying off impurities from the muccus lining of the walls of the stormen.

may have been the Furor of Admiral Cervera's fleet, as the latest reports concerning the Terror seem to show that her boilers were still out of order. It is thought probable that the Furor was trying to steal out, either to attempt to sink one of the American ships, or to escape from the bottle of Santiago, when she was discovered by

the Oregon. Both the Furor and Terror were built in Glasgow for Spain a year and a half ago. They are bigger than any of their type in the British fleet, being 220 feet long and twenty-two feet broad. Their armament consists of two 14-pound rapid-fire Maxim Nordenfeldts, two 16-pounders of the same caliber and two automatic Max ims. There are also two 14-inch dech pivoted torpedo tubes. On their trial trip they made twenty-eight knots an hour on a two hours' run in a hard southwesterly wind. During the trial of the Furor that vessel had a full load of seventy-five tons on board, which is considerably greater than the load carried by the destroyers of the British

and other governments. The new destroyers were the pride of the Spanish navy. The loss of one of them will be a severe blow. Its effeet on the rest of Cervera's fleet, cooped up as they are, must be extremely discouraging. The destruction of the first vessel to leave the harbor would be significant.

The work of the Oregon has added to her already brilliant record. The securacy of aim displayed in the one shot fired is taken as a proof of the discipline on board, for which Captain Clark is responsible. A swiftly moving tornedo boat at dusk is no shining mark, and that the first shell should have gone home is considered a remarkable feat. On the long voyage around the Horn Captain Clark evidently licked his crew into shape. probably due to the fact that she rushed violently to the interior of South America and left the Oregon to its fate.

Mrs. Atkinson Indicted.

GLENVILLE, W. Va., June 7 .- The grand jury yesterday brought in indictments charging forgery against Governor Atkinson's wife. She was released on \$3,000 bond.

NO NEW WORD FROM HOBSON.

Misapprehension Causes a Visit by a Boat From the Spanish Fleet.

MOLE ST. NICHOLAS, Hayti, June 7. -Word received from the flagship New has been received from the Merrimac the shore Sunday morning under a flag of truce. The Spanish officer who was in charge of the boat said he thought he saw a flag of truce flying on board the Iowa. When the officer discovered his mistake the launch returned to Morro castle.

At Esperanza a rich coal mine has been discovered. It is to be immedistely worked, as will the coal mines of hapapote at Mariel and Cabarien, for anval purposes.

The number of unemployed people loyment. The commercial houses not pelled to reduce wages 50 per cent as matter to the foreign office. a rule, and many of them are not payclean clothes and food to their employes as the price of their labor.

The enthusiasm of the volunteers is highly commended. They are doing duty day and night, not only without pay, but supporting themselves in the bargain. Thousands of additional volunteers are said to have been enrolled in the different parts of the island, and the Spaniards say they could get as many more if they had arms to distribute to them.

The former insurgent leader Masso s busily engaged in completing the formation of the fourth battalion of his brigade of volunteers. They are nearly all natives. Two battalions of negroes are enlisting here. In spite of the lack of light, the volunteers drill every night in the public squares.

Drowning of a Kansas Judge.

CALDWELL, Kan., June 7. -- While fishing last night at Bluff creek, Judge . M. Thomas of this city was drowned. He was one of the first settlers in Caldwell and has held many important Pherson." positions.

Kingston, Jamaica, reports that 5,000 United States troops have landed near Punta Cabera, a little to the west of hours overdue, on account of the Santiago de Cuba, where a junction was effected with General Calixto Garcis's army of 3,000 insurgents.

It is added that the landing was effected under cover of a fire from Admiral Sampson's fleet. With the troops were several heavy siege guns.

WASHINGTON, June 6 .- Naval officers from Havana, and in the other case denied this morning that troops had been landed in force at Santiago. They were so confident that the reworking well and the insurgents in the belief that from their knowledge this province are not giving any signs of the movements of the transports at Tampa and Mobile it would not be possible for the troop ships to have arrived by this time on the south coast

SPIES MUST GO.

Carranza and Du Bose Will Be Expelled From Canada by England.

WASHINGTON, June 7. - Steps have been taken by which it is expected that that very many of the American shells | Lieutenant Carranza, who has conducted the Spanish spy system at Montreal, claimed that very little damage is done with his associate Senor Du Bose, the by those which do explode. On this former first secretary of the Spanish assumption the Spanish officers are legation here, will be expelled from poking fun at the American gunners. Canada within the next few days unless they adopt their own means to leave before an international question is raised as to their presence in Canada. The Carranza letter, detailing his spy system, was communicated to the British ambassador, Sir Julian Pauncefote, together with all other information bearing on the operations of the nercase every day. Thousands of Spanish officials in Canada. The amabovers of all classes are without em- bassador was quick to act in the matter, and without waiting the slow prohoing any business have been com- cess of the mail he cabled the entire

ing any wages at all, but are giving RUSHING SHIPS TO HAWAII. Gunboat Mohican Precedes the Montery to Houolulu.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7.-The United

States sloop of war Mohican came down from the Mare island navy yard yesterday morning and after a brief delay sailed at 12:30 p. m. for Honolulu. It is understood that she will remain on duty at that port, replacing the Bennington, ordered to join Admiral Dewey's fleet at Manila.

FOR EXCHANGE OF HOBSON.

Admiral Sampson Is Arranging a Trans fer With Admiral Cervers.

WASHINGTON, June 7 .- The navy department has posted the following bulletin: "Admiral Sampson is engaged in arranging with Admiral Cervera for the exchange of Naval Constructor Hobson and the men with him now in prisons at Santiago for some officers and men held prisoners by the United States at Fort Mo