

TYNAN AS A PROPHET.

THE RELEASED DYNAMITER PREDICTS DISASTER.

He Predicts the Early Downfall of the British Empire—Russia and France said to be Conspiring Against Her—The Phoenix Park Murder Discussed.

New York, Oct. 19.—A special to the Herald from Boulogne-sur-Mer says: P. J. Tynan is a free man. His release was unconditional. He will go to Paris at once and will sail for New York by the next steamer. In an interview he said: "Whatever the nature of my mission to Europe was it has been more than successful. I look for the establishment in the near future of an independent Irish republic. The object of my visit was not as attributed to it by the press. There never was any idea of a plot against the czar, and there never was any idea of doing any injury to the queen of Great Britain, poor old lady. That's an absurdity. We Irishmen have nothing to do with things of that kind. As for the czar, I would myself stand between him and danger as I would between danger and my own son."

"I believe in dynamite as a weapon of war, and we Irish Nationalists are at war with Great Britain. The Irish people in America proved their Union in Chicago last October, when I was a delegate to the convention there, by establishing an Irish national alliance, a public organization for the establishment of an Irish republic. The object of the alliance is plainly stated, and it means to attain that object, it is equally plainly stated, by force. I divide dynamite and every other method of warfare in force, just as the United States government includes the Zolinski gun."

Then Tynan spoke for a considerable time on the subject of the hour. A twenty-mile ditch, he said, alone was between England and an invasion by a French army, and an invasion by a French army, he asserted, is composed of the riflemen of the cities, while its inefficiency is the laughing stock of the experts of continental Europe. Russia, he said, is moving on India, and the downfall of the British empire with Macanville's prophecy of the New Zealander on the ruins of London bridge, would undoubtedly be realized within the present generation.

In the course of the talk Tynan was asked point blank what was his connection with the Phoenix park murders. Tynan begged the question, saying the deed done in Dublin on May 6, 1882, was not the act of one man or two men or a small body of men, but of the whole Irish National party. The blows that struck down Cavendish and Burke were struck by the Irish race. What he was charged with was one of the phases of that cruel war waged for centuries between Ireland and England. Englishmen speak of May 6, 1882, but conveniently forget the assassinations of the night previous, when boys in the Ballinacorney were stabbed and shot by British hired assassins—when one little fellow 12 years old fell down weltering in his blood, and expired in the presence of his agonized father.

"They forget," he said, "the brutal assassination of Helen McDermott, a young girl in the bloom of womanhood, brutally stabbed to death by the knives of England's hired bravadoes. They forget the murder of Mary Dean, and her aged mother, assassinated by Buckshot Foster. All these infamous crimes are ignored by the British press and public. Convicted juries in Ireland returned verdicts of 'willful murder' against the assassins, but England made no arrests. Instead of that she conferred honor and promotions on her wretched criminals. But the great and good God, who visits with punishment nations as well as individuals, will soon shower upon the head of this wicked nation fitting retribution for the many crimes already committed. The instruments of His vengeance are mustering their forces, and the present generation will witness the destruction of this modern Babylon drunk with the blood of the people."

HIS STEALINGS GROWING.

The Shortage of Banker Rambusch of Juneau, Wis., Very Heavy. J. NEAU, Wis., Oct. 19.—The amount of stealings of W. T. Rambusch, the fugitive banker, keeps on growing and it is now estimated that the total will reach \$300,000, while Sheriff Hite places the figures at \$250,000. Nothing has been heard from Rambusch since the letter to his wife received Thursday. It is believed that he is on the ocean bound for Norway.

To Offset Bryan's Last Tour.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Vice Chairman Hopkins of the Palmer and Buckner campaign committee received a letter from Euella Martin of Nebraska today urging him to persuade John P. Irish to visit that state and follow Mr. Bryan on his tour from Lincoln on the day before election through Nebraska. The plans that have been made for Colonel Irish, however, can hardly be altered and some other speaker will have to be secured.

Lord Li for Chinese Minister.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The Post says it is stated that the Chinese consulate here that the Chinese minister at Washington will be succeeded at the expiration of his term, eighteen months hence, by Lord Li, nephew and adopted son of Earl Li Hung Chang. Lord Li accompanied the viceroy on his recent tour. He has been Chinese minister to Japan and secretary to the Chinese legation at London.

Fine Job for Ewing Herbert.

TOPEKA, Kas., Oct. 19.—Ewing Herbert of the Hiawatha World has gone to the New York Truth as advertising manager. He begins with a salary of \$5,000 a year, with a contract for a handsome increase as he shall grow in usefulness. He was tendered the position upon the recommendation of Albert Bigelow Paine.

Atress Minnie Conway Dead.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—Mrs. Osmond Tearle, formerly Minnie Conway, the actress, at one time the wife of Jules Levy, the cornetist, is dead. She was buried at Whitley Tuesday.

DEATH OF HENRY E. ABBEY

A Noted Theatrical Manager is No More—Passes Away Suddenly.

New York, Oct. 19.—Henry E. Abbey, of the great operatic and theatrical firm of Abbey, Schoffel & Gran, died early this morning in his rooms in the Osborne hotel from hemorrhage of the stomach. With him at the end were his daughter and Mrs. Kingsley, mother of Mr. Abbey's first wife. The present Mrs. Abbey, who recently brought suit for divorce, is said to be in Europe.

Mr. Abbey had been heard of but little publicly since the publication of his wife's action for divorce, and the reorganization of his firm, which caused such a sensation in the amusement world a few months ago. Only his intimate friends knew where he was living, and they had no intimation of the seriousness of his condition. For this reason the announcement of his death came as a complete surprise.

Henry E. Abbey was born in Akron, Ohio, in 1846 and was the successor of his father as a jeweler there. Then he became a jeweler at Buffalo, N. Y. In 1870 he managed a summer opera company from Akron. In 1870 he was Ned Adams' advance agent and a year later in conjunction with Adams leased the Akron, Ohio, opera house and failed for a large amount. In 1876 Abbey assumed control of the Academy of Music in Buffalo. He took as a partner John R. Schoffel, whom he made manager. A year later they acquired possession of the Park theater in this city. On October 30, 1882, fire broke out in the theater and spoiled Mrs. Langtry's American debut. In 1883 he and Maurice Gran took the Metropolitan opera house here and lost \$250,000. The firm of Abbey & Schoffel then managed the Grand opera house in this city, Booth's theater, the Park and Tremont theaters in Boston; the Metropolitan opera house in this city, and the Lyceum theater in London.

Abbey, Schoffel & Gran brought Patti, Bernhardt, Irving and Terry, Coghlin and Hading to this country and the history of the partnership is that of the most conspicuous part of the American stage during the last decade and a half. Each man, important by means of his special knowledge of his division of the business and by reason of his marked personality, combined in the firm a power for the control of theatrical affairs which has been seldom approached in this country. They made the distinct reputation for themselves of being men whose words were their bonds, and it has been said within the last eight years that the firm merely had to cable any distinguished artist in Europe or America that their services were desired and it was theirs. The firm had the absolute confidence of singers and actors alike. They never went back on their promises.

Toward the end of last May the firm, about whom financial difficulties had been collecting for some time, were compelled to assign. The operative ventures of the three since 1891 had given them great profits, but with two or three exceptions their dramatic undertakings were disastrous, not only swallowing up all the great gains of the opera seasons, but turning the firm into such debt that they found themselves, as a firm and as individuals, practically stripped of every dollar that they owned.

Early in August papers in a suit for separation were served on Abbey by Florence E. Abbey, the allegations being cruelty and abandonment. Mrs. Abbey, who, in former years, was well known on the stage as Florence Gerard, was married to Abbey in Boston four years ago. In his answer Abbey alleged that his wife was insanely jealous and for years had subjected him to a degrading system of espionage through the agency of the servants. He said he had taken his daughter away because her mother was poisoning the child's mind against him. The litigation was pending when death cut it short.

Russia Mobilizing Troops.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—A special dispatch from Vienna says that the Neue Freie Presse of that city announces that steps to complete the mobilization of the Russian forces are being taken in all districts. The officers on leave or retired, it is further stated, have been recalled. It is intimated that these military movements are undertaken because it is expected that Russia will receive the European mandate to occupy Constantinople.

An Duel as Butler Seller.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The Earl of Winchester has started in business as a butter man and general provision merchant in the vicinity of Covent Garden, under the auspices of the National Agricultural Union. He will attempt to supply British tables with the help of the British farmer, against foreign competition.

Big Saver Bally.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Oct. 19.—The free silver people of Bourbon county gathered here today to hear distinguished speakers. A procession three miles or more in length marched through town amid great enthusiasm. David Overmeyer, Colonel W. A. Harris, Jerry Simpson, Judge Jackson, O. T. Boaz and Colonel Lincoln spoke from platforms erected in different parts of town.

Princess Helena's Russian Gifts.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—A Vienna dispatch to the Chronicle says the czar has informed the Princess of Montenegro that the dowry of the Princess Helena, his daughter, will be about \$800,000. The czar and zarina ordered their wedding gift to the princess upon her marriage to the Prince of Naples in Paris. It is a diamond ornament and will cost \$600,000.

An Oklahoma Whitecap Shot.

GUTHRIE, Okla., Oct. 19.—Whitcaps in Pottawatomie county attempted to enter the house of John H. Davis, a negro, and he shot one. The man was carried away, but in the morning G. L. Derrick died of "accidental shooting." Officers are investigating and fear other serious trouble.

Professor Dyche on His Way Home.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 19.—Professor L. L. Dyche of the University of Kansas returned from Alaska on the City of Topeka yesterday and left last night by way of California for his home.

TRIED FOR CHILD BEATING

Peter Contore and His Wife on Trial and Damaging Evidence Introduced.

The trial of Peter Contore and his wife for beating their seven-year-old child Minnie, mention of which was made last week, was taken up in the county court at Lincoln Saturday. Great interest was manifested. The defendants appeared with their three younger children. Various witnesses were brought forward, but great difficulty was experienced in getting them to tell all they knew about the case. The general trend of the evidence, however, was to the effect that the parents' treatment of the child exceeded belief; that she was very often beaten until she gasped for breath and was black in the face; that she was scantily clothed and often ill-fed; that she had been brutally beaten, and that it was a case of mistreatment severely paralleled in the annals of cases of a similar nature.

At the noon recess of court the parents made the proposition to the county that if proceedings against them were dropped they would relinquish all claim to the child, but the court declined to consent to any such solution of the case.

A SENSATIONAL CHARGE

Against a Prominent Business Man of York, Nebraska.

Business circles of York were greatly exercised Friday by the statement of Frank Messplay that he and W. L. Lee, a photographer of that city, had planned to ditch the flyer somewhere east of town. The flyer arrives at 7:41 and he told his tale about an hour previous to its arrival and a crew was immediately dispatched to inspect the track, but found no obstruction. Messplay also made the statement that Lee held an accident policy on A. Bissell, a York grocer, and hoped by wrecking the train that Bissell would be killed and he would secure the indemnity.

Messplay further stated that it was Lee who assaulted Bissell near his home a few weeks ago, mention of which was made at the time.

Little credence is placed in the statement relating to train wrecking, but Lee was arrested and is held in jail to answer to the charge of assault above mentioned. Lee is very indignant and denounces the charges as infamous and declares himself innocent in every particular.

HE SAID HE DID IT.

One of the Nickerson Burglars in the Dodge County Jail.

One of the thieves who burglarized Newman & Shields store at Nickerson a week ago is behind the bars in the Dodge county jail, and an officer in Iowa after his partner, James Jackson. The fellow arrested gives his name as Roy C. Napier, and his age as sixteen. He was arrested at Hooper by Marshal Heinrich, as a suspicious character. He was charged with the Nickerson robbery and at first denied it, but finally turned states evidence. The stolen goods were hidden in a haystack on Jerry Denslow's place near Fremont, and were recovered.

An Extensive Trip.

Professor F. W. Taylor of Lincoln, who gets over more kinds of country every year than anybody else in Lincoln, returned last Friday afternoon from a little jaunt into the far corners of Russia. He went as far east as Kasan, after visiting St. Petersburg and Nijni Novgorod, dropped down to Odessa, went to Constantinople and returned to England by way of Buda Pesth and Paris, sailing from Southampton. He reports an elegant trip through very interesting regions.

Victims of a Runaway.

John Ruga and wife, who reside near Dunbar, met with a serious accident last Friday night while going home. Their team became frightened and ran away, throwing them both out and they were discovered unconscious by Messrs. Wilhelm and Utton. They were badly bruised, but the injuries will not prove serious. The team ran into a barb wire fence and one of them was killed.

Guilty of Murder.

Last Friday at McCook the jury in the trial of Edward Lorenz for the murder of Michael Travers, brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree and fixed the penalty at imprisonment for life. The case was long drawn out and the verdict gives quite general satisfaction.

After the Stockholders.

Kent K. Hayden, receiver for the failed German National bank at Lincoln, has brought suit against the stockholders to enforce the collection of an assessment made on them of \$20,000. This bank closed last December.

Heavy Fire Loss.

Saturday morning about 3 o'clock the barn, sheds, hay, grain and everything but the house on D. T. Taylor's farm near Hay Springs was consumed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$2,500 with no insurance.

Old Settler Dies.

Irene Stall of near Eagle, the wife of one of the oldest settlers in this part of the county, died very suddenly yesterday. Her death was a great shock to her friends.

Republican Legislators for Carlisle.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 19.—Three Republican members of the legislature from the city of Louisville state that they will vote for John G. Carlisle for United States Senator, if it shall turn out that after one ballot a Republican cannot be elected.

Wreck Train to Get Insurance.

YOUNG, Neb., Oct. 19.—W. L. Lee, a prominent citizen, is under arrest, charged with having insured the life of A. Bissell, a friend, for \$10,000, and arranging to wreck the train on which he was a passenger in order to secure the insurance.

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

The following proposed amendments to the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, as hereinafter set forth in full, are submitted to the electors of the State of Nebraska, to be voted upon at the general election to be held Tuesday, November 3, A. D. 1896:

A joint resolution proposing to amend section two (2), four (4), and five (5) of article six (6) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, relating to number of judges of the supreme court and their term of office.

Be it resolved and enacted by the Legislature of the State of Nebraska: Section 1. That section two (2) of article six (6) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2. The supreme court shall until otherwise provided by law, consist of five (5) judges, a majority of whom shall be necessary to form a quorum or to pronounce a decision. It shall have original jurisdiction in cases relating to revenue, civil cases in which the state shall be a party, mandamus, quo warranto, habeas corpus, and such appellate jurisdiction, as may be provided by law.

Section 3. That section four (4) of article six (6) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. The judges of the supreme court shall be elected by the electors of the state at large, and their term of office, except as hereinafter provided, shall be for a term of not less than five (5) years, as the legislature may provide.

Section 5. That section five (5) of article six (6) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 5. At the first general election to be held in the year 1896, there shall be elected two (2) judges of the supreme court one of whom shall be elected for a term of two (2) years, and for the term of four (4) years, and at each general election thereafter, there shall be elected one judge of the court for the term of five (5) years, unless otherwise provided by law. Provided, that the judges of the supreme court whose terms have not expired at the holding of the general election of 1896, shall continue to hold their office for the remainder of the term for which they were respectively commissioned.

Approved March 29, A. D. 1895.

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section thirteen (13) of article six of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, relating to compensation of supreme and district court judges.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Nebraska: Section 1. That section thirteen (13) of article six (6) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 13. The judges of the supreme and district courts shall receive for their services such compensation as may be provided by law, payable quarterly in advance. The legislature shall at its first session after the adoption of this amendment, three-fifths of the members elected to each office, concurring in the affirmative, establish the compensation to be paid to each office of the legislature concur therein.

Approved March 20, A. D. 1895.

A joint resolution proposing to amend section twenty-four (24) of article five (5) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, relating to compensation of the officers of the executive department.

Be it resolved and enacted by the Legislature of the State of Nebraska: Section 1. That section twenty-four (24) of article five (5) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska be amended to read as follows:

Section 24. The officers of the executive department of the state government shall receive for their services a compensation to be established by law, which shall be increased or diminished during the term for which they shall have been commissioned and they shall not receive to their own use any fees, costs, interests, upon public moneys in their hands or under their control, perquisites of office or other compensation and all fees that may hereafter be payable by law for services performed by an officer provided for in this article shall be paid in advance to the state treasury. The legislature shall at its first session after the adoption of this amendment, three-fifths of the members elected to each office of the legislature concurring, establish the salaries of the officers named in this article. The compensation so established shall not be increased or diminished during the term of office of the members elected to each office of the legislature concur therein.

Nebraska be amended to read as follows: Section 6. The right of trial by jury shall not be taken away from any party in any civil case, but the legislature may provide that in civil cases five-sixths of the jury may render a verdict, and the legislature may also authorize trial by a jury of a less number than twelve (12) men, in cases inferior to the district court. Approved March 29, A. D. 1895.

A joint resolution proposing to amend section one (1) of article five (5) of the Constitution of Nebraska, relating to officers of the executive department.

Be it resolved and enacted by the Legislature of the State of Nebraska: Section 1. That section one (1) of article five (5) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska be amended to read as follows:

Section 1. The executive department shall consist of a governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, auditor of public accounts, treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, attorney-general, commissioner of public lands and buildings, and three railroad commissioners, each of whom, except the said railroad commissioners, shall hold his office for a term of two years, from the next Tuesday after the first Tuesday in January, after his election, and until his successor is elected and qualified. Each railroad commissioner shall hold his office for a term of three years, beginning on the first Thursday after the first Tuesday in January after his election, and until his successor is elected and qualified. Provided, however, that at the first general election held after the adoption of this amendment there shall be elected three railroad commissioners, one for the period of one year, one for the period of two years, and one for the period of three years. The governor, secretary of state, auditor of public accounts, and treasurer shall receive at the capital during their term of office, they shall keep the public records, books and papers of the state, and shall perform such duties as may be required by law.

Approved March 29, A. D. 1895.

A joint resolution proposing to amend section twenty-six (26) of article five (5) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, limiting the number of executive state officers.

Be it resolved and enacted by the Legislature of the State of Nebraska: Section 1. That section twenty-six (26) of article five (5) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska be amended to read as follows:

Section 26. No other executive state officers except those named in section one (1) of this article shall be created by the state, except by an act of the legislature which is concurred in by not less than three-fourths of the members elected to each house thereof.

Provided, that any office created by an act of the legislature may be abolished by the legislature, two-thirds of the members elected to each house thereof concurring.

Approved March 20, A. D. 1895.

A joint resolution proposing to amend section nine (9) of article eight (8) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska, providing for the investment of the permanent educational funds of the state.

Be it resolved and enacted by the Legislature of the State of Nebraska: Section 1. That section nine (9) of article eight (8) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska be amended to read as follows:

Section 9. All funds belonging to the state for educational purposes, the interest and income thereon only are to be used, shall be deposited in trust funds held by the state, and the state shall supply all losses therefrom that may be any manner, so that the same shall remain forever inviolate and undiminished, and shall not be loaned, vested or loaned except on United States or state securities, or registered county bonds or registered school district bonds of this state, and such funds, with the interest and income thereon are hereby solemnly pledged for the purposes for which they are granted and set apart, and shall not be transferred to any other fund for other uses.

Provided, the board created by section 1 of this article is empowered to sell from time to time any of the securities belonging to the permanent school fund and invest the proceeds arising therefrom in any of the securities enumerated in this section, whenever an opportunity for better investment is presented.

Section 2. The board created by section 1 of this article shall have the power to issue warrants upon the state treasury, and to receive for its payment, shall be presented to the state treasury for payment, and there shall not be any money in the proper fund to pay such warrant, the board created by section 1 of this article may direct the treasurer to pay the amount due on such warrant from moneys in his hands belonging to the permanent school fund of the state, and he shall hold said warrant as a lien in payment of said permanent school fund.

Approved March 29, A. D. 1895.

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Nebraska by adding a new section to article twelve (12) of said constitution to be numbered section two (2) relative to the merging of the government of cities of the metropolitan class and the government of the counties wherein such cities are located.

Be it resolved and enacted by the Legislature of the State of Nebraska: Section 1. That article twelve (12) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska be amended to read as follows:

state, shall have made donations to any work of internal improvement, or to any other public or private enterprise, or shall have been first admitted to the qualified electors and ratified by a two-thirds vote at an election by authority of law. Provided, that such donations of a county with the donations of such state, in the aggregate shall not exceed ten per cent of the assessed valuation of such county, provided further, that any act of county may, by a three-fourths vote, increase such individual share per cent, in addition to such ten per cent and no bonds or evidence of indebtedness issued shall be valid unless the same shall have endorsed thereon a certificate signed by the secretary and auditor of state, showing that the same is in accord with law.

Approved March 29, A. D. 1895.

J. I. A. Piper, secretary of state of the State of Nebraska, do hereby certify that the foregoing proposed amendments to the Constitution of the State of Nebraska are true and correct copies of the original enrolled and engrossed bills, as passed by the Twenty-fourth session of the legislature of the State of Nebraska, as appears from said original bills on file in this office, and that all and each of said proposed amendments are submitted to the qualified voters of the state of Nebraska for their adoption or rejection at the general election to be held on Tuesday the 3d day of November, A. D. 1896.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska. Done at Lincoln this 17th day of July in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-Six, of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Twenty-First, and of this state the Thirtieth.

(Seal) J. A. PIPER, Secretary of State.

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