THE RED CLOUD CHIEF.

A. C. HOSMER, Publisher.

RED CLOUD. - - - NEBRASKA

CURRENT COMMENT.

In New York a careless handler of the whip has been made to pay forty dollars for bespattering and ruining a lady's dress.

The financial embarrassment of I. Parker Veazey, whose resignation as Postmaster of Baltimore, Md., was demanded by his bondsmen, caused the failure of Gaddess Bros., who are creditors for $106,000 of Veazey.

The Premier of Victoria stated in Parliament during the discussion of the New Hebrides question, that unless the transportation of French criminals was stopped the Australian colonies would unite to protect themselves.

An imbecile widow of St. Denis, France, with a reputation as a sorceress, was recently burned to death at a stake by her two sons, who sprinkled her with holy water and tried to evade arrest by pleading religious motives.

It has been decided to alter the plans of the Garfield monument at Cleveland, O., and make it 150 feet in height instead of 225, as originally designed. The architect came to the conclusion that the tower would be too high if extended 225 feet. The height now proposed will be sufficient to give a commanding view of the country for miles around, and when completed the monument will be plainly visible from any portion of the city. The change will effect a saving of $20,000. This will be expended on the interior and in purchasing fine statuary to be placed on and about the tower.

Recent reports from the Lazaretto at Tracadie, New Brunswick, state that every thing now points to an early extermination of the dread disease, leprosy, which for thirty years has baffled the efforts of the best medical men in the country to eradicate. There are now in the hospital only twenty-one patients, nine males and twelve females. Thirteen of these are in the early stages of the disease. With one or two exceptions of late, sufferings of patients have not been as great as in the past. To the indefatigable efforts of Dr. Smith in charge of the Lazaretto, who has made a life study of the disease, is the radical change no doubt due.

Colonel George Noble, General Agent of the Texas & Pacific, at Dallas, Tex., has received a jug of water from the Texas & Pacific artesian well at Pecos City, accompanied by a note from the Superintendent of the Rio Grande Division to the effect that the water has been thoroughly tested on the road and that the engineers pronounce it first rate. The well is 213 feet deep, and the water flows from it at the rate of 7,000 gallons per hour. The water is clear as crystal and has a slightly brackish taste, but is good for drinking purposes. The supposition is that water can be reached at the same or probably a shallower depth all over the Pecos Valley.

A telegram from Zermatt, Switzerland, reports another fatal accident in the Alpine district. A party of excursionists—comprising one German, two Englishmen, an Italian, his son and five guides—were engaged in the ascent of the Matterhorn when a heavy fall of snow on the mountain tops blocked them in. They wandered during two days through five feet of snow, suffering terribly from hunger and cold. At last one of the guides managed to get down to the foot of the mountain to tell the tale. A relief expedition rescued the remainder. All were in a very painful state—their hands and feet were frozen and swollen. One of the frost-bitten Englishmen died from the effects of his sufferings.

The prevailing impression at the Navy Department, according to a Washington dispatch, is that Secretary Whitney contemplates the reorganization of the Navy Department on his own responsibility, and that this will be one of his first acts after his return from vacation. He is of the opinion under the law he can arrange the duties of the bureaus as he sees fit as long as he does not change their designation. He will appoint a paymaster general and chief naval constructor, but will transfer much of the work heretofore carried on under these officers to other bureaus. Higher officials of the Navy Department say they are of the opinion the Secretary will wait until Congress especially authorizes him to reorganize, but they seem to think a reorganization at the present time would add greatly to the efficiency of the department.

Among the official records at the office of the New York Aqueduct Commission are reports from the engineer of construction and the division engineers to Chief Engineer B. S. Church, showing that in the interval between May 1, 1885, and July 22, 1886, 152 persons have been injured along the line of the aqueduct. Of these 52 were either killed outright or died shortly after receiving injuries. How many of them survived their injuries for a few days only to die later on, is a matter of conjecture. In addition to the above unfortunate, scores of workmen have incurred trivial injuries which were not considered of sufficient importance to warrant a report. These so-called trivial injuries often consisted of the crushing of a finger or hand and similarly painful wounds, and which compelled the suffer to apply for surgical or medical treatment. Physicians who have treated patients of this class estimate the number from 400 to 700.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned by Telegraph and Mail.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

The notorious Orth H. Stein was arrested in San Jose, Cal., recently for attempting to obtain money under false pretenses.

The President left Washington on the 16th for his summer vacation, proceeding to the Adirondack mountains.

Ex-Congressman Thomas Reed, of Ohio, met with a terrible death while returning the other evening from the Twentieth District Congressional convention at Akron, to which he was a delegate. He was leaning from the window of a car, when his brains were dashed out against a girder on the bridge near Peninsula.

Chauncey M. Black, of York County, has been nominated for Governor by the Pennsylvania Democrats.

The President of Uruguay was shot in the cheek by an assassin on the night of the 17th at Montevideo. An infuriated crowd seized the criminal and beat him to death.

The Irish National League of America closed its session at Chicago on the 19th. John Fitzgerald, of Nebraska, was elected president.

The Missouri Democrats, at St. Louis on the 19th, adopted the State platform and nominated the following ticket; Supreme Judge, Theodore Brace, of Monroe County; Superintendent of Public Schools, W. E. Coleman, of Saline County, present incumbent; Railroad Commissioner, John Breathitt, of Saline County.

Michael Davitt denies the receipt of a cablegram from Parnell calling him home at once.

The Michigan Democrats resolved in favor of the free colnage of gold and silver at the present standard.

Hon. Ezra Miller, ex-Mayor of Omaha, died suddenly at Syracuse, N. Y., on the 20th, of heart disease. His remains were sent west. He was president of the Commercial Bank of Omaha.

Major A. J. Holmes has been renominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Tenth Iowa district.

John A. Lovely has been nominated to Congress by the Republicans of the First Minnesota district.

Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes was given a banquet in Liverpool, Eng., the other night by the Philomethic Society, and then embarked on his return to America.

Prof. C. E. Stowe, formerly of Andover Theological seminary, and the husband of Harriet Beecher Stowe, died at Hartford, Conn., on the 22d aged eighty-four. He had been ill many months.

Prince Alexander, of Bulgaria, was deposed by a rising of the military at Sofia on the 21st. It was thought that Russian agents were at the bottom of the conspiracy as Russian troops were reported entering Bulgaria. The Turkish question became seriously complicated by the event.

The Pope has asked France to explain why her representative is to be withdrawn from the Vatican.

J. Kendall, of Boston, successfully swam the whirlpool rapids at Niagara in a cork suit.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A telegram has been received from London by Mr. Dodge, statistician of the Department of Agriculture, stating that the shortage of wheat in Great Britain for the present year was estimated at 60,000,000 bushels.

The Acting Secretary of the Treasury, Fairchild, has issued another call for $15,000,000 3 per cent. bonds to mature on October 1 next.

A special from Sandusky, O., says: A disastrous incendiary fire occurred in the Massillon Steel Works, built in 1872 at a cost of $200,000. No insurance.

The Lewiston (Me.) Steam Mill Company has made an assignment, with $1,678,000 liabilities and assets unknown.

James Scott, a fisherman, of Lewiston, attempted to swim the whirlpool rapids at Niagara Falls on the 19th in a cork suit. His dead body was picked up at Lewiston an hour later.

During the two weeks' fires in Juneau County, Wis., ten thousand acres of cranberry marsh and timber land were burned. Many farm houses were burned and stock destroyed.

On the 19th two more bombs, one gas pipe and one round, were discovered on the Lake Shore tracks at the stock yards "Y," Chicago, and taken to police headquarters.

A dispatch received at the War Department states that Geronimo, with forty Indians, is endeavoring to make peace with Mexican authorities on the Mexican frontier.

Judson & Co., carpet dealers in Chicago, have made an assignment, with $75,000 liabilities and assets of $70,000.

The Swiss Bundesrath has adopted stringent measures to prevent the importation of cholera from Italy.

Hundreds of sparrows were killed by hail at Carlyle, Ill., recently.

Ten thousand pilgrims arrived at Lourdes on the 20th from various cities in France. Eight hundred cures of invalids were announced.

The trial of the anarchists, at Chicago, after lasting several weeks, ended in the following verdict: "We, the jury, find the defendants, August Spies, Michael Schwab, Samuel Fielden, A. R. Parsons, Adolph Fischer, George Engel and Louis Lingg guilty of murder and conspiracy as charged in the indictment, and fix the penalty at death. We also find Oscar Neebe guilty of murder in the manner charged in the indictment and fix the penalty at fifteen years' imprisonment."

The *North German Gazette*, of Berlin, states that Prof. Brackenbush, the German explorer, has made a large annexation of territory in parts of Patagonia in the name of Germany.

The Weymouth (Mass.) Iron Company, nail manufacturers, stopped payment on the 20th. The trouble was brought about by losses caused by the flood last spring and the suspension of the Bridgewater Iron Company. Liabilities, $300,000; assets the same.

The newspapers of the country generally expressed satisfaction with the verdict against the anarchist prisoners at Chicago.

A serious gale ravaged Galveston on the 20th. Six lives were reported lost.

There will be a monster socialistic convention in Auburn, N. Y., in the middle of September, at which, it is expected over 40,000 socialists from all parts of the country will be in attendance.

The Central Traffic Association has ordered the abrogation of switching charges of $20 per car on grain. This will lower the tax on the storage of grain in elevators for short periods in Chicago.

Forty houses were burned recently in Bourg St. Augustine, France.

A severe hail storm visited Hancock, Me., recently. Many windows were broken and the crops were seriously damaged. The next day was so cool that the hail which had gathered in the gutters did not melt.

Information has been received at Tombstone, Ariz., that Captain Lawton and Lieutenant Gatewood would be home from Sonora in a few days. Lawton found no Indians in the Sierra Madres. Those seen recently at Frontera no doubt doubled back between the commands of Lawton and Gatewood. Grass and water are now plentiful everywhere in the mountains, enabling the hostiles to move about at their pleasure.

There were sixteen new cases of cholera and three deaths in Trieste, Austria, on the 20th.

The New York Produce Exchange has issued positive orders against trading before and after hours.

The Cambria Iron Company, of Johnstown, Pa., is making war on the Knights of Labor. Sixty men have been discharged without cause being assigned. Half the employes are Knights and it was expected all would strike.

When the parade of Barnum's circus was about to start at Madison, Wis., the other day a Mrs. Reif, who was near the panthers' cage, which contained four animals and the keeper, had her hat blown under the cage by a sudden gust of wind and stooped to secure it. As she did so a large panther put his paw out and caught her by the hair and, with the other paw in her face, lifted her from the ground. She was seriously injured before being rescued.

The report is confirmed that Krupp has secured a contract to supply 1,500 tons of steel rails for the construction of railroads to be used in the development of mining industries in Tientsin.

The Treasury Department on the 20th issued warrants for nearly $8,000,000 for payment of pensions.

The official returns of the vote in Yazoo County, Miss., on the local option law give a majority of 229 against the sale of liquors.

An archæological discovery which has just been made at Athens is exciting much interest. A number of columns, in a state of perfect preservation, were unearthed on the Acropolis. They belong to a period before the Persian wars.

Recent advices from Constantinople are to the effect that the insignia of the "Chefakat" has been bestowed by the Sultan upon Mrs. Grover Cleveland. It is an order of benevolence well known throughout the East and at a recent entertainment given by the Porte the same badge was conferred upon the wife of Minister Cox.

A telegram from the Governor of Saint Pierre Miquelon says a most violent storm had swept over the island. Two vessels were driven ashore and wrecked and many men drowned. The damage to shipping and property in different parts of Newfoundland was very great and eighty lives were reported lost.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg of the 21st says: A passenger steamer plying on the river Volga, at Saratov, capital of the province of Saratov, has been burned and two hundred lives lost.

A destructive fire broke out in San Francisco, in Small's machine shop, Brannan street on the night of the 21st. Two million dollars worth of damage was done before the fire was subdued. Insurance not stated.

A small sail boat was upset on Lake Minnetonka, Minn., during the storm of the 22d and three of the four men in it were drowned. The drowned were Robert Thulburt, a prominent real estate dealer; W. B. Jackson, Jr., secretary and treasurer of the Monitor Plow Works Company, and a hired man in the employ of the plow works.

A foreign lady who lost $12,000 at the Monte Carlo gaming tables has committed suicide in a village near Grenoble. This makes the seventy-sixth case of suicide owing to losses at Monte Carlo since the beginning of the season.

Seven persons were seriously injured by a collision on the Camden & Atlantic railway at Ancora, Pa., on the 22d.

Three young Scandinavians were drowned in Lake Pepin, Minn., recently by the upsetting of a boat.

Clearing house returns for week ended August 21 showed an average increase of 13.9. In New York the increase was 13.5.

On the London Exchange, during the week ended August 21, American securities were depressed in the early days, recovering toward the end. Business on the Berlin Bourse was active. At Paris it was stagnant. At Vienna brisk.

A wagon containing four girls was struck by a train at the grade crossing a mile below Hillsboro Bridge, N. H., the other afternoon. Jessie Colby was instantly killed, Blanche Colby fatally, and Nellie Flanders and Norah Colby severely injured.

The Galena and the Yantic have returned from their cruise among the fishermen in the Northeast.

A cable message from Dr. Krueger, at Kiel, announces the discovery of Winnecke's comet from the observatory at Capetown, Africa. The following is the discovery: Positions August 20, 2 hours, 4 minutes, 16 seconds, Greenwich mean time; right ascension, 13 hours, 10 minutes, 21.5 seconds; declination south 1 degree, 8 minutes, 17 seconds.

ADDITIONAL DISPATCHES.

The Peruvian budget for 1886 87 shows a deficit of $3,000,000.

Eighty-three new cases of cholera and thirty-seven deaths were reported on the 24th in the various infected districts of Italy.

Alexander Krapotkine, brother of Prince Krapotkine, and the translator of Herbert Spencer's works into Russian, has committed suicide.

Captain William Moore, with his wife and five children, of Demin's Bridge, and Dolph Moore, with his wife and three children, of Elliot, Tex., were drowned in the late storm.

The National Butterine and Oleomargarine Association, in session at Chicago on the 24th, decided to contest the Oleomargarine act.

Reports from Washington discourage hopes of Secretary Manning's early return to his duties.

A strike occurred at John Drake's Quincy, Mass., shoe factory because a lasting machine and non-union men were introduced.

The Treasury Department has decided that Canadian vessels can carry passengers from Cleveland to Chicago, using two tickets.

The rear car of a Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe train jumped the track on an embankment near Brenham, Tex., recently. One lady was killed and about ten persons injured.

The people of Bulgaria were reported by no means satisfied with the deposition of Prince Alexander. The majority of the army refused to acquiesce in the revolution, and the militia threatened to overturn the provisional government set up by the conspirators. It was becoming apparent that Russian agents were at the bottom of the whole business, one report being that the Prince was a state prisoner in Russia. His whereabouts was not definitely known.

Twenty miners were seriously injured the other day at Lykens, Pa., by two explosions of gas, caused by lighting a lamp in the airhole.

The banks of the Irrawaddy broke at Mandalay, Burmah, recently, causing a terrible flood, in which 1,000 lives were lost and $5,000,000 damage done.

The Best Brewing Company, as representative of all the boycotted Milwaukee breweries, has notified the Knights of Labor that unless the boycott was withdrawn every Knight in their employ would be discharged. This affects 600 men.

The Republican campaign in Maine was opened at Sebago Lake on the 24th by Hon. J. G. Blaine.

The county physicians who attended to the policemen wounded in the Haymarket riot have made a claim for $1,000 for professional services and threaten suit against the city of Chicago unless paid.

NEBRASKA STATE NEWS.

James Shields was found dead in his bed at Omaha the other morning.

By the caving in of an embankment on the Missouri Pacific near Papillion, recently, fourteen men were buried under forty feet of earth. Eight of them escaped without serious injury, but Henry Walker, John Rierdon and Con Sheban were instantly killed. Chris Olson had his spine crushed and will die.

Admirers of Buffalo Bill in Cheyenne County suggest that one of the six new counties into which Cheyenne will be divided be called Cody.

In digging a well at Burnett Ole Nelson recently struck a vein of pure water at a depth of forty feet that flowed over the top of the well.

Fairmount is anxious for the extension of the St. Joe & Grand Island road, and is ready to vote $60,000 in bonds, the amount asked by the company. The proposed extension will run directly north from the main line in Thayer County through Fillmore and York Counties to a junction with the Omaha & Republican Valley road at Stromsburg.

York water bonds were defeated at the second election. This election was made necessary by the illegality of the first one, which was in the affirmative. In the meantime the contract has been let for the construction of the works, and interesting litigation may result.

Three or four soup men recently worked Shelton very successfully, leaving for the next town before it was discovered that they had taken out no license. An officer was dispatched to overhaul them, which was done successfully. A good fine, some heavy costs and a lecture may possibly cause them to hereafter respect the dignity of municipal law.

Wisner offers a bonus of $1,500 for a flouring mill of a capacity of 50 barrels per day.

When the porter escorted two guests to a room in an Omaha hotel the other night, as he opened the door he was horrified to find that the room had a dead occupant. Lying on the bed, was the lifeless form of A. J. Anderson, a guest of the house, with blood oozing from a bullet wound in the head. The victim was a young man, a Dane, not more than twenty-five years of age, smooth shaven and neatly dressed. A letter told the story of disappointed love and his desire to live no longer.

The old settlers of Dakota County renewed old acquaintances at a recent picnic.

Norfolk has been declared the county seat of Madison.

Some malicious wretch recently threw dynamite into George Oelke's fish pond, near Nebraska City, killing most of the fish. Mr. Oelke offers a reward of $50 for the arrest of the scoundrel.

The following Nebraska post-offices were established on the 18th: Shickley, Fillmore County, Robert B. Campbell, postmaster; Van Wyck, Lincoln County, Henry C. Williams, postmaster.

Alvin Hanson, aged twenty-two, was recently drowned while bathing in the upper reservoir at Kearney. He was unable to swim and waded beyond his depth.

The county commissioners of Otoe County at a recent special meeting instructed the county attorney to bring suit against Duke W. Simpson, late county treasurer, and his bondsmen for the sum of $36,390.54, being the amount claimed to be due the county. The bondsmen have employed several attorneys and undoubtedly the suit will be hotly contested. The bond is a good one and the county attorney is confident of winning the case.

Willis Hern, of Belvidere, recently lost an index finger while examining the molars of a family horse.

The latest swindling gag is confined to the wealthy and intelligent class of farmers of the State. Well-dressed "representatives of Eastern business houses" call at the farm houses. They inquire into the condition and quantity of the harvested crop, carefully note the answers, and wind up by getting the farmer's signature to the report. This turns up in a few days in an iron-clad promissory note.

On August 13 a shooting affray occurred in the Roten valley, about twenty-five miles west of Broken Bow, resulting in the death of Enoch Young by one Vinson. The affray was the result of a contest over a piece of land.

Callaway was lately swept by a brisk breeze, inflicting a loss of $2,000.

A meeting of the board of managers of the State Fair Association was held at Lincoln the other night for the purpose of formulating final plans and issuing various contracts necessary for the opening of the fair, which occurs September 10th. The premium for free-for-all pacing race was increased from $400, the original amount, to $800, the same to be divided into four purses, fifty per cent. of whole for first horse, twenty-five per cent. for second, fifteen per cent. for third and ten per cent. for fourth. A further sum of $200 will be added provided a time of 2:20 or better is made. The secretary reported that all towns throughout Nebraska had been liberally supplied with cards, bills, posters, hangers and other devices advertising the fair and that the supply had become nearly exhausted.

The Nebraska State Prohibition Convention met at Lincoln on the 19th, with over 400 delegates, representing forty-five counties. After the adoption of a lengthy platform, which touches every phase of the liquor question, besides setting forth the views of the party on labor, pensions, Sunday observance and other questions, the following ticket was put in nomination: Governor, H. W. Hardy, of Lancaster County; Lieutenant Governor, E. B. Graham; Secretary of State, E. J. O'Neil; Treasurer, A. S. Leach; Auditor, J. E. Hooper; Attorney General, Martin T. Brown; Commissioner of Public Lands, L. B. Palmer; Superintendent of Public Schools J. A. Smith. After the adjournment from the State convention the delegates from the several Congressional districts met and placed in nomination the following for Congress: First district, George E. Bigelow; Second, Rev. C. S. Harrison; Third, W. G. Olinger.

Scribner wants a pork packery.

Pliny Pierce, a young man of twenty-four, has wandered away from his home in Grand Island, and his parents and friends fear that harm will come to him. Pierce received a touch of sunstroke some time ago, and his mind showed signs of aberration.

An editor in Northern Nebraska who was lately invited to a wedding feast thus wrote upon the inspiration of a full stomach: "The supper was good, and was better appreciated by us than any others who are not engaged in the publishing business and dependent upon the generosity of the public."

And now they are complaining of too much rain in the Republican valley.

A Chadron female sharper recently played it slick on the conductor of an Elkhorn Vally train. Her pocketbook slipped out through a window in the presence of the autocrat of the punch. Of course the purse contained her ticket and all the wealth she possessed, and her tearful distress evoked practical sympathy from the occupants of the car. She was permitted to ride free, and telegrams were sent to the nearest station, ordering a search for the lost purse. It was found, and contained two hairpins, a postage stamp and a fine tooth comb.

Track laying has begun on the Wayne extension of the St. Paul & Omaha road. The branch is only twenty-two miles long.

EXIT ALEXANDER.

Troops Surround the Palace of Bulgaria's Prince, Capture and Escort Him to the Frontier.

London, Aug. 23.—A dispatch from Sofia, Bulgaria, dated Saturday, says that the populace and the troops quartered in the capital surrounded the palace early that morning. Prince Alexander abdicated at once and was escorted over the frontier. There was no disorder. The populace then assembled and adopted a resolution praying the Czar to re-extend his sympathy to the Bulgarian people. The assemblage proceeded to the palace of the Russian agent of the Czar and submitted to him the resolution, all kneeling. The agent assured them of the Czar's friendship. The following provisional government has been formed: Prime Minister, Monsignor Clement, Metropolitan of Tirnova; Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Stajanoff; Minister of the Interior, M. Sankoff; Minister of Finance, M. Hurmof; Minister of War, M. Nekiforoff; Minister of Justice, M. Radoinoff; Minister of Education, M. Veilchoff. The Porte has sent a circular note to the powers inviting them to express their views on the Bulgarian crisis.

Sofia, Aug. 23.—The people are tranquil. The city is illuminated and is gaily decorated with flags. Premier Clement has issued a proclamation announcing the formal abdication of Prince Alexander, who renounced the throne forever, being convinced that his reign would be fatal to Bulgaria. The Premier states that the new cabinet will serve until the meeting of the National Assembly and expresses the hope that all parties will co-operate to maintain the law and assures the people that the Czar will not leave the country without his powerful protection. Prince Alexander was escorted to Som en route to Roumania. The German Government has ordered Herr Thielman, who was recently appointed German agent at Sofia, to remain at Constantinople for the present. Mr. Stojoinoff, the new Foreign Minister, has notified the agents of the powers of Saturday's events.

Berlin, Aug. 23.—It is stated here that Prince Alexander, of Bulgaria, was deposed and made a prisoner during an inspection of troops at Widdin. The Cologne *Gazette* and Berlin *Post* express the belief that the event will tend to preserve peace. They say that Prince Alexander's personal qualities deserved a better fate, but England refused him active support against Russia. Turkey was afraid to risk war in behalf of Bulgaria and the Gastein meeting showed that the alliance was unbroken. Hence his position was a hopeless one. A report has reached here that Russian troops are proceeding to Bulgaria by way of Varna.

THEIR ONLY HOPE.

All Hopes of the Anarchists on the Supreme Court—The Wives Have a Meeting.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Friends of the convicted anarchists base all hopes of saving them on an appeal to the Supreme Court, believing that that tribunal will reverse the verdict. They claim that if the State Supreme Court sustains the verdict, the case will be carried to the United States Supreme Court on the grounds that Judge Gary refused to instruct the jury for defense that the law allowed men to gather peaceably, and gave them a right to repel by force any attempt of the authorities or citizens to break up a meeting. Last night a secret meeting of the female relatives of the condemned anarchists was held in which all determined to stand together, and do all they could for their unfortunate brethren and Mrs. Spies made a violent speech. State's Attorney Grinnell, stated that no more arrests would be made at present, but that other anarchists had better behave, for all the leaders are now being watched and would all be arrested at once. The Arbeiter Zeitung will be suppressed if it makes any further reference to bribery or any thing improper in the trial. General Parsons, brother of the convicted anarchist, declared that every thing will be done to reverse the verdict.

GREAT CONFLAGRATION.

San Francisco Suffers Very Serious Losses By Fire.

San Francisco, Aug. 23.—One of the largest fires which has ever visited this city, occurred Saturday night. It started shortly after six o'clock in Small's machine shop, on Brannan, between Fourth and Fifth streets, and spread with such rapidity that second and third alarms quickly followed. The fire ran north for half a block, crossing Bryant, Brannan and Bluxome streets, and extended from midway between Fourth and Fifth streets to the latter street. It was gotten under control two hours after it started. The losses are estimated at about $2,000,000. The principal losers are McHawley & Co., agricultural implements; W. P. Bradbury, planing mill; Gilbert & Morse, school furniture; Scutler wagon works; Baker & Hamilton, agricultural implements; H. W. Rice, agricultural machinery; Walker & Son, wool warehouse; Whittier, Fuller & Co., paints and oils; Fuchs & Eohler, furniture manufacturers; Krelling Bros., furniture manufacturers.

SPARKS OVERRULED.

Secretary Lamar Thinks the Decisions of of the Supreme Court Worth Respecting.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Secretary Lamar has made a decision in the Farm Mortgage case, which has attracted so much attention in Wisconsin, sharply overruling the decision of Commissioner Sparks, of the General Land Office, and directing him to certify up the lands at once in order that they may be conveyed to the State of Wisconsin for the benefit of the Farm Mortgage Company. The greatest portion of the large tract of land involved was long ago occupied by innocent third parties, farmers and others, who hold their title as the grantees of the Farm Mortgage Company, to which Commissioner Sparks had refused to give title. Secretary Lamar, in his comments upon the decision of Sparks, has established a precedent which is of the utmost importance in a large class of similar cases. He does not propose to override a decision of the United States Supreme Court, which he declares to be a very high and persuasive authority, and he says: "What the statute directs it means to have done. Not to do or to delay unnecessarily the doing of it is to violate the statutes, and involves a grave violation of duty."

Indignant Anarchists.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 23.—Circulars have been distributed here calling a meeting of the local anarchists this evening to express indignation at the conviction of the eight conspirators. Chris Saam, the leader of the Cleveland anarchists, will be the leading speaker. He declares that the men convicted in Chicago would never be hanged. Should the sentence be carried out, however, he feels confident that the seven doomed men will be considered martyrs to the cause and that a new impetus will be given to anarchism by their execution. Saam charges that the witnesses for the prosecution in the Chicago trial were paid for their testimony.

A Young Girl's Folly.

Vandalia, Ill., Aug. 21.—News of a sensational elopement comes from Howard's Point, a little village fourteen miles east of the National road. Mrs. Margaret Tregarden kept boarders and had living with her a niece, Miss Maggie Reed. Both Mrs. Tregarden and her niece formerly lived in this city. Among the boarders was one James Steel, who took quite a fancy to Miss Maggie and finally made love to her. Mrs. Tregarden objected to the courtship, but despite her every effort to break up the match the lovers planned and carried out their design, eloping at night for other parts. Miss Reed is eighteen, while Mr. Steel is thirty-two years her senior.

CUTTING RELEASED.

The Supreme Court of Chihuahua Releases the Belligerent Texas Editor—His Foot Again on His "Native Heath."

El Paso, Tex., Aug. 24.—At 11:30 yesterday morning Cutting was taken before Judge Castanedas' court, when the official minutes of the Chihuahua court, which had arrived, were read to him, reciting the decree releasing him from further custody. The decision of the court is based entirely upon the fact that Medina, the offended party, had waived his right to a civil suit for damages, the court holding that this ended the proceedings of the State. When released by the court, Cutting replied: "As long as I am not further detained as a prisoner I accept my liberty, and I request that a copy of the decree of the Supreme Court be given me for my future use." This the court consented to do in Spanish. Judge Castanedas sent a copy of the decree to the jefe politico, who sent back word that he in person would give Cutting his liberty, with some wholesome advice. Cutting said to a reporter: "Well, I can't understand what all this has to do with my card in the El Paso *Herald*, for which solely I was arrested, for four weeks incarcerated and was being tried at the time my Government made a demand for my immediate release." It is said on the other side of the Rio that the Mexican constitution, prohibiting the residence of agitators and other dangerous characters within the republic, will be enforced against Cutting.

Adjourned for refreshments.

After the decree had been read to Cutting and a copy issued to him he was carried to the office of Mayor Provencio, where he was formally set at liberty. Consul Brigham, with a number of Americans, were with him. A cordial shaking of hands between the Americans followed, and all adjourned to a casino on the corner, called El Principale, kept by a Marylander. Here they were compelled to wait a few minutes for a street car, on which they expected to leave Mexican soil. Danlin, the official interpreter, the mayor and several Mexican officials entered the casino and a few words were exchanged between the parties, the evident intent being to arrest Cutting. The latter in reply to some remark said to Danlin with finger raised: "I will meet the five principals in this matter later." This was said in an impressive manner, just as a man might say, "When I get you alone we will have this thing out." It was instantly interpreted and the mayor and Danlin cried out: "Pues ya es un nuvo delito!" which in English is: "A new offense." Several of the Mexicans stepped toward him, but, the car having opportunely arrived, Cutting's American friends closed in around him, and, hurrying him to the car, he was as rapidly as the time table allows driven across the border.

General Sedgwick at the capital.

City of Mexico, Aug. 24.—General Sedgwick arrived here yesterday morning and was met by Consul General Porch. He spent the day with Minister Jackson. He has not yet visited Minister Mariscal of the Foreign Department, but will probably do so to-day. He will make his principal investigation at Chihuahua. A rumor is current among the Americans here that General Sedgwick carries his commission as minister to succeed General Jackson.

THE TEXAS STORM.

Serious Loss of Life at Indianola—The Total Damage.

Fort Worth, Tex., Aug. 23.—From Indianola comes the saddest report yet received about the storm. During the height of the storm the signal office was blown down, carrying with it Captain J. A. Reed, signal officer, and Dr. H. Rosecrans, both of whom were lost. Fire broke out among the ruins, which extended for blocks on both sides of the streets, destroying thirteen houses, among which were D. S. Regan's large dry goods store and Dr. Lewis' extensive drug establishment. Dr. Lewis was in the building at the time it took fire. He escaped being burned to death, but was subsequently drowned, his body being found yesterday. So far as can be learned the following is a complete list of the lives of white people lost: Captain J. A. Reid, signal officer; Dr. Crooker; Dr. H. Rosecrans, Elgin, Ill., formerly resident of Indianola; Mrs. Hodges and two children of Dr. Hodges, formerly of Cuero; Mrs. Crooker, of Austin, visiting at Indianola with Mrs. Hodges, Mrs. Henry Sheppard, two children of Mrs. Max Luther, of Corpus Christi; Mr. David Lewis and a German, name unknown. Besides the above the bodies of ten colored persons have been found. The body of Dr. Crooker, the twenty-second victim, was found yesterday. Four miles of track are washed away, rendering it impossible for trains to approach Indianola. There is a great destitution there among the poorer classes, who have lost every thing they possessed. The depth of water is reported as great as during the great storm of 1875, when Indianola lost nearly two hundred of her citizens. Friday the flood of water over the doomed town was so rapid that within two hours after the first apprehensions were felt every street was submerged many feet. At San Antonio the loss to property is $500,000. At Floresville the loss is $100,000. Never before was the lower Texas coast visited by so terrible and destructive a storm. It extended for 200 miles inland, destroying thousands of houses and involving pecuniary loss of many millions. Among the poorer classes great destitution must prevail, as but few were able to save any considerable portion of their small possessions from the general wreck. The entire crop of the present year is practically gone, and a vast deal of suffering must ensue, especially among the negroes most of whom are without means of any kind. It is learned many more people were drowned at Indianola. The lower end of the peninsula is completely washed away. Many people are missing and nothing can be learned until the angry waters recede. The storm came in the shape of a hurricane. The waters of the gulf rose up and in three hours the whole peninsula on which Indianola is situated was under ten feet of water. The total loss as now known to Texas from the gulf storm is: Human lives lost, thirty-eight; loss to crops, $1,000,000; loss to city and town property, $5,000,000; loss to shipping and harbor improvements, $900,000.

Child Killed.

St. Louis, August 23.—About eight o'clock last night Blanche, the six-year-old daughter of Truman Wright, while playing in the street in front of 4570 Easton avenue, was knocked down by the mules attached to car 145 of the Citizens' railway line, and the wheels of the car passed over the child's body, killing her almost instantly. The driver of the car, John Henderson, was arrested, to await a coroner's inquest. The body of the child was removed to its late residence, 2501 Spring avenue. Mr. Wright, his wife and the dead child were at the time of the killing on a visit to Wm. West and family, who reside at the number where the girl was killed, the parents being seated at the front door.

Belle Boyd.

Lansing, Mich., Aug. 23.—Bell Boyd, the "rebel spy," who has been recently figuring as leader of the boys in gray at sham battles in connection with soldiers' reunions in different parts of the country, came here a few weeks ago for rest after her arduous military labors. She put up at the Lansing House, and after running up a good sized board bill skipped by the light of the moon, leaving the bill as a memento of her visit. Clerk Jewell has issued a warning to the hotel fraternity throughout the West concerning the once fair exploiter, and who has played the same game in numerous other places.

THE BULGARIAN BROIL.

English Opinion of the Deposition of Prince Alexander—Will it Lead to War?

London, Aug. 24.—A Bucharest dispatch says that the Bulgarian authorities have forbidden Bulgarians to cross the Danube into Roumania. There are rumors that a military movement is impending at Widdin and elsewhere in favor of Prince Alexander, and also that Stambuloff, president of the Bulgarian chamber, heads a protesting party, and is organizing a meeting in favor of Alexander. Advices from Widdin say that the army is dissatisfied with the present state of affairs and that the lower classes are still ignorant of what has happened. The Bulgarian Government has established a blockade on the Servian frontier. The *Daily Telegraph* says: "The Russians raised the Servian war scare with such success that Prince Alexander sent his best troops to the frontier, where the plotters read to the troops from Sofia a false deed of abdication."

The *Daily News* says: "It is obvious that Prince Alexander was deprived of his throne by the direct orders of the Czar. The official version of the revolution is so flagrantly and transparently dishonest that it will not deceive a child. The effect may be extremely serious. Russia's action is absolutely unwarrantable and without excuse. The argument of the Berlin *Post* that the revolution implies a Russian victory over English influence in the east is absurd. Her power is less trusted than England. Alexander was nominally a vassal of the Sultan and as it can be shown that he was deposed without the Sultan's consent, a grave international difficulty will at once be raised."

The *Globe* says: "Bulgarian events touch England very remotely as compared with Germany and Austria. England is not rush in where others decline to tread."

The *Times* commenting on the Bulgarian affair, says: "The coup must we fear be regarded so far as Prince Alexander is concerned as the end of the chapter of life. The general feeling will be one of respectful sympathy. He failed rather because he was too good for the work fortune had assigned him. The event must be regarded as a triumph of Russian diplomacy, and it is a very impressive event. It is also in less degree a reverse for English diplomacy. It is only too clear that the Marquis of Salisbury is confronted with all the dangers and difficulties, in an aggravated form, which he had to face on his first accession to power."

Bulgarians dissatisfied.

Bucharest, Aug. 24.—Advices from Sofia say that M. Karaveoff's provisional government, realizing that public sentiment remained favorable to Prince Alexander, caused a circular to be distributed among the people called a ministerial list containing the names of prominent men of all parties and classes who were in the new movement, the purpose being to cause a belief that the government was receiving general support. In addition to the names published this morning as belonging to the new government the circular includes such names as M. Stambuloff, M. Manoff, M. Steriloff, M. Grekoff, M. Yoncoff and M. Gronoff. Such a combination is not considered possible, as many of those named are known to hold such different views as to render the coalition impossible. The garrison at Shumla remain faithful to Prince Alexander and refuse to recognize the provisional government. Numbers of Bulgarians and prominent Russophobists have already fled to Roumania. The fugitives include in their number many Russian nihilists who were serving as officers on the Bulgarian flotilla. It is now believed that Prince Alexander is confined in a monastery near Sofia. It is rumored that Premier Karaveloff has been placed under arrest. Sofia has been declared in a state of siege.

Turkey preparing.

Constantinople, Aug. 24.—The Porte has ordered a general conscription of Mussulmans to be commenced immediately. The reserves have been summoned to report to their respective barracks and rendezvous forthwith. A conference of foreign ambassadors was held to-day and it is understood that their deliberations betrayed no diversity of opinion.

NOTED PHILANTHROPIST DEAD.

Amos Adams Lawrence, an Old Kansas Celebrity, Dies at Nahant.

Boston, Aug. 24.—Amos Adams Lawrence died Sunday night at his summer residence at Nahant. He was born in Boston in 1814, and was identified with the settlement of Kansas Territory and its eventful development into a State. He was two or three times the candidate of the Whigs and the Unionists for Governor. Amos and Abbot Lawrence were the early promoters of cotton manufacturing in New England, and Samuel was among the early promoters of woolen manufacturing. In the same direction the firm of Amos A. Lawrence & Co. gave up the hosiery business on taking the agency of the Pacific mills, which was given up by the firm of James L. Little & Co. on the death of Hon. J. Wily Edmonds. Mr. Lawrence was an ardent abolitionist and was a man whose instincts and convictions were quick and resolute on the side of free institutions. He never sank his principles, as so many did, in the trying days before the war, for the sake of promoting Southern trade. And it is not doubtful that his judgment concurred with the promptings of his heart in the matter and that he could have said what many could not, that the loss of the patronage of here and there a Southern buyer of cotton goods who permitted political prejudice to govern his business would be more than offset in the long run by the establishment of a free and therefore rich and prosperous State on the fertile soil of Kansas. However it may be on that point, Mr. Lawrence will be ever held in grateful remembrance by the people of Kansas as one who was both a pat