# THE RED CLOUD CHIEF, FRIDAY, JUNE 11 1897.

3.2.

Advisable

WAR INDEFINITELY.

Spaniards Prohibit Red Cross Work-No

Apparent Conditions Justifying Insur-

gent Recognition-Annexation Not

CHICAGO, June 9. - The Chicago Tri-

pune's correspondent telegraphs the

Special Commissioner W. J. Calhoun

says that he had formed the impres-

Everything he subsequently saw and

Call . in had heard the reports of

pacification by General Weyler and

had credited them in some degree.

His stay in Cuba destroyed this notion.

Instead of pacification, he found signs

of war everywhere-even at the gates

of Havana. The Spanish troops held

certain parts of the island as an army

of occupancy, while the insurgents

were making constant and often suc-

cessful raids Mr. Calhoun was so

impreased with \* these evidences of

actual warfare that he gave out a

blunt statement, saying he could see

no end of the war and that the devas-

NO CIVILIZED WARFARE.

He could not discover that any ap-

proach to civilized methods of warfare

was being made on either side. He

was overwhelmed with evidence to

show the atrocities committed by the

soldiers under Weyler, particularly

the guerillas who form a part of the

able to investigate personally, gener-

had denied the Red Cross society per-

Mr. Calhoun's personal inquiries and

investigation satisfied him that the

starvation and suffering caused by

Weyler's concentration order were

not exaggerated. He saw the scenes

of human misery at Mantanzas which

AGAINST ANNEXATION.

tation was growing.

heard strengthened this belief.

blowing from New York:

#### CALHOUN ON ROUIZ' CASE FRANCIS SCHLATTER DEAD THE END NOT IN SIGHT INJUSTICE KILLED RUIZ. NEUTRALS ASK AID.

PACIFICOS APPEAL FOR AMERICAN RELIEF.

Intanzas Crowded With Starving People -Children Perish in the Streets-The Sufferers Not Law-Breakers-Au Appeal to American Mothers.

HAVANA, June 8. - A strange appeal on behalf of the starving and dying reconcentrados in Matanzas, who exsited the pity of General Lee and Mr. Calhoun, bas been made to the people of the United States.

Since the United States government has begun measures for the relief of its citizens in Matanzas, the desperate plight of the Cuban reconcentrados there has resulted in a petition, signed by 100 of them, in which they beg that they may be included in the charity. The petition is headed "An appeal to the United States." It is now on its way to Washington. The principal oart of the prayer is:

"For some time past we have been contemplating the idea of appealing to our charitable feelings for relief for those of our people who are bitterly suffering the consequences of a most inhuman method of waging war. The ear, however, that our representations might be received as passionate and exaggerated, has restrained us from undertaking the task, but since General Lee. Commissioner Calhoun, his secretary, Mr. Fishback, and Mr. Alexander Brice, the American consul at this place, have seen the misery existing here, we do not hesitate any longer to speak to you. If, as is to be hoped, these gentlemen make their report to the United States of all they have seen, you will find full confirmalion of the statements we make "First, let it be said that in unhappy

Caba we can do nothing to help our suffering countrymen. The pacificos huddled in our city would be looked apon as traitors for so doing and would be summarily dealt with. We must be blind and deaf to their sufferings, and do nothing openly that can in any way interfere with General Weyler's policy of extermination.

"We are compelled to witness day after day scenes of horror which no language can describe and yet no voice can be lifted to protest against them. To Spain we cannot apply for succor. She is well acquainted with the present condition of affairs in Cuba, and General Weyler says that his mission is not to look after the starving people, but simply to end the war according to his own notions. He has converted into deserts sections of country where abundance was; thousands of happy towns have been looted and burned by a savage soldiery and desolation meets the eye wherever you look. And, people of America, vultures feed on unburied corpses strewn in the ruined fields.

"Upwards of 10,000 victims of this savage system of warfare have been crowded into Matanzas, without providing for their most natural wants; and after they have been compelled to abandon all they had in the world

It Was Impossible to Get the Truth-Special Consul Returns.

I'm a game of the first

NEW YORK, June 8.-Special Consul Calhoun, who was sent to Cuba to investigate the circumstances of the death is prison of Dr. Ruiz, an American citizen, arrived here to-day. Mr. Calhoun said that the commission held three sittings between May 20 and June 1 at Havena, Regulus and Guan-abacoa. The papers examined were chiefly military records, and the final report will be made to Washington by General Lee. Mr. Calhoun declined

to give his opinion upon the case. "At the sessions of the commission," Mr. Calhoun said, in response to a reporters' questioning. "we examined several witnesses, but when you ask me if they were plentiful I can only say that they did not run after us and we had to use no force to keep them away. They were composed of Spaniards and Cubans. The Spanish wit-nesses and in fact all of those who testified were so surrounded with safeguard that it was impossible to get at the naked truth.

"One person whom we would have liked to hear could not be found. This was Fondesviella, who commanded the Spanish in the Guanabacon terri-tory. He disappeared and it was im-possible to find him. Captain General Weyler did not put in an appearance at the investigation. We inspected the jall at Guanabacoa and when we were there it was suspiciously clean.

"We learned that Dr. Ruiz was arrested February 4, charged with having some connection with an assault which took place in a railroad train between Gunabacoa and Havana. He was placed in solitary confinment, or, as it is known there he was incommunicado. Thirteen days later he was taken out of his cell on account of his mental and physical condition. It was then found that he was suffering from a severe wound in the head, and he died two hours after he had been released from the cell in which the secret of his injury is buried.

The question of the deceased doctor's American citizenship was never denied. The autopsy showed that he died of congestion of the brain. His remains are interred at Guanabacoa. We had no positive or direct proof of assault whatever and the conclusion arrived at must be based on detailed evidence in the report of Consul General Lee, which is now on its way to Washington. I, myself, will make no report, and I prefer not to say anything as to my idea of the affair until the report is made public by the proper authorities, at Washington, I shall go to Washington to-morrow morning,

Mr. Calhoun said that he had been treated courteously while in Cuba by all those with whom he came in contact. His visit was a very pleasant one, but owing to the bad weather which prevailed during his stay was unable to visit the interior.

Mr. G. W. Fishback, who is Mr. Calhoun's secretary, was reticent when spoken to in reference to his trip, but he made one significant statement:

The "Divine Healer's" Skeleton Found Said to Have Perished.

Sr. Louis, Mo., June 8.-A dispatch to the Globe Democrat from El Paso. Texas, says that two American prospectors, while traveling in the foot-hills of the Sierra Madre mountains. in Chihuahua, Mexico, May 28, saw a saddle hanging on the limb of a dead tree and a skeleton was found lying beneath stretched out on a blanket. From all indications the bones were those of Francis Schlatter, the "divine healer," who was the subject of so much wonderment in the western states a year ago.

Piled up alongside the trunk of the tree were saddle-bags, a large memorandum book, a package of letters bound by a rotten rubber band, some of the Cuban people is back of the inblankets and six suits of underwear. A bible and canteen of water were among the pile, and the canteen was half full of water. In a knot hole in the tree were found needles, thread, buttons, etc. In the inside cover of the bible the name Francis Schlatter was written, and also under two verses in prayer, followed by the signature "Clarence J. Clark, Denver, Colo." There were no signs of violence, and the prospectors believe Schlatter died of self-imposed starvation, as there were no cooking utensils of any kind in camp.

The authorities at Casa Grande were notified May 30, and June 2 the skeleton and effects were brought to that village, where authorities hold them. awaiting a claimant. Americans at Casa Grande examined letters and other effects and pronounce them undoubtedly those of Schiniter.

Three years ago Francis Schlatter was a cobbler in Denver, and earned a precarious living at his trade. He began to hear "silent" voices, as he said, and in obedience to their commands, gave away his tools and began a pilgrimage toward the Pacific coast. He was several times arrested as a vagrant and thrown into jail. He footed the regular army. Such cases as he was eatire distance, and returned to New Mexico, where he was heard of among ally proved to be correctly stated. He the Indians as the Messiah in the early found that the Spanish government part of last year, near Albuquerque. The newspaper reporters discovered mission to operate between the two him being followed by mobs of Indians. among whom he cured the sick, paralytic and blind by touching the sfilicted with his hands.

He fasted for forty days, laboring continuously, and went to Denver, where he was besieged daily by immense throngs of people from all parts of the country. He suddenly disappeared from there when some fakers were arrested for selling handkerchiefs blessed by him, against whom he was summoned as a winness. He though he may not assume the rewas soon afterwards found in New Mexico, traveling through the most uninhabitable part, going southward. He was last reported seen by cowboys near Lordsburg, nine months ago, go ing toward the Mexico line.

# THREE FIREMEN PERISH

Buried Beneath the Falling Walls of a Four Story Building in San Francisco

Cunsul General Lee's Report so Declares CUBANS CAN KEEP UP THE

-The Charge Was False.

NEW YORK, June 9 .- The following is the vital part of Consul General Lee's report on the Ruiz case to Secretary of State Sherman:

"I deduce from my knowledge of the facts the following conclusions: "First-Dr. Ruiz was arrested on a

false charge. "Second-He was placed under an improver jurisdiction and died before the proper tribunal considered his case, thereby giving him no opportunity to prove his innocence.

sion before leaving the states that ne-"Third-He was kept 'incommunigroes, and possibly bandits, were the cado' in a solitary cell for 351 hours, chief agents in the insurrection. He had not been there three days before in violation of his treaty rights, which limit such confinement to seventy-two he was convinced the whole strength hours.

"Fourth-He died from congestion surrection. He became satisfied that of the brain, produced by a blow on the top of the head. it was in reality the struggle of Cuba for the Cuban, and that they would fight desperately for independence.

"Fifth-There are two theories connected with the wound on the head. One is that in a state of mental excitement he ran against the cell as described by one of the jailers and butted his head against the door in a frantic effort to get out: another, he was struck over the head with one of the clubs carried by the jailers-by the immediate watchman who had

probably ordered him to cease his cries for relief, and for his children, and, upon his not doing so, strack him with more force than he intended, or it is possible the blow was delivered to make him confess or give evidence against others.

"It is possible he went mad and many causes combined to produce such a result. His knowledge of his innocence, his confinement in a gloomy cell, where he was not allowed to communicate with family or friendsor to send or write. Alone-all alone with the thought doubtless impressed upon his mind that he was liable in the reign of terror then existing in and around Guanabacoa to be summarily executed at any moment. He loved his wife and children and in the darkness and loneliness of his cell he was constantly crying out for them. The thought that they were but a few rods away and yet he might never see them again or hear the sound of their voices, or feel the touch of their lips and hands maddened him and proved too much for the mind of the distracted and unhappy man, and I thought it not improbable as the long time passed by, it may have given way and left him a madman.

determined him to look no further into that phase of the war, because he "His derby hat was all battered up, had seen enough. He is convinced and his clothes greatly torn, says his that the effect of Weyler's conceptrawife when returned to her. But whether when bereft of reason, he intion order is to depopulate Cuba. flicted the blows which produced brain congestion, or whether he died at the sponsibility of saying that such is its purpose. That its effect is greatest in hands of others, the truth will probably only be known when the hearts of starving women and children he will all are revealed-the fact remains, his confinement killed him. Had he been be able to state without reservation. OPPOSES BELLIGERENCY. released from incommunicado by the Mr. Calhoun did not seem to be hand of man at the end of seventy-two strongly impressed with the claim of hours the hand of death might not the insurgents to recognition as belhave released him at the end of 315 ligerents as belligerency is usually dehours, and to-day the widow would fined by the lawyers, and Mr. Calhoun have had the support of her husband s himself a lawyer. The existence of and the moans of his fatherless chil dren would never have been heard. "I therefore conclude, saying as ] have done in all previous reports about this case, that, whether Dr. Ruiz killed himself or was killed by someone else will, under the existing conditions, always remain unknown."

# PARTY LINES BROKEN.

Eight Democratic Senators Vote for the Scunte Lumber Schedule.

WASRINGTON, June 9.-The Senate yesterday disposed of the lumber paragraph, which has been more stubbornly contested than may feature of the bill thus far, by defeating the motion of Senator Vest to place white pine on the free list-yeas 20, nays 38. The contest was mainly significant in breaking party lines, which have been maintained with few exceptions during the carly stages of the debate. On the final vote, eight Democratic Senators voted against Mr. Vest's proposition; namely, Mesars. Bacon and Chay of Georgia, McEnery of Louisiana, McLaurin and Tillman of South Carolina, Martin of Virginia. Rawlins of Utah and White of California. On the other hand, Mr. Carter, Republican, and Mosses Cannon and Mantel, Silver Republicans, voted for the Vest motion. Following this, a vote to substitute the Wilson lumber schedule was defeated-17 to 37-and the schedule was agreed to as reported. The debate preceding the vote was at times very breezy, owing to the break of political lines.

# COLLISION IN MIDOCEAN.

Steamer Hekla, With Four Hundred Passengers on Hoard, Run Into.

CHRISTIANIA, June 9.-The Thingvalla line steamer Mekla, which collided in the open ocean on May 27 with the Atlantic Transport line steamer Mississippi, arrived here yesterday. At the time of the collission there were 400 passengers on deck. The Hekla was going at reduced speed through dense fog and signalling uninterruptedly. Suddenly the Mississippi was seen bearing straight down upon the flekla's bow. The Hekla immediately reversed her engines, but too late to avoid a collision. The shock was terrific. The passengers were thrown into a state of panic, and women and children ran wildly screaming about the decks. It was soon discovered, however, that the damage was all above the water line, and temporary repairs were speedily effected and the vessel pushed on to her destination.

The Hekla's officers maintain that the Mississippi was responsible for the collision. They allege that she did not reduce her speed, nor did they hear her fog signals.

### A NEW SUGAR SCHEDULE

Republicans Caucus and Agree to Raise

### the House Rates.

WASHINGTON, June 9.-The Republican senatorial caucus to-day voted to stand together on all schedules in the tariff bill.

The caucus instructed the finance committee to report a new sugar schedule, the new schedule to be one and ninety-five hundredths of a cent a pound duty on refined sugar, instead of one cent and eight hundred and seventy-five thousandths of one cent a pound, as provided by the house. Coarse raw sugar from the Philippine islands and Java is to admitted at one-tenth of than other raw sugars. The abrogation of the Hawaiian treaty was discussed, but no conclusion reached when the caucus adjourned.

they are to be seen in crowds until late at night, imploring charity. Many a child perishes in the streets, unable to stand so many and such long continued privations. Indeed, it looks as though our grave yards had turned out their dead upon us, such is the cadaverous look of the multitude begging for a morsel of bread, and whose only guilt is to have been born in Cuba.

"It is not possible to give detailed accounts of the misery that reigns here and in other cities and towns. In any other country this state of affairs would have brought on disturbances and riots; yet, our people, suffering as they are, have not done anything that could in any way disturb order. Can there be a better illustration of their peaceable disposition?

"Tender, loving mothers of America, to you in particular we appeal in our humane undertaking. Think that at your very doors are mothers who love as dearly as you love, and who day after day see their little ones perish out of sheer hunger, and in most cases without a piece of rag to cover their nakedness.

15.0

"We suggest that if any relief is to come it should be entrasted to the American consuls for distribution, and we would also suggest that the sending of provisions or clothing has its inconveniences, as it might give the Spanish officials an opportunity to interfere and thwart the object in v.cw.

Cuicago, June 3.-The Tribune's Cuban correspondent says there is no means of learning the exact number of the reconcentrados. An American consul, who has made a careful study, says it is more than 250,000. A Span-ish officer said there were more than 150,000 of "those starving country people.

Diamond Fields Foundy in Merico.

MEXICO CITY, June 8 .- It is reported from the state of Guerrero that the lost diamond fields there have been rediscovered. As far back as 1852 some ludians brought from that state specimens of what they called "crystal chips," and presented them to General Guierero, who discovered that they were valuable diamonds and were equal to the best Indian diamonds from Golconda. Traces of the beds were lost, and it is now believed they have been found again.

#### Insurrection in Brazil.

BUENOS AYRES, June 8. - Late reports from Canudos, Bahia, state that 8,000 fanatics, under Conselliero, were defeated by the Brazil troops. The fanatics made a stubborn and desperate resistance, but were finally compelled to fice in great disorder by the federal artillery.

Brazil's Military School Closed. RIO DE JANEIRO, June &.- The govcrnment military school has been closed as the result of the insubordinotion caused by designing politicians ud grmv men.

"We did not go within the insurgent lines, but all the insurgents, however, are not within the lines."

## SHOT HIS TYPEWRITER.

#### A Washington Attorney Attempts Murder and Kills Himself on the Street.

WASHINGTON, June 8.-Charles Barber came here from Plattsburg, N. Y., several years ago and established an extensive patent practice, and in several cases was associated with the late Benjamin F. Butler. Of late Barber has been growing more and more eccentric and several of his friends thought him unbalanced. Miss Dorothy E. Squires formerly worked for him as stenographer, and when she left his employ he annoyed her with his attentions, threatening to injure her if she would not permit him to call.

Shortly before 9 o'clock this morning Barber met Miss Squires on Pennsylvania avenue and shot her in the head, and then turning the revolver on himself he put a ball through his brain, causing almost instant death. Miss Souires will probably recover.

#### JAPAN SENDS WARSHIPS

### fler Attitude Toward Hawall Assumes

a Threatening Aspect. SAN FRANCISCO, June 8.-The steamer Coptic arrived last evening from Honolulu. bringing advices up to May 31. According to the latest information procurable, the difficulty between Japan and Hawaii, growing out of the immigration question, has been increased rather than diminished by the diplomatic proceedings. Officers on board of the Japanese cruiser Maniwai, now at Monolulu, state that a second Japonese man-of-war is now en route to Honolulu, and that a third vessel is about to depart from Yokohama for the islands.

**Prominent St. Louisan Found Dead** Sr. Louis, Mo., June 8.-Thomas W. Booth, px-president of the Merchants' exchange, president of the J. W. Booth Commission company and one of the bast known men of St. Louis, was found dead in the bath tub at his residence, 4337 Washington boulevard, by his wife to-day. He had been suffering from a complication of diseases.

#### Payne's Eminent Counsel.

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 8.-J. Breckinridge Payne, a descendant of the best families of Kentucky, shot Percy Stackhouse, a driver and trainer of trotting horses, inflicting a fatal wound. He has been held for trial and will be defended by his kinsman, W. C. P. Breckinridge.

### Gompers Speaks for an 8-Hour Day.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 8. -- President Samuel Gompers of the Federation of Labor addressed 10,000 people here yesterday on the advocacy of an eight-hour working day.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 4.- A fire a Cuban government is unknown to in the southeastern part of the city at him; perhaps for one reason, because noon yesterday cost three firemen he did not go to the Eastern provinces their lives and entailed a property loss to seek it. However, he thinks the of \$100,000. The killed are: John Mainsurgents have a right to make war honey, of chemical engine No. 6: Frank in their own way, and, while he could Keller, steward of hose cart No. 2 discover no progress toward driving James Hallinan, driver of truck No. 1. the Spaniards out of the island, he The fire started mysteriously in the gives the insurgents credit for their four story brick block owned by ability to keep up the present kind of Schroth & Westerfield and leased to warfare indefinitely. In other words, the Standard Biscuit company. here can be no pacification by Spain.

After the first alarm the fire chie turned in a second and general alarm. A stiff breeze fanned the fire within Mr. Calhoun returned from Cuba the brick walls, causing it to develop with his mind made up that no enwith extraordinary rapidity, and i souragement should be given the Cuwas soon apparent that the interior of bans to expect annexation to the the structure would be entirely de United States. The assimilation of stroyed. Adjacent to the brick factors the mixed population of the island, as was a row of old wooden buildings, inhe looked at it, would be too much for eluding a branch of the Salvation the United States, at least in the present generation. This opinion was Army barracks and the southern police station. These seemed doomed. For stated with great frankness to both tunately the police station contained Cubans and Spaniards. only three prisoners, but the terrified Calhoun concluded by warmly praisyells and appeals of the trio to be libing General Lee, not only for his erated caused intense excitement course in the Ruiz case, but for the among the gathering crowds. vigor and promptness with which the

They were transferred as quickly a consul general acquitted himself in possible to the Central station. the cases of all American citizens. Meanwhile, floor after floor of the cracker factory fell in, rendering the side walls unsafe. Then the east wall

of the factory toppled over and a wav-ing sheet of flame spread over the wide wooden area adjoining.

With the crash of the east wall occurred the tragedy of the conflagration. A score of firemen were in a neighboring paint shop, endeavoring from that point to check the spread Ashworth were in a house on the of the flames. A falling timber Allen farm, two miles north, which struck Fireman Mahony on the leg, was blown to pieces. All were more breaking it. He retused to allow his or less injured and one of the boys may die. At Waelder, Tex., lightning comrades to carry him away in their struck the residence of N. F. Miller arms, insisting that he must be borne last night, killing his son, Wayne off on a shutter. All but two of the band of firemen ran to procure a shut-Miller, almost instantly. ter, and just as they left their injured comrade the wall fell, burying beneath a mass of brick and mortar Mahony and his faithful friends. By dint of much dangerous labor, the three bodies were recovered and sent with police der taken to procurecargoes of grain to oscort in as many patrol wagons.

#### An Arctic Explorer Dead.

STOCKHOLM, June 8 -Baron Dickson the Arctic explorer, died yesterday at Hjo, Sweden.

#### A Gustemalan Dictator.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 4 .-- Word has reached here that Barrios has declared himself dictator of Guatemals. He is the nephew of the general who fell at the battle of Tegucigalpo. The an-nduncement has created intense excitement throughout the Central Amer ican republics and may lead to a civil

#### Boston's Heavy Debt.

war.

Boston, June 8 .- The annual repor of the city auditor shows that the city't funded debt has increased steadily to 1,000 men are the smounting to \$49,903,324, or by the shut down.

# **REBELS BURN PRIESTS.**

#### Twenty-Five Monks in the Philippine Islands Reported Killed.

VANCOUVER, B. C., June 9.-It was reported yesterday that the Spanish in the Philippine islands had captured and burned to death twenty-five Catholic priests. Further interviews with officers of the steamer Hupeh, now in port, elicit the fact that twenty-five Catholic monks were roasted by the rebels in the Philippine islands, and not by Spanish troops. The informa-tion was furnished by a prominent resident of Ilo-Ilo, in the group of islands, and corroborated by a foreign consul.

In consequence of cruelties practiced by the Spanish troops on the rebels or those suspected of being in sympathy with the rebel cause, the rebels in revenge perpetrated acts of cruelty on the monks who came into their clutches. Recently twenty-five monks were taken by the rebels and roasted over a slow fire. Previous to the voyage to this port the Hupeh made a trip from Hong Kong to No-No and it was just previous to this voyage that the acts reported occurred near Manilla.

### Spanlards and Texans Fight.

VERA CRUZ Mexico, June 9.- A conflict has occurred between twenty marines of the Spanish gunboat Nueva Espana and Joseph Lang and Charles Holbrook of Texas and about a score of Mexicans who sympathized with the Americans. The Texas men used their knives and the Mexicans their bayonets. The Mexicans were not all armed, but they rendered effective assistance to the Americans. The trouble was ended only by the appearance of a large force of police and a company of 100 soldiers, ordered out by the authorities. The fight was caused by the marines. who shouted "Viva Cuba Espanola" in the street.

### A Canadian Allen Labor Bill OTTAWA, Ontario, June 9. - The house of commons has passed the alien labor bill. The act only applies to the United States and will never be

put in force, but is expected to be a measure of getting some satisfactory arrangements with the United States.

#### Rig Organ Firm Fails.

MERIDEN, Conn., June 9 .- The Wilcox & White Organ company, one of the largest manufacturers of organs in the United States. to-day made an as-signment. Liabilities, \$75,000. WHO IS HE?

A Well-Dressed Stranger Kills Bimself in a Rallway-Station in Olathe, Kan.

OLATHE, Kan., June 9. - A man about 25 years old, five feet ten inches in height, weight about 165 pounds, light colored hair and mustache, well dressed in a black suit of clothes and derby hat, shot himself through the right temple at the Memphis Railroad company's depot last night with a 38caliber revolver. He died instantly.

He had in a valise a picture of him-self and a woman and left the following unsigned note: "I am fully aware of what I am doing; am tired of life and have had a hard time of it. Don't try to find out who I am, nor from whence I came, for you will never know."

# KILLED BY A POLICEMAN.

Ex-Officer Wright Dies From & Blow From a Club.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 9.--Richard Wright, a former policeman, who was discharged from the force for being drunk on duty and for viciously fighting officers when they tried to arrest him, resisted arrest again last night and was killed. Wright died in the corridor of the Central police station from a fracture of the base of the skull, caused by a blow on the head from .Patrolman Albert Bird's club. The police and evewitnesses say that Wright was drunk and resisting arrest when he was struck on the head.

# BITTINGER TO MONTREAL

#### News of His Future Appointment Comes Directly From the President.

WASHINGTON, June 9.-Major John L Bittinger of St. Joseph will be appointed consul general to Montreal The office pays \$4.000 a year and permits of frequent home visits. It may be said that this announcement resta for its authority upon the President himself.

### Missouri Anti-Bell Companies Meet.

SEDALIA, Mo., June 9 -- Representatives of the independent telephone ines of Missouri met here yesterday. It is said that certain lines are about to pass into the hands of the Bell company, and the object of the meeting was to prevent such action.

#### Hospital for Printers.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., June 9 .-The plans submitted by architecta of this city for a new \$10,000 hospital for the Union Printers' Home in this city, have been accepted, and its construction will begin immediately.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 9.-Captain Leonard of the Urbana military company is here as the guest of the state at the Neil house until he can return home. Citizens of Urbana have teleshoned him to come home, assuring

1,000 Men Throws Out of Work. CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 9 .- At noon yesterday the entire plant of the Standard Oil works in this city shut down for an indefinite period. Close to 1,000 men are thrown out of work

him of safety.

Herald of New York, which had unbe sent to the famine sufferers in India, has notified the Navy department. that the grain on hand will be sold and the money forwarded to India instead, as the best and speediest means of relief. Urbana's Militia Captain Invited Home.

To Sell Relief Supplies.

WASHINGTON, June 9. - Lewis Klopsch. publisher of the Christian

tructive hail storm yesterday completely destroyed crops of all kinds north of here, and great damage was done to houses. Granger, Tex., reportf all crops cast and north of that town badly damaged. Bryan Farris, his wife, three children and William

Disastrous Texas Storm.

ROGERS, Tex., June 9.- A very des-