GUBRENT COMMENT.

Az American company has leased Aboukir Bay from the Egyptian Goverament to grow oysters.

THERTY prisoners in the reform ool at Pontiac, Ill., escaped recently by cutting a hole through the floor.

CAPTAIN GLEADELL, of the noted White Star steamship Germanic, died of apoplexy during the vessel's last trip to New York.

A BILL has been reported to the Sonate for the purchase of G. W. F. Trav-is' life size oil painting of Abraham Lincoln for \$15,000.

An engineer and a captain have en arrested at Portsmouth, England, been arrested at Portsmouth, England, for showing an American over secret parts of Spithead forts.

A PARIS firm has produced porous glass for window panes. The pores are too fine to admit a draught, but they assist in ventilation.

DEER are fast being exterminated in the mountains of Oregon, and the Legislature will be asked to adopt meas ures for their preservation.

THE Czar and Czarina of Russia were recently in the capital of the province of Kooban in Caucasia. The Cossacks received them well.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL GARLAND turned to Washington on the 2d from Hominy Hill, Ark. His general health was said to have been improved.

IT seems to be now settled that the authorized life of Peter Cooper is to be written by Mrs. Susan N. Cooper, principal of the Cooper Institute art schools.

A MOVEMENT for the appointment of English workingmen as justices of the peace has resulted in the selection of several with satisfactory results, and and it is being pushed still further.

"THE Fatal Illness of Frederick the Noble" is to be the title of Sir Morell Mackenzie's new book, which is expected to be ready for publication about the end of the present month.

THE Atchison directors have declared a dividend of one-half of one per cent. The dividend last quarter was one and a half per cent. This action saves the road's record as a dividend payer.

Two students of Vienna being hopelessly embarrassed financially shot themselves dead recently by mutual agreement in the suburbs of the city. Neither of them had available assets and resolved to die rather than face their creditors.

THERE was a large meeting of single tax supporters of Cleveland and Thurman at the Cooper Union, New York. on the 5th. Henry George presided. and W. G. Sherman, the well-known lawyer, was the principal speaker. Mr. Sherman is a recent convert to the George doctrine.

THE Senate Committee on Epidemic port on Mr. Call's bill authorizing the President to appoint a commission of scientific experts to investigate the causes and ascertain, if possible, a means of preventing the introduction of yellow fever into the United States.

THE examination of Prof. Geffecken closed at Berlin on the 2d. The case was remitted to the Supreme Court at Leipsic. Ball was refused. It was stated that in the search of Prof. Geffecken's house at Hamburg, letters from Mr. Gladstone, Dr. Morell Mackenzie and several prominent Frenchmen were found.

A sensation has been created in Vienna owing to the fact that Emperor William neglected to confer decorations upon Hungarian Premier Tisza, while several minor officials were unexpectedly decorated. The cause of the Kaiser's snubbing Tisza is a mystery, unless it be the recollection of his old speeches in sympathy with the young man's father, the late Emperor

THE City Council of Council Bluffs has been enjoined by the courts from issuing any more intersection sewerage and paving bonds. Under the arter they are allowed to issue 6225,000 in bonds for city improvements. They have issued \$150,000 in excess of that amount already. The streets of the city are badly torn up, and work is practically stopped on account of the injunction.

THE late Prof. Richard A. Proctor will be greatly mourned in England. Of him Edmund Yates says that he was perhaps more widely known than any other scientific man of the day. "As a lecturer he was unsurpassed. His fugit've articles, conversations and letters have familiarized outsiders with the deepest thoughts of experts.

A very potent force and stimulating factor is extinguished."

THE twenty Mormon children, who arrived in New York recently from Liverpool, were sent on their way to Salt Lake City, Utah, after detention for a few days. They were to have been returned to England, but Collector lagone ordered their release after investigation and securing from the the steamship company a bond guarentecing that the children should not come a public charge.

THE late M. Duclere, who was a Senstor and for a time Prime Minister of ice, was in boyhood a printer's devil in a newspaper office. He worked his way up until he became one of the coding editorial writers in France. Then be entered political life under the patronage of M. Garnier Pages, the elder. During the second empire he retired to private life and amassed fine fortune by "promoting" com-

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned by Tolograph and Mai

CONGRESSIONAL. THE Senate on the 2d considered the resolution offered by Mr. Call providing for additional legislation in relation to yellow fever and other contagious diseases. It was referred to the Committee on Epidemic Diseases. The conference report on the General Deficiency bill provoked much discussion regarding affairs in Utah, when the report was agreed to, the Senate insisting on its disagreement to certain items.... The House passed with amendments the Senate bill to allow persons who had abandoned or relinquished their homestend entries to make other entries. The yellow fever joint resolution appropriating \$100,000 was adopted. In the Senate on the \$8d Mr. Allison introduced the substitute to the Mills Tariff bill

troduced the substitute to the Mills Tariff bil as prepared by the majority of the Finance Committee, and Mr. Sherman obtained leave to Committee, and Mr. Sherman obtained leave to address the Senate on the subject. The Henet circular was again under discussion without action, Mr. Cockrell taking the occasion to defend the Administration. In the House Mr. Burnes, of Missouri, presented the conference report of the Deficiency Appropriation bill, but the House adjourned without taking action

AFTER the transaction of routine business on the 4th the Senate took up Mr. Hale' resolution on General Henet's circular as to dis resolution on General Henet's circulater debate charges from arsenals, etc., which, after debate the Renate bill relating to charges from arsenals, etc., which, after debate, was agreed to. The Senate bill relating to classification of post-offices was passed. A further conference was ordered on the Deticiency bill and the Senate adjourned until Monday... The House passed the Senate bill providing for the use of petroleum as fuel on steamers not carrying passengers, rejected the conference report on the Deficiency bill and then adjourned.

THE Senate was not in session on the 5th... The House was in session for the consideration of private bills, a number of which were considered in Committee of the Whole.

were considered in Committee of the Whole On all objectionable bills the point of no quo-rum was successfully made, and consequently but little business was transacted. At the evening session twenty-seven pension billi-passed, and the House adjourned until Monday

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL P. D. Widdinton, of California, has been unanimously selected by the executive committee of the American party to illi the vacancy occasioned by Judge Greer's declination of the Vice-Presidential nomi-

Emperor of Austria at Vienna on the 3d. The city was decorated and the Emperor

met with an enthusiastic reception.

THERE being no opposition the elec-tion for Governor and State officers passed off quietly in Georgia on the 3d. Governor Gordon and the others officials were re-elected. The amendment to the Constitution increasing the number of apreme Court Judges from three to five was adopted. AT a recent meeting of the Philadelphia

Baptist Association some little flutter was caused by a letter from the church at Lower Merion, which announced that Robert J. Burdette, the well known humorist, had been licensed to preach.

THE reception to Mr. Blaine at Adrian,
Mich., on the 4th, was a bonanza for pick-

pockets and robberies ranging as high as \$200 were reported. The police by mis-take arrested John Ritchie, of the Chicago bureau of the Associated Press, and Frank Crawford, of the New York World, on sus Mas. Forson, the mother-in-law of the President, is back in Washington from a

risit to Mrs. Lamont in Maine.
THE Tageblatt says it learns that Emperor William disagreed with Prince Bis-marck as to the advisability of criminally was also displeased with Bismarck's re-port on the affair. The Chancellor, the Tageblatt says, threatened to resign if the course suggested by him were not fol-

THE funeral of ex-Assistant Postmaster-General Richard A. Elmer occurred b New York City on the 4th. Only four votes were cast in Georgia against General Gordon for Governor in

DELEGATIONS from Grand Rapids and luskegon, Mich., from Tiffin, O., and from Jay County, Ind., were received on masse by General Harrison at Indianapolis on the 4th.

Coquetan and Mme. Jane Hading, the Ton Kino, the noted English pugilish who defeated Jem Mace in 1802, died in

GRORGE RUDD, a New York artist, is missing in Italy and is believed to have been lost in the Alps BENATOR SHERMAN, in a recent letter to

Erastus Wiman, advocated a political union with Canada. He did not think the present time appropriate for commercia

THE monument to General Pickett was unvailed at Richmond, Va., on the 5th. JUDGE BREWER has appointed Henry C. Cross, of Emporia, Kan., and George A. Eddy, of Leavenworth, Kan., receivers for the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway. The bond has been placed at \$200,000. The real control of the road will be entirely under Judge Brower.

NATIVES have informed the British agents at Zanzibar that the quarrel with ence with native customs and that the s directed against the German East Africa Company, the German Government being held in the highest respect.

SENATOR BECK returned to Washington

on the 6th. His health is considerably im-proved, but he will not resume Senatorial duties for the present. JUDGE THURMAN visited President Cleve-

land on the 6th. His presence in Washngton was for the purpose of arguing the EDWARD MARTIN, editor of the Times Union, of Jacksonville, Fin., died on the 7th. New cases for the day, 33; deaths, 9.

Total cases to date, 3,151; deaths, 205. MRS. J. B. CHILD, wife of the United States Minister to Siam, died October 4 on board the Inman line steamer, City of Chicago, The body was landed at New York.

The following formal notice has been issued by Collector of Customs Hager at favor of a rigid enforcement of the Prohi-San Francisco: "No Chinese return cerbition laws. The editor was shot in the tificates will hereafter be issued and the arm and two of the employee in the neck

NATE SALISBURY, the noted actor and manager, is co-respondent in a divorce suit in New York City, brought by Frank B. Ely against his wife May.

POLICE INSPECTOR BONFIELD, of Chicago, has been awarded \$5,000 damages for libel against Dr. George B. Cunningham in connection with the shooting of Dr. Thomas Waugh in September, 1885. THE schooner Albatross, for whose safe-ty considerable fear had been felt, was re-

rted safe at Ludington, Mich. THE steamboat pilots who reccently oined the Knights of Labor at Pittsburgh, Pa., have presented a scale of wages to the river coal men. The scale provides for a yearly salary of \$1,600, with \$2,200 for captain and pilot combined.

EDDY & STREET, dealers in cotton yarns, Providence, R. I., have failed with liabililes estimated at \$100,000.

James B. Curtis, aged fifty-five years of Salamanea, N. Y., shot himself through the head recently in a New York hotel. He left a note stating that he was crasy. Finz broke out the other night in the J. P. Quinn dry goods store at Little Rock. Ark., and the entire stock and building were burned. The stock was valued at \$130,000 and insured for \$75,000. The fire

was the work of an incendiary.

Since oyster-planting and the leasing of oyster beds has been regulated by the Government the industry has grown rapidly in importance, until now, in New York State, about 7,000 men and \$6,000,000 capital are employed in it.

MIDS BLLA BARRS, an English wom the author of several successful stories for young people, was recently stung under the eye by a bee and applied some simple remedy. The swelling did not go down, and in a short time she awoke from sleep in a convulsive fit and died within a

At the Roman charlot races at the fair grounds, Kutstown, Pa., on the 5th, the torses became unmanageable and dashed among the spectators. Quite a number of s were seriously injured, two fa-

THERE were 52 new cases of yellow fever and six deaths at Jacksonville on the 5th The weather was warm but the cases were generally mild.

Thomas PRILLIPS, a wealthy landowner of Mississippi County, Ark., was killed recently by one of his tenants in a business difficulty.

J. M. RAUSDALE, hardware and imple-

ment dealer of Greenville, Tex., has been closed up by his creditors. His liabilities are \$55,000, and his assets \$35,000. dealer of Greenville, Tex., has been THE Washington monument is ready for

SHALL-POX was reported spreading at Foronto, Out.

THE twelfth annual congress of the

American Secular Association open Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 5th. A good authority of the crops in the Northwest says that the Minnesota and Dakota yield will be between 40,000,000 and 45,000,000 bushels, and that nine-tenths of it will be delivered out of the farmers

hands by November 30. Business failures (Dun's report) for the seven days ended October 4 numbered 211, as compared with 20 the previous week and 212 the corresponding week of last

Much damage to fishing vessels and consequent loss of life have occurred in the North ses as a result of violent storms.

By a collision between a wild train and a passenger train in a deep cut near Han-nibal, N. Y., the other morning, an engineer was killed and five train men hurt. Both engines were completely wrecked and much other damage was done.

At a wake at Racine, Wis., the other night three persons drank embalming fluid by mistake for beer. One will die.

W. S. King, bookkeeper for the Brunswick-Balke Billiard Company, Chicago, has been arrested for embezzling \$3,000. James Hilger, the firm's collector, is also

THE Theater Royal, of Dundee, Scotand, was burned the other night. No one was in it at the time.

THE dearness of money checked business

on the London Stock Exchange during the week ended October 6, and a further rise in the bank rate of discount was feared. The Paris Bourse was depressed. The Jerman bourses were dull and weak. Four hundred kegs of powder and 2,500

pounds of dynamite in a magazine near Roanoke, Va., exploded the other day. No one was hurt, but considerable damage THE cruiser Baltimore was launched suc cessfully at Philadelphia on the 6th. Mrs. Theodore Wilson, wife of the chief of the

bureau of construction, christened THE employes of the Yerkes street ca system on the North Side, Chicago, struck on the 6th. The strikers were peaceable the first day of the strike, but a row the

Captain Shanck to introduce "scabs" int he yards in the guise of special policemen. CLEARING house returns for the week ended October 6 showed an average in crease of 18.9 compared with the corresponding week of last year. In New York the increase was 20.0. The increase re-

national Exhibition at Brussels there have been awarded fifteen diplomas d'honneur, twenty-six gold medals, six silver medal and three brenze medals of progress. Prizes have been awarded to MacCoy of Brooklyn for pasumatic tools and the Indurated Fibre Company of Mechanicaville

for paper pipes. the Massachusetts State Board of Lunacy and Charity and F. Sanborn, inspector of charities of the board, regarding the care and treatment of insane poor, has cul-

laying of the foundation stone of the Polish Catholic Church at Reading, Pa., on the 7th. Just as the paster commenced his address the flooring gave way, the mass of people being precipitated to the at the time. basement. About 100 persons were injured, some fatally.

By a collision on the B. & O., on the morning of the 7th, near Dickerson, W. three trainmen were killed and six injured. The passengers of the Cincinnati & St. Louis express had a miraculous es-

ADDITIONAL DISPATCHES

AT a point two miles east of Washington, Ind., the other night a freight train on the Ohio & Mississippi railway struck a cow, ditching the engine and causing a bad wreck. The engineer was killed.
THE whole of the new embankment of the Yellow river at Chan Chou, China,

that cost over \$0,000,000, has been swept ostility shown is entirely personal and away by the recent floods. From 800 to 1,000 laborers, who were on the bank, were swept away and drowned. ARRAM HEWITT has accepted his renon

instion by the County Democracy for mayor of New York. He declared his in-

tention to support the National ticket.

By an error in preparing for publication the additions to the free list contained in the substitute Tariff bill reported by the Senate/Committee on Finance it was made to appear that opium for smoking had been freed from duty. As a matter of fact the substitute bill expressly prohibits the importation of such opium. The item addng eggs to the free list was also a mistake ggs are at present on the free list and the committee is considering about placing

a duty upon them. An attempt was made to assassinate W H. Edmonds, the editor of the Hot Blast, in his office. The trouble grew out of the enmity aroused by the Hot Blast's war in Chinese bureau will remain closed to the and side. The parties who did the shoot public from this date."

THE Supreme Court of Utah has entered final judgment in the case of the United States against the Mormon Church which was pending to dissolve the church cor-poration and have its property declared secheated to the Government. The decision was in favor of the Government, and the case will now be contested in the Su-

the case will now be contested in the Su-preme Court of the United States.

For fifty-five days almost steady rain has poured down in Colletan County, S. C., and the people have been unable to make crops. Prior to the rain there was four months' drought.

MRS. CHLOR LARGPORD, mother-in-law

died in St. Paul recently, aged ninety

DELEGATE CAIRE has been renominated to Congress by the Mormons of Utah.

THE Senate on the 5th passed the House joint resolution for an inquiry into the aqueduct scandal. The Senate then discussed the Tariff bill. The House passed the tariff bill. the Senate bill for the disposal of the Fort Wallace military reservation in Kansas; also a bill to constitute Lincoln, Neb., a

port of delivery, and a bill to reimburse

J. W. Patterson, late postmaster at Humboldt, Kan., for money stolen.

At a conference of several Democratic
members of the Committee on Ways and
Means on the 8th it was decided that it
would not be politic under the present
conditions for the House to send any
resolution of adjournment to the Senate.

NEBRASKA STATE NEWS.

A GERBAN at Van Court & Lamist's quarry at Weeping Water was terribly burned the other morning by the explosion of half a keg of powder, which stood near him, and into which it is supposed he threw the match he had just used in lighting a

OMAHA DAYS \$26,400 per annum for light.

eloped at Nelson.

A GAMBLER at Grant recently succeeded The official took both the tools and the

A B. & M. aprorat east bound train carrying the company bridge inspectors left Loup City the other morning and had gone about four miles when the side-rod on the engine drive-wheels broke and crashed through the cab, barely missing the engineer, who reversed the engine and with the fireman jumped out. The train was running at a rapid speed, but all escaped with a few bad bruises. The heavy rod nearly demolished the cab, besides knocking a hole in the boiler, which dis-

abled the engine.
THE Union Pacific and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul roads propose to run one solid train each way daily between Chicago and Denver via Omaha. The Union Pacific overland flyer will be resumed October 15, with about its former time.

VANDALS at Ashland have been robbing the graves in the cemetery of their plants.
PLATTE COUNTY's schools have furnished employment the past year to thirty-five male and sixty-one female teachers, the aggregate salaries amounting to \$20,470.00. The entire cost of the schools was \$100,-

An old German woman known Teenie," who had lived at Columbus for a number of years in the most abject poverty, was recently evicted from the shanty where she made her home. It was then discovered that the place was filled with quantities of good clothes, and a bag was found containing a large amount of

THERE are only a few buildings left on the old town site of Lindsay, and they will

W. B. HAILs & prominent citizen and on of the oldest settlers, was run over by the north-bound Missouri Pacific passenger train at Nebraska City the other afternoon and instantly killed. He was seventyeight years old.

THE other day when the St. Paul b cart team was running a wet test in the firemen's tournament at Ord, John Phillips, son of the proprietor of the Commercial Hotel, St. Paul, fell and he wheel of the hose cart ran over his head, inflicting what it was feared were fatal injuries.

P. M. PETERBON, a farmer living near Brewster, attempted suicide in his room at a hotel in Grand Island the other evening by shooting himself in the back of the neck. The bullet lodged in the brain and all attempts to locate it failed. He said that he recently proved up on his claim money to a married woman living in Brewster, who was to have met him at Grand Island and they were going to Kan-sas together. He had been drinking neavily and spent all his money, which added to the non-appearance of the woman, aused his attempt at suicide.

FRANK HOLLINGSWORTH, & prominent nerchant of Hastings, recently caused the arrest of W. H. Crabb, of Curtis, on the charge of obtaining \$22,000 worth of mer-chandise under false pretence. Crabb gave Hollingsworth a section of land to

which he had no title.

JAMES TUTTLE, an Omaha mail carrier and who had for some years been an employe of Her & Co., was arrested the other morning for stealing nearly a thousand dollars worth of liquor which he had stored away, being afraid to dispose of it. In his room two bundles of letters, which he had opened and robbed, were dis covered.

The actual cost of all the railways in Nebraska, excluding their stocks, "water-ed" or otherwise, is placed by the State Board at \$106,120,074, but their aggregate net earnings last year were only \$7,467,963, or a fraction over four per cent, on the capital invested.

THE other day Mrs. Lulu Poffenberger, of Blue Springs, killed her two children aged one and four years, by tying a cord tightly around their necks and then shot herself. She left a note stating that she felt herself going crazy and saw no brigh future for her children and would take them with her. Her husband was absent

lated in Creighton during the county fair. THE hospital at the Genoa Indian school is almost ready for occupancy, but there

are no patients to use it. A Longe of the Knights of the Golden Eagle was instituted at Cedar Rapids re cently with twenty-six charter members A rew days ago an attempt was made to poison the family of Judge Allen, at Madison. During the night some mis-creant placed a lot of "Rough on Eats" in

the bulb of the force pump. In the morn-ing she girl pumped a pail of water, but not liking the looks of it threw the water away and pumped a second pailful, which she took into the house. Judge Allen and all the members of his household who par took of the water soon showed the effects of the poison, but medical aid relieved A BARN containing three horses.

mule and two buggies, with other articles was burned at Hampton the other day There was a drunken man sleeping in the barn the night before, but he had not been seen or heard from since, and it is supposed he perished in the fire

PENSIONS recently granted Nebraskans Original invalid, Christian Ottoman, Sidney; Philander G. Woodworth, Wahoo; Amos Thurlow, South Omaha; J. Christy Golson, Moulton; Julius Eisemann, Cottonwood Springs. Reissue, Daniel B. Bennett, Columbus, Gondon has been troubled with burglars

recently. Half a dozen business places have been raided by the thieves. N. TIBBETTS, & Sheridan County farmer clipped off one of his big toes while chop ping wood the other day.

GRORGE WASHINGTON is a deserter from the ranks of the Ninth cavalry at Fort

DESHLER is to have a new bank The other night at nine o'clock, while Dr. Edgar, wife and two children, were driving home to Edgar from the Clay Cen-ter fair, the team became frightened and ran away. Dr. Edgar was thrown out and considerably injured. The others jumped out, Mrs. Owen Edgar striking on her head and dislocating her neck. She died

HARRY L. BENNETT, a footsore bungry tramp, was taken in and cared for by W. G. Willoughby, of Harvard, several weeks ago. After being fed for ten days and allowed to recuperate, he paid his benefactor by stealing a watch and skip-

OGALALLA will soon vote on the question of issuing bonds for the purpose of con-

structing a system of water works.

B. F. Ferren, proprietor of the Davenport Hotel of Fremont, is missing. He
left home the other morning, telling his
wife he was going to Omaha to collect a
bill of \$70 which was due him on a hay account, and was last heard of in that city. He owed considerable money, and when he left he took about \$125 in cash from the house, leaving his wife only about three dollars to run the hotel. His creditors have attached his property.

A LATE incendiary fire at Wood River destroyed the lumber yard of Douglass & Cass, together with two teams, wagons and harness. Loss about \$8,000.

THE citizens of Crete are busily engaged in an effort to raise \$15,000 for the benefit

A LONG DUMP.

Huge Pile of December Wheat Thrown Into the Chicago Market

Belief That "the Boys" Have Been Go ing a Little Too Fast-Pailure at St. Louis.

A New York Bear Caught in the Equees Commits Suicida-The British Grain Trade.

Curcago, Oct. 9,-There was a huge pile long wheat dumped into the pit vesterorning and December was generally counted a sale. The market opened at \$1.22 and gradually ran down during the first hour to \$1.19. Hutchinson seemed to anticipate the temper of the market, for he had his brokers in the pit selling heavily from the first tap of the bell and the crowd followed suit, and the result was the depression. No one seemed to know just what the situation in December wheat was. The Fairbanks crowd is said to be 5,000,000 long, but it is too early to run & corner and instead of having people set-tling with them they are too apt to have the wheat delivered to them, and just what they will do with it no one seems to know. Hutchinson is said to be short of December and a seller of May, but his large sales of the former month would hardly bear this statement out. A largely increased stock in New York and 2,000 cars on the track at Minneapolis had more or less to do with the depression. The day was one of rapid fluctuations between \$1.17% and \$1.19%. Quite a number of people believed on general principles that the price had been boomed too fast and too high and they were prepared to

In corn there was what the boys call a "razzle dazzle." and the suspicion that there was an effort being made to shake out the longs and increase the shorts was confirmed. Baldwin went in and pounded November down to 44% cents without selling much, and then under instructions from "Hutch" bought all there was for sale, bringing the price up to the cents in to see that the old man was trying to catch them short on November, and then have fun with them, and they refused to be coaxed. The market remained unsettled all day. November corn closed at 45 cents.

There was a moderate trade in provisions and sellers of pork were scattering and the principal buyers were Kirkwood, Roloson and Singer. The impression pro-vailed in the pit that Fairbanks had been scretly trying to unload his lard during the last few days.

SUIT AGAINST THE SUGAR TRUST. NEW YORK, Oct. 9. - Judge O'Brien ye terday granted permission to Attorney-General Charles F. Tabor to bring an action against the Havemeyer & Elder Sugar Refining Company to annul its charter The Attorney-General has appointed General Roger A. Pryor as counsel to represent him in this matter.

Edmund H. Sentenne makes the pal affidavit in the case. He recites that 1887, for the purpose of arbitrarily con-trolling the manufacture and sale of sugar, increasing its price and controlling the management of all refineries. In October last the trust deed was executed and Havemever's refinery under the trust easted under the control of the trustees. The combination suspended and closed! several refineries connected with the trust | pound and 40 per cent. ad val and threw out of employment and reduced to want a large number of workingmen. The combination is alleged to be illegal monopoly and a criminal conspiracy under the laws of the State of New York and to e oppressive to its people and detrimental and of the United States. By becoming a vided, 14 cents a square yard, and in addit

BRITISH GRAIN TRADE. LONDON, Oct. 9.—The Mark Lane Extrade during the past week, says: "De-creased deliveries of native wheats, comcreased deliveries of native wheats, combined with the bad condition of samples, has caused an advance in London of 2 shillings for the finest white wheats and 1 shilling for red wheat. Provincial values are also strong. The sales of English wheat during the week were 60,534 quarters. wheat during the week were 60,534 quarters at 30 shillings 7 pence, against 70,509 quarters at 28 shillings 7 pence during the coassincation for daty and a square yard, and 6 per centum ad valorem (2 cents and 4 per centum ad valorem as quarters at 28 shillings 7 pence during the classification for daty and a square yard, and 6 per centum ad valorem as quarters at 28 shillings 7 pence during the classification for daty and the per centum ad valorem (3 cents and 4 per centum ad valorem (3 cents and 4 per centum ad valorem (3 cents and 4 per centum ad valorem (4 cents and 4 per centum ad valorem (4 cents and 4 per centum ad valorem (5 cents and 5 ce are 9 pence better. Linseed, ex-ship, has isen I shilling."

St. Louis, Oct. 9. Quite a sensation was reated on 'Change yesterday morning by the announcement that Jake Ewald, one of the best known operators on the floor, had a leading bull on wheat until he thought it had reached the maximum price, when he sold heavily and the result is serious embarrassment. It is claimed that he will come out all right, being temporarily una-ble to realize. Rumors are rife of other serious embarrassments on the floor.

SQUEEZED TO DEATH. New York, Oct. 9.—Francis W. Wilsanking house of Williams, Black & Co., committed suicide at the Grand Union Hotel yesterday. The firm was squeezed in the Hutchinson deal in Chicago and suspended September 29, but railied and opened for business October 1. It is said to have lost heavily although still solvent.

CARRIAGE WORKERS FAIL. RACINE, Wis., Oct. 9.-James T. Clark & Co., carriage manufacturers, failed yesterday. The liabilities are about \$200,000, Dull business is given as the cause. Nothing definite is known as to the assets.

-It was an evil day for China when her

tea merchants began to tamper with the quality of the commodity which has long formed her principal article of export to the Western world. The progressive deterioration in Chinese teas has encouraged the production of that article elsewhere to such an extent that India and Ceylon have every year been growing more formidable rivals of the Celestials; and if the consumption of Assam and Ceylonese teas goes on increasing in future as it has done in late years the tea trade of China will ere long be only of secondary importance, so far as foreign tea drinkers are con-cerned. In addition to the East Indies, a new rival has appeared in the colony of Natal, in South Africa. It is only six or seven years ago that an English settler there planted a few acres with tea. His first crop, produced in 1881, amounted to only 500 pounds weight. Last year the production had so increased that Natal sent about 100,000 pounds weight of tes to sent about 100,000 pounds weight of tea to market. The new industry is, in fact proving so profitable that it is fast spreading in the colony, and ere long we may expect to find Natal teas competing wit those of India, Ceylon and China in the London market. The tea trade of China is, however, far from being yet irretrievably ruined; but unless the native authorities enforce with rigor the recent ordinances against adulteration, the expertation of Chinase leaf to the Anglo-Saror nations will be inevitably doomed.—London Standard BENATE TARIFF BILL

The Sebettiete For the Mills Tariff 1811 at Recommended By the Majority of the Sonate Committee on Phance. Washington, Oct. 2.—Mr. Allison, from

the Committee on Figure, reported back to the Senate to-day the House Tariff bill with an amendment in the nature of a substitute. It was placed on the calendar and ordered to be printed. He said that the majority and minority reports, to ac-company the bill, would be filed to-morrow or Friday, and gave notice that he would call up the bill for consideration on Monday next.

The substitute for the Mille' Tariff bill embedies an entire revision of the tariff schedules and the administrative features of the present law proposing the re-enact-ment of all such features as, in the opinion of the majority of the committee, ought not to be changed.

According to the estimates made by the

committee, the bill provides for a total reduction of about seventy-five million dollars, mate up approximately as follows: Sugar, \$.7.750,000; free list, \$6.50,000; to-bacco, internal revenue, \$24.500,000; alcohul in the arts, \$7,000,000; other reductions

in customs, \$8,000,000. The majority and minority reports will be submitted formally to-morrow and will be then made public.

The following synopsis contains all the changes as compared with the present law, the rates by the present law being given in parenthesis with each item when the article is not enumerated in existing law). The following are the additions to the

Acorns, dried, cured or undeted. Barris sulphase of, or barytes unmanufactured.

Hooks and pamphiets printed exclusively in languages other than English. Branca praits, flats, laces, etc., for ornament-Bristles, raw or unmanufactured, builts and

bulbous roots not edible. Chicory root, raw, dried or undried, but un-Coul, slack or culm, roal tar, crude; curting stone handles, Currents, scante or other dried; dandellon roots, dried or ondried, but unground. Eggs and yelks; feathers and down of

nds, crude and unmanufactured. Jute, jute butts, manufia ramie, sissal grass, sunn. All other textile or fibrous substances unmanufactured or undressed Floor matting, known as Chinese matting.
Grease or ods sich as are commonly used in
scap making or mine drawing, etc.
Human hair raw, uncleased and not drawn.

Mineral waters not specially enumerated. Moiasses tested not above 6 degrees. Office oil for manufacturing or mechanical purposes. Nut ou or ou of nuts.

Opium, crude or unmanufactured for smoking.

Potash, crude carbonate. Potash, caustic or hydrate. Potash, nitrate of, or suitpetre. Pot-ash, sulphate of. Potash, chiorate of. Rags all notenumerated. Hemp seed. Rape seed. Spongs. Sand. Tar and pitch of w tures of wool, the classification of wools

other like anima's, if cents a pound, (10 to 30 cents.) Wools of the third class, exceeding in value 12 cents a pound, (6 cents a pound.) | Pop tion against the Havemeyer & Elder Sugar Subbing and all other wastes composed wholly Refining Company to annul its charter or in part of wood or worsted. We conta a pound.)

This company, with thirteen others, is a member of the sugar trust combination.

All woods and hair of the alpaca, goat or other member of the sugar trust combination. cess of manufacture beyond the washed or scoured condition, not otherwise enumerated, or provided for in this act, shall be subject to the diffidavit in the case. He recites that is sugar trust was formed in August, for the purpose of arbitrarily consiling the manufacture and sale of sugar, pound,) and in addition thereto 35 per cent advances. valorem (% cents and P and 40 percent.) Above 40 cents and not exceeding 60 cents a pound, 35 cents 2 pound and 40 per cent, ad valorem (35 and 4) cents and 35 end 40 per cent.). Above (3) cents a pound, 4) cents a pound and 40 per cent, ad valorem. Fiannels, blankets, hats, etc., valued at above 60 cents a pound, 40 cents a

So per cent, and 35 cents and 40 per cent i. Women's and children's dress goods. Italian cloths, etc., made part of wool and valuad at not exceeding to cents a square yard, 6 cents a square yard, 40 per cent, ad valorem, 5 cents and 35 per cent.) Containing as admixture of defendants have violated the law, transpersent and value of the cents and 3) defendants have violated the law, transpersent and 7 cents and 40 per cent, according to value.) Provided that all goods of the ch racter enumerated or described in this para-graph weighing over four ounces a square yard, shall pay a duty of 40 cents a pound and 40 per LONDON, Uct. 9.—The Mark Lane Ex-press, in its review of the British grain women's and children's dress coods. Italian cloths, and composed wholly of wool, 14 cents a

shilling. Foreign wheats are irregular at an average rise of 9 pence in London. Spot wheat in Liverpool has advanced 4 pence per cental. Corn is quiet. Foreign oats are 9 pence better. Linseed, ex-ship, has Clonks, dolmans, jackets, etc , except knit goods composed wholly or in part of wood, made up wholly or in part.) 45 cents a pound and 4 per cent. at valorem (45 cents and 45 per cent.) Endiess belts or felts for paper or Jrint machines. 30 cents a pound and 45 per cent. ad valorem (20 cents and 35 per cent.)

Schedule F. Serger, 10 cents.

the best known operators on the floor, had been caught in the wheat deal squeeze and thirteen Dutch standard in color: Tank bottoms, was financially embarrassed. He had been syrups of cane juice or of beet juice meidda. concrete and conecatrated molasses testing by polariscope, not above 70 degrees, 7-Decents a pound (now 145-160 cents and every additional degree shows, by polariscope 2100 cents addi-tional now 4-100 cents.) tional now 4-120 cents) All sugars above number thirteen and not above number sixteen, 1% cents (now 24 75-10)

cents) All sugar above number sixteen sast not above number twenty, 1% cents (now 3 cents) All sugars above number twenty 2 cents (now 2% cents) Molasses testing above cents (new 2's cents.) Molasses testing above 56 degrees, 4 cents a gailon (new 8 cents.) Sugar candy and all confectionery, including checolate confectionery made wholly or in part of sugar valued at 12 cents or less a pound and on sugars after being refined when tinctured, colored or in any way adulterated, 5 cents a pound (new 5 and 10 cents.) Glucose or grape

Floods in Switzerland. BRRNE, Oct. 3.-Owing to beavy rains, foods have occurred throughout Switzer-land and a number of railways have been damaged to such an extent as to cause inceruptions in traffic.

-Little men are invariably good story tellers. They are hearty laughers, they are quick to see the humorous side of any question, and they relish a joke, even if it is at their own expense. They make the firmest friends, and adhere to those whom they like through thick and thin. They are seldom quarrelsome and never conceited. They are often sensitive, but quickwitted people generally are. Altogether, they are the best folks in the world to get along with.

- "Would you advise me to take the lecture platform?" asked an ambitious youth of Major Pond, the well-known ecture manager, after boring him haif an hour with his conversation on how to please the public. "I would." replied the Major! "I would advise you to take the platform way out into the depths of the forest, far removed from the habitations of man, and there, amid those dim, unpeopled solitudes, speak your little piece." left at once. - Texas Siftings.

-The war times of long and forced marches were the times that tried men's soles.-N. Q. Picayune.

THE MINORITY REPORT.

Report of the Minurity of the Senate Pro-nance Committee on the New Torid Bill. WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—The report of the mi corty of the Senate Finance Committee on the substitute Tariff bill makes a document of twire printed pages. It because with the statement that in the preparation of the substitute for the House tall no member of the minority of the committee was consulted or informed as to its provisions until it was reported to the full committee September 2: it rections the work of the sub-committee in hearing the statements, arguments and appeals of manufacturers and others who demand that the proent high rate of tariff taxation shall be tained and in most instances prompted not by

pose of increasing their own profits at the ex-pense of 60 miles that pavers."

Continuing it says It is safe to say that all the interests benefited by a higher protective tariff have been fully heard and have had much influence in shaping this substitute, while the great tody of the people—the tax payers and the victums of this policy—have not appeared and have not been heard. It is said that the short time that the appetitute has been in the hands of the majority they have found it difficult to ascertain its cifeet, but the difference between the House bill and the Senate substitute is apparent and radical at the outset in the matter of revenue. The one is framed in the interests of the public treasury, the other in the interest of private pocaets. The one is framed in the interest of the whole people; the other in the interest of \$60,000 manufacturers. The one is designed to reduce both Government revenue. and taxation—the taxation especially which bears beaviest on the necessaries of life the other is intended to raise public revenue, in deed, but to maintain private revenues, increas

The minority say the substitute bill is frame. at the expense mainly of the farming class, and the bill se full of tricks by which this is ac-complished, though not apparently so. In-stances are recited and the report says: Can ingenuity go further? That bargers iron should be raised from ab per cent to 6; per cent that table cutlery for the poor should be raised by specific rates added to ad valorem; that knives the state of the specific rates added to ad valorem; ald be heavier taxed and made cheaper for the \$2.0 grade and descer for the \$15 grade to making each pay \$10 and \$25 per cent, ad valor em-all there and more are no longer starting and prepare the mind for a thousand other inconsistencies and discriminations hidden by heat and obscure classifications that only time

and patient investigation will gracul.

The unnerity criticise the lumber sait and provisions schedules, and then discuss the subjects of 'trusts,' as follows: 'The present pects of 'trusts,' as follows: 'The present tacil' is the nursing mother of trusts. It is the wall behind which these combinations are formed, by which the people are plundered, The tarif keeps out the foreign competition and the combination suppresses the domestic and the whole people are at their mercy and pay whatever is demanded. Language is in ad-equate to describe the infanity of these combi-nations against the rights of the people, or to depict their disastrous effects upon the general weifare. As the tariffs, which render trusts possible, are established and maintained at the special instance of those who form them, it would seem but simple justice as well as good policy to tear down as much as possible of their cover and refuse to longer and them in wron-

"They are not private affairs as has been as serted, but public evils of the gravest character affecting the price of every article which con tributes to the comfort and support of the peo-ple. The provisions of the substitute favor them creatly and will serve to encourage their formation in still other branches of manufac-ture. Many of those belonging to trusts ap-peared before the Finance Committee, clamor ous for such legislation as would promote their interests. They are all opposed to the House bill, which should commend it to those who condemn their methods. It is bad enough to permit those who are roos! Interested (manufacturers) to appear before our committees and suggest the legislation they wish, but surely we should not listen to the trusts and aid them

to rob with both hands." The namority deny that the House Tariff bill is a free trade measure and say that no one can

propose the reduction of taxation without has ing subjected to the charge of being a free trader by the opposition.

The minority deny that tariff revision will reduce wares, and conclude their report with the following remarks concerning free wool: "The minerity are firmly convinced that the inculculable advantage to the whole country which would result from the placing of wool upon the free list, it is easily demonstrated that no class will suffer, but that each strated that no class will suffer, but that each strated that no class will suffer but that each strated that no class will suffer but that each strated that no class will suffer but that each strated that no class will suffer but that each strategy and the suffer of the benefit. will reap his share of the benefit. With a consumption of GROOLOU pounds of raw wool in 1887 and a population of GLOOLOU is easily rock average per capita consumption is easily rock and at eighteen pounds, or fifty pounds to the average family of five persons, and the North verage family of five a our winters, consumes something more than the average. It requires from three to four pounds to make a pound of cloths, so that twelve to sixteen pounds of wool in clothing for the family will be seen to be a low average. for the family will be seen to be a low average. This is now taxed from 55 to hearly \$10 per cent. The manufacturer is not benefited, because his finished product comes into competition with the foreign product made not only from untaxed wood but cheaper wood. If the tax be taken off wood we will import more wood, of course, and in no other way can our creat factories prosper, because their capacity is beyond our own wood production. When the factories are turning out more product the employes have steader work with better. actories are turning out more product the employes have steader work and better wages and indirectly, of course, the whole country benefited. Under the House bill the manufacturers with free wood secure even a higher competitive advantage over the foreign than under the present law of the substitute. The manufacturers will expect the foreign than under the present law of the substitute.

turers will export wholen goods as we now export cotton and leather, and the demand for the wool will better the wool market and encourage wool will better the wool market and encourage in increased production, while the average wool grower himself will reap from sheapened clothing more benefits than he ever did from a tax of his product, which he must pay himself. The minority, therefore, dissenting from the report of the majority, commend to the Senate and the country the bill of the House of Representatives No. 3.031, as a message for the reduction of taxes based alike upon justice and good policy."

The minority report is signed by Harris. The inhority report is signed by Harris. Vance and Voorbees. McPherson co-cars in respect to the articles upon the free list, but wants some modifications in the duttable list. Bees has a supplemental and individual report, in which he indorses the Mills bill and culogizes the President.

the President.

Dakotans in Distress. St. Patt., Minn., Oct. & .- Mayor Smith to-day received an appeal for aid from the citizens of Ramsay County, Dak., which conveys the intelligence that the whole population of that county is on the verge of starvation. It is signed by the county officials and prominent citizens. According to it frosts destroyed hundreds of thousands of bushels of wheat and left entire townships aimost destitute. The county treasury is empty and unless as-sistance is soon received it is feared many

Carcago, Oct. 4.—A conditional judgement was rendered against the Pullman Palace Car Company as garnishee for \$133,250 in Judge Hawe's court yesterday morning. The Pullman Car Company is supposed to owe a large sum of money to Cowlishaw, Nicol & Co., a Liverpool firm, against whom the Manchester and Liverpool Packing Company brought suit in attachment on a judgment for \$123,20, re-Co., in Manchester, England, July 16, 1988.
As garnishes the Pullman Company never the attorney for the Manchester and Liverpool Company will move to make the

conditional judgment absolute. The Missing Roads.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Oct. 5.—No news

has been received here yet concerning the \$20,000 of Platte County bonds watch so mysteriously disappeared from the posattorney of Platte County, Monday. Mr. Coates had \$115,000 of Platte County 5-20 5 per cent, funding bonds registered by the Auditor. The bonds were counted and turned over to him and receipted for. He placed them in a value and proceeded to St. Louis to make the exchange in that city. He discovered the loss of a package containing \$20,000. Mr. Coates is greatly worried over the loss. He left for Platte County yesterday afternoon.