

NEBRASKA STATE NEWS.

WILLIE PURCELL, the twelve-year-old son of a justice of the peace living near Fort Omaha, was thrown from a horse the other morning and dragged to death, his foot catching in the stirrup. His sister was returning home from her wedding at church when the horse ran up to the stable dragging the boy's lifeless body beside him.

On the night of the 17th, at a dance at Guide Rock, Billy Cole, a young tough, feeling insulted because some ladies would not dance with him, as he was drunk, drew a revolver and fired into the crowd severely wounding William Montgomery and Charles Grant, well known and popular young men. Cole and his companion who had handed him the revolver, were at once arrested, and would have been lynched by the crowd, had not the officer interfered. A few nights later, however, a party of masked men took Cole from jail and hanged him.

The fourteen-year-old son of Emory Whaley, a farmer of Callaway, was killed the other day by being thrown from a horse.

At noon the other day Lyman Clark, an old resident of Merrick County, went to his work in a field. Two hours later his wife carried him some water and found him lying on his face dead. A physician was called and pronounced the cause of death to be heart disease.

The recent reunion of Nebraska veterans at Broken Bow was well attended. The handsome silk flag offered as a prize for the largest delegation attending the reunion was carried off by the Callaway delegation. The flag was presented to the commander of his delegation by Commander Atkinson, of the Broken Bow post, and responses were made by Commander Morgan and James Whitehead, of the Callaway post. J. M. Hodge, of Ortello, was elected president; L. W. Cole, of Sargent, vice-president; R. W. Barton, of Berwyn, secretary; N. W. Morgan, of Callaway, treasurer. A constitution and by-laws were adopted and organization by States was effected.

SEVERAL Washington County farmers have been badly bitten by sharpers recently. One of the victims of the scheme tells how it was worked. The men had some brass watches worth about \$10 a dozen, and they placed \$50 in one box and took two more boxes and after shuffling them up told their victim if he could guess the box that had the money in he could have it and a watch for \$30, telling him that they were sent out to advertise a jewelry house. He guessed two or three times "just in fun to see whether he could," and guessed the right box every time. Then he went to the house and got \$50 to pay the men for a guess "in earnest," and after paying them the \$50 he selected his box and got a watch not worth a dollar.

WEST POINT wants telephone connection with Omaha, and the matter is being strongly agitated.

The Commercial Hotel at Benkelman narrowly escaped burning the other morning. Kerosine oil was spilled on the floor, and the clerk, to dispose of it, applied a match, and in an instant the room was ablaze. Prompt response by the fire department saved the building.

Mrs. H. C. METCALF, wife of a prominent and wealthy citizen, left Central City with the B. & M. for Hampton the other morning. Arriving there she neglected to leave the train till it had started and in alighting she was thrown to the ground and fatally injured.

The explosion of a gasoline stove in the house of Mrs. Newcomb was the cause of a fire at Columbus the other day. She narrowly escaped instant death.

Mrs. BARNES, the wife of Hon. J. W. Barnes, was thrown from her carriage by a runaway horse at York the other evening and seriously, if not fatally, injured.

HON. JOHN MOXTER died at Harrison recently of asthma and old age. He had no relatives there. He was found dead on his knees in his room. He was destitute and was cared for by several old acquaintances. He had been five years county judge in Valley County and earlier held the same office in Saunders County. It is said that he was an eminent lawyer and once a member of the State Legislature in Wisconsin.

SEVEN telephone poles were struck by lightning and split into a thousand pieces by the recent storm at Niobrara.

CHARITABLE people of Scribner were lately duped out of \$40 by Olaf Nelson, who collected that amount ostensibly for the relief of a Fremont widow, and then skipped to Wyoming on the proceeds.

JOHN LISKA, a Bohemian, living near Hemingford, recently attempted to murder the life of his neighbor, Adam Naidl, under peculiar circumstances. He went to Naidl's house late in the evening and found him in bed. Liska said he had just come over to make a neighborly call and could talk to him as well in bed as if he was up. The men were soon engaged in discussing the crops, weather and other local matters, which lasted for about an hour, when Liska rose up to go home, and, by request of Naidl, blew out the light. No sooner was the room darkened than the report of a revolver, followed by four other shots, proved that the visitor had not come for the purpose of only making a neighborly call. None of the shots took effect and the would-be assassin escaped.

ROCK BUTTE COUNTY will have an enormous crop of oats, wheat and potatoes.

The other evening an unknown man, while intoxicated, lay down on the B. & M. track just west of the yards at Superior, and the 12:40 passenger east struck him while running at a high rate of speed, throwing him from the track and severely injuring him.

FIVE CREEK, in Sheridan County, is said to be filled with thousands of brook trout. The stream was stocked with five hundred of the fish two years ago.

The crop of oats in Sarpy County is disappointing to the farmers, but the abundant yield of other cereals more than makes up for the disappointment in oats.

WILLIAM KITCH has just arrived in Grand Island from Germany, and will remain several months analyzing the beet raisin in different sections of Hall County on the various kinds of soil. For experimental purpose sugar beets were planted this season by about sixty of the best farmers from seed imported direct from Germany, and the beets are said to be doing finely and making excellent growth.

SIDNEY needs a flour and grist mill.

A BOY by the name of Ganley, aged eleven years, while herding cattle for a man named Cash, being riding fifteen miles south of Stuart, was struck and killed by lightning during a recent storm. The body of the boy and of the pony which he had been riding were found in a hollow in the hills.

GROVER FRENCH, a carpenter, was drowned the other afternoon in Lincoln creek, about eleven miles from York. He was with a bridge gang and attempted to swim the stream to do some work on the other side preparatory to the erection of a bridge. He leaves a wife and two small children.

A BURWELL boy recently brought down two monster pelicans with one shot from his rifle.

COMMENTS ON THE MESSAGE.

What is thought of the Document by Congressmen, Canadians, Englishmen and Fishermen.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The Post prints several interviews with Senators and Representatives upon the message. The Democrats interviewed all warmly and unqualifiedly commend the message; the Republicans are not generally disposed to say much about it as yet, saying that they had not read it.

Senator Morgan said: "The message is a magnificent and powerful document. It would be a terrible blow to Canada if this Government were to refuse her any longer privilege of using our ports from New York northward, practically as Canadian ports, because the use of those ports, combined with the extension of the Canadian Pacific railroad system, shortens the Canadian travel to the sea by at least two or three days."

Senator Frye said: "It simply means that President Cleveland wants to play the baby act in regard to the Retaliation act of March 3, 1887, just as he played the baby act about the law which authorizes him to buy United States bonds with surplus revenue. Everybody knows how unwilling he has been all along to accept that Retaliation act and carry it out loyally, and now he comes playing the baby act again. He says he don't know what it means, and wants to be told."

ENGLISH OPINION. LONDON, Aug. 24.—The St. James Gazette, commenting on President Cleveland's message to Congress, says: "The position is awkward and unpleasant for both countries. The retaliation threatened is so illogical and unreasonable that it is very difficult to understand its precise cause and meaning. Two plausible explanations occur. It may have been intended to influence votes or merely to bluff Canada into granting the American demands. There is no doubt that the matter is a serious one for Canada. Not merely local affairs are concerned, but Imperial interests are also involved. England must and will supply proper safeguards for her Canadian interests. We must await the next step. It is difficult to see that the matter will end otherwise than in a perfectly friendly manner."

The Globe says President Cleveland made a strong case against Canada and surmises that Canada will doubtless be able to show equally as good a case. If the Canadians had rejected the treaty it would be easy to see why Cleveland should ask for retaliation. But it can not understand why Cleveland, generally a just man, should punish Canadians for the act of Americans. It asks if Mr. Cleveland is affected by the Irish vein.

The Pall Mall Gazette says it looks ugly. The Star, T. P. O'Connor's paper says it has no fear of war over the matter, but it is of the opinion that serious friction is certain to result.

OPINION AT OTTAWA. OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 24.—The announcement that the President had recommended legislation empowering the collection of a fishing tax on Canadian vessels in the St. Clair Flats canal is a treaty obligation, which it is claimed can not be abrogated by legislation of either Nation. The Government has already advertised for tenders and made the necessary appropriation already for a Canadian canal at Sault Ste. Marie connecting Lakes Huron and Superior, which will give connections to the ocean.

WHAT FISHERMEN THINK. GLOUCESTER, Mass., Aug. 24.—The President's message was much commented on by fishing vessel owners this morning. It was the general opinion among the fishermen that no one here wanted retaliation as outlined in the message. An embargo placed on Canadian fish and the same treatment as Americans receive would be all that would be required to settle the difficulty between the two countries. On the other hand the men who man the vessels are unanimous in their opinions that the President has proposed is just right.

OF INTEREST TO CANADA. A Bill Introduced Giving the President Authority to Protect American Fishermen.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—After the reading of the President's message on retaliation in the House yesterday Mr. Wilson, of Minnesota, immediately offered the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs:

An act to empower the President more effectually to carry out the purposes of an act entitled "An act to authorize the President to protect and defend the rights of American fishing vessels," it shall be lawful for the President in his discretion, by proclamation to that effect, to suspend, in whole or in part, the transportation of goods, wares and merchandise imported or exported from any foreign country, except Canada, in bond and without the payment of duties to or from the British Dominions in North America across the territory of the United States.

Sec. 2. Whenever the President shall be satisfied that there is any discrimination whatever in the use of the Welland canal, the St. Lawrence river canals, the Champlain canal, or either of them, whether by tolls, drawbacks or refund of tolls or otherwise, which is or may be detrimental to the interests of the United States or any of its citizens, it shall be lawful for the President, in his discretion, to issue a proclamation to that effect, whereupon there shall be collected a toll of twenty cents a ton on every foreign vessel and her cargo passing through the Sault Ste. Marie canal or the St. Clair Flats canal, and the Secretary of the Treasury may authorize and direct any of the customs officers to collect the tolls levied under this act. The President, when satisfied that such discrimination has ceased, may issue his proclamation to that effect, in his discretion, whereupon the tolls authorized by this act shall no longer be collected.

Sec. 3. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to make any regulations needful to carry this act into effect.

Settlers Resolute. TRINIDAD, Col., Aug. 24.—J. W. Lowell, who is digging an irrigating ditch on the lands purchased by the Stonewall Summer Resort Company from the Maxwell grant, was notified by settlers that he should not prosecute the work. Lowell sent to Trinidad for arms and ammunition, and will disregard the threats against his life. Mr. Randolph himself, an old settler of Stonewall, but who occupies a ranch under lease from the Maxwell Grant Company, wrote a letter to Sheriff Burns here that 100 settlers had notified his wife during Randolph's absence from home that both himself and wife would be hanged unless they should leave at once. The sheriff has sent special deputies to the scene to endeavor to keep the peace.

NEBRASKA REPUBLICANS.

Proceedings of the State Convention at Lincoln—Governor Thayer Again Chosen to Head the Ticket—Other Nominations.

The Republican State convention to nominate a State ticket met at Funk's Opera House in Lincoln on Thursday, August 23, and was called to order at 2:30 p. m. by Chairman Meiklejohn, of the State Central Committee. Prayer was offered by Rev. H. G. Harmon, of Fairbury. General McBride then placed in nomination A. E. Cady, of Howard, for temporary chairman, and H. Bostwick named Judge Wall, of Sherman. The vote resulted: Wall, 295; Cady, 273.

Cady, of Cheyenne, Cook, of Lancaster, and Hopkinmeyer, of Hall, were elected temporary secretaries. On motion the temporary organization was made permanent. The following committee on resolutions was appointed by the chair: J. S. Hassall, Douglas; S. J. Alexander, Lancaster; Church Howe, Nemaha; G. C. Bowman, Platte; C. A. McCulloch, York; F. P. Olmstead, Adams; V. Franklin, Red Willow; H. M. Wells, Saline; J. C. McBride, Lancaster; J. D. Gage, Franklin; S. B. Brerly, Perkins; C. A. Luce, Furnas; Morgan Crane, Loup; F. T. Ransom, Otoe; B. W. Johnson, Holt.

All veterans of the campaign of 1849 were invited to the platform and made vice-presidents of the convention. Nominations being in order, and the name of Governor Thayer being the only one before the convention, on motion the rules were suspended and John M. Thayer was renominated for Governor by acclamation. In response to a call Governor Thayer appeared before the convention and made a speech in which he reviewed the political situation, predicted National and State success at the polls, and returned thanks for the honor of such a unanimous call to head the ticket.

For Lieutenant-Governor George D. Meiklejohn, of Nance, and E. M. Correll, of Thayer, were placed in nomination. On the call of the counties the vote stood: Meiklejohn, 507; Correll, 163. Thayer County moved the unanimous nomination of Meiklejohn. The motion was carried.

For Secretary of State, G. L. Laws, of Red Willow, was nominated by acclamation. For State Treasurer the names of the following gentlemen were presented to the convention: E. D. Einsel, of Phelps; J. E. Hill, of Gage; B. H. Crosey, of Jefferson; Casper E. Yost, of Douglas; James Sutherland, of Lincoln; Josephus S. Bartley, of Holt; A. R. Graham, of Cuming; C. M. Baird, of Cass; John Harper, of Butler; W. B. Weeks, of Howard; J. S. McCleary, of Madison, and Clara, of Saline.

The first ballot resulted: Einsel, 114; Graham, 102; Hill, 84; Bartley, 35; Yost, 68; Harper, 41; Sutherland, 40; Baird, 38; Crosey, 30; Weeks, 30; McCleary, 23; Clara, 15. Three other ballots were taken without a nomination when the convention took a recess until 8:30 o'clock.

When the convention was called to order the fifth ballot for Treasurer showed no nomination. Einsel received 147, Hill 145, Graham 145 and Yost 100; Bartley dropped to 64; Sutherland to 23; Baird, 14; Clara, 14; Harper, 9; McCleary, 2, and Crosey, 1.

The sixth, seventh and eighth ballots resulted in no nomination, but on the ninth ballot the vote stood: Hill, 534; Graham, 71; Einsel, 57; Yost, 7. Hill's nomination was made unanimous.

For Auditor: Thomas Benton, of Lancaster; John Peters, of Boone, and Henry Grosshans, of Clay, were placed in nomination. Benton received 235 votes; Peters, 230, and Grosshans 14. Mr. Benton was declared nominated.

For Attorney-General: William Leese, of Seward; W. F. Scott, of York; L. S. Irwin, of Buffalo, and G. R. Chaney, of Webster, were placed in nomination, and the first ballot resulted: Leese, 530; Scott, 146; Irwin, 156; Chaney, 49; Ballow, 4.

On the second ballot Leese was nominated by a vote of 282 to 157 for Irwin, 156 for Scott and 111 for Chaney.

For Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings Charles M. Carter, of Lancaster; C. M. Parker, of Lancaster; N. P. Lundun, of York; J. S. Dew, of Johnson; John Steen, of Saunders, and S. C. Beebe, of Custer, were placed in nomination. The first ballot showed no choice, and on the second the vote was: Steen, 361; Dew, 148; Beebe, 93; Lundun, 66; Carter, 4. Steen's nomination was made unanimous.

George B. Lane was renominated for Superintendent of Public Instruction by acclamation.

For Electors-at-large George H. Hastings, of Saline, and H. C. Russell, of Colfax, were nominated, with M. M. Butler first, and Charles F. Holdings for the Third Congressional district.

At 2:15 in the morning the convention adjourned sine die.

THE PLATFORM. The platform heartily indorses Harrison and Morton and the principles enunciated in the National Republican platform; opposes the introduction of foreign labor; charges the Democratic party with failure to execute the laws in reference to home-steads, and with preventing settlers from securing homes; they were justly entitled to; argues the Democracy for its hostility to invalid and destitute veterans and their families; and for its weak vacillation and inefficient foreign policy; congratulates the people of the State on the wise legislation of Congress and Legislature which has brought the railroads into subjection to the powers created and to control by proper tribunals, and pledges the party, if continued in power, to a persistent effort to secure such amendments to the present State laws as will completely prevent over-charge and discrimination in rates; condemns the Democratic party for refusing to admit Dakota; favors sobriety and temperance, also home rule in Ireland; mourns the death of Sheridan, and favors a law making nine hours a day's labor and the first Monday in September a holiday known as "Labor day," and demands legislation which will prevent the introduction of armed men into the State for police duty.

Several hours were spent on the adoption of a resolution favoring the submission of a prohibitory amendment to the constitution to the people, but it finally carried.

Suicide in Grand Style. ST. LOUIS, Aug. 23.—Jacob Moxter, a prominent dealer in pianos, sat down to one of his pianos yesterday morning, played the death march, and then blew his brains out. Moxter was unable to meet some notes that fell due the first of this month and sent a man last month to secure an extension. The Steinways became alarmed, and at once sent one of their men here, who took charge of the business and has been running it for three weeks. Moxter thought he was ruined and was melancholy all the time.

The hatmakers of Lyons, France, have gone on a strike.

THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Full Text of the Platform Adopted—Lively Fight Over a Submission Resolution—The New State Central Committee.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 24.—The Republican State convention having been in session all night, adjourned at 10 o'clock this morning Mr. Hassall, of Douglas, chairman of the committee on resolutions, submitted the following as agreed upon by the committee:

THE PLATFORM. The Republicans of Nebraska, by their delegates in convention assembled, declare their unalterable devotion to the principles established and expounded by the successful administrations of Lincoln, Grant, Hayes, Garfield and Arthur, and embodied in the platform of the National convention lately held in Chicago, upholding the National constitution, the indissoluble union of the States with the aut-nomy reserved to them under the Constitution, the personal rights and liberties of citizens in all the States and Territories, and the supreme and sovereign right of every citizen, rich or poor, native or foreign born, white or black, to cast one free ballot in public elections and to have that ballot duly counted, and the American system of protection against the protection proposed by the President and his party.

They reassert their hostility to the introduction to this country of foreign contract labor or other laboration to our civilization; their opposition to all combinations of capital, organized in trusts or pools to control trade and commerce on an arbitrary basis; and demand the requisite National and State legislation for the suppression of the same and the removal of all obstacles to perfect freedom and independence of American labor.

They arraign the present National Administration for its failure to execute laws securing to settlers on the public domain their title to their homesteads; for its determined hostility to the just claims of the invalid and destitute soldiers and sailors who served in the army and navy in the war for the preservation of the Union; for its weak and inefficient foreign policy, and for its effort to destroy the bi-metallic system of currency and restore the single gold standard for the sole benefit of importers and money lenders.

They most heartily indorse the nomination of Benjamin Harrison, the soldier and the statesman, for President, and Levy P. Morton, the patriotic business man and philanthropist, for Vice-President, and pledge the full support of the party in Nebraska.

They congratulate the people of the State upon the laws enacted through the efforts of leading Republicans in Congress and in the State Legislature for the regulation of interstate commerce and local railroad transportation, indorsing the action of the State Board of Transportation thereunder, and pledge the party, if continued in power, to the effectual execution of these measures to prevent unjust discrimination and extortion in transportation rates, and the adoption of such amendments to them that experience may show to be necessary for the accomplishment of the end in view—the general establishment of fair and reasonable freight and passenger rates.

They denounce the partisan injustice of the Democrats in the lower house of Congress in closing the door of the Union to 60,000 citizens of the United States, resident in Dakota, and demand the prompt admission of the southern half of that Territory as a State, in accordance with all precedent and the unanimous desire of its inhabitants.

They favor the regulation of interstate commerce by the virtue and sobriety of the people and the purity of their homes. The Republican party cordially sympathizes with all wise and well-directed efforts for the promotion of temperance and morality.

That home rule is in accord with the principles of the Republican party and the sympathy with the people of Ireland in their heroic effort to secure that right.

They sincerely mourn the death of that ideal soldier General Philip H. Sheridan, the cavalry hero of the Union, and the pride of the Nation, realizing that in his death the country loses one of its brightest ornaments, the soldier martyr and most faithful comrade, and every patriotic citizen is bereft of one who was a tower of strength, ever true to duty, honor and the flag of his country.

They favor the enactment of a law making nine hours a legal day's work, making the first Monday in September in each year a legal holiday to be known as "Labor Day," and prohibiting the importation into the State of armed men or associations of men for the purpose of police duty.

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A Reliable Remedy.

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS never fail to give speedy proof of their efficacy as the best external remedy for Weak Back, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Colic, Coughs, Sore Throat, Pulmonary and Kidney Difficulties, Malaria, Dyspepsia, Heart, Splenic, Liver and Stomach Affections, Strains, and all Local Pains.

They have been in use for over thirty years, and their value has been attested by the highest medical authorities as well as by voluntary and unimpeachable testimonials from thousands who have used them. Ask for ALLCOCK'S, and let no explanation or solicitation induce you to accept a substitute.

—A Hartford (Conn.) woman who jumped from a horse car before a full stop was made, and with face to the rear of the car, was thrown violently to the ground. As the conductor helped her up she remarked: "It was a foolish thing to do. I have heard that it was dangerous, but have always been anxious to try the experiment."

A Faithful Guide. Experience, with unerring finger, indicates the remedies which man should use. The enlightened rely upon her, the ignorant and credulous abjure her guidance, and are misled by charlatanism and bombast. For many years Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been achieving victories over disease, which are recorded in testimony from thousands of the debilitated, nervous, dyspeptic, bilious and malaria-persecuted.

It is a wise man who knows his own name when he sees it in the newspaper list of hotel arrivals.

INVALIDS, aged people, nursing mothers, overworked, worried out fathers, will find the happiest results from a judicious use of Dr. F. H. Sherman's Prickly Ash Bitters. Where the liver or kidneys are affected, prompt action is necessary to change the tide toward health, ere the disease becomes chronic—possibly incurable, and there is nothing better to be found in the whole range of materia medica. Sold every where.

HAVE IT! This is a put-up job, said the man when his wife ordered him to hang the parlor curtains.

SEND for Glenn's Sulphur Soap if troubled with any trouble of the skin. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 5c.

The people who bet on elections do wrong, but the man who never bets is no better. —Newburyport Herald.

FREE! A 3-foot, French Glass, Oval Front, Nickel or Cherry Cigar Case, Mailed FREE ONLY! R. W. TAYLOR & Co., Chicago.

Is any one the high-drawl form of speech bespeaks water on the brain. —E. v. v.

A COMPOSING stick—an awkward writer of music.

BREAKFAST is the proper place to call the roll.

THE GENERAL MARKETS.

KANSAS CITY, August 23.

CATTLE—Shipping steers... 3 25 3 40

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 1 10 1 12

CORN—No. 2... 50 52

ST. LOUIS.

CATTLE—Shipping steers... 3 00 3 15

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 1 05 1 08

CORN—No. 2... 48 50

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Shipping steers... 3 00 3 15

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 1 05 1 08

CORN—No. 2... 48 50

Intelligent Readers will notice that

Tutt's Pills

are not accounted to cure all classes of diseases, but only such as result from a disordered liver, viz:

Vertigo, Headache, Dyspepsia, Fevers, Costiveness, Bilious Colic, Flatulence, etc.

For these they are not warranted infallible, but are so nearly so as to be possible to make a remedy. Price, 25c.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

FREE By Return Mail. Full description of the new and improved Tutt's Pills, with full particulars, sent on request.

CATTLE KILLED. GRAND FORKS, Dak., Aug. 27.—On the Manitowish road near Fort Burd last night an east-bound stock train, running at a high speed, ran into a herd of cattle on the track, when the engine and seventeen cars left the track and were piled up. Nearly 100 cattle were killed and five trainmen were injured, three probably fatal. No blame attaches to the road.

The Aqueduct Investigation. NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—The sensational character of the aqueduct investigation drew a crowd of interested spectators to today's session. General B. F. Loring, ex-Congressman from Ohio, was the first witness. He told the committee that he was employed to compromise several accident cases on the aqueduct work. Knew David Paige. Denied that Paige told him that \$50,000 would overcome the objections to the work of Brown, Howard & Co. Witness denounced the story as absolutely false.

Three boys were shot and seriously injured near Kenosha, Wis., by the accidental discharge of a shot-gun.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS

One of the most important organs of the human body is the LIVER. When it fails to properly perform its functions the entire system becomes deranged. The BRAIN, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS, all refuse to perform their work. DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEY DISEASE, etc., are the results, unless something is done to assist Nature in throwing off the impurities caused by inaction of a TORPID LIVER. This assistance so necessary will be found in

Prickly Ash Bitters