

DEADLY TORNADO.

Southern Minnesota Meets With Destruction.

Many Lives Lost in the Storm—A School Teacher and Fifteen Pupils Perish—Great Damage Also Caused by Floods.

MANKATO, Minn., June 17.—A school teacher and fifteen pupils dead near Sherburne, a score or more of persons dead or dying at other points, and a vast amount of damage done throughout the region about this city tells in brief the story of a tornado which swept over this section yesterday afternoon.

Every report that comes in is worse than the preceding one. The extent of the country swept by this storm was greater than ever before known in the history of the state.

Starting near Jackson, on the Southern Minnesota road, a funnel shaped cloud swept eastward and passed four miles south of Minnesota lake, then took a broad circuit to the south and passed away south of Wells. Considerable rain had followed during the afternoon and about 5 o'clock the atmosphere became almost suffocating. Curious shaped clouds began over the southwest and people gazed in wonder at the sight. About 5:30 the wind sprung up and off to the west a rapidly circling black cloud was seen rapidly advancing and tearing asunder everything in its course.

The tornado passed two miles northwest of Sherburne and struck the district schoolhouse, in which were the teacher and eighteen school children. The building was demolished and the teacher and fifteen scholars killed.

At Easton three buildings were destroyed and several people were injured. Lindon was visited and many houses were torn from their foundations. One family, composed of a man, his wife and child, were killed and others injured. A large grove of trees were completely uprooted.

The storm passed on eastward, destroying farm houses, barns and in fact everything in its path. At Wells sidewalks were overturned, store fronts blown in and other damage done. Several men were blown down by the force of the wind.

Four miles south of Minnesota lake five farm houses and their buildings were caught in the storm and utterly demolished and four people were killed. The body of one of these—John Brown—was taken to Minnesota lake this morning. His wife, a hired man and a school teacher were also injured. Section men suffered severe injuries.

Much damage was done south of Wells, and it is reported that forty to fifty were killed south and west of that village. As most of the damage was done in the country, reports are slow in coming in, but what has been already heard is enough to insure belief that it was the worst storm ever reported in southern Minnesota.

It is reported that later reports will increase rather than diminish the extent of the damage done, as well as the loss of life and personal injuries.

At Rochester at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon a terrific hail, rain and electric storm broke and continued for six hours. Rain fell in sheets and the surrounding country is inundated. The Zumbro river is a raging torrent full of debris. Night trains on the Winona & St. Peter road were suspended. The track is washed out and water four feet deep on the track in some places. The trestle half a mile west of Rochester was washed away and traffic is at a standstill.

Ten are reported killed in the neighborhood of Mapleton, and twenty injured. The cyclone passed four miles south of Mapleton, and that village suffered little loss. The northwest corner of Freeborn county was in the path of the storm, and considerable damage to property and crops was done there, while several fatalities are reported.

Two inches of rain fell in Faribault county within less than twenty-four hours, and several bad washouts are reported.

Probably the worst damage in the state by the storm outside the actual cyclone district, was at Spring Valley, where the rain caused a bad flood. The whole town was flooded. Houses, bridges, sidewalks and everything near the river were washed away. The damage is estimated at from \$25,000 to \$50,000. Cummings & Taylor, lumber dealers, are heavy losers. Mrs. Taylor's millinery establishment suffered, as also did the residence of Mr. Tombl, both buildings being washed away. Considerable stock was drowned.

MILLS' OLD DISTRICT.

Reports Now State That the Successor of the Texas Congressman Will Be a Democrat.

GALVESTON, Tex., June 17.—The returns, which are practically complete, in the election held in the Ninth congressional district, (Mills' old district), show that Antony, democrat, has a majority of 3,511 over Barber, third party. It was thought that the election would indicate the relative strength of the democrats and the third party in that district.

A very light vote was polled, however, and there is not much meaning to it. Only 19,383 votes were polled altogether, while Mills' majority alone at the last election was 17,500. The feature of the election was that Barber carried Mills' home county as well as Milan county, the home of Antony.

Negroes Using the Boycott.

DANVILLE, Ky., June 17.—The negroes in Danville are very much wrought up over the passage of the separate coach law, and have begun a boycott on all merchants that signed the petition urging Messrs. Breckinridge and Hay to vote for the passage of the bill. So vigorous was the boycott been that two merchants, R. S. Russell and Thomas Alexander, were compelled to get a letter from Senator Breckinridge stating that their names were not signed to the petition. The negroes have contributed liberally to a fund to be used in fighting the bill in the courts.

A BOLT OF LIGHTNING.

The Grant Monument at Chicago Struck—Three Persons Killed and Two Severely Injured.

CHICAGO, June 17.—Three persons were killed, two seriously injured and the Grant monument slightly damaged in a short but fierce thunderstorm which visited this city last night. The killed are: Lewis Meyer, Mrs. Shelby, of Chicago, and an unknown man. The injured are: Harry Phillips, of Chicago, and Mrs. Mattie Olsen, of Chicago. The catastrophe was the result of a bolt of lightning which struck the monument, in the corridors of which nearly fifty persons had sought shelter.

At the first signs of the approaching storm Lincoln park, in which the monument stands, was crowded with people who had prepared to enjoy the cool of the evening. The storm began with a slight shower, which rapidly developed into a small hurricane, accompanied by a downpour of rain, vivid flashes of lightning and terrific peals of thunder.

When its fury was at its highest a blinding flash struck the statue, taking its course directly through the little crowd who had sought safety in its inclosures. Everybody, with the exception of three men, was thrown to the ground, but all were uninjured except those named. The bolt did not strike the bronze statue of Grant and the damage to the monument will be covered by a few dollars.

ENRAGED COLORED PEOPLE.

They Attempted to Lynch One of Their Number at Kingsfisher, Ok.—The Sheriff Interfered.

KINGSFISHER, Ok., June 17.—At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon a band of over 200 Tennessee negroes fastened ropes around the neck of Thomas M. Holland, colored, the leader of the negro club of "Inner Guards" from Memphis, Tenn., and dragged him through the streets of Kingsfisher and was in the act of hanging him when rescued by Sheriff Clump, assisted by a crowd of deputy United States marshals.

The negroes who attempted the hanging charge Holland, F. R. McKenley and S. S. Jones, all colored, of this city, with having defrauded them out of considerable money and also having in a similar manner defrauded many other colored people coming to Oklahoma, many of whom have died and all being left in destitute circumstances.

Fully 500 men, women and children came to the town of Cimmaron City, eight miles from Kingsfisher, from Memphis, Tenn., expecting to get homes, promised by Holland, McKenley & Jones, and all were disappointed.

After rescuing Holland from the colored mob the sheriff placed him in jail for safekeeping and a strong posse is standing guard around the jail to prevent lynching.

KANSAS PEOPLE'S TICKET.

The Wichita Convention Adjourns After Completing the State Ticket.

WICHITA, Kan., June 17.—The state convention of the people's party adjourned yesterday sine die. Fusion with the democratic party was rejected. The following is the complete ticket as finally agreed to:

For governor, L. D. Lewelling, formerly republican.

For lieutenant-governor, Percy Daniels, ex-soldier, formerly republican.

For secretary of state, R. S. Osborne, formerly republican.

For attorney-general, John T. Little, formerly democrat-greenbacker.

For auditor, M. Van B. Prather, formerly democrat.

For treasurer, W. H. Biddle, ex-soldier, formerly republican.

For state superintendent of schools, H. N. Gaines, formerly republican.

For associate justice, T. H. Allen, formerly democrat.

For congressman-at-large, W. A. Harris, ex-confederate, formerly democrat.

FOUR ITALIANS LYNCHED.

They Were Charged With Murdering a Railroad Foreman.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 17.—Four Italians were lynched last night at the camp of Smith Bros., on the line of the Monte Cristo railroad.

A report of the brutal murder of the foreman at Smith Bros.' camp, on the line of the Monte Cristo railway, by four Italians followed by the lynching of the murderers was brought here this evening.

John A. Nelson, a white man, who has lived at Sedro for some time and who has been in the employ of Smith Bros., contractors, was given a position as foreman over the Italian laborers on the grade of the Monte Cristo road.

The statement as given to the correspondent was that Nelson was attacked by the Italians and during the fight an iron bar was driven through his head, killing him instantly.

The white men at the camp, numbering about sixty, became so enraged over the brutal murder that they seized the Italians and in the presence of 150 of their countrymen they lynched the four.

United Workmen Statistics.

HELENA, Mont., June 17.—The supreme lodge, A. O. U. W., is in session here. The report of Supreme Recorder Sackett, which was received, showed a total membership in round numbers of 287,000, a gain during the year of 30,000; the largest ever made in twelve months. Over \$5,000,000 were paid out to the heirs of deceased members, making more than \$40,000,000 to date. The largest jurisdiction is that of New York with 81,000 members; next comes Massachusetts with 28,000, then Missouri with 25,000.

An Odd Petition.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Senator Paddock has presented rather an odd petition signed by S. A. Howe and 110 other citizens of York county, Neb., urging that in future the salaries of all senators and representatives in favor of free and unlimited coinage of silver be paid them in silver and silver only.

Territory Methodists.

GUTHRIE, Ok., June 17.—The Oklahoma and Indian territory conference of the M. E. church south convened here with about 125 ministers and delegates present, and will continue in session until next Monday.

DREADFUL DISASTER.

Collapse of a Bridge Over the Licking River.

Forty-five Workmen Carried Down With-out Warning—Nearly All Killed—The Two Contractors Among the Victims.

CINCINNATI, June 16.—A bridge in course of construction over the Licking river between Covington and Newport, Ky., fell this morning, and of forty-five workmen on the structure, so far as is now known only two escaped unhurt. The high river had washed out the earth about the supports of the false work, and it is said one of the contractors said a day or two ago that he was afraid the structure would not stand under the weight of the heavy material. But still they kept at work.

A force of forty-three men under the direction of Robert and William Baird, the contractors, was engaged in putting in place the heavy iron work on the main span. Suddenly, without warning, there was a crackling sound, a swaying of the structure and a headlong plunge of the whole mass of timber, iron and workmen into the river fifty feet below. Few forms were to be seen struggling on the surface, the others were drowned or crushed by the material.

Those who came out of the wreck uninjured, as nearly as could be learned, were as follows: Murray Bairden and James Caldwell. Others went to their homes and could not be traced.

While most of the workmen were from abroad, there were enough from the vicinity to make the scenes on shore of the most sickening character. Tearful women were to be seen eagerly peering into the countenances of the recovered bodies as they were borne to the shore, and every now and then a pitiful wail of anguish told that some friend or relative had been recognized.

It was slow work to get the bodies from the wreck.

Among the dead were the two contractors, the Baird brothers of Pittsburgh, who were on the bridge with their men superintending the work at the fatal moment. Though it is said that one of them had spoken of fear concerning the safety of the supporter, it appeared by their act yesterday in going with their men that they had no such fear as would keep them from sharing with their men the danger. The body of one was among the first recovered and the other lies buried in the river beneath the ruins of his own work.

The span between the two piers looks to be 350 feet. The height of the truss which was to form the bridge span between these two piers was sixty-five feet above water. False work in piling and timber had been constructed in the river. On the top of this false work the construction of the iron truss began exactly midway between the two piers and the work was pushed from the middle both ways. Five bents or sections of the ponderous iron work had been constructed. Each bent or section was thirty feet long, making nearly half the span. On the top of this was an apparatus known to bridge men as the traveler, which is used to extend the structure from the ends.

A TORNADO IN MAINE.

Eight Lives Lost by the Sinking of a Yacht.

BANGOR, Me., June 16.—What appears to have been a repetition of the Chicago tornado passed over the southern end of this city late yesterday, crossed over the river and went through the city of Brewer. It tore off half a mile of race course fence, destroyed and moved buildings, leveled horse sheds and did other damage.

On the river was the steam launch Annie, which plied between Bangor and Hampden. It had just left the docks with twenty passengers. Rain was falling and the canvassed sides were buttoned down. The wind tore these in and the boat was overturned and sank. On the opposite side of the river lay the four-masted schooner Maria O. Teal of Boston. Mate Norman Meloud lowered away his boat and with four out of the crew rescued six men and three women, while three others swam ashore. The body of Miss Hattie Adams daughter of James Adams, a rich lumberman, has been recovered. Seven bodies are missing.

Seventh Kansas Republicans.

KINGMAN, Kan., June 16.—The republican congressional convention met at 10 o'clock yesterday and effected a temporary organization. It reassembled at 2 o'clock and elected as permanent chairman E. C. Cole, Barton county; secretaries, L. B. Craven, of Scott; George W. Wiley, of Mead, and J. H. McNair, of Sedgwick. Chester I. Long, of Medicine Lodge, and J. W. Jones, of Hutchinson, were placed in nomination. Booth, of Larned county, withdrew and threw his entire strength to Long, who was nominated by a vote of 107 to 55.

Kansas People's Party.

WICHITA, Kan., June 16.—The state convention of the people's party last night nominated L. D. Lewelling, of Wichita, for governor on the second ballot. It also nominated W. D. Vinson for lieutenant-governor, adopted a platform and then took a recess until 9 o'clock this morning.

Wanted to Fight.

OMAHA, June 16.—In the sham battle at the national drill encampment this afternoon the Chicago zouaves and the Dallas light artillery fought on the same side because of a skirmish in the street parade last night, when the zouaves in executing a fancy movement jostled the Texans and were jostled in return, when a zouave cut one of the Texans in the face with his bayonet.

During the battle the two companies collided again, when the Zouaves took the "charge bayonet" pose and the Texans drew their sabers for a rush, but the police interfered and stopped it.

EARNING AN EDUCATION.

Disadvantages of Having to Work One's Way Through College.

The Yale Co-operative society, an organization devoted to the interests of the student body, has just sent out a circular to the business and professional men of New Haven, stating that there are upwards of one hundred young men in the university desirous of securing employment during the hours which they can spare from their attendance upon regular university duties. The circular says they can devote from two to five hours daily to such occupations as collecting bills, directing envelopes, taking care of lawns, cleaning furnaces, etc.

Among those who have enjoyed the privilege of college or university training the question whether a young man can with justice to himself devote any considerable amount of his time while in college to outside work of this nature has often been discussed. There is no question about it in the minds of those whose knowledge of modern college life does not come from experience. They are apt to look with undigested favor upon the young man who "works his way," for there is a certain suggestion of self-dependence and perseverance about the thing that seems to reflect much credit upon him. They love to see him go in and win in spite of the obstacles.

This popular sentiment is very apt to confuse the judgment. In more than one case a young man after being graduated under these circumstances has found himself in a position to seriously debate whether the game was really worth the candle. He has discovered that "working his way" means sacrifices, deprivations, and denials of many things which he went after and which he was entirely justified in supposing would be his. He has found that college life is not entirely composed of books and study, of his professors and class-room exercises; that he has figured the field as filled in with duties while in fact there is a generous portion of it left to choose. This field of choice he has found to his sorrow was cruelly cut in upon by his self-set problem of "working his way." Twelve hours devoted to study and four to addressing envelopes, cleaning out furnaces, and raking over lawns has left him little time for what might be termed the social amenities of college life. The college or university period of a young man is the formative period of his life, and during his four, or seven, or ten years of study he comes in contact with a life, a world it might be called, charged with innumerable influences exerting themselves in a quiet but forcible manner. The great majority of them can be received with safety. The young man who is not constantly on hand to receive these influences may never know that they existed. He may go forth making the sad mistake of thinking he has everything worth taking away. But the social influences that bring him into close contact with classmates and their sympathies and ambitions can not afford to be lost. His classmates and environment teach him as surely and effectively as his professors. He can ill afford to sacrifice that subtle sentiment that binds him to his alma mater for a common cause; it is his first lesson in patriotism, a heritage no college man who possesses it would part with, and he who does not possess it has missed the best part of his college life.

All these questions have in times past faced the young men "who worried their way through college," and many have acknowledged too late that they were not sufficiently considered.

They regretted that they had not made their investment in a field where the returns were less dubious. They have paid dearly in time and money for "learning," but have missed for lack of time and means that which is more valuable, the culture of association with bright minds and the discipline of the broader college life outside of books and the class room.—Waterbury American.

An Early Bird.

First Dude—I'm going to Washington to-morrow.

Second Dude—What train are you going to take?

First Dude—I am going to take the early train that leaves at seven o'clock in the morning, doncher know.

Second Dude—I'd like to see you off, old chappie, but that's too early, yer know. All sensible people are in bed by seven in the morning, yer see.—Texas Siftings.

MARKET REPORTS.

KANSAS CITY, June 17.
CATTLE—Best beefs..... 3 50 @ 4 50
Stocks..... 2 00 @ 3 25
Native cows..... 2 00 @ 3 25
HOGS—Good to choice heavy..... 4 50 @ 5 75
WHEAT—No. 2 red..... 72 @ 74
No. 2 hard..... 65 @ 67
CORN—No. 2 mixed..... 28 1/2 @ 29
OATS—No. 2..... 20 @ 21
RYE—No. 2..... 10 @ 11
FLOUR—Patent, per sack..... 2 00 @ 2 20
Fancy..... 1 90 @ 1 95
HAY—Choice timothy..... 7 00 @ 7 50
Fancy prairie..... 7 00 @ 7 50
POULTRY—Spring chickens..... 10 @ 12
BUTTER—Creamery..... 14 @ 15
CHEESE—Full cream..... 11 @ 12
EGGS—Choice..... 12 @ 12 1/2
POTATOES—New..... 65 @ 69

ST. LOUIS.
CATTLE—Fair natives..... 3 25 @ 4 00
Texans..... 2 80 @ 3 35
HOGS—Heavy..... 4 90 @ 5 10
SHEEP—Fair to choice..... 4 00 @ 5 25
FLOUR—Choice..... 8 10 @ 8 30
WHEAT—No. 2 red..... 82 1/2 @ 84 1/2
CORN—No. 2 mixed..... 43 1/2 @ 44
OATS—No. 2 mixed..... 20 @ 21 1/4
RYE—No. 2..... 7 10 @ 7 25
BUTTER—Creamery..... 14 @ 15
PORE—New..... 11 1/2 @ 12 1/2
LARD—Western steam..... 6 15 @ 6 25

CHICAGO.
CATTLE—Prime to extra..... 4 25 @ 4 55
HOGS—Packing and shipping..... 5 10 @ 5 30
SHEEP—Fair to choice..... 4 75 @ 5 75
FLOUR—Winter wheat..... 8 10 @ 8 30
WHEAT—No. 2 red..... 82 1/2 @ 84 1/2
CORN—No. 2..... 43 @ 44
OATS—No. 2..... 20 @ 21 1/4
RYE—No. 2..... 7 10 @ 7 25
BUTTER—Creamery..... 14 @ 15
PORE—New..... 11 1/2 @ 12 1/2
LARD..... 6 15 @ 6 25

NEW YORK.
CATTLE—Native steers..... 4 00 @ 4 90
HOGS—Good to choice..... 5 10 @ 5 30
FLOUR—Good to choice..... 8 10 @ 8 30
WHEAT—No. 2 red..... 82 1/2 @ 84 1/2
CORN—No. 2..... 43 @ 44
OATS—Western mixed..... 21 @ 22
BUTTER—Creamery..... 14 @ 15
PORK—Old mess..... 10 00 @ 10 75



SYRUP OF FIGS

ONE ENJOYS
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

BUNTING

When you buy Flags you want the best. Government Standard is the best; the largest flag dealers in the U. S. are G. W. SIMMONS & CO., Oak Hall, Boston, Mass. Dealers in Military Uniforms. Write for a Flag Catalogue.

FLAGS.



Tied Down

—the woman who doesn't use Pearlina. She's tied to her work, and tired with it, too. Pearlina makes another woman of her. It washes and cleans in half the time, with half the work. Nothing can be hurt by it, and every thing is saved with it. Pearlina does away with the Rub, Rub, Rub. Pearlina does more than soap; soap gives you more to do.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearlina." IT'S FALSE—Pearlina is never peddled, if your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—send it back.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

LOVELL DIAMOND CYCLES \$85
For Ladies and Gents. Six styles in Pneumatic Cushion and Solid Tires. Diamond Frame, Steel Drop Forgings, Steel Tubing, Adjustable Ball Bearings in all running parts, including Pedals, Suspension Saddle. Strictly HIGH GRADE in Every Particular. Send 6 cents in stamps for our 100-page illustrated catalogue of Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Sporting Goods, etc. JOHN P. LOVELL ARMS CO., Mfrs., 147 Washington St., BOSTON, MASS.

DR. HARTNER'S TINY LIVER PILLS
The smallest Pill in the World! Provided the great Organs of the body are not irreparably injured, there are few diseases that will not cure. By their action the Liver, the Spleen, the Heart and the Kidneys are brought into harmonious action, and health, vigor of mind and body follow their use. Dose small. Price, 25c. Office, 30 Park Place, N. Y.

YOUNG MOTHERS! We Offer You a Remedy which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child. "MOTHER'S FRIEND" Relieves all Stomach Distress. REMOVES Nausea, Sense of Fullness, CONSTIPATION, FATIGUE, REVIVES FAILING ENERGY, RESTORES Normal Circulation, and WARMS TO THE TIPS. DR. HARTNER'S MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

BORE WELLS THE "ONIO" WELL DRILL
Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest. Sold by druggists or sent by mail, 50c. E. T. Haseltine, Warren, Pa. A. N. K.—D. 1400

RISE SUN STOVE POLISH
DO NOT BE DECEIVED with Paraffin, Kerosene, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn off the shining Sun Stove Polish in brilliant, Oily, Durable, and the consumer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.



PROP-A-GATE

Health, wealth and happiness by owning a "CHARTER OAK" Stove. None other will bring you such a maximum of contentment and comfort, nor do its duties as well or so economically.

Most stove dealers keep them. If yours does not, write direct to manufacturer.

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.

IF

You can't find what you want in your home get on the train and come to our mammoth Goods Establishment. If you can't come, then for samples (no charge for samples), and order you want by mail. We guarantee satisfaction.

Bullone, Moore, Ferrigno & Co. KANSAS CITY. WE WANT THE NAME OF EVERY SUBSCRIBER FROM

HAY-FEVER OR ASTHMA

P. HAROLD HAYES, M.D., 715 MAIN STREET, BUFFALO, N.Y.

WE WANT THE NAME OF EVERY SUBSCRIBER FROM