RED CLOUD, - - NEBRASKA

CURRENT COMMENT. Ex-SENATOR DAVIS, of Illinois, wa reported to be ill.

EGYPT, it is said, recently borrowed \$5,000,000 from Baron Rothschild.

THE Senate recently ordered a general telegraphic investigation, directed especially against the Western Union and its recent conquests.

Ir is stated in Washington that the present war on Gov. Murray, of Utah, is engineered by the Mormons, who are anxious to get rid of an inveterate enemy of their immoral practices.

Timely rains have materially improved the prospects of the grain crop in California, and it was thought the fruit crop of the southern portion of the State would be the best ever had.

Two special agents, appointed by the Interior Department to investigate the rival claims of Spiechee and Perryman to the Chiefship of the Creek Nation, have reported in favor of Perry-

A JEWELRY store in Fulton street, Brooklyn, was entered by burglars the other day in broad daylight, the safe opened and four thousand dollars' worth of goods carried off, and that, too, while the street was crowded with people and the police supposed to be doing their duty. A similar robbery had taken place in Maiden Lane, New York City, a few days previous, and goods to the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars stolen.

THE year started out well in the way of disasters. First came the Belleville, (Ill.) disaster and its twenty-six victims; next the City of Columbus horror, with its ninety-seven human beings: then the Crested Butte (Colo.) mine explosion added fifty-seven more to the list, and later a steamer was reported wrecked in the British Channel and twenty lives lost, to say nothing of the usual run of minor casualties that are thrown in for good measure.

MRS. AUGUSTA TABOR, the divorced wife of Colorado's millionaire, was recently in New Orleans, on her way to Cuba, as she stated. In regard to the story of her elopement with a man named Artman, she said: "When I do get married I will do so openly and above board, and let my friends know. If I do marry vou can be certain it will not be Mr. Artman. I will not marry a man whom I will have to support, but will expect my husband to support me." Mrs. Tabor did not like the idea of Artman borrowing money upon the reputation of marrying her.

HENRY S. POTTER, of Rochester, N. Y., died recently and left an estate of about two millions. His oldest son some time ago married a highly educated and refined lady against the father's consent. Potter stipulated in his will that this son should have an equal part, one-sixth, of the estate, provided the "said son shall not live with or at any time contribute in any manner to the support or maintenance of his present wife." The son very sensibly stuck to the wife of his choice, but proposes to contest his father's will upon the grounds that it had a tendency to encourage immorality.

THE Governor of New Jersey recently sent a special message to the Legislature, reciting the refusal of the Hackensack Cemetery Company to allow the burial of a colored man. The Governor said that it ought not to be tolerated in that State. That a corporation whose existence depends upon the Legislature's will, and whose property is exempt from taxation, because of its re-Agious uses, should not be permitted to make any distinction between a white and a black man. The Governor closes by requesting the passage of a law which shall make such refusal, based on color a criminal offense, with such a penalty as shall prevent the recurrence of such act.

Another insult to the American flag by the Spanish authorities in Cuba has been reported. It consisted in the forcible seizure of a citizen of Philadelphia, while he was on board an American schooner. The man who was arrested is Colonel Emili Nunez, a tobacco importer, who was formerly a Cuban patriot, and served in the army during the recent revolution on the island. He escaped to this country when the war ceased, and has since been in business in Philadelphia. A year or more ago his father died, leaving a large estate, comprising an extensive sugar plantation in Cuba. Colonel Nunez recently attempted to visit his aged mother and settle the estate, intending, however, to remain on board while the vessel was in Spanish waters. He had received his brother and mother on board the vessel known to Spanish authorities, and a demand was made on the Captain of the schooner for the surrender of the Colonel. This was refused when the Spanish commander sent a boat's crew from his man-of-wat and seized Colonel Nunez and carried him to the war-ship, where he was held s prisoner.

THE WORLD'S DOINGS

A Summary of the Daily News. PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

In the Senate, the 28th, Messrs. Sherman and Pendleton each presented a resolution of said Pendleton each presented a resolution of wool growers of Ohio, praying the restoration of the former duty on wool. Mr. Hoar, from the Committee on Judiciary, reported the original bill relating to the enforcement of law in Utah. He said he did not himself see a clause of the bill which requires the exclusion of women from suffrage in that Territory. The Senate adjourned upon the announcement of the death of Representative Mackey....Immediately after the reading of the journal in the House the death of Mr. Mackey, of South Carolina, was announced and the House adjourned.

In the Senate, the 29th, Mr. Vest, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported favorably the bill repealing the Timber Culture laws. Mr. Cameron, of Wisconsin, introduced a bill to establish the Territory of North Dakota. Mr. Sherman's resolutions on the Virginia and Missirsippi elections were taken up, and, after debate, adopted. The Senate passed the House bills making appropriation of \$3,750,000 for the rebate of tax on tobacco, and \$21,965 for the expenses of the Legislature of New Mexico. In the House on tobacco, and \$21,955 for the expenses of the Legislature of New Mexico.... In the House, bills were introduced, when Mr. Hopkins, of Pennsylvania, rising to a question of privilege offered a preamble and resolutions which set forth that Hon. J. W. Keifer. member of the House, had charged H. V. Boynton, the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette, now holding a seat in the press gallery under the rules of the House, with having approached the Speaker of the House during the closing days of the last session of Congress with corrupt propositions intended to influence his official action and as such act was a gross breach of the privileges of the House, therefore a committee of five be appointed to investigate and report to the House, Mr. Keifer then addressed the House, in which he introduced some correspondence in which he introduced some correspondence between himself and Boynton. The resolution was amended so as to include any other correspondent who may have abused his

privileges, and then adopted. In the Senate, the 30th, a petition was presented signed by four thousand citizens of the District of Columbia and several other petitions signed by a large number of citizens of the Territories of Washington, Dakota and Idaho, all praying the enactment of a law to prohibit the manufacture and sale of alcoholic liquors in the District and Territories. The Senate then proceeded in a body to the hall of the House to attend the funeral ceremonies of the late Representative Mackey. ...In the House standing committees reported when at the appointed hour the funeral cere monies of Mr. Mackey, of South Carolina, tool

place, and the House adjourned. In the Senate, the 31st, floods of petitions were presented from a dozen or more States praying for prohibitory liquor laws in the District of Columbia and Territories. The con-District of Columbia and Territories. The conference report on the Greeley relief bill was taken up and the Senate refused to concur with committees of conference, and resolved to appoint a new committee. The Senate resumed consideration of the bill providing for a method of settling incomplete titles to lands acquired by the United States from the Republic of Mexico.... In the House Standing Committees reported. The bill declaring forfeited certain land grants in Southern States were then taken up and passed. ern States were then taken up and passed The next bill on the calendar was that declar ing a forfeiture of lands granted the Texas Pacific Railway Company under the act of Congress approved March 3, 1871, and acts sup-plemental thereto. This bill passed without

THE Senate was not in session the 1st. Senate on the Greeley Relief bill was agreed to. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Fritz John Porter bill. The debate continued during the day, when the bill was reported to the House and passed, 184 yeas, 78 nays. Adjourned until Monday.

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL. THE New Jersey Legislature has defeated resolution asking Congress for a National Postal Telegraph law.

THE charges against Governor Murray, of Utah, respecting irregularities in his office while United States Marshal in Kentucky, were considered recently by the House committee investigating expendi tures in the Department of Justice. George K. Chase, the predecessor of Brewster Cameron, testified that the reports to the Department of Justice sustained the charges. Governor Murray was to have an opportunity of testifying.

THE Legislature of Iowa in Joint Convention on the 30th formally proclaimed the election of Senator Allison as United

States Senator. A. W. SHELDEN, Associate Justice of Arizona, died suddenly at San Francisco

the other day. POST-OFFICE INSPECTOR LANIER, on duty in the South, has been removed for frauds upon postmasters he visited. Lanier fled to South America.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. M. RYFORD, a merchant of Moriah, Vt., with his wife and two daughters started for Warder, Vt., several weeks ago to visit his father. He drove a team of horses, and as they had not been heard from it was feared that they either broke through the ice on Lake Champlain or were frozen to death in the Green Moun-

A young man named Carver employed in the post-office at Detroit, Mich., was recently arrested charged with stealing letters. Upon being confronted with proofs of his crime, he confessed to having rified three thousand letters within the past six months, having carried on his depredations systematically. The object, he said, was to accumulate sufficient money to marry a girl with whom he had fallen in

A RECENT explosion on the Canadian Pacific Railroad, near Fort Arthur, Manitoba, caused by dynamite cartridges left on a stove, killed five men.

THREE of the Howard County, Ark., rioters, who were under sentence of death, were recently granted an appeal, and the Judges who granted the appeal were hung in effigy by some lawless parties. The decision of the Judges was generally sustained by the people.

Anson Linsmeier was recently arrested at St. Louis and taken back to Germany, where he, as postmaster, had forged many post-office orders and fed to this country. SEVERAL Leadville (Colo.) banks have collapsed lately, the last being the Mer-

chants' and Mechanics'. Only one bank is left in the city. BAKER PASHA was reported as having defeated several of the False Prophet's Chiefs, and was marching on Khartoum. HARRY LEE, the Cincinnati forger, was

recently arrested in Canada. AT Pittsburgh, Pa., the other day, as three men were engaged in loading pieces of steel plates on cars, and were standing on the platform on which there was from fifty to seventy-five tons of the iron, the platform gave way and the men fell to the ground with the metal on top of them. John Butler and Thomas Liney were killed lars damages owing to assertions made by instantly, and John Roach fatally injured. that firm against the purity of lard the The testimony shows that the bridge was

St. Louis a number of boats were injured. just prior to the collapse of McGeoch. The steamer Salvo No. 2 was wrecked and | WENDELL PHILLIPS died at Boaton sunk. The steamer Minneapolis had a Mass., the 2d, in the seventy-third year of large hole stove in her bull and several his age. barges were badly damaged.

Ir is reported that the law governing Robinson and Brown Counties, Tex., by non-citizens and intruders in the Indian the Sheriffs of those counties and lodged Territory is being vigorously enforced. in jail at Jewett, for whipping a negro Thirty-eight persons in the Creek Nation | man.

have been declared non-citizens and notefied to leave. Seventeen houses in Muskogee and vicinity, the residences of parties who could not prove up their citizenship have been seized by the National Inspector and sold as public property of the Nation. Much excitement prevailed at Dubuque, Iowa, over the sudden disappearance of Laura Rowland, a highly accomplished

and educated girl of fifteen. THE House Committee on Territories recently ordered a favorable report on the bill providing that hereafter no Territory shall form a Constitution or apply for admission as a State until it shall contain a population equal to that required in a Congressional district in order to entitle it to representation in the House of Representa-

THE safe in the post-office at Blue Island, a suburb of Chicago, was blown open the other night and stamps, money and other valuables to the amount of \$15,000 stolen.

THE House Committee on Banking and Currency at a recent meeting discussed the resolutions offered by Representative Hunt, which declares that the public wel- a demand being made to surrender he drew fare demands that the benefits of the national banking system be substantially preserved and continued for the time being, provided that the resolution be not brought one revolver into use, emptying construed to be a declaration in favor of the perpetuation of the public debt, and agreed to it by a vote of nine to four.

THE annual report of the operations of ihe Patent-office for the calendar year showed an increase of seventeen per cent. in the number of patents, trade-marks and labels issued over the preceding year. The cash receipts increased \$137,000; excess of receipts over expenditures, \$300,000; cash on hand, \$2,677,476.

A DIFFICULTY occurred recently in Henry County, Ala., between John Boatright and Rev. J. W. Malone, Baptist minister, in which the latter was fatally cut with a knife. An old fued led to the trouble. Both were represented to be men past the prime of life, of steady habits and respecta-

PUBLIC debt statement for January: Cash in Treasury, \$9,498,360; debt, less cash in Treasury, \$1,486,083,719; decrease for January, \$11,958,003; decrease since June 30, 1883, \$65,007,487.

THE south-bound accommodation train on the Indianapolis & Chicago Railroad while crossing a truss bridge at Broad Ripple, seven miles from Indianapolis, Ind., the other night, broke through and the wreck immediately took fire. John Brewer, engineer; J. E. Ricketts, baggagemaster; George Lowry, brakeman; Thomas Parr, bridge foreman; Abel T. Smith. American Express messenger, and a passenger named John Bray, were killed, and about fifteen injured, several fatally,

THE breaking up of the Allegheny and other rivers in Pennsylvania did a great amount of damage. Bottom lands were flooded and families had to seek safety in flight. The town of Freeport was at one time in danger of destruction, the ice being piled thirty feet high.

THE other afternoon a terrible gasoline explosion took place in the business center of Alliance, O., originating in the store of F. M. Orr. Three brick blocks were wrecked and the ruins took fire. F. M. Orr, his son Elmer, Mrs. Homer Highland and daughter, Mrs. Frank Evans and two children were either killed outright or burned to death, and many injured.

A COMMITTEE, composed of members of different labor organizations with headquarters at Pittsburgh, Pa., recently went to Washington to urge the passage of a bill restricting the importation of foreign labor under the contract system.

ROBERT W. LEONARD committed suicide on a sleeping car of the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad, at Cincinnati, the other night.

Boys recently discovered the mutilated body of a man on the prarie, near Gum Island, Tex. Both legs were cut off and his neck broken. No clew to the perpretra-

tors of the deed. THE business portion of Belmont, Wis.

burned recently. ADDITIONAL DISPATCHES.

AT Lancaster, Tex., the other day, John Nash, an old gentleman, was fatally stabbed by a maniac brother. He had been caring for the demented relative and kept him in a room at his home for a number of years in preference to sending him to an asylum. On the morning of the tragedy he maniac escaped, got hold of a knife and inflicted several frightful wounds apon his brother before he could be se-

THE Hamburg American Packet Company recently telegraphed the Secretary of he Navy, offering to transport to New York without charge the bodies of Captain DeLong and party, expected to arrive at Hamburg shortly.

ATTORNEY GENERAL BREWSTER recently placed at the disposal of the House Committee on expenditures in the Department of Justice, the entire force of the Examiner's Department, to be sent alone or with subcommittees, to investigate the alleged irregularities in the offices of United States fficials. It was said the committee would probably go to New York City for a short time and investigate the office of John I. Davenport, Supervisor of Elections.

THE Senate Committee on Judiciary reently ordered the Lowell Bankruptcy bill o be favorably reported, with amendments It preserves State exemptions, and authorzes involuntary proceedings only against persons whose debts amount to more than one shousand dollars and only against traders. It diminishes the number of Comnissioners in Bankruptcy.

SIXTY-Two new pupils recently entered he Indian Training School at Carlisle, Pa. MILLERSBURG, O., was recently shaken up by an earthquake.

THOMAS COLLYER and his wife, residing on Long Island, N. Y., were recently posioned by pepper used in the household. John Cowley and his brother-in-law, were arrested on suspicion of having poisoned the pepper. Annie Cowley, a sister to John, was also arrested. The only motive known for the crime was that they wanted to get possession of their father's property, which amounted to about \$1,500. The father died mysteriously some time ago.

FOWLER BROTHERS, the pork packers, recently entered suit at Chicago against the members of the late firm of McGeoch, Everington & Co., for half a million dol-By the recent breaking up of the ice at plaintiffs were putting upon the mar

ELEVEN men were recently arrested

A THIEF AT BAY.

Desperate Negro Thief's Determined Fight and Escape from His Pursuers -The Booty Recovered.

CAIRO, ILL., Feb. 1. Wednesday last a negro named Chas. Allen robbed a trunk belonging to his partner, Luce Adams, of seventy-five dollars, and sloped. Yesterday morning officers Sheehan and Hogan were placed in charge of the case and were not long in locating the whereabouts of the thief, and at nine a. m., yesterday, well mounted, started up the track of the Cairo & St. Louis Railroad in pursuit. Seven miles out trace of the fugitive was found where he had rested at a Methodist Church, taking a short cut from there toward the Cache River. As they came in sight of the house of a colored man named Henderson the scamp was seen to enter the back door. Riding up a call was made for him to come out, which he did after a short interval, but in such shape as indicated business. He carried a double-barreled shotgun in one hand, a revolver in the other, and another large revolver in his jacket pocket. Upon

five loads at his pursuers, missing thementirely. Both sides shot about a dozen times, all remaining unburt. Suddenly Allen broke into a rapid run, leaping ditches and fences, rushing through sloughs, swamp-and ice, hotly pursued by the officers whose horses at times sank into the swamp and water to their bodies. The fugitive finally eached a dense cane-brake into which he disappeared. The officers deemed it imprudent to follow further, as they were short of ammunition, while the negro had one weapon yet unused. Henderson's wife was tound by the officers upon the floor in fit, frothing at the mouth and giving alarming demonstrations of approaching dissolution, occasioned by the excitement during the shooting. She was finally brought to her senses and delivered \$73 of the money, which the thief had left for safe

AN AGENT OF DEATH.

Seven Lives Lost, as Many More Persons Injured and Four Buildings Demolished by an Explosion of Gasoline at Alliance,

ALLIANCE, O., Feb. 1. The most dreadful disaster that ever occurred in the city of Alliance befell us about four o'clock this afternoon. At that hour a terrific explosion of gasoline took place in the store of F. M. Orr, the result of which was the entire demolition of the Orr block, together with the Miller building or the west side and two frame buildings on the east side. But great as was the loss of property, it is as nothing compared to the loss of life which resulted from the explo-

The following are the names of those nown to have lost their lives: F. M. Orr, proprietor of the store and

Elmer Orr, his son. Mrs. Homer Highland, his daughter. A two-year-old son of Mrs. Homer High-

Mrs. Frank Evans. Two small children of Mrs. Frank Evans, aged respectively two years and four

Besides those above named there were two or three others in the store at the time of the explosion, whose names have not been learned, but who were spoken with beneath the ruins before life had been crushed or burned out of them. At present all those positively known to have perished have been extricated from the debris. Some of these are charred and mangled beyond recognition. The work, however, of clearing away the rubbish and searching for bodies is being vigorously pushed forward by the aid of such light as is afforded by the moon and a bonfire in

the street. Besides those who perished the following persons were more or less injured: Robert yce, Jerry Miller, Frank Evans, Maggie Miller, Mrs. Frease, Mr. Baker, J. D. Lew-is, John Curry, Charles Hayden. The two last named are of the minstrel troupe of

Duprez & Benedict. Some escaped, as it seemed, almost by a

miracle. The grocery store of Mr. McCon-nel, adjoining, had some seven or eight per-sons in it, but all of them were dragged out not severely hurt. The scenes immediately following the

disaster were well calculated to affect the most indifferent. The buildings were an indescribable mass of ruins. Men and women were rushing about frantically be-seeching that something might be done. Mr. Homer Highland, whose wife and child perished, was almost beside himself with grief and horror, as was also Mr. Frank Evans, whose wife and two children likewise perished. Mrs. Orr was completely prostrated by the shock.

The only person in the building known to have escaped save some employes engaged in the workshop attached to the rear, was Mr. Frank Evans. The great loss of life resulted from the fact that the second and third stories were used as dwellings.

The persons within were not all killed outright, as could be too plainly told by their audible but unavailing cries for help. Everything was done that could be to rescue the victims, but the rapid spread of the flames, notwithstanding the heroic efforts of the fire company, soon drove the rescuers back.

The explosion was caused by the fumes from the gasoline. A child of Mr. Orr turned the faucet in a barrel and the fluid ran out on the floor. Mr. Orr was mopping it up which gas arising therefrom ignited from a gas light.

John Curry and Charles H. Hayden of Duprez & Benedict's minstrels were blown out of Orr's store through a plate glass window and carried clear across the street where they were picked up badly injured. They were carried to a hotel, They will

The Orr block, one of the finest in the city and completed only last fall, is a total wreck, as are the Miller block and the building occupied by Mr. Fullerton as a eather store and by Miss Stanly as a millinery establishment. A reasonable esti-mate of the value of the property destroyed would be \$50,000, a very small part of which was covered by insurance.

The explosion was of such force that it was felt and heard for a distance of two miles. Those in the inimetable had been thought for a moment that there had been thought for a moment that there had been may be gl-aned from the fact that a team of horses standing in the street in front were thrust against the walls of the building on the opposite side of the street. All the window-glass on either side of the street for a distance considerably more than a block was smashed. It will take

\$2,000 or \$3,000 to replace the glass broken The Monon Route Disaster.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Feb. 1. The coroner this afternoon began an injuiry over the remains of five bodies that were recovered from the wreck yesterday on the Air Line Railway at Broad Ripple. structed. The workmen were repairing the bridge and had removed permanent supporting rods, supplying their place with temporary rods, which were claimed to be strong enough to support the structure. It is generally thought the accident was caused by the weakening of the bridge, the result of removing the perman nt rods. The body of Parr, 'a bridge foreman, has not yet been recovered.

THE MORMON QUESTION.

The Provisions of the Bill Reported to the United States Senate by Senator Hear, from the Judiciary Committee for the Suppression of Polygamy.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 28. Senator Hoar reported to-day from the Committee on Judiciary an anti-polygamy bill, which embraces the principal features of the Edmunds bill introduced at the present session, and adds other provisions originating with the committee.

The first section provides, in any prose ution for bigamy, polygamy or unlawful cohabitation, under any statute of the United States, the lawful husband or wife of the person accused shall be a competent witess, and may be called and compelled to testify in such proceedings.

The second section provides in any such prosecution an attachment may be issued for any witness and his or her immediate attendance compelled without previous subpœna when there is reasonable ground for believing he or she will unlawfully fail to obey the subpœna issued in the usual left the officials changed their minds

The third section provides that prosecution for bigamy, polygamy or unlawful cohabitation may be commenced at any time within five years after commission of the offense. This provision however, does not apply to any offense already barred by the statute of limitations,

Section 4 provides for the certification of marriages in the Territories and penalties

for the violation of its provisions. Section 5 provides that the records of marriages or anything in the nature of marriage ceremony of any kind, made or kept by any officer, clergyman, priest or person performing civil or ecclesiastical functions, whether lawful or not, in any Territory of the United States, shall be subject to inspection at all reasonable times by any judge, magistrate or officer of jus-tice appointed under the authority of the United States, under penalty not to exceed \$1,000, and imprisonment not to exceed two years, or both such fine and imprisonment. Section 7 provides for the annulment of all laws providing for or allowing registration or voting by females in the Territory of Utah, and makes it unlawful for any female to vote at any election hereafter held in the Territory of Utah for any public pur-

pose whatever. Sections 8, 9 and 10 provide for the an-nulment of all laws of the Territory of Utah which provide for the identification of voters at elections and for recognition of the capacity of illegitimate children to inherit and which confer jurisdiction on Probate Courts, except in respect to deceased persons and the guardianship of infants and

insane persons. Section 11 provides for the annulment of all laws which provide that such prosecu-tions may hereafter be instituted in the same way as prosecutions for other crimes. Section 12 provides that all laws incorporating, continuing or providing for the corporation known as the Mormon Church as far as the same may preclude the ap-pointment of certain trustees of said corporation, as hereinafter provided, shall be annuled. It also directs the President with the consent of the Senate, to appoint fourteen trustees, who shall exercise the functions prescribed for such corporations. and shall hold office two years, and shall report annually to the Secretary of the In-terior as to the property, business affairs and operations of said corporation. Section 13 provides that it shall be the

duty of the Attorney-General of the United States to institute and prosecute proceedings, to forfeit and escheat to the United States property of corporations obtained or held in violation of section 3 of the ac of Congress, approved the 1st of July, 1882
All property so forfeited to be disposed of
by the Secretary of the Interior, and the
proceeds applied to the use and benefit of All property so forfeited to be disposed of by the Secretary of the Interior, and the proceeds applied to the use and benefit of the common schools in the Territory in the common property may be.

Evening and 100,000 and ver last evening.

The history of the banking business in Leadville for the past few years has probably never before been equaled in the ball of them.

Section 14 provides that in all procee ings for the enforcement of the law against a corporation holding property in excess of the amount limited by law the court shall have power to compel the production of books and papers from persons managing the property in which such corporations have any rights or interests.
Section 15 provides for the annulment

all laws creating or continuing the associ ation or corporation called the Perpetual Emigrating Fund Company. Section 16 directs the Attorney-General of the United States to take steps to dissolve that corporation and provide that the assets in excess of the debts shall escheat to the United States and be invested by the Secretary of the Interior for the benefit

of the common schools of Utah. Section 17 provides for the abolishmen of the existing election districts and apportionment of representation concerning members of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah, and it shall be the duty of the Governor, Territorial Secretary and United States Judges of said Territory to redistrict the Territory to redistrict the Territory. ritory to redistrict the Territory and apportion the representation so as to assur equal representation to citizens of the United States according to numbers in said Legislative Assembly, such establishmen of districts and representation to continue until Congress shall otherwise provide.

Section 18 provides that all registration and election offices of every description in the Territory of Utah shall upon the enact-ment of the bill into a law be declared vacant; that all duties relating to registra tion of voters, conduct of elections, receiv ing or rejection of votes, canvassing and returning the same and issuing certificates or other evidence of election in said Terrior other evidence of election in said Terri-tory shall for the present be performed un-der the existing law of the Territory and the United States by persons who shall be selected to perform that duty by the board specially provided for by this bill. It pro-vides this board shall consist of five per-sons, to be appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate, no more than three of them to be members of one political party and each to receive calary of \$3,000 per annum; that this board shall continue in office until the Legislative Assembly of the Territory shall make a provision for filling the registry and election provision for filling the registry and election offices in the Territory, and that the Secretary of the Territory shall be Secretary of the board, keep a journal of the proceedings and attest its action. It provides for a canvass of all returns of elections by this board and the issuance by it of all certifi-cates of election of members of the Assem-bly, such certificate to be the only evidence of the right of such persons to sit in such Assembly. It provides, however, that the board shall not exclude from the polls or refuse to count the vote of any person oth-erwise eligible to vote on account of any opinion such person may entertain on the subject of bigamy or polygamy.

The New Code of Senate Rules. WASHINGON, D. C., Jan. 28.

The new code of Senate rules creates two

new standing committees and enlarges several old ones. A committee of the Senate Republican caucus is engaged in making selections for membership on the new committees and filling new places upon old ones. It is understood that Senator Lapham has been selected as Chairman of he Committee on Fisheries, and Senator Wilson Chairman of Committee on Expenlitures of Public Moneys. Senators Harcison, Plumb and Platt have been selected as Republican members of this committee. it was supposed he would be found terribly committee on Mines and Mining, and Senstor Lapham of that on Woman Suffrage. Their acceptance of the Chairmanships eaves their present positions vacant. Senstor Bowen has been selected for the Chairmanship of Mines and Mining. No selection as yet has been made for the Chairmanship of the Committee on Women

DOWN WITH THE TIDE.

The Merchants' and Mechanics' Bank of Leadville, Colorado, Unable to Stand the sture of a Determined Run, Closes Its ors Only One Bank Left -Serious Fail Another financial trouble engrosses &

city. At two o'clock this afternoon the Merchants' and Mechanics' Bank, hereto fore considered an exceptionally strong institution, closed its doors, being unable to withstand a run made upon it. The run was started last evening just before the bank closed. The officials were wholly taken by surprise, but paid all demands un til the close of banking hours. The Direct tors then held a meeting to decide upon what course to follow. It was pretty bost tive that the run would be continued in the morning, and the officials well knew that the bank could not stand it. They endeav ored to effect a loan of \$50,000 from the First National Bank in Denver. The money was placed in the express office in Denver. so it is said, but before the train and had the gold returned to then vaults. This morning when bank opened for business a heavy run was commenced, which continued until the last dollar was paid out over the counter. The doors were then closed. The depositors. who were then clamoring for their mone were informed that as soon as the South Park train arrived from Denver the bank would open again and pay off all claims, As the expected aid from Denver is not forthcoming it is certain that the bank will never open.

The bank was officered as follows: President, L. M. Smith; Vice-President, J. Smith; Cashier, S. Ayres. The bank has been in business four years. Its author ized capital stock was \$50,000, which was subscribed and paid in when the bank opened its doors. According to the last annual statement, made a month ago, the average deposits were \$250,000. It was said to have a surplus fund of \$7,500; undivided profits, \$2,000; real estate to the value of \$17,000, and paid average dividends of eight teen per cent. annually. It is not thought that over \$100,000 were drawn out after the run began, and that the unpaid deposits now amount to \$150,000. This amount the fficials claim the assets of the bank will

fully pay.

The failure of the Merchants' and Mechanics' Bank will have more of a disastrous effect upon the business of Leadville than that produced by the collapse of the First National Bank eight days ago. With the Merchants' and Mechanics' Bank the largest business institutions carried their leposits. The failure of the First National was not wholly unannounced, and many of the business men having been forewarned withdrew, their deposits and placed them in the Merchants and Ma-chanics' before the collapse. They supposed they were making a good move, but it proves not to have benefited them much. The commercial agencies predict a wholesale number of business fail ares in the immediate future an account of the collapse of the Merchants' and Mechan-ics' Bank. It is not thought the depositors in the bank will lose much money. The oss will fall upon the stockholders, who compose some of the best known business

en in the State There is now only one bank left in Leadville, and its strength will be tested to the limit to-day, as a disastrous run is expected to be made upon it. It is a new bank, with great wealth at its back, and it is thought it will withstand the attacks nade on it by scared creditors. A great deal of money was placed in its vaults this evening and \$50,000 was started from Den-

the city had four banks, and all of them were considered in good standing. Two months previous the Bank of Leadville had failed, but this was considered to be only the result of bad management, not that the business of Leadville was in such a depressed state that any or all of the banks were liable to go under on the slightest squeeze. Two weeks ago the City Bank of Leadville made an assignment. It was found that the affairs of this bank were perfectly straight and that the depositors were paid dollar for dollar. The assignment was made, it is alleged, owing to the fact that the bank was not paying. A week ago came the announce-ment that the First National was in a shaky condition, and a run then made caused that institution to go under. The loss of \$20,000 to the depositors, the flight of President Dewault, the reported stealings, etc., are still fresh in the minds of the public. Now comes the collapse of the Merchants' and Mechanics' Bank. This institution, it was said at the time of the other failures, was on an exceptionally good financial basis, and that there need be no fears that it would go under, and it was amply able to meet any run or demands that might be made upon it, and so it was generally con-sidered. The first intimation of a break was on Tuesday afternoon just before the bank's closing hour, when a small horde of creditors made their appearance at the bank and demanded their deposits.

A ROCK ON THE RAIL

Causes a Serious Wreck and the Severe

Injury of Two Men. SEDALIA, Mo., Jan. 30. The passenger train which left St. Louis at 9:20 this morning encountered a large rock one mile east of the Gasconade rivers and did not reach here until 12:45. The er gine, tender, baggage car and mail car were wrecked, and the engineer, known as Stonewall Jackson, and the fireman, James Brooks, scalded and otherwise seriously injured. Wm. Roberts, postal clerk, who was on the wrecked train, made the follow-ing statement: "The train was on time. The first thing I noticed was that the car was in received a severe jolt and a canting forward. I looked out and the mail car was standing crosswise of the track and the locomotive down the bank about thirty feet and very near the ice in the river. The engineer, Stonewall Jackson, was in the cab fast, with his hand on the throttle and lever reversed. The steam was coming out-in such a volume that I was unable to see the fireman, Jim Brooks, who was fast under the cab. Jackson was soon gotten out and found to be badly scalded, and it is feared that he inhaled the steam. Brooks was not so badly scalded, but had many bruises; but it is quite probable that he has no bones broken. Brooks refused to receive any stimulants, and he also refused to receive any stimulants, and he also refused morphine. Jackson told me he saw the rock coming down the hill, but he was powerless to get either one way or the other to miss it. The rock was about five or six feet in diameter. Jackson and Brooks retide in St. Louis. The trains transferred at the wreck and proceeded on their way. The wounded were taken to St. Louis.

Fatal Powder-Mill Explosion

PORTLAND, ME., Jan. 30. A terrible explosion demolished the powder-mill at Gambo Station, Windham, this forencon. Reuben D. Kennedy was at work in the mill at the time mixing "cake," and the building wit the building without success, and the infortunate man was found on the ice sees 200 feet from the mill. He lived about me hour. He was badly burned, and sustained internal injuries by the shock. He talked almost to the last moment of his life, and said that grit must have got in the "cake," and caused the explosion. Figure 11 the most of the men employed in the mill were away at dinner when the mill was blown to atoms. thout success, and the pu-