

POETIC CHIPS.

Strait is the line of duty,
Curved is the line of beauty.
Walk by the first and thou wilt see
The other ever follow thee.

Since, in the world's eternal change,
Some voices must be high and low,
Let those who like it hawl and hore on,
But only in the things they know.

Alas, how easily things go wrong!
A word too much or a line too long,
And there follows a mist and a blinding rain,
And life is never the same again.

Never by lapse of time
The soul detached from crime
Into its former self returns again:
For every guilty deed
Holds in itself the seed
Of retribution and undying pain.

A miser in the river felt the wave
Ran high. A feverish life to save
Sprang is and cried, "Give me your hand,
And I will draw you to the land."
The miser, shuddering at the hateful sound,
Suttered, "I never give,"—and so was drowned.

When Mother Eve the tempting fruit
Plucked for her only kin,
She then and there did institute
A precedent for sin.

She knew the apple tasted sweet,
But thought she had no need to eat,
And said to Adam, "Let us eat;
It's naughty, but it's nice."

The Tower of Babel! Who can tell
What tongue man spoke before there fell
Confusion dire among the throng:
Building this tower high and strong?

Alas! Nor Jew, nor bond, nor Greek,
Can e'er again this lost tongue speak:
But Sirens sing it soft and low,
Where the deep sea tides ebb and flow.

And men who list their song, spell-bound,
Hear once again the wondrous sound,
The primal tongue first heard of man
Live in the Sirens' song again.

An Early Poem by Edgar Allan Poe.

The following verses, never before published,
were written in the album of a Baltimore lady
by Edgar A. Poe, at the age of thirteen, shortly
after he left West Point in 1827. They are given
in facsimile in Scribner for September.

ALONE.
From childhood's hour I have not been
As others were—I have not seen
As others saw—I could not bring
My passions to a common spring.

From the same source I have not taken
My sorrow—I could not awaken
My heart to joy at the same tone,
And all I loved—I loved alone.

And all I loved—I loved alone,
And all I loved—I loved alone,
And all I loved—I loved alone,
And all I loved—I loved alone.

Beauty for ashes thou hast brought me, dear!
A time there was when all my soul lay waste,
As the earth dark before the dawn of light,
Where the golden foot of morn made haste.

Like morn thou comest, gladness in thine eyes,
And a gleam of joy thy smile reveals,
Like rain of summer bloom on the dewy grass,
Thy tender tears refresh my spirit's thirst.

To-day is calm, far off the tempest roars,
That long ago swept dead men to the shore—
Against my hopes and me they break no more.
Red butterflies flit in the sun—
White reds are about to bloom on the tree—
Birds fly to birds till the glad day is done.
The day of beauty thou hast brought to me.

Shall I forget, O gentle heart and true,
How thy fair dawn has risen on my night—
Turned dark to day, and golden thro' and thro'—
From shell of grief to bloom of new delight—
—Louise Chandler Moulton, in Scribner for Nov.

FARM, ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

Unshelled Corn.
Corn loses one-fifth by drying, and
wheat one-fourteenth. From this the
estimate is made that it is more profitable
for the farmer to sell unshelled corn in
the fall at 75 cents than at \$1 a bushel
in the following summer; and that wheat
at \$1 25 in December is equal to \$1 50 in the succeeding June.

In case of potatoes—taking those that
rot and are otherwise lost—together
with the shrinkage, there is little doubt
that between October and June the loss
to the owner who holds them is not less
than 33 per cent.

An Immense Yield of Corn.
The September report of the Department
of Agriculture says if the corn
crop could be thoroughly ripened, its
aggregate would largely exceed any
previous crop, and the yield per acre
would be one of the best, notwithstanding
losses by the overflow of bottoms
and the saturation of heavy flat soil,
such loss proving less than the usual
damages by drought and insects, while
the rains have greatly benefited the
crop on higher and dryer soils. Nearly
everywhere corn is late in maturing from
one to two weeks.

Cherry Trees.
These should never be highly manured.
Singular as it may seem, better results
have been obtained by growing cherry
trees in grass than by cultivating them
as highly as pears. Experienced fruit
growers in Delaware, who once began a
system of manuring and treatment of
cherry trees, found, after an experience
of a few years, that the bark would
burst, gum would ooze out, and many
portions of the trees show an unhealthy
condition. The growers immediately
discontinued high feeding, and seeded
the land to grass. The trees recovered
their health, and have borne beautifully
since the system of grass culture began.
It is the only fruit tree of all varieties
which we can safely recommend to be
treated in this way. A Delaware friend
says his row of cherry trees, growing in
grass along the fences, are the picture
of health and luxuriance; while in pre-
vious years, with orchard culture, they
could never make them successful.

Broom Corn a Crop for Profit.
A child creeps and then walks. "Ea-
terprises of great pith and moment"
commence with little and expand into
mighty things. Nebraska's first crop
was sod corn; and now there are mag-
nificent acres devoted to wheat as well

as corn. But our farmers must advance,
if they would develop in their perfec-
tion the riches of our Nebraska soil.
We want varied agriculture. We need
to have our rich pastures covered with
herds and flocks; and then Nebraska
will be one of the richest States in the
Union. We are making progress in this
direction. All over South Platte Ne-
braska, from the eastern river counties
to the Republican river, flocks of sheep
are increasing, and graded cattle appear
on "the thousand hills."

At present, and on a large scale, stock
raising is beyond the means of many
Nebraska farmers; but there are many
ways in which they can vary their agri-
culture, and render their acres profitable.
Here is one—the cultivation of broom
corn for manufacture in the State, or
for shipping direct to the Chicago mar-
ket in the shape of brush.

Our attention has recently been di-
rected to this subject in connection with
the broom manufactory established in
Lincoln by Messrs. Isaac Dobson & Son.
The members of this firm have been
engaged in the broom corn business for
ten years; and they know whereof they
speak. For three years past Messrs.
Dobson have raised the crop in the vic-
inity of Lincoln; and this year they
have had 40 acres of broom corn. The
three year's cultivation has raised an
average crop of half a ton to the acre,
as against one ton to three acres in Illi-
nois, where broom corn is a constant
product. Messrs. Dobson have had ex-
perience East in raising this special
crop; and they believe that no failure
need be feared in the soil and climate of
Nebraska, and there is an especial ad-
vantage in the fall weather of Nebraska
for drying the brush. The planting
should be done early—at any time from
the beginning of May until the second
week in June; but the earlier during the
latter period the better.

Nebraska farmers will do well to con-
sider this crop in its economical aspect.
As we have said, it can be made into
brooms on the spot; and there is always
a demand for this useful implement of
home cleanliness. But, perhaps, the
practical point is to rely upon the Chi-
cago market for the sale of the brush.
The market is unlimited, and the Chi-
cago price has varied within the experi-
ence of Messrs. Dobson from \$120 to
\$220 per ton; a fair average to calculate
upon being \$150 per ton. A car load is
five tons, and the freight on that (the
produce of ten acres in Nebraska) is
\$120 to \$130. Say the freight is \$35
per ton, that will reduce the average
price to be obtained in Chicago to \$115
per ton. At a liberal estimate the entire
cost of the crop (including baling and
other expenses) is, according to the ex-
perience of Messrs. Dobson \$60 to \$65
per ton, which makes the net return to
the grower \$55 per ton of produce, or
\$35 50 per acre.

On this showing it will readily be
perceived that there is money in broom
corn; and it is worth while to look the
matter up. Indeed broom corn is be-
coming one of the regular crops of Ne-
braska. Certainly we hear of it in many
parts of the State, and especially in the
vicinity of the B. & M. railroad, where
there are facilities for shipping. In the
neighborhood of Hastings a considerable
quantity has been grown, and also
about Kearney, and whoever has tried
the crop speaks well of its adaptability
to Nebraska, and its profitability.

Farmers ought to examine the subject
and figure on it; and, if they are satis-
fied, to put in a goodly quantity of
broom corn next season.—Lincoln (Neb.)
Journal.

Portuguese Peasant Women.

A scrap of intelligence comes from
Portugal that has some value in its bear-
ing upon the controversy over the rela-
tive strength and endurance of men and
women. In the rural districts of this
kingdom the women work in the fields
from early childhood, sharing to the full
the toil and fare of the men. Yet a
more healthy, comely, and contented
race of women is not met with the wide
world over. No pale, thin, careworn
matrons or maids are found among them,
but almost without exception, they are
vigorous in frame, strong and lithe in
step, and cheerful and winning in coun-
tenance. Something of this is to be as-
cribed to the feeling of security and in-
dependence that comes from a sure
tenure of their homes, which, though
rented, are retained for generations on
generations on comfortable terms. Some-
thing is owing, too, to a genial climate
and to comparative ease with which the
necessities of life can be provided. Yet
the fact tends to show that with iden-
tical habits of living, the physical powers
of men and women should be equal.

Muscles and Steam.

A recent German writer says that a
bundle of muscle fibres is a kind of
machine consisting of albuminous ma-
terial, just as a steam engine is made of
steel, iron, brass, etc., and, as in the
steam engine, coal is burnt in order to
produce force, so in the muscular ma-
chine, fats, or hydrocarbons, are burned
for the same purpose; and just as the
constructive material of the engine—iron,
etc.—is worn away and oxidized, the
constructive material of the muscle is
worn away, and this wearing away is the
source of the nitrogenous constituents
of the urine. This theory, it is asserted,
explains why, during muscular exertion,
the excretion of urea is little or not at
all increased, while that of carbonic acid
is greatly augmented; for, in a steam
engine moderately fired and ready for
use, the oxidation of iron, etc., would go
on quite equably, and would not be
much increased by the more rapid firing
necessary for working; but much more
coal would be burned when it was at
work than when it was standing idle. This
is, in substance, an old theory in-
geniously improved upon.

Sweet Home.
If ever in this weary world
A lovely land I knew,
Whose every breeze was morning light:
Upon the sparkling dew:
Whose cheeks were like the crimson flush
Upon a rose fall-blown;
Whose heart was kind as one could find—
—That sweet home.

She had a pair of cherry lips,
That opened to disclose
Two parting rows of pearly teeth,
Beneath her little nose.
If ever voice was sweet to hear,
It was the tender tone
Of in my ear breathed soft and clear
By sweet home.

She had the fairest little hands
Of any girl in town;
She had a pretty pair of feet,
Beneath her gingham gown.
She looked as proud as any queen
That ever ruled a throne;
Not tall and slim, but plump and trim,
Was sweet home.

She loved to stray through woodlands gay,
And meadows green and fair,
Where daisies sweet crossed her feet,
And anemones kissed her hair.
To her the world was full of joy,
And sorrow was unknown;
Her heart was pure; her faith was true;
—A sweet home.

Again I dream; I fondly seem
Her fair young face to see,
Though she is faded, old and gray,
And far away from me.
My aching heart is all gone;
My youthful hopes have flown;
And yet, at will, I see her still—
—Sweet, young home!

—EUGENE J. HALL.

Another Steamship Disaster.

The Steamer City of Waco Burned off the
Coast of Texas.

The Galveston Steamer City of Waco,
while anchored outside with a fleet of
vessels, took fire and burned to the
water's edge. A Galveston dispatch of
Nov. 9th, gives the following particu-
lars.

The City of Waco, which had burned
to the water's edge and her hull rolling
in a heavy sea, sunk at 1 p. m. to-day in
seven fathoms of water. The vessel
and cargo are a total loss. The wind
this morning was blowing a gale. The
passengers and crew put off in the ship's
boats, of which she had four, besides a
life raft. The persons who went near
the burning steamer this morning report
that her boats were all cast loose except
one which was hanging on the ship's
side. One end of the boat having caught
in the rigging, thus preventing being
launched. The mate of the ship Fusi-
yuma, which was lying about one quar-
ter of a mile from the Waco reports see-
ing a boat with persons in it pass his
vessel at 3 o'clock this morning going
westward. He could not say that there
were other boats. The sea was running
very high at the time. The steam tug
Buckhorn was dispatched outside this
morning, and has been coasting in sight
of land all day. She is reported outside
yet. Now, 6:30 p. m., parties who have
been out on the gulf shore to the west-
ern extremity of the island have just re-
turned and bring no intelligence of the
missing boats. The agents of the line
have telegraphed to Indianapolis and
Brownsville, notifying vessels to be on
the lookout for them. At 7 p. m. one of
the pilot boats which has been outside
all day has just returned and brings no
tidings of the parties from Down Island.

They saw a farmer from San Louis
pass who reports having seen a
small boat pass down this morning,
which, from his description, it is thought
may have been one of the boats from the
Waco. It was some distance out in the
Gulf, and he could not distinguish per-
sons in it, but saw what appeared to be
a temporary sail. The boat was drift-
ing rapidly to the westward.

7:30 p. m.—The steam tug Buckhorn
has just arrived, and brings the follow-
ing additional particulars: Her officers
stopped at the fleet when going out to
ascertain from the different vessels laying
near where the Waco burned all the in-
formation possible reliable as to her
passengers and crew. Only one of the
passengers, the Fusi-yuma, could give any in-
formation. Her officers report having seen
what appeared to be a raft pass by
them. They made an effort to launch
one of their boats, but before it could
be done the raft was lost sight of in the
storm and darkness. The officers of the
Buckhorn report about twenty miles
west and five miles from shore, passing
foremost and foremost of the Waco
with sails attached, which had burned
off just above the deck, and they think
this is what was taken for a raft by the
Fusi-yuma. The Buckhorn went twenty
miles west, and could find no trace of
the missing boats. There were heavy
showers of rain early in the night with
occasional lightning. Some think the
ship was struck by lightning, and, hav-
ing considerable oil on board, the flames
could not be extinguished. The agents
state that there were 47 or 48 persons on
the Waco, including passengers, officers
and crew. Crowds have gathered at the
Company's office throughout the day
to learn the latest news. There is much
dissatisfaction expressed at the conduct
of the officers and men on board of
other vessels which were all lying in
sight, and a number of them were lying
very near the burning steamer, with the
exception of the efforts made by the
Fusi-yuma, there does not appear to have
been anything done towards saving
those on the Waco. Their excuse is the
terrible sea, which would have swamped
their boats had they succeeded in
launching them.

The steamer City of Waco was an iron
screw steamer, 1,500 tons burthen.
She was built about two years ago at
Chesler, Pa., and was in thoroughly good
condition, having been overhauled just
before sailing from this port. Her value
was \$300,000, partially insured; cargo
was worth \$100,000. She carried a
crew of 30 men, including officers. The
passenger list numbered 30 in cabin and
storage. Her cabin passengers were

Miss B. Moelling, Mr. Rogers and wife,
H. Meyer, Mrs. A. Hooster and child,
Fanny Seiler, B. Wedemeyer.

In the steerage there were 15 passen-
gers, as follows: Rob't Tarkenton, Mrs.
Mary Ehrenberger, S. S. Duane, A. Fra-
zier, Wm. M. Mackintosh, Alex. Christ-
holm, M. Minetta and son, A. Strig-
meck, E. Dreybach, L. L. Albert, P.
J. Martin.

From all the information possible to
obtain up to the present hour (10 p. m.)
it seems that the Waco was lying with
head to the gale, and the fire, which first
appeared forward on deck, had caught
in a large quantity of oil and swept over
the vessel, burning everything before it.
Fifteen vessels were lying at anchor,
thirteen of which were to the leeward of
the Waco. The supposition is that if
any of the passengers or crew had ap-
peared on the vessel's deck, or the boats
had been launched, they would have
been seen by some of the other vessels,
none of which can confirm the first rum-
ors of seeing boats pass through the
fleet. The impression is now gaining
ground that not a soul on board the ill-
fated vessel is alive.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Russia expects that her grain har-
vest this year will feed her own people, and
afford 75,000,000 bushels for exportation.

The late census of the British Islands
was taken in a single day, at a cost of
\$900,000, or \$24.61 for every thousand
of the population.

The reports of the Minnesota wheat
crops are to the effect that the yield will
average not less than thirty bushels to
the acre throughout the State.

A tall signal post. The officers of
the Coast Survey have erected a weather
signal on the summit of Mount Shasta,
California, 14,400 feet above the level of
the sea.

No house was ever yet large enough
for two families to dwell in peaceably,
yet there are 358,951 families in Mas-
sachusetts, and only 235,318 dwelling
houses.

A fund of \$10,000 has been raised in
Cheyenne and Laramie, to be used in
defeating the movement for the repeal
of the Gambling and Lottery License
laws of Wyoming Territory.

The deepening of the water in Charle-
ton harbor is going on. The plan of the
United States Engineer is to excavate
a channel to the sea at least 180
feet wide and 18 feet deep at high wa-
ter.

One of the articles exhibited at the
Wilson County Fair, in Kansas, was a
quantity of molasses made from water-
melons. It was said to be very similar
in taste to sorghum syrup.

The identical flag that waved over
Fort McHenry, at Baltimore, in Septem-
ber, 1814, during the British bombard-
ment, is now on board the Tallapoosa,
lying at Portsmouth. It is to be ex-
hibited at Philadelphia, as a matter of
course; and long may it wave.

Woman's rights. A young lady at-
tending the Wisconsin University met
a gentleman of the freshman class in the
oratorical arena recently, and vanquished
him utterly. She was awarded the palm
of superiority on every feature of her
oration.

London Bridge is to be widened, by
the addition, on each side, of wrought
iron arched ribs, carried on piers built
over the present cut waters. By this
means twenty two feet is added to the
width, giving fifty four feet of roadway
for carriage traffic, and footways on
each side eleven feet one inch wide.

"As I was going over the bridge the
other day," said a native of Erin, "I
met Pat Hewins—'Pat Hewins,' says I,
'Pretty well, thank you, Donnelly,'
says he. 'Donnelly,' says I, 'that's not my name.' Faith, then, no
more is mine Hewins.' So with that we
looked at each other again, an' sure
enough it was nather of us."

Read the advertisement in another
column "How to save your own hair."
Send for a bottle and give it a trial.

Iowa Business College.—There's no better
preparation to a business house than a diploma
from this college.—Iowa State Leader.

Mystery Solved.—The great secret for the
wonderful success of Vegetine. It strikes at the
root of disease by purifying the blood, restoring
the liver and kidneys to healthy action, invigorat-
ing the nervous system.—Com.

While at Burlington recently, we
called on the "Bureau of Architecture"
and examined many beautiful designs.
Several of these took first premiums at
the State Fair held at Keokuk in 1874
and 1875, and it may be truly said that
for excellence of work Mr. P. Hale is not
excelled by the architects of eastern
cities. It may seem strange, but 'tis
true, that Mr. Hale designed all but one
of the many stores put up in Burlington
this year that were designed by archi-
tects; hence he is spoken of by the Bur-
lington papers as the "leading architect"
of the city. His office occupies rooms
1, 2 and 3, Nos. 109 and 111 North Mar-
ket street. He respectfully solicits cor-
respondence and parties abroad who
contemplate building.

Ottawa Business College.
We take pleasure in recommending
to the public the above institution, as
one of the foremost colleges in the West.
They are doing first-class work in every
department, and doing it in nearly one-
half the time required generally by com-
mercial colleges. They keep two lec-
turers constantly employed in the law
department, besides the regular teacher
of law. They also keep in charge of
the penmanship department two first-class
penmen, who are unexcelled in their
"art." Every department is supplied
with two or more teachers who are mas-
ters of their profession. The entire col-
lege is under the immediate care of Prof.
J. R. Pugh, one of the best commer-
cial men in the States, and a gentle-
man of extensive business experience.
We would say to all desirous of stand-
ing a business college, you can do no
better than to go to Ottawa.

THE MURRAY IRON WORKS OF Burling-
ton, Iowa, among the specialties of their
manufacture which have obtained large
sales and much favor throughout the
West, present their well known "Draw-
Cut" butchers' machines, choppers, stuff-
ers and lard presses. Those who have
used them fully bear out the claim of
the manufacturers that they are strongly
made and the best in use. See their
card in another column.

BURLINGTON PHOTOGRAPHIC COPYING
Co.—Bryan & Harvey, artists, have the
finest art gallery in the State. Mr. Bryan
gives his special attention to the photo-
graphic part of the business, and is a
first-class artist. Mr. Harvey has a
reputation as a fine artist, and is
worthy of the name. They have agents
all over the country soliciting work.
Old pictures copied and enlarged to any
size, and finished in oil, water colors or
India ink. Pictures are never injured
in copying, as many suppose, but are
often much improved. If you have an
old picture that you want made as good
as new, send it in to them, and you will
be perfectly satisfied.

An hour spent in the plow works of
DEERE & CO., Moline, Ill., leaves one in
wonder at the extent of the business of
this firm. John Deere commenced to
make plows nearly thirty years ago on
the site where their factories now stand.
The perfect system which prevails in
the whole establishment, and the amount
of machinery it takes to make a plow,
would hardly be realized. The force
now working is five hundred men, and
the product of last year amounted to
over a million dollars. The company
are adding to their power two water
wheels, and are making preparations for
the spring trade of their "superb" steel plows,
"Advance Cultivators," and gang plows,
while their new Gilpin Sulky Plow will
add one hundred thousand dollars to
the amount of business over that of last
year. Truly a wonderful business for a
country blacksmith to build up, and
only shows what can be done in this
country by industry and a well directed
effort.

When in Burlington recently we called
at the new warehouse of Donahue, Mc-
Cosh & Co., corner of Market and Fourth
streets, where we saw a very extensive
stock of Italian and American marbles
for the trade. They report a very large
and still increasing wholesale trade.

A new feature with them is marbled iron
and slate mantels. They have the finest
mantel warehouse in the Northwest;
fifty different styles and varieties of
colored foreign and American marbles.
The display is very beautiful and very
extensive. The prices at which these
mantels are sold are surprisingly low;
a mantel, hearth and grate for thirty-five
dollars, and upwards. A piece of
furniture can be put into a parlor, sit-
ting room or chamber which will look
so well for the money, besides the com-
fort and cheer of an open fireplace. They
are shipping marble, marbled slate and
iron mantels over the entire State.

We saw while in their office before the
best heating grate we ever saw—the
Peerless Low Down. The heat comen-
sably an office 20x16 feet and 14 feet
high, with Iowa soil coal. No living
room is complete without a Peerless Low
Down grate. No person visiting Bur-
lington should come away without visit-
ing the mantel warehouses of Donahue,
McCosh & Co.

The Biggest Bet of the Missouri State
Fair.—Five thousand dollars against a thou-
sand dollars was the bet made by the prop-
rietors of the Jilt Well Auger that it would bore a hole
of the same size faster and easier than any other
well auger on exhibition, and we learn that this
is a standing offer for one year. Who will accept
it? See their advertisement in another column.

The Photographic Copying Company of
Burlington, Iowa, is giving employment to
hundreds of men and women, and is making
pictures to be copied and enlarged, either plain
or colored. Agents wanted in every county and
town in the West.

Muscatine Manufacturing Co.—This Com-
pany, engaged in the manufacture of buggies,
saddles, harnesses, and various other
articles, has just received a large stock of
new goods, and is prepared to supply the
trade at low prices. Agents wanted in every
county and town in the West.

Dr. McAFEE—A regular graduate of British
and American institutions, 30 years a practicing
physician. Treats all diseases of the Kidneys,
Liver, Lungs, Stomach, and all other organs.
Errors of Youth and Abuse of Man-
datory System treated and cured. All cases
of Gonorrhea, Syphilis, and all other venereal
diseases cured. No cure for any case of Venereal
disease or private disease of any kind or char-
acter he undertakes and cures. Ladies
will find proper treatment for diseases peculiar
to their sex. All letters confidential. Stamps for
answers promptly answered.

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