THE CHIEF.

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RED CLOUD, NEBRASKA.

—BY—

M. L. THOMAS,

Editor and Proprietor.

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THE RED CLOUD CHIEF.

"Eternal Vigilance is the price of Liberty," and $1.50 a year is the price of the Red Cloud Chief.

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BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

THE CHIEF.

M. L. THOMAS, - - - EDITOR.

THURSDAY, NOV. 18, 1880.

A SHOT tower is soon to be erected in Omaha.

LAST week about ten thousand excursionists and land seekers came into Nebraska from the eastern states.

SERIOUS trouble is existing in Ireland between the land owners and the tenants. Several land agents have been killed.

THE Governor has appointed Hon. John Wallichs, the newly elected Auditor, to fill out the unexpired term between now and the first of January, Leditke, the former Auditor having left for parts unknown.

A TELEGRAM from Erie, Pen., dated the 12th, says that a small Canadian schooner loaded with twenty tons of nitro-glycerine for Port Huron, is aground in Erie harbor, having been driven in by the bad weather two days ago. Efforts to release her have thus far proved futile. There is danger of her foundering enough to explode her cargo, which would undoubtedly result in great damage. The people are somewhat excited and will feel greatly relieved when the danger is over.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

STATE OF NEBRASKA.

Again, as a people, we have cause to be thankful for the many blessings shown us by an indulgent Providence. In harmony with the proclamation of the President of the United States, I would recommend that Thursday, the 25th day of November, be observed by the citizens of this state as a day of thanksgiving and prayer.

Let us give grateful thanks for the blessings of the past, and beseech a continuance of the Divine favor to us, as a state and as individuals. While all have reason to be thankful, let us not forget the children of sorrow and want, and out of abundance remember them.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seat of the State of Nebraska to be affixed. Done at Lincoln, the 10th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand, eight hundred and eighty, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and fifth, and of the state the fourteenth.

By the Governor, ALBINUS NANCE.

S. J. ALEXANDER,

[SEAL.] Secretary of State.

THE POPULAR VOTE.

Garfield has it by Over 30,000 Majority.

When President Hayes was elected he took his seat when the popular vote was in favor of Tilden. This has been the case with many of our presidents and the democrats are claiming even now that the popular vote is in favor of Hancock. This is not the fact. Below we give the majorities for both candidates, which gives Garfield 82,297 majority:

Garfield.	Majorities.	Hancock.	Majorities.
Colorado	3 500	Alabama	25 000
Connecticut	2 570	Arkansas	30 000
Illinois	50 000	California	155
Indiana	7 000	Delaware	1 031
Iowa	80 000	Florida	4 000
Kansas	20 000	Georgia	35 000
Maine	4 000	Kentucky	35 000
Massachusetts	52 331	Louisiana	30 000
Michigan	60 000	Maryland	15 175
Minnesota	40 000	Mississippi	45 000
Nebraska	25 000	Missouri	45 000
New Hampshire	3 000	Nevada	500
New York	23 000	New Jersey	1 500
Ohio	35 000	North Carolina	7 000
Oregon	400	South Carolina	40 000
Pennsylvania	87 456	Tennessee	30 000
Rhode Island	7 100	Texas	70 000
Vermont	27 000	Virginia	30 000
Wisconsin	30 000	West Virginia	6 000
Total	528 060	Total	445 763
Garfield's majority			82 297.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 12, 1880.

EDITOR CHIEF:—The people of the loyal North marched boldly to the discharge of their highest duty on election day, under the benignant smiles of Providence, who vouchsafed a balmy air and golden sunshine, shimmering with the autumnal haze of an Indian Summer day. Never were citizens of any land called to duties more solemn, momentous or exalted. Right well and nobly was the battle fought and a long-drawn sigh of relief burst forth from every patriotic heart when the work was done, as the news of victory came flashing over the electric wires. It was the fall of Richmond and the surrender at Appomattox repeated again, fifteen years after those notable events. It was a reconsecration to loyalty and to God, made by a people who know what sacrifices mean, and who have a keen appreciation of the glorious thing it is for men to die for country and yet think it not less noble to live, act and vote, so that the country itself may not die. To the world it presented the spectacle of a great loyal people riding upon the topmost wave of commercial prosperity, the like of which was never known, speaking in a voice louder than booming cannon or the surging waves of old ocean—saying, labor shall be protected, business activities shall be fostered men's rights everywhere shall be respected, the freedman shall be guaranteed every right that every other man has, and, by the Eternal, he shall vote and that vote shall be counted, if he is murdered, his murderer shall be punished; he shall be helped in his education by the government in his efforts to fit himself for citizenship; in short, it was the loyal people of the North, in the presence of the memories of the loyal dead, reaffirming their devotion to the Union and all the holy principles for which their heroic martyrs gave up their precious lives.

The rejoicing here at the Capitol over the results have been manifest everywhere. Even the honest democrats admit that, on the whole, it is vastly better for the country that the healthy condition of public affairs now existing should not be interfered with by any change of policy. The crowd of hungry Democrats who have been gathering here for the last two years to be on hand for places when the change did come, find their hearts have slipped suddenly down into their breeches pockets, and in their despair, cry:

What shall I do? where can I go?
To find relief from all my woe?

The Solid South now stands by itself on its own issues. Since 1864 the North have been unwilling to consider our Southren brethren as ready to set up a form of government to antagonize the union, but at Cincinnatti, Wade Hampton made a bed for the Solid South, and they must now lie in it. The North now understands just what the "Solid South mean."

The chief of the Bureau of Statistics finds an illustration of the old statement "Westward the star of empire takes its way," in the fact that during three months ending Sept. 30, 154,832 immigrants arrived at our ports, being an increase of 86,181 over the same period of last year. During the same months this year 8,862 foreigners visited this country. These immigrants, for the most part, are in possession of means sufficient to establish themselves in business or purchase homes and thus the country is becoming enriched, not only in its labor but in its material wealth. These new comers buy through tickets in every country in Europe to their places of destination in Nebraska, New Mexico, Texas, Dakota or any portion of the West. With stability in government affairs, every foot of available land in our vast heretofore American desert will be utilized and occupied before the great hour hand on our dial plate of destiny shall have tolled off the close of the 19th century. With such a prospect before us, with what confidence we may weave the warp and woof of our opening blossomings into a future of accomplishments, such as never was dreamed of by our fathers.

Washington Monument is now being pushed forward towards completion. A meeting of the Society was held a few days since on top of the monument, 184 feet in height—fourteen feet higher than it was when the work was recommended. Three courses of marble and backing were taken off at the start and replaced with new, making altogether twenty feet of new work. The meeting expressed thanks to Congress for the appropriations under which the work has been done, and confidence that, sympathizing with the patriotic sentiments of the people of the country, Congress will make appropriations necessary to insure the rapid completion of the monument. Col. Casey hopes to have the shaft 209 feet high before cold weather. PHARS.

News Items from all over the State.

A live eagle has been captured near Lincoln.

Mr. J. C. Morrisey, of Plattsmouth, is erecting a large elevator at that place.

An attempt was made last week to burglarize the postoffice safe at Seriber.

O. M. Galley, near Nelson, is sinking a shaft for coal, with good prospects of success.

Corn in Clay county yields thirty-five bushels an acre, notwithstanding the poor season.

The court house bond proposition was defeated in Lancaster county at the recent election.

Three hundred and sixty tons of hay were burned up by a prairie fire north of Central City last week.

The bones of a mastodon were found near Rock creek last week and placed on exhibition in Blue Springs.

A temporary winter bridge is to be put in by the C. M. & St. P. company at Running Water this winter.

The house of William Young, about six miles south of Humboldt, was entirely consumed by fire last week.

Work has been begun on the Platte river bridge south of North Bend, and will be rushed to completion.

Pawnee county has voted bonds to the B. & M. for their parallel line through that county.

The celebrated "disputed eighty" at Lincoln is expected to be brought into the courts once more.

A safe robbery took place at Hooper on the night of election. The robbers got away with $4000.

The adjourned July meeting of the Nebraska Bar association took place in Omaha, on Wednesday of last week.

So great is the demand for mechanics in St. Paul that fully half of those intending to build are unable to find laborers.

Between forty and fifty brick business blocks have been built during the past year in Lincoln and over two hundred houses.

Thomas Hayes, a farmer living fifteen miles southwest of Fremont, committed suicide last week. No reason for the act are assigned.

Thursday night last, the safe of C. H. Pinkham, at South Bend, was blown open by burglars, who got away with a considerable sum.

Frank Van Gordon was seriously injured at the North Platte machine shops last week by the falling of a heavy iron plate on one of his legs.

The fourteen-year-old daughter of Frank Craw, of Oakdale, is missing. She is five feet high, dark complexion, hair and eyes, lively in talk and disposition.

A man and a boy named Allen and Lewis Loft, and living on the Upper Beaver, were caught in the storm of two weeks ago, while out hunting and were frozen to death. Their dead bodies were found last week and buried.

The man who was recently found murdered near Chapman is thought to be an individual who was recently in Central City looking up the prospects of locating a stock farm near town. He is said to have had $12,000 with him.

A railroad transfer boat is to be put in at Aspinwall, about three miles below Nemaha city. The boat has already arrived and is making sounding for landings, channels, &c.

It is not probable that the new capitol wing at Lincoln will be completed before the first of January, and it will not be ready for occupancy until long after that time.

Isaac Henry, who has had a suit pending against the Union Pacific company for the loss of a leg, which was run over by a car, has been offered $5,000 by the Union Pacific to compromise the case.

Captain Eads' Ship Railway.

The *Scientific American* of this week contains two full page illustrations of Captain Eads' proposed railway for transporting ships with their cargo across continents.

Captain Eads claims by his plan to be able to take loaded ships of the largest tonnage from one ocean to the other across the Istmus of Panama, as readily as can be done by a canal after the Lessup plan, and at a much less cost for engineering construction.

The project is certainly bold and ingenious, and the projector anticipates no serious difficulties in carrying forward his enterprise. The engravings referred to in the *Scientific American* show the proposed construction of not only the railroad, but the appliances for transferring the ships from the water to the rail.

In addition to the large number of engravings, illustrative of engineering works, inventions and new discoveries which appear weekly, the *Scientific American* has, during the past year, devoted considerable space to illustrating and describing leading establishments devoted to different manufacturing industries.

This feature has added very much to the attractiveness and usefulness of the paper. More than fifty of the most important industrial establishments of our country have been illustrated, and the processes of the different manufactures described in its columns. The *Scientific American* has been published for more than thirty-four years by MUNN & Co., 37 Park Row, N. Y., and has attained a larger weekly circulation than all similar papers published in the country. The publishers assure the public that they have not printed less than 50,000 copies a week for several months.

FINAL PROOFS.

Farmers who contemplate proving up on their claims will learn something to their advantage by calling at the RED CLOUD CHIEF office. tf

It must be true because every one says Kendall's Spavin Cure is the best thing known. Read the Advertisement.

Kendall's Spavin Cure is highly recommended by Prof. Williams the wonderful horse trainer. Read Advertisement.