GENERAL NEWS CONDENSED.

The Calendar Clock manufactory at Ithica, N. Y., was burned, Feb. 12th. Loss. $50,000; insured.

Mrs. Andrew Bates and two children broke through the ice near New Haven, Conn., February 10th. The mother was rescued, but the children were drowned.

Owen Lindsay, convicted of the murder of Francis A. Calvin, was hanged in the prison yard at Syracuse, N. Y., February 11th. He declared his innocence to the last.

On the 11th of February Manning's plaining mill at Marlborough, Mass., together with valuable machinery and 30,000 feet of lumber. Loss heavy—no insurance.

The Hutchins Hotel, at Holyoke Mass., was fired simultaneously in the cellar and attic early on the morning of February 10th, and completely destroyed. Four stores on the first floor were burned out. Loss, $75,000; partially insured.

On the morning of February 11th a fire occurred in Pittsburg, Pa., which destroyed the Birmingham depot of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railway, a five story mill, and other buildings. Total loss $150,000, partially insured.

The burglar who entered the National Bank of Commerce a few nights ago at New London, Conn, has been discovered in the person of Geo. C. Parker, one of the tellers, who has confessed, and all the missing funds of the bank, amounting to $21,500, have been recovered.

A Brace of Dog Stories.

The Buffalo *Advertiser* says: "Lately a Mr. Stambach, residing on the Hamburg turnpike, called at No. 7 Police Station and reported to Captain Flanigan that a large Newfoundland dog, attached to a hand wagon, had been standing on the turnpike, about a mile from the city, for three days, and refused to move, though some one had released him from the wagon, which was partly filled with willow branches, evidently cut by the dog's owner from a grove in the vicinity. It was ascertained that the animal's owner was Andrew Selrick, a basket maker; also that he had been arrested and committed to the workhouse for thirty days in default of a fine. It is believed that, being cold, Andrew left the dog and wagon at the place where they were found, to 'get a drink,' and that he took a number of 'drinks,' till he became intoxicated and forgot all about his property. The circumstances are remarkable, and afford a good illustration of the faithfulness of a brute which had stayed for three days without food, waiting for his master, as opposed to the master's dissipation and neglect."

The Troy *Whig* gives the following in a late issue: "Recently a little girl was sent to a store with a $2 bill to make some purchases. The child on her way to the store lost her money, and returning home told her father of her ill fortune. He at once went out in search of the missing cash. While prosecuting his search he was accosted by a lad named Ryan, living near by, who on learning what was lost, requested the gentleman to show a bill to a dog that was with the boy, and apparently interested in what was going on, and assured the gentleman that the dog would find the lost note. The gentleman with some incredulity presented a note for the inspection of the dog, which the latter seemed to examine intelligently, and then the boy sent the canine on a search. Shortly the sagacious brute returned, but with no bill, and the gentleman's look of incredulity became quite positive; but the boy asserted that the bill was not on the street. Had it been there, the boy maintained, the dog would have found it; and to vindicate the high reputation of his pet, asked the gentleman to place a bill on the street at a considerable distance and unobserved by the dog, which was done. More money was exhibited, and the dog sent out at random. In a few moments the sagacious animal returned with the note. In the meantime Mr. B. Tunnard had found the lost note. The remarkable sagacity of the dog being told, Mr. Tunnard heard of the story and promptly restored the money to its owner. A comparison of events left no doubt that he picked up the bill before the dog was sent in search of it. The animal is a very intelligent water spaniel, that has been trained to search for hidden articles, which he has done with more than human thoroughness. On one occasion a lady lost a gold ring, which the spaniel soon found and restored to the owner after being shown another ring by the lady."

A Nevada Rabbit-Hunt.

Another grand rabbit hunt—the second of the season—came off last week in Grass Valley. John Guthrie, proprietor of the Sonoma Ranch, having determined to rid the vicinity of the pests which destroyed acres of grain and vegetables for him last season, had provided ammunition and provisions for the attack on the enemy. Ten guns were mustered into service, and the hunt continued four days, in which time 856 rabbits were slaughtered. One hundred pounds of shot were fired during the crusade, and Guthrie is satisfied with the result. According to the record kept by the boys at the ranch more than 3,000 rabbits have been killed in its immediate neighborhood since last July. They are tolerably well thinned out now, and hopes are entertained that their depredations will be less extensive next summer than last, when they devoured about 60 acres of barley, besides potatoes and other vegetables. They were as great a plague to farmers in many parts of the country last year as the grasshoppers were in Kansas and Nebraska.—*Silver Star, Jan. 19.*

PERSONAL.

Jennie June scolds the girls for permitting young men to be extravagant upon them in the way of bouquets, carriages and what not.

The Marquis of Lorne and the Princess Louise will be the guests of Sir Edward Thornton during their visit to the Centennial Exhibition.

It is said that the Princess Beatrice of England—who is not, as previously reported, to marry Prince Louis of Baltenburg—is deeply in love with the Prince Imperial of France.

Aha! Our American pedestrian, Weston, has beaten the English champion. Now is his time to die covered with glory, and when the £50 he has won will cover his funeral expenses.

The Milford, Pa., *Herald* announces the death of Mr. Sipley, who had lived in solitude many years in Green township, Pike county, Pennsylvania. He had been a wealthy merchant of New York, but failing in business his reverses so preyed on his mind that he fled to a wild and desolate place, several miles from any habitation, where for thirty five years he lived alone, sustaining himself by fishing and hunting.

F. A. Dockray, the American who was imprisoned during the past two years at Valencia, Spain, as a Cuban rebel, has written to a friend in Florida. He says, under date of London, January 5: "I have been in London a fortnight or so, having escaped from Valencia, Spain, in the night. Was six days in an open boat off the Spanish coast—blown on to Africa in a terrible gale, and landed in Morocco among the Moors. Thence we worked over to Gibraltar, where I got a British steamer for London. * * * All I say is, don't you get into a Spanish prison. Let them choke you first with the *garrote*. It's far better. I left word in Valencia that I was coming to London to spend Christmas, but I don't believe I will go back to Spain. I wrote the Governor a short note here, saying I was sorry he put himself to the trouble of searching every vessel in the harbor, and raising such a fuss about nothing. I hope he has cooled off by this time."

A Paris correspondent gives the following pen picture of Madame MacMahon: "She is a dark, florid, stout person, with the merriest clear gray eyes in France; and, faith! these are her only beauty. She is the despair of her milliners; for her stout, short figure defies the graces of their art. She has a passion for pinks and greens. But, by good luck, because she is very broad and not very big, people insist that she is a motherly soul. 'Look at that back and shoulders!' whisper people at receptions. 'How homely, how motherly!' And as the butcher-women lean far out of their monstrous swaying carts to spy her Grace as she enters a shop from her carriage, 'Mon Dieu!' they cry, 'what a fine nurse for her marmots!' But she has the merriest eyes, the pleasantest laugh in France, that is certain. She is always in good humor. And she might, with great truth, say, like Madame la Marechale Lefebre: 'I and my Marshal!'"

"Sunset" Cox earned his sobriquet by a gorgeous article which he published in the *Ohio Statesman* in 1853, entitled, "A Great Old Sunset," He was at that time editor of the *Statesman*, and had not discovered his humorous bent. But his "Sunset" article was very funny.

If we can sleep without dreaming, it is well that painful dreams are avoided. If, while we sleep, we can have any pleasing dreams, it is, as the French say, *tout gagne*, so much added to the pleasure of life.—[Franklin.

THE XLIVth CONGRESS.

SENATE—*Monday, Feb. 14.*—Senator Clayton introduced a bill to amend the revised statutes in regard to the imprisonment and transfer of United States prisoners. Referred. The bill to amend certain provisions of the revised statutes of the United States, relating to the transportation of animals, passed.

The resolution for the admission of Pinchback as Senator from Louisiana, was taken up and discussed, the pending question being the amendment of Senator Edmunds to insert the word "not" before the word "admitted." Senator Morton spoke in answer to the speech of Senator Thurman, made several days ago. Final action on the pending question was not taken. After a short executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE—The following bills were introduced: By Mr. Meade, to provide for the payment of United States notes, and to strengthen the public credit. By Mr. Jenks, to repeal the third section of the act of 1874, establishing the National Bank redemption agency. By Mr. Evans, in relation to the currency. By Mr. Baker of Indiana, to make banking free and to repeal the resumption act. By Mr. Harrison, for the repeal of parts of the resumption acts, and for the purpose of preparing a way for the recumption of specie payment. By Mr. Fort, for the preservation of forests on public domain adjacent to the sources of navigable rivers and other streams.

Mr. Robbins offered a resolution instructing the Ways and Means committee to inquire into the expediency of reporting the bill and directing the Secretary of the Treasury to defer for a limited period, making any further reductions on the bonded indebtedness of the United States by purchasing government bonds before they become due; also of directing him to discontinue any further reductions in the amount of legal-tender notes now in use; also of directing him to discontinue selling gold coin or bullion, but to accumulate in the treasury until it reaches blank millions. Adopted.

Mr. Hale offered a resolution setting forth that prompt means should be taken by such legislation as is needed to render effective the policy of resumption of specie payments by placing in the hand of the Secretary of the Treasury all necessary powers to carry out said object to the end that a sound and stable currency may be provided for. Mr. Hale moved the suspension of the rules for the adoption of the resolution, which motion was lost. Yeas, 85; nays, 137—the vote being very nearly a party one. Adjourned.

SENATE—*Tuesday, Feb. 15.*—Senator Morris from the committee on appropriations, called up the House bill making appropriations for the payment of invalid and other pensions for the year ending June 30, 1877. The bill appropriates $18,000,000 for army invalids, $14,000,000 for widows, minors and dependent relatives, and $1,800,000 for the survivors and widows of the war of 1812. After discussion the bill passed. The Senate took up the bill repealing the section of the revised statutes, making restrictions in the disposition of public lands in Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and other States. The pending question was on the amendment offered by Senator Edmunds, that the public lands affected by this act shall be offered at public sale as soon as practicable from time to time, according to the provisions of the existing law, and shall be subject to private entry until so offered. The amendment was agreed to. On motion of Mr. Ingalls, the bill was recommitted to the committee on public lands, with instructions to report a general bill for the sale and disposition of timber lands of the United States.

Senator Wright offered a joint resolution from the Iowa Legislature, asking for such legislation as will secure to the settlers on the land known as the Des Moines river grant, in that State, the title to and ownership thereof. Referred to committee on public lands.

Some time was spent in the further consideration of the District of Columbia bill, and then the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. James, of Kentucky, offered a resolution to the effect that the act of March 16, 1869, for payment of interest in coin on bonds was a violation of the various acts under which the bonds were issued, and therefore that the act should be repealed. Referred.

Mr. Sayler offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury to report, within ten days, the actual amount of gold owned by the government and available for the resumption of specie payment, after deducting the amount of gold certificates now outstanding, accrued interest on government bonds, and bonds called for the sinking fund up to this date. Adopted.

Mr. Scales, from the committee on Indian affairs, reported a bill requiring sureties for all Indian agents, sub-agents and special agents to file sworn statements of the value and description of property owned by them on which they become sureties. Passed.

Mr. Wheeler, from the committee on appropriations, reported the fortification bill, and asked for its present consideration. It appropriates $815,000. Mr. Wheeler stated that estimates for the year were about $360,000, but the committee believed that a reduction might be made. Passed.

SENATE—*Wednesday, Feb. 16.*—Senator Anthony submitted a concurrent resolution requiring reports in the Congressional Record to be an accurate transcript of the debates as they occur, without addition or changes in speeches. Senator Conkling reported with amendment the Senate bill conferring exclusive jurisdiction over the Indian reservations upon the United States courts, and for the punishment of crimes against the Indians. Placed on the calendar. Senator Morrill, of Maine, moved to lay aside the pending order, it being the bill in regard to the sale of timber on the public lands, and take up the conference report on the joint resolution to pay interest on the District of Columbia bonds. Carried. After a lengthy discussion on the question of concurring in the conference report, the Senate adjourned without action.

HOUSE.—Mr. Stone introduced a bill fixing the compensation of railroad companies for transportation of mails. The House went into committee of the whole on the Colorado bill. The only changes made by this bill in the enabling act of last March are a provision that all qualified voters under the laws of the Territory shall be entitled to a vote on the question of ratification or rejection, and a provision appropriating $20,000 to pay the expenses of a constitutional convention. After a long discussion the committee rose and the bill passed without yeas and nays. The House took up the special order, being the bill to reorganize the judiciary. Pending action on the bill the House adjourned.

SENATE—*Thursday, Feb. 17.*—The educational committee reported a bill to establish an educational fund. Placed on the calendar. Senator Wright introduced a bill to reduce interest on the public debt, to provide for a safe elastic currency, for a speedy approximation of the value of treasury notes and national bank notes to that of coin, and to guard against panics and inflation of bank credits. Referred. Senator Wright stated that he introduced the bill without committing himself to its provisions.

Senator Allison called up the Senate bill giving consent of the United States to the county of Dubuque, Iowa, to construct county buildings in Washington square, in Dubuque. After discussion by Messrs. Allison, Wright, Bogy and others Mr. Conkling moved to amend so as to provide that the consent of owners of property fronting on said square, heretofore located, be obtained, which was agreed to, and the bill as amended passed.

The Senate then resumed consideration of unfinished business, being the report of the conference committee on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the joint resolution to pay the interest on the 3-65 District of Columbia bonds. After debate Senator Sherman moved to recommit the report to the conference committee, that the resolution might be perfected and have all creditors paid. Agreed to, yeas 29, nays 27.

The Senate then took up the bill to provide for the sale of timber lands in the States of California and Oregon, and in the Territories of the United States. Several amendments were agreed to, and pending discussion the Senate adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE.—The Speaker being absent by leave, Mr. Cox was elected Speaker *pro tem.* The House took up the bill for the re-organization of the judiciary. After discussion, Mr. Sayler, of Ohio, moved to lay the bill on the table. Rejected and the House adjourned.

How Indians Cure Meat and Dress Skins.

When her lord has killed a buffalo, the woman's work begins. She has to skin it, the meat to secure, and all to pack upon ponies or mules, and carry to camp, where the meat must be cured. This is done by cutting it into thin sheets, and hanging it over poles in the hot sunshine, where it is soon dried thoroughly; then it is packed fresh in packages of about one hundred pounds each, and inclosed in a nice folding sack of thick buffalo skin, prepared especially for the purpose. This is not dressed down thin after being fleshed, but well tanned, and of the full thickness of the skin; the hair side nicely ornamented with paint, for the outside of the sack. This is cut like a huge envelope, so that the ends and sides will fold over whatever is put in them, and secured by strong buckskin rings. By being thick it retains its form, and is very useful for carrying other things besides meat and tallow. After the meat is taken care of the skin must be looked after. Those taken at this season of the year are mostly dressed for lodges. They are first staked on a smooth spot of ground, and water put upon them, when they are ready for fleshing. This consists in removing the flesh with an instrument made of a straight bar of iron, about a foot in length, flattened at one end and filed to an edge. This being grasped in the hand, and a succession of quick blows given, the work slowly proceeds. The skin is then dried, after which the hair is removed in a dry state, and the skin reduced to the proper thickness by dressing down on the hair side. This is done with an instrument made by firmly tying a flat piece of steel, filed to a beveled edge at one end, and with the corners rounded, to a large prong of a deer's horn. This is so trimmed, in connection with the body of the horn, as to form an elbow, and is used a little as a carpenter uses his adze. This work is usually done in the cool of the morning. The brains of the animal, having been properly taken care of for the purpose, are now soaked and squeezed by the hand until reduced to a paste, and applied to both sides of the skin, which is afterward worked and rubbed until flexible. The preparation of robes is from winter skins, and differs from the foregoing only in being dressed down on the flesh side, so as to leave the wool and hair upon the robe, and is more thoroughly worked, and scoured by means of a sharp gritted stone.

An Excitement at Vienna.

The people of Vienna are in excitement about a box of dynamite lying somewhere in the Danube, which it is feared, may reveal its presence by suddenly blowing up a bridge or a river steamboa . The danger is rendered the more trying to contemplate as the box in question was dropped into the river by a police agent, acting at the suggestion of the Ministry of Commerce, or rather of some clerks in that Department, who terrified at the recent explosion at Bremerhaven, recently bethought them of overhauling the inventions lodged at the office by patentees to see if there were any that contained any explosive materials. They in effect found three boxes marked "Dynamite, April 11, 1874." How the boxes came to have been lying unopened at the office for nearly two years is a mystery which perhaps will not seem astonishing to inventors who have had dealings with Government departments. At any rate the clerks had no sooner discovered the terrible parcels than they sent them to the Police Bureau, advising that a detective should be commissioned to drop them at night, and as privately as possible, into the river. This valuable counsel was followed. Unfortunately the agent charged with the duty or putting the whole Austrian capital in danger of destruction was perceived by a brother detective, who, not being in the secret, ran and fished up two of the three boxes and restored them to the custody of his chiefs. The third box still remains under water. An impression prevails among the people of Vienna that the course taken by the Ministry of Commerce and the police in respect of this dynamite ought not to be established as a precedent.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

Reverdy Johnson.

Hon. Reverdy Johnson, whose sudden death at Annapolis, Md., has been announced, was born in the city where he died on the 21st of May, 1796, and hence would have been 80 years old next May. He was educated at St. John's College at the place of his birth, and at the early age of 17 began the study of law in the office of his father, who was then chief justice of the district of which Prince George county was a part. When 21 years old he was admitted to the bar, and two years later removed to Baltimore, where he has ever since resided. From the first he took high rank in his profession, and during the last quarter of a century has been a recognized authority on constitutional law. His later practice has been mainly before the United States Supreme Court. He and Thomas Harris reported seven volumes of the decisions of the Maryland Court of Appeals, one volume each year from 1820 to 1827.

In 1821 his political career may be said to have begun. He was then elected State Senator, and after four years of service, was re-elected. Twenty years later, in 1845, he was elected to the United States Senate, but resigned in 1849 to accept the cabinet position of attorney general under President Zach Taylor. After Taylor's death and Fillmore's succession to the Presidency, Mr. Johnson resigned, and at once resumed the practice of the law in Baltimore, which he steadily pursued.

OAT MEAL BREAKFAST CAKE.—Take one quart of Canada oat meal, wet with one quart of cold water, and pour into a baking tin so that it will stand half an inch deep. Shake down level, and bake in a hot oven half an hour, or until it is crisp and brown on the surface. Cut quickly into two inch squares, and serve hot.

Much bending breaks the bow; much unbending, the mind.—[Jacon.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.	
Beeves—Choice	$4 50 @ 5 50
Hogs	7 70 @ 8 75
Sheep—Good to choice	3 75 @ 5 75
Butter—Choice to yellow	24 @ 28
Eggs	14 @ 15
Flour—White winter	5 50 @ 6
Spring extra	
Wheat—Spring No. 2	1 01½@ 1 02
Corn—No. 2	41⅝@ 41¾
Oats—No. 2	31½@
Rye—No. 2	67 @ 67½
Pork—Mess, new	21 25
Barley—No. 2	65½@66
Lard	12 75
ST. LOUIS.	
Beef Cattle—Fair to choice	$4 00 @ 4 37½
Hogs—Live	7 90 @ 8 25
Flour—Fall XX	4 40 @ 5 20
Wheat—No. 2 Red	1 51½@
Corn—No. 2	36¾@
Oats	34½
Rye—No. 1	75
Pork—Mess	22 00
Lard	12 50
CINCINNATI.	
Flour	$5 15 @ 5 85
Wheat—Red	1 [illegible] @ 1 25
Corn	40 @ 44
Oats	38 @ 43
Barley	1 10 @ 1 15
Rye	80
Pork	21 50
Lard	12 75
MILWAUKEE.	
Flour	
Wheat—No. 2	1 00¾
Corn	43
Oats—No. 2	32
Barley—No. 2	53
Rye—No. 2	66
DES MOINES.	
Flour—wholesale	$2 40 @ 3 70
Wheat	40 @ 66
Corn	20 @ 22
Oats	20 @ 23
Barley	20 @ 35
Rye	60 @ 62
Eggs	12½@ 13
Butter	18 @ 20
Hogs	6 75 @ 7 20
Cattle	3 50 @ 4 00

Fluid Lightning instantly cures Nervous and Sick Headache, Rheumatism and all nervous pains. Druggists keep it.

☞Uncle Sam's Harness Oil not only fills the pores of the leather, but effectually closes them against the insidious influence of water, weather, etc.

Why should any one buy a soap half rosin or clay, when Dobbins' Electric Soap, (made by Cragin & Co., Philadelphia,) is for sale? It costs but a trifle more and will go five times as far. Try it.

☞Ellert's Extract of Tar and Wild Cherry has saved the lives of thousands of valuable persons, who, but for it, would to-day be in graves. It is a sure cure for coughs, colds, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. All druggists sell it.

VEGETINE.—The conviction is, in the public mind as well as in the medical profession, that the remedies supplied by the vegetable kingdom are more safe, more successful, in the cure of diseases, than mineral medicines. Vegetine is composed of roots, barks and herbs. It is pleasant to take, and is perfectly safe to give to an infant. Do you need it? Do not hesitate to try it. You will never regret it.

☞To keep a horse in good condition, give him a tablespoonful of Uncle Sam's Condition Powder, mixed with his oats or bran, two or three times a week.

Consumptives, Take Notice.—Every moment of delay makes your cure more hopeless, and much depends on the judicious choice of a remedy. The amount of testimony in favor of Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, as a cure for consumption, far exceeds all that can be brought to support the pretensions of any other medicine. See Dr. Schenck's Almanac, containing the certificates of many persons of the highest respectability, who have been restored to health, after being pronounced incurable by physicians of acknowledged ability. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup alone has cured many, as these evidences will show; but the cure is often promoted by the employment of two other remedies which Dr. Schenck provides for the purpose. These additional remedies are Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills. By the timely use of these medicines, according to directions, Dr. Schenck certifies that most any case of Consumption may be cured.

Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia, every Monday, where all letters for advice must be addressed.

Fine Poultry.—Ellis, of Plainfield, Indiana, made the finest display at Chicago poultry show. His fowls beat them all. See card.

The New York Daily Graphic has gained a world-wide celebrity as the first and only daily illustrated newspaper. It is published by The Graphic Company, New York, who apply their remarkable processes to the reproduction of the most famous engravings and paintings, retailing the most beautiful copies at astonishingly cheap prices, which enable any one to ornament his home with choice works of art. The Graphic Company have issued an illustrated catalogue of these subjects, which they will send to any address on receipt of 15 cents. They offer great inducements to agents. Write to them for terms.

Among the curative agents used by Dr. Gee in his Remedial Institute at Dubuque, Iowa, we find the following: Medication, when necessary; Turkish baths, electro-thermal baths, Russian baths, steam baths, alcoholic baths, sulphur baths, medicated baths, sun baths, air and friction baths, earth baths, head baths, foot baths, cold spray, hot spray, cold douche, hot douche, mixed douche, plunge, nasal douche, treatment with equalizer, treatment with Leibonsuches' inst. treatment with movement exercises, walking exercises, medical inhalation exercise on the lift, exercise on lung tester, gymnastic exercises, rest, sleep and oriental baths. No wonder patients are cured when such an array of curative agents are in use for their benefit.

Tuft's Automatic Crystal Fountain is the most unique invention of its kind that is used. The apparent absence of motive power excites general wonderment and surprise. See advertisement elsewhere

The Best Yet.—All coffee drinkers can appreciate the difference between good and poor coffee. We have thought that some improvement could be made in the coffee pot, and the lovers of the fragrant beverage will be pleased to learn by the cut and advertisement in this paper that Messrs. Comparet & Stark, of Des Moines, have an improved coffee pot that gives satisfaction. Get the Imperial Coffee Pot and have no more poor coffee.

KIDNEY COMPLAINT.

Probably there is no complaint that affects the human system which is so little understood at the present time, as some of the varied forms of Kidney Complaints.

There is no disease which causes such acute pain or more alarming in its results than when the kidneys fail to secrete from the blood the uric acid and other poisonous substances which the blood accumulates in its circulation through the system.

If from any cause the kidneys fail to perform the functions devolving upon them, the cumulations are taken up by the absorbents and the whole system thrown into a state of disease, causing great pain and suffering, and very often immediate death. Hence the importance of keeping the kidneys and blood in healthy condition, through which all the impurities of the blood must pass.

PAIN IN THE BACK.

There is no remedy known to medical science which has proved itself more valuable in cases of Kidney Complaints than the VEGETINE. It acts directly upon the secretions, cleanses and purifies the blood, and restores whole system to healthy action.

The following extraordinary cures of great sufferers, who had been given up by the best physicians as hopeless cases, will speak for themselves, and should challenge the most profound attention of the medical faculty, as well as those who are suffering from Kidney Complaint:

THE BEST MEDICINE.

East Marshfield, Aug. 22, 1870.

Mr. Stevens: Dear Sir—I am seventy-one years of age. Have suffered many years with Kidney Complaint, Weakness in my Back and Stomach. I was induced by friends to try your VEGETINE, and I think it the best medicine for weakness of the kidneys I ever used. I have tried many remedies for this complaint, and never found so much relief as from the VEGETINE. It strengthens and invigorates the whole system. Many of my acquaintances have taken it, and I believe it to be good for all the complaints for which it is recommended.

Yours tru'y, JOSIAH H. SHERMAN.

PRONOUNCED INCURABLE.

Boston, May 30, 1871.

H. R. Stevens, Esq.: Dear Sir—I have been badly afflicted with Kidney Complaint for ten years; have suffered great pain in my back, hips and side, with great difficulty in passing urine, which was often and in very small quantities, frequently accompanied with blood and excruciating pain.

I have faithfully tried most of the popular remedies recommended for my complaint; I have been under the treatment of some of the most skillful physicians in Boston, all of whom pronounced my case incurable. This was my condition when I was advised by a friend to try the VEGETINE, and I could see the good effects from the first dose I took, and from that moment I kept on improving until I was entirely cured, taking in all, I should think, about six bottles. It is indeed a valuable medicine, and if I should be afflicted again in the same way, I would give a dollar for a dose, if I could not get it without.

Respectfully, J. M. GILE,
561 Third street, South Boston.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

FREE HOMES!
ONCE IN A LIFETIME!
MARCH 28, 1876,
IS THE DATE
GRAND REAL ESTATE DISTRIBUTION
At Atchison, Kan.

[*The above Engraving represents "Price Villa."*]

The Kansas Land and Immigration Association will distribute free to its shareholders, on March 28, 1876, 2,664 Pieces of Property, consisting of ELEGANT BRICK AND STONE RESIDENCES, with other valuable property in the city of Atchison—the great railway center of the Missouri valley—and 587 improved and unimproved farms in Kansas, all worth at a low estimate $770,800 00. The values of these 2,664 pieces of property are from

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Shares $5 00 Each.

For shares, circulars, references, terms to agents and other particulars, address JOHN M. PRICE, Gen'l Manager, Atchison, Kansas.

Special Rates to Clubs.

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To Loan in Iowa, Eastern Nebraska and Northwestern Missouri.
Upon improved farms, in sums of $500 and upwards, for a term of 3 to 5 years; interest at 10 per cent., payable semi-annually.
Funds supplied on short notice and at reduced rate of commission. Apply to
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REVOLVERS SEVEN SHOT $3.00
For Buffalo Bill Revolver
Is sold with 100 Cartridges for $3. FULL NICKLE PLATE Definition guaranteed. Illustrated Catalogue FREE. WESTERN GUN WORKS, Chicago, Ill., 66 Dearborn-st. (McCormick Block). P. O. Box 5440.

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PATENT OFFICE AGENCY.
NO PATENT, NO PAY.
Correspondence solicited.
111 North Main St., BURLINGTON IOWA.

FLUID Dr. CRAM'S LIGHTNING
instantly cures neuralgia and all severe pains. Sold by Cram & Metcalfe, 115 E. Randolph street, Chicago, and all first class druggists. 50 cents and $1 per bottle. Agents wanted.

Elastic Truss. Rupture retained—painlessly—perfectly, day and night. No pain or annoyance till cured. Sent by mail. Circ'ars free. C. J. REED, 235 State St., Chicago, Ill.

1000 Outfits Free. COUPPERTS of the Age and Centennial History—Goodspeed's Book, Male and Fem Home, Chicago.

Great Medical work for Young Men Leading a Manly, Sent free for 3 Stamps. Address Dr. Bourquin & Co., Cincinnati, O.

SEEDS
My ILLUSTRATED SEED CATALOGUE for 1876 is now ready, and will be mailed FREE OF CHARGE, to all applicants upon receipt of 6 cents for postage. English and German edition. Address JOHN KERN, 211 Market Street, St. Louis.
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