THE HERALD.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY,
—AT—
PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA.

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Dr Vine St., One Block North of Main, Cor. of Fifth Street.

Largest Circulation of any Paper in Cass County.

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NEBRASKA HERALD.

JNO. A. MACMURPHY, Editor.] "PERSEVERANCE CONQUERS." [TERMS: $2.00 a Year.

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THE HERALD.

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1 sqr...	$1 00	$1 50	$2 00	$2 50	$5 00	$8 00	$12 00
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In order to close out our entire stock of CHINCHILLA, BEAVER and CASSIMERE OVERCOATS, HEAVY CASSIMERE and BEAVER SUITS; also a full line of UNDERWEAR, FLANNEL SHIRTS, KNIT JACKETS, WINTER CAPS and LINED GLOVES and MITTENS, we will for the next Thirty Days sell AT NEW YORK COST!

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Office on Main Street over Solomon & Nauman's Store. 34ly

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Office over Baker & Atwood's store, south side of Main between 5th and 6th streets. 21tf

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Can be found by calling at his office, South side of Main Street, between Sixth and Seventh. Will examine himself more especially to town patrons. 42ly
PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA.

The Grand Central Hotel
SOUTH BEND, NEB.,
BY DR. H. KIRKE,
Home comforts fitted up. Everything new and neat. Meals and Lodging at Reasonable rates. Call and try us.

EX-SOLDIERS And their HEIRS Should all send for sample copy of that wonderful paper THE WORKING SOLDIER, published at Washington, D. C. It contains stories of the War, Camp Life, Scenes from the Battlefield, and a thousand things of interest to our country's defenders. It contains all the Laws and Instructions relating to Pensions and Bounty for Soldiers' Heirs. Eight pages, forty columns; $1 a year, sample free. Address, THE SOLDIER Box 388, Washington, D. C. 36t3

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Near B. & M. Passenger Depot.
PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA.
Newly refitted and furnished throughout. Affording an excellent view of the R. R. Bridge. It is conveniently located, especially for the traveling public.
The tables always supplied with the best of the season.

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in connection with the house. Lunch baskets filled at all hours. Terms reasonable. 8tf

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Contractors and Builders.
Having purchased our shop and purchased a Power Circle Saw, we are prepared to do an unlimited amount of work in our line in a FIRST-CLASS MANNER.
Those who contemplate building will find it to their interest to get estimates from us before giving their work to other parties. Estimate made on all kinds of work FREE OF CHARGE.
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MIKE SCHNELLBACHER,
BLACKSMITH
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AND
WAGON REPAIRING.
All kinds of FARM IMPLEMENTS mended
Neatly & Promptly
Horse, Mule & Ox Shoeing.
In short, we'll shoe anything that has four feet, from a Zebra to a Giraffe. Come and see us.
WM. WISHOF

FIRST
National Bank
OF PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA.

JOHN FITZGERALD ..... President.
E. G. DOVEY, ... Vice President.
A. W. McLAUGHLIN, ... Cashier.
JOHN O ROURKE, ... Assistant Cashier.

This Bank is now open for business at their new room, corner Main and Sixth streets, and is prepared to transact a general

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Stocks, Bonds, Gold, Government and Local Securities
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Deposits Received and Interest Allowed on Time Certificates.
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Available in any part of the United States and in all the Principal Towns and Cities of Europe.
AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
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Persons wishing to bring out their friends from Europe can
PURCHASE TICKETS FROM US
Through to Plattsmouth.

THE
WEEPING WATER BANK
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This Bank is now open for the transaction of a
GENERAL
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DEPOSITS
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Drawn, and available in the principal towns and cities of the United States and Europe.
Agents for the celebrated
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Purchase your tickets from us,
Through from Europe to any Point in the West.
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SAFES, CHAIRS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.,
Of All Descriptions.
METALLIC BURIAL CASES
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Of all sizes, ready made and sold cheap for cash.
MY FINE HEARSE

IS NOW READY FOR SERVICE.
With many thanks for past patronage I invite all to call and examine my
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BAKERY
Central Block, Corner Main and Sixth Streets.
Bakery, Confectionery and Restaurant.
Meals prepared at all hours. Parties supplied with Suppers, Wedding and Festival Cakes made to order in the handsomest style. Ice Cream furnished for Suppers, &c. at private houses during the season.
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Fresh Bread every day at Stadelmann's, Plattsmouth.
Fresh Oysters on hand, in Every Style 26y1

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State Directory.

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ALVIN SAUNDERS, U. S. Senator, Omaha.
E. K. VALENTINE, Representative, West Point.
ALBINUS NANCE, Governor, Lincoln.
S. J. ALEXANDER, Secretary of State.
JOHN WALLICHS, Auditor, Lincoln.
G. M. BARTLETT, Treasurer, Lincoln.
W. W. JONES, Supt. Public Instruction.
A. G. KENDALL, Land Commissioner.
C. J. DILWORTH, Attorney General.
REV. C. C. HARRIS, Chaplain of Penitentiary.
DR. H. P. MATTHEWSON, Supt. Hospital for the Insane.

Supreme Court.

S. MAXWELL, Chief Justice, Fremont.
GEO. B. LAKE, Omaha.
AMASA COBB, Lincoln.

Second Judicial District

S. B. POUND, Judge, Lincoln.
J. C. WATSON, Prosecuting-Att'y, Neb. City.
W. C. SHOWALTER, Clerk District Court, Plattsmouth.

City Directory.

JOHN O'ROURKE, Mayor.
J. M. PATTERSON, Treasurer.
J. D. SIMPSON, City Clerk.
RICHARD VIVIAN, Police Judge.
R. B. WINDHAM, City Attorney.
F. E. WHITE, Chief of Fire Dept.
S. H. RICHMOND, Ch'n Board of Health.

COUNCILMEN.

1st Ward—F. GORDER, J. M. SCHNELL
2d Ward—J. V. WECKBACH, J. S. BACHER.
3d Ward—D. MILLER, A. DREW.
4th Ward—P. McCALLAN, C. S. DAWSON.

SCHOOL BOARD.

THOMAS POLLOCK, J. N. WISE.
V. V. LEONARD, Wm. WINTERSTEEN.
ED. GREUSEL, ISAAC WILES,
Postmaster—JNO. W. MARSHALL.

County Directory.

W. H. NEWELL, County Treasurer.
J. W. JENNINGS, County Clerk.
A. A. LAVERTY, County Judge.
R. R. HYERS, Sheriff.
CYRUS ALTON, Sup't of Pub. Instruction.
G. W. FAIRFIELD, County Surveyor.
P. P. GASS, Coroner.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

ISAAC WILES, Plattsmouth Precinct.
JAMES CRAWFORD, South Bend Precinct.
SAM'L RICHARDSON, Mt. Pleasant Precinct.

Parties having business with the County Commissioners, will find them in session the First Monday and Tuesday of each month.

The Legislature meets in January, 1883, and a U. S. Senator is then to be elected.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF PLATTSMOUTH MAILS.

ARRIVES.		DEPARTS.
7.30 p. m.	EASTERN.	9.00 a. m.
9.30 a. m.		3.00 p. m.
9.00 a. m.	WESTERN.	8.30 a. m.
3.30 p. m.		6.15 p. m.
11.00 a m	NORTHERN.	3.00 p. m
7.30 p. m.	SOUTHERN.	7.00 a. m
10.30 a m.	OMAHA.	7.45 a. m.
7.30 p. m.		2.00 p. m
11.00 a m.	WEEPING WATER.	1.00 p. m
11.00 a m.	FACTORYVILLE.	1.00 p. m

Dec. 17, 1881.

RATES CHARGED FOR MONEY ORDERS.

On orders not exceeding $15 - - - 10 cents
Over $15 and not exceeding $30 - - - 15 cents
" $30 " " $40 - - - 20 cents
" $40 " " $50 - - - 25 cents

A single Money Order may include any amount from one cent to fifty dollars, but must not contain a fractional part of a cent.

RATES FOR POSTAGE.

1st class matter (letters) 3 cents per ½ ounce.
2d " " (Publisher's rates) 2 cts. per lb.
3d " " (Transient Newspapers and books come under this class) 1 cent per each 2 ounces.
4th class (merchandise) 1 cent per ounce.

J. W. MARSHALL, P. M.

B. & M. R. R. Time Table.

Taking Effect Nov. 6, 1881.

FOR OMAHA FROM PLATTSMOUTH.

Leaves 1:45 a. m.	Arrives 4:25 a. m.
2:45 p. m.	" 4:15 p. m.
8:20 a. m.	" 9:30 a. m.

FROM OMAHA FOR PLATTSMOUTH.

Leaves 8:50 a. m.	Arrives 10:05 a. m.
" 7:00 p. m.	" 9:10 p. m.
" 6:20 p. m.	" 7:35 p. m.

FOR THE WEST.

Leaves Plattsmouth 9:20 a. m. Arrives Lincoln, 11:55 a. m.; Arrives Kearney, 7:40 p. m.
Leaves 6:50 p. m; arrives Lincoln 9:30 p. m. Freight leaves at 9:20 a. m. and at 8:15 p. m. Arrive at Lincoln at 4:55 p. m. and 2:00 a. m.

FROM THE WEST.

Leaves Kearney, 6:30 a. m. Leaves Lincoln, 1:00 p. m. Arrives Plattsmouth, 3:30 p. m
Leaves Lincoln 7 a. m; arrives Plattsmouth 9:00 a. m.
Freight leaves Lincoln at 12:05 p. m. and 9:30 p. m. Arrives at Plattsmouth at 5:35 p. m. and 2:50 a. m.

GOING EAST.

Passenger trains leave Plattsmouth at 7:00 a. m., 2:00 a. m., 3:40 p. m. and arrive at Pacific Junction at 7:25 a. m., 9:20 a. m, and 4:10 p. m.

FROM THE EAST.

Passenger trains leave Pacific Junction at 8:55 a. m., 6:20 p. m., 10 a. m. and arrive at Plattsmouth at 8:55 a. m., 6:40 p. m. and 10:40 a. m.

R. V. R. R. Time Table.

Taking Effect Sunday, November 6, 1881.

WEST.	STATIONS.	EAST.
5:15pm	HASTINGS.	9.50pm
6:15	AYR.	8:55
7:25	BLUE HILL	8:15
8:25	COWLES.	7:05
8:50	AMBOY	6:25
9:40	RED CLOUD.	6:00
10:15	INAVALE.	4:30
10:55	RIVERTON.	4:00
11:40	FRANKLIN.	2:50
12:10pm	BLOOMINGTON.	2:45
12:40	NAPONEE	1:45
1:20	REPUBLICAN	12:20
2:20	ALMA	11:55am
3:10	ORLEANS	11:25
3:10		11:25
4:10	OXFORD	10:20
5:20	ARAPAHOE	9:15

MONARCH BILLIARD HALL!
In the basement of Merges' Store,
PLATTSMOUTH, - - - NEBRASKA.
One door east of the P. O.
Rooms Newly Fitted up With NEW MONARCH TABLES.
Cigars & Temperane Drinks
On hand at the counter.
It is a wide and spacious Hall; plenty of room for players and seats for visitors.
P. B. MURPHY, Prop.

E. SAGE
[Successor to SAGE BROTHERS.]
Dealer in
STOVES,
TINWARE, SHEET IRON, ZINC
At the old Stand opposite the new Hotel.
PUMPS, GAS-FITTING,
ALSO
Making & Repairing Done.

New Place!
Frank NiemaN,
MANUFACTURER OF
FINE CIGARS,
On Main Street, opposite Court House.
Special Brands
made to order. Also a good line of Smoker's Articles of all kinds, Tobaccos, &c., &c. 35m3

PLEASE REMEMBER
that the CHEAPEST and BEST PLACE to buy
Staple and Fancy Groceries
—AND—
First-Class Dry Goods,
IS AT THE
OLD RELIABLE STORE
—OF—
Jos. V. Weckbach,
Cor. Main and Third St's, Plattsmouth.
Stock always fresh and new, and prices always at the bottom. Call and convince yourselves. 10tf

Brick Yard!
Good Brick, for sale as soon as burned, at
FRED. LEHNHOFF'S
BRICK YARD,
WASHINGTON AVE.,
Platt mouth, Neb. 9tf

C. SCHLEGEL,
[Successor to SCHLEGEL & NIEMAN,]
Manufacturers of

FINE CIGAR.
And dealers in
SMOKERS' FANCY ARTICLES, SMOKING and CHEWING
TOBACCO.
Special BRANDS and sizes of CIGARS made to order, and satisfaction guaranteed. Cigar clippings sold for smoking tobacco.
Main street, one door west of J. S. Duke's store
Opposite Post Office,
PLATTSMOUTH, NEB. 1m3

READ! READ!
MORRIS O'ROURKE
again comes to the front with a magnificent line of
Piece Goods
for his winter trade.
Mr. O'Rourke is known far and wide as a first-class
CUTTER AND FITTER.
Every garment warranted to SUIT in every particular.
Every one who really wants a good fit, calls on him. "Go thou and do likewise."
Shop opposite the Court House, on lower Main St.

NEW FURNITURE STORE!
HARRIS & UNRUH,
—DEALERS IN—
FURNITURE & COFFINS,
and all kinds of goods usually kept in a
FIRST CLASS FURNITURE STORE

Also, a very complete stock of
Funeral Goods, Coffins, Caskets, Robes,
EMBLEMS, &c.
Special attention given to the proper care of the dead, night or day. A first-class hearse and carriages, with personal attendance whenever desired, CHARGES ALWAYS REASONABLE.
South Side Lower Main Street,
PLATTSMOUTH, NEB.

U. V. Mathews,
DEALER IN
Hardware, Cutlery, Nails,
Iron, Wagon Stock,
Farm Machinery.
STOVES and TIN-WARE,
Iron, Wood Stock, Pumps,
AMMUNITION,
FIELD & GARDEN SEEDS, ROPE, AND ALL KINDS OF SHEET IRON WORK, Kept in Stock.
Making and Repairing,
DONE WITH
NEATNESS & DISPATCH.
All Work Warranted.

A Fragment.

BY K. TEMPLE MORE.

Gems were flashing, eyes were shining,
Fans with lang'rous grace were swayed,
'Twas so like a fairy vision
That you looked on half afraid.
But when music crashed and quivered,
And the singer's voice, so sweet,
Rang up to the gilded rafters,
Flowers falling at her feet.

Then you leaned in silence forward,
Curved, ripe-red lips apart,
All your loose gold hair a-quiver
With the throbbing of your heart.
Cheeks snow-white then flaming hotly,
Lustrous, starry eyes ashine,
Little, warm, white fingers shyly
Creeping, trembling, into mine.

Not a lady there, that night, dear,
Clad in clouds of perfumed lace,
But would give her rarest jewels
For the glory of your face.
Well, 'twas only your first opera,
And no wonder that your heart,
Bowing down, should throb and quiver
At the master-touch of art!

Imprisoned For Debt.

"What! can a man be imprisoned for debt in this State?"

"Yes, sir; he can for one kind of debt; that is what the lawyers call a tortious obligation."

"How is that?"

"Well, take the case just called before Judge Cameron, for instance: Math Nowak, of the town of Washington, living on what is called Bohemian Ridge, thought that his neighbor, Michael Schendel, had built his fence on the highway, and deputized himself to tear it down. Schendel had him arrested on a civil warrant and brought before Justice Steinlein, when a judgment was obtained against him of 50 cents and costs of suit, amounting in all to $14.69. Nowak refused to pay it, thereby throwing the responsibility on the plaintiff Schendel. That constitutes a tortious debt."

"Well, how did it come out?"

"As soon as it was known that Nowak had made up his mind to evade payment, a warrant was issued for his arrest, and placed in the hands of Constable Scott, who made several attempts to arrest him; but whenever he came in sight of his house, Nowak would get wind of his approach and take to the woods. It afterwards appeared that his girl was on watch and gave her father the signal sign of danger by waying a large red handkerchief in a casual manner, at the same time talking to an officer, and pointed out the exact part of the farm on which Nowak was working. Scott finally succeeded in arresting him very early in the morning, and brought him into town and locked him up."

"Then did he pay?"

"Pay? No. He said he couldn't pay."

"What good did it do to lock him up then?"

"None whatever. All the time he was in jail Schendel had to pay his board at the rate of $3.50 a week, besides paying the additional costs which have accumulated since the Steinlein judgment."

"How did Nowak get out of jail? I understand you to say that he was released to-day."

"After a man has been in jail ten days he can plead the poor man's act, make out an affidavit that he has no personal property, and can't pay. He is then brought before the proper tribunal. Nowak was brought before Judge Cameron and released, upon his affidavit."

"What is the entire bill now?"

"Something like $50, and Schendel must pay every cent of it, except the satisfaction of keeping Nowak in jail thirteen days."—*La Crosse Republican.*

Hurried Dinners.

It is a mistake to eat quickly. Mastication performed in haste must be imperfect even with the best of teeth, and due admixture of the salivary secretion with the food cannot take place. When a crude mass of inadquately crushed muscular fiber, or undivided solid material of any description, is thrown into the stomach, it acts as a mechanical irritant, and sets up a condition in the mucous membrane lining that organ which greatly impedes, if it does not altogether prevent, the process of digestion. When the practice of eating quickly and filling the stomach with unprepared food is habitual, the digestive organ is rendered incapable of performing its proper functions. Either a much larger quantitity of food than would be necessary under natural conditions is required, or the system suffers from lack of nourishment. Those animals which were intended to feed hurriedly were either gifted with the power of rumination or provided with gizzards. Man is not so furnished, and it is fair to assume that he was intended to eat slowly.—*London Lancet.*

Dr BULL'S
COUGH
SYRUP
For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists. Price, 25 cents.

$72 A WEEK, $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address, TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. 6ly

The Year 1881.

New York Times.

The year which closed Saturday is rendered notable in our history by a single group of events closely associated with each other. It opened serenely, after a twelvemonth of prosperity, which, following upon a long and dreary period of depression, had begotten a hopeful spirit among our people. The result of the Presidential election had been accepted with general satisfaction, and an era of political peace and good feeling seemed to be in prospect. The closing session of the forty-sixth Congress was characterized by no action of special importance, unless it was the passage of an act for refunding the maturing debt of the nation at three per cent., which encountered the Executive veto on account of provisions intended to coerce the national banks. The inauguration of Gen. Garfield on the 4th of March was an event of unusual impressiveness, and the new administration was regarded with exceptional confidence. The cabinet appointments, which were announced the next day and promptly confirmed by the Senate, indicated a desire to unite the Republican party firmly in the support of the President. The same spirit was displayed in such other selections for office as were made at that time and in the general avowal of purpose which emanated from the chief magistrare. The special session of the Senate, which was called only that appointments might be acted upon, was prolonged through the months of March and April and to near the end of May by a contest over its organization occasioned by the equal political division of that body after Gen. Mahone had declared his position. The committees were constituted by the Republicans with the aid of the casting vote of the Vice-President, but the Democrats succeeded by persistant dilatory motions and and discussions in defeating the election of officers.

But the most noteworthy incident of this special session was the contest which waged, chiefly outside the Senate Chamber, over the appointment of certain Federal officers in this state. The President, having chosen Mr. Morton as Minister to France and nominated a number of other friends of Senator Conkling for important places, selected Judge Robertson for Collector of this port, transfering Mr. Merritt to the London consulate. Mr. Conkling made a resolute effort in May to defeat the confirmation of Robertson, and, finding that his purposee could not be accomplished, both he and his colleague resigned their seats on the 16th of that month. Then followed the remarkable contest at Albany, Out of this some factional bitterness was engendered between what was known as the "Stalwarts" and "Administration" wings of the Rrpublican party. It was chiefly felt, however, in this state and at Washington, the causes of difference producing little effect elsewhere.

It was on the 2d of July that the country was shocked by the dastardly act of Guiteau in shooting the President in the back at the station of the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad in Washington. This event and the long period of alternate hope and fear, of constant distress and gloom, until the death of the president on the 19th of September, are too fresh in the minds of our readers and too much fraught with painful memories to make a recapitulation of their details at all desirable. They cast a wide and deep shadow over the year that had been entered upon with so much of cheerful anticipation, and no doubt had an important effect upon the general course of events. Scarcely anything is remembered or calls for remembrance during that period of nearly three months save the suffering and heroic patience of the slowly dying President and the effect which it produced upon the people of the country.

Gen. Arthur, who had comported himself with much dignity and propriety, during the President's illness, succeeded to his office on the 20th of September. The Senate was summoned to meet in special session on the 10th of October, mainly that it might choose a presiding officer to stand in the line of succession to the Executive chair, no one being left in that position after the President's death. The even division of that body, the casting vote of the Vice-President being wanting, produced the curious episode in which the Democrats chose Mr. Bayard as President pro. tem., before the members chosen to fill vacancies were admitted, and the Republicans two days later displaced him by agreeing to vote for Senator Davis for that position. The only other incident of the session worth recalling was the resignation of Mr. Windom from the Cabinet and the appointment of Judge Folger as his sucessor. President Arthur's more recent appointments and the general conduct of his Administration have, on the whole, been such as to restore in a measure, the feeling of confidence and hopefulness which prevailed in the early part of the year. It has been marred only by the unhappy efforts of Secretary Blaine before his retirement to inaugurate a brilliant foreign policy.

An important feature in our public affairs has been the result of Postmaster-General James's resolute effort to bring the working of his department into conformity with the principles of upright and efficient business management. The enormous frauds perpetrated in the star route service have been thoroughly exposed, and prosecutions have been set on foot which, though they have united at times, still give promise of vindiction for the authority and integrity of the Government.

The era of prosperity may be said to have continued, as industral and commercial activity have in no degree abated. This is in some measure due to the impetus that came over from 1880, when our crops were abundant and found a ready market. The long drought of last Summer materially curtailed production, and the supply of most of our great staples has been much less than last year. The effect shows itself in a falling off of exports, and, in connection with other causes, in a general advance of prices. The prosperity of railroads has been somewhat interfered with by the effects of unregulated competition between the great through lines. On the whole, aside from the national calamity that overshadowed the year, the past twelve-month may be recalled as one of general stability and progress, but it can hardly be said that the outlook for the new year is so free from uncertainty as that for 1881 appeared to be at its opening.

Commissioner's Proceedings.

December 27th, 1881.

Board met pursuant to adjournment. Present, Sam'l Richardson, I. Willes and James Crawford, Commisioners; J. D. Tutt, Co. Clerk.

The following was done to wit:

This being the time set by the County Commissioner, for settlement with the County Treasurer and the same still being in progress the Board adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning.

The settlement with the County Treasurer still being in session, there was nothing else done until January 2d 1882, when the following was done to-wit:

Bids for the furnishing of books, blanks and stationery for Cass county for the year 1882 were opened and laid over for further consideration, until Wednesday January 4th.

Settlement with County Treasure still being in order the board adjourned to meet January 3d 1882.

The settlement with County Treasurer still being in order there was nothing else done until January 4th, 1882, when the following was done to-wit:

The following official bonds were then approved, L. C. Eikhoff, assesor of Louisville precinct, with F. Bronko and William A. Urvin as sureties.

John Newham, overseer road district No. 45 with Geo. H. Woods and F. W. Fowler as sureties.

James Sperry, constable Avoca Precinct with E. M. Compton and J. L Hutchins as sureties.

Continued next week.

A Coal Problem.

The production of anthracite coal last year reached about 28,500,000 tons. This amount is something above the average, but will, in turn, be surpassed by the output this year. It is estimated that not less than 30,000,000 tons will be mined before next January, and the annual production hereafter, under ordinary circumstances, is not likely to fall below that amount. These figures are more significant than they appear to be at first sight.

It is not too much to say that the exhaustion of the anthracite coal-fields of this country is in sight. There are deposits in Rhode Island and Virginia and small quantities elsewhere; but by far the largest part of the anthracite beds lies in seven counties in Pennsylvania. Four great fields are recognized, their respective areas being 189, 92, 194 and 38 square miles—total 483. To this limited tract the United States looks for its anthracite coal. How much was there in it when mining began, scarcely six years ago? How much has alread been consumed? How long will what remains last?—G. D.

You don't count Colorado then, where good anthracite has lately been found, and no man knows but that the Rocky Mountains are full of hard coal yet, in spots.

Bishop Haven on Death.

The late Bishop E. O. Haven sent a short article to the editor of the *Christian Advocate*, last June, telling him he could use it when he chose. The latter kept it waiting for an appropriate occasion, and now publishes it on the writer's death. It is on "Light and Darkness in the Last Hours," and contains these words: "Some Christians, perhaps foolishly, indulge fears about death. It is really to one who dies a matter of no consequence at all whether it is slow or sudden, attended with peace or joy, or not. I have long since determined to indulge consciously no choice on the subject. But it is noticeable that some who have feared it have been wonderfully sustained when the dreaded moment came. An English philosopher could relieve the unconcealed anxiety of his later hours by a fancied dialogue between himself and the ferryman who should bear his soul over the fancied river; the old Roman could cover his face and turn to the wall and die; it is left to the Christian to remain unmoved and passive, and receive the summons which thrills the soul with the foretasted joys of Heaven."

The Bull and the Patent Gate.

Mr. Wigwam is a former residing in Durmor township, Lancaster county, and recently one of those agents that infest the country came along and tucked off an him an automatic gate. The gate was so arranged that the weight of a person approaching it would cause it to rise, and when they had passed under it, down it came. This gate was painted red, and the day after it was put in position, a cross bull, owned by Mr. Wigwam, discovered it. A bull, somehow, has a rooted antipathy for that hue, and this animal no sooner discovered the gate than it made a rush to gore it. Of course, as the bull approached the gate his weight caused it to rise, and he passed under it, and his failure to hit anything solid seemed to affect him about as it does a man to go up a dark stairway, and when he has reached the top thinks there is one step more, and step for it, and bringing his foot down so hard that it makes the sole tingle as if slapped by a shingle, and leaves the print of the boot on the floor. When the bull recovered a little and looked back and saw the gate which had come down in its original position, he couldn't quite understand how he had passed it, and what had what had happened, and he stood and thrashed himself with his tail, and thought of it for a minute, and then tried it again. Same result. Bull more puzzled than ever, and awful mad. Another trial. Bull only succeeded in rooting his nose in the ground. Bull almost delirious with rage. Wigwam who is watching from the house, in the same condition with laughter. The bull evidently made up his mind to hit the gate or die in attempt and he tried the thing seven more times and yet the gate stood there every time, when he looked back. Then having wrenched himself and scraped the hide off his nose, and got quite out of breath, the animal got discouraged and drew aside and merely watched the gate. But Wigwam hadn't had enough of the fun. He took a mirror, and went out and climbed upon the gate, and caught the sunlight upon the mirror, and flashed it in the bull's eyes to madden him. It did. The bull rushed once more at the gate. Wigwam expected the gate to rise up with him and let the bull pass. But his weight held the gate down. The bull hit the gate square. Wigwam was knocked forty feet and got his eyes and mouth full of dirt and was badly skinned. The mirror was shattered. And the bull caught his horns and one foot in the gate, which broke from its fastenings, and he went madly careering about with it on his horns, struggling to release himself, and Wigwam didn't dare go to his rescue, and was too much hurt to do anything anyhow, and finally the bull, tearing up everything in his reach, threw himself and broke his neck. Loss $301. Wigwam lays all the blame on the gate agent, which, perhaps, is natural.

The only objection we have to these stories is, that they don't make them explicit enough—don't locate them in short; to say Smith township, Jones county, etc., ain't enough, we want the state, section and range and first or maiden name of Wigwam and then we will believe it.

After Cornwallis' Surrender.

The diary of Col. Samuel Smith, of the Maryland line at Yorktown, afterwards a United States Senator from Maryland, recites:

Sunday, 21st—The enemy march'd out of town in three divisions, guarded by the militia of the State, to their different rendezvous assigned them; 1st, to Frederick Town, in Maryland; 2d, to Staunton, in Virginia; 3d to Frederick, in Virginia.

Monday, 22d—The Pennsylvania Brigade marched into town, and acted as guard and fatigue for the day.

Tuesday, 23d—Relieved by G. C. B., who continued to collect the ordnance and stores, small arms, etc.

Wednesday, 24th—Relieved by G. L. B. The publick stores were examined and taken into custidy. Maj'r Alexander appointed to procure the quats for the reg't.

Thursday, 25th—The Marquis B. marched into town for this day. I having the ague and fever rode to Williamsburgh, and quartered with several of the officers that were sick previous to my coming out.

Friday, 26th—I took medisin administered by Doctor Malachi Treet, Sin'r Surgeon at that place.

Saturday, 27th—Went in company with the Doctor to visit the sick and wounded in the different hospitals in town.

Sunday, 28th—Devoted the day to the curiosities of the town. The capitol in the center of town is a very elligant building in which all publick business is transacted relative to ye State. In the center of which his L'dship Bortilort, late Governor of the State, is represented standing on a marple pillor in full size.

Monday, 29th—Went in company with a number of the Gent'n of Town to see the Palace in which he, Bartilort Liv'd—

The most magnificent publick building I ever saw—afterwards burnt by accident Next the college, sitidale & bedlom—are three elegant publick buildings.

Tuesday, 30th—This day the Field officers of each regiment was appointed to collect goods to the amount of £7 sterling for each present officer of their respective batt'ns.

Wensday, 31st—Rode to the capitol landing on an outlet from the York River—din'd in company with a num of the officers on oysters and fish.