THE HERALD.

J. A. MACMURPHY,.....EDITOR.

PLATTSMOUTH, JULY 4, 1878.

THE harvest has commenced in California.

As an evidence of depression of business in England, it is said that over 1,300 British steam ships have been idle for a year.

AN editorial convention of the German editors and publishers of the Missouri Valley will be held at St. Joseph on the 14th prox.

DON'T fail to buy a ticket and attend the Benefit Ball this, Thursday evening and thereby assist our band boys in paying for their instruments.

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS said on the evening of the 22d, at Augusta, Ga., "Before I leave this city I will answer face to face all assaults that have been made on me."

THE Telegraph dispatches announce the appoinment of Hon. W. F. Robb, of Otoe County as U. S. Collector of Revenue for Nebraska, in place of H. A. Newman, removed.

THE Nebraska State camp meeting for the promotion of holiness will be held at Greenwood commencing August 7, and continue one week. The B. & M. Railroad will carry passengers to and from Greenwood at 60 per cent below usual rates. Baggage and camp equipage free.

IN order to allow all hands to get off to celebrate the 4th and enjoy themselves like other mortals, at least once in the year, we crowd the HERALD out on Wednesday, and not in near as good shape as to quantity and quality as we could wish, but hope our patrons will consider the cause and be patriotic and humane enough to excuse any shortcomings for this time.

C. W. SEYMOUR, of Neb. City, U. S. Deputy Collector, assisted by Geo. W. Lowley, of Seward, unearthed on illicit distillery, about 9 miles from the City of Seward. The concern was located in the cellar of a German farmer, by the name of Ludwig Bauman, and was capable of turning out about a barrel of whisky per day. Bauman was arrested and taken to Lincoln for examination before U. S. Commissioner Billingsley.

THE sale of the Pawnee Indian reservation lands will take place at Central City Merrick county, this State, on the 15th day of July 1878, when about 278,837.20 acres will be offered. We learn from the Omaha Rebublican that excursion tickets, good for forty days, at a little over half fare for the round trip, will be placed on sale from all points east of Chicago to Central City, Neb.

THE auditor of public accounts of Virginia reports that the returns from all counties and cities of that state using the Moffet whisky register from the date of their being put into operation, up to April 30, indicates the total yearly revenue from the sale of whisky taxes, etc., will foot up for the year, $505,474, as against $262,195, heretofore reported as the amount assessed on liquor in every form for the year 1876-7.

AN exchange says the following is a sure cure for snake bite: "Take one teaspoonful of gunpowder and salt and the yellow of an egg, and mix so as to form a plaster, place on a cloth and apply to the wound. As the poison is drawn the plaster will lose its sticking qualities, and when it is full it will fall off. Apply a new plaster until it sticks, which is sure evidence that the poison is out. This will cure a snake bite on either man or beast."

KANSAS CITY is loading a barge with grain, and the Mail is going crazy over it. "It means," says that enthusiastic journal, "that Kansas City shall become the great entrepot for the immense grain fields of Western Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska. It means that the granaries of the finest farming country in the United States will pay tribute to Kansas City. It means that soon will spring up at the mouth of the Kaw the largest inland grain market in the world." If one tow of barges excites this fellow in this style, the probabilities are that he'll catch the hydrophobia during the dog days.—Omaha News.

Important to School Officers.

LINCOLN, June 26, 1878.

EDITOR OF STATE JOURNAL:—From various quarters information is sent to this office that parties are engaged in selling to the school districts a set of mathematical charts, of very doubtful value, and at an exorbitant price. school officers are cautioned against buying articles of this kind without consulting the County Superintendent. In no case should warrants or school orders be given for goods till the goods are received. They are also reminded that it is illegal to make individual contracts with agents. All such business should be done at the meetings of the board. County Superintendents are requested to bring this to the attention of School Boards.

S. R. THOMPSON,
State Superintendent.

Newspapers throughout the State are requested to give this notice publicity.

How to Make a Good School.

To the Patrons of Schools in Cass Co.:

FIRST. Get a good teacher.

SECOND. Try to encourage your teacher, which may be done in various ways, viz: Paying him a salary that will induce him to work, speaking a word of encouragement to him now and then, visiting his school now and then, thus showing that you are interested in both him and the school.

THIRD. Remember that "Children and fools" do not "Always tell the truth," especially in regard to themselves; and when your children come home, with doleful tales, of abuse and neglect, don't run poste haste to the directors to demand his dismissal; but go to the school and ascertain the truth of the matter first; and then, if there is just cause for dismissal, try and have him dismissed by all means.

FOURTH. As your thoughts and action will correspond, never think of your teacher as an enemy to you, and a friend only, to your pocket book, as a good-for-nothing fellow trying to get a living without work, for "As a man thinketh in his heart so is he."

The above directions well followed will give you a first class school. More anon. Yours respectfully,

A. TEACHER.

PAYMENT FOR SLAVES DEMANDED.

Repeal of the Fourteenth Amendment to be Pressed.

The Macon (Ga.) Telegraph and Messenger calls for the repeal of the Fourteenth amendment, that the southern people may extort payment for their liberated slaves. It says: "These slaves were not cannon and bayonets and armed foes in the late so-called rebellion, and in no sense 'contraband.' They were our property, solemnly and specifically recognized as such, and protected and guaranteed by that constitution and Union which our adversaries alleged they took up arms to maintain intact and defend. Moreover they took no part in that fratricidal struggle, save when forced to join the ranks of the invader, and wage war against their best friend and benefactors. On the banditti principle that 'might makes right,' and to the 'victor belongs the spoils,' only, therefore, can this robbery of an impoverished people be justified." Again: "We cannot but indulge the hope that when we have helped to extinguish the public debt, and time has healed the gaping wounds of the past, when reason and brotherly love shall have regained the ascendency over prejudice and hate even though it shall be the next generation, a brave and honorable people of the same blood and lineage will see to it that the value of our property in slaves shall be returned to those from whom it was wrongfully wrested. It will do no harm to keep this question before the people, that they may preserve the records and the proper memoranda of their former slaves, in the event that a returning sense of justice on the part of the federal government may compensate them, at least in part, for the loss of this portion of their rightful property."

State Jottings.

Hastings will soon have a national bank

Wheat all over Valley county is looking well.

Railroad lands continue to sell rapidly in Sherman county.

Land-hunters continue to arrive in Central City by battalions.

Sterling will have a money order office after the first of July.

Work was commenced last week on the emigrant house at Loup.

Gulch gold in large quantities is arriving in Sidney from the Hills.

The flouring mill and machine shop at Fairmont are very nearly completed.

Thirteen car-loads of hogs were shipped from Brownville the early part of the week.

Prairie schooners and herds of fine stock are going into Dakota county daily.

Imigration to the north part of the state increase as the summer advances.

The survey of the B. & M. branch is being extended from Red Cloud to Bloomington.

Lincoln physicians report the health of that city as excellent for this season of the year.

The Fourth is going to be well celebrated all over the state—weather permitting, of course.

The demand for land in the vicinity of Columbus was never greater than at present.

The demand for the artificial stone manufactured in Humboldt, is greater than the supply.

An iron bridge 120 feet long is to be built across the north fork of the Big Nemaha, at Salem, this season.

The Early Rising Delusion.

For farmers and those who live in localities where people can retire at eight or nine o'clock in the evening, the old notion about early rising is still appropriate. But he who is kept up till ten or eleven or twelve o'clock, and then rises at five or six, because of the teachings of some old ditty about "early to rise," is committing a sin against his own soul. There is not one man in ten thousand who can afford to do without seven or eight hours' sleep All the stuff written about great men who slept only three or four hours a night is apocryphal. They have been put upon such small allowances occasionally and prospered; but no man yet ever kept healthy in body and mind for a number of years with less than seven hours' sleep. If you can get to bed early, then rise early; if you cannot get to bed till late, then rise late. It may be as proper for one man to rise at eight as it is for another to rise at five. Let the rousing bell be rung by at least thirty minutes before your public appearance. Physicians say that a sudden jump out of bed gives irregular motion to the pulses. It takes hours to get over a too sudden rising. It is barbarous to expect children to land on the centre of the floor at the call of their nurses, the thermometer below zero. Give us time after you call us to roll over, gaze at the world full in the face, and look before we leap.

THE Washinton Star says two hopeful indications of a turn in the business depression are noticed: first, the buoyancy in the stock market and the corresponding increase in the value of railroad property, which rises and falls in accordance with the barometer of business activity in the country; and second, the unmistakable confidence given to capitalists disposed to invest in business operations, by the fact that congress has adjourned and will not be able to pass any legislition for some time to unsettle values. It is believed that a good deal of money now lying idle, or virtually so, will now be put into circulation in the channels of trade and business enterprise, with happy effect in the line of a revival of prosperity.

It is a part of the military annals of our frontier that way out in the Rocky Mountains during one of the Indian campaigns, the ingenuity of the artillery officers was taxed to find some way of getting at the red men with the howitzers. The Indians would stand before small arms, but a shot from a six pounder, if it could get the range, always caused them to stampede. Finally one of the officers, we don't remember if it was Capt. John Phoenix, or another genious, invented the "Jackass battery." A howitzer was securely strapped to the back of one of these sure-footed and docile animals, and the entire command went out to witness the experiment. They led him up to the top of a small mountain, placed ed him in position, with his tail over a precipice, took aim, fired the fuse, and stood around watching to see the result. Just as the fuse commenced to burn, the donkey got curious to see what they were all looking at and he commenced to revolve on his axis. The circle around him began to disperse into holes and behind rocks in a very sudden and bewildering manner, and he wheeled and turned in every direction, aiming his gun at every possible point of the compass each consecutive second, and when it went off, the shot grazed the ear of the distinguished inventor of the new arm of the service.

Senator Kellogg remarked that Ben Butler, whom the democrats put on the Potter committee, with a broad grin at the supposed execution he was going to do upon the administration, is a "Jackass battery." No better discription is, perhaps, possible.—State Journal.

Alex. H. Stephens.

AUGUSTA, June 26.—Alex. H. Stephens, in a speech here to-night, answering the charges that he had betrayed and deserted the democratic party said that his course in the Potter resolution had been vindicated by democrats, under the lead of Buchard, the republicans, adopting the very modifications which he had advocated when the questions of investigation was sprung. He believed there were frauds in the presidential election, but he really thought that a rotten egg had better be buried than broken. Since it was opened, however, he favored making the investigation broad, and on both sides. If the republicans retorted to our taunts by saying, "You, too, had stolen goods," he wished to incorporate the declaration that the president's title could not be disturbed. If this question be reopened now he saw danger ahead. Causes more venomous than in 1860 were at work, and the war that would follow would be as a cyclone compared to the civil war breeze just blown over. That was organized and sectioned warfare; this would be a cutthroat and communistic war. The country wanted peace. The south desired good government, and was getting more from Hayes than it would have done from Tilden. If the district democratic convention about to assemble repudiated him on account of his course, he would appeal to the people over their heads. He would not be ruled out of the house of his fathers' home by thimble riggers and shysters.

In regard to the alleged insult to the district democracy, he had nothing to take back. He did not eat his words. He belonged to the Jeffersonian school of democracy, and did not submit to the party lash or caucus lasso of Jacobinism. In these principles he was reared and in this temple he would die.

The Transfer of the Indian Bureau.

New York Herald.

In the bill making appropriations for the army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1879, there is a section providing for the formation of a joint commission to consider the feasibility of removing the Indian bureau to the war department. This commission consists of three Senators and five members of the House. They have power to sit during the recess, send for persons and papers, examine witnesses, visit the Indian country, and, in fact, to do all in their power to arrive at a truthful solution of this vexed question.

The commission consists of Senators Saunders, of Nebraska, Oglesby, of Illinois, and McCrary of Kentucky, and Messrs. Scales, of North Carolina; Boone, of Kentucky; Hooker, of Mississippi; Steward, of Minnesota, and Van Voorhees, of Ohio. They have perfected an organization by the selection of Senator Saunders as chairman and Major Charles Flanagan as secretary of the commission. The secretaries of the War and Interior have received a number of letters from the commission asking for data, statistics and all general information on the very important subject left for the commission to decide. A number of clerks of those respective departments are busy at work preparing the answers for the commission.

As this is a question so fraught with interest to the entire country it can be stated that all persons who desire to send data to the commission or who have any information to convey on the subject, can do so by transmitting their communications to Major Flanagan, secretary, or the joint commission United States Senate Chamber.

Senator Saunders, the chairman of the commission, is a Kentuckian by birth, but has for nearly half a century lived in the northwest, he is said to be one of the best posted men on the Indian question in the country, and is unbiased on the question to be decided by the commission. He has been Governor of Nebraska, and is now serving his first term in the Senate. The other members of the commission are all more or less well versed on Indian affairs.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC.

THE BERLIN CONGRESS.

Gortschakoff Will Attend To-day's Sitting---What Russia Asks.

LONDON, June 29.—A Berlin Dispatch states that Prince Gortschakoff will attend Friday's sitting of the Congress.

It is understood that Russia claims no influence, even on the Danube. The pourparlers seem to show that the Bessarabian question is so arranged that Russia only claims territory as far as the Kilia mouth of the Danube.

BERLIN, June 27.—The report current in diplomatic circles confirm the statement that the Austrian occupation of Bosnia is imminent. It is stated that till three days ago the proposal for the occupation of Bosnia and Herzegovina by Austrian troops was entirely disapproved by the congress.

VIENNA, June 27.—The Presse says: "Roumania having refused a large money indemnity for the retrocession of Bessaraba, and, having also refused the proposal to divide Bessaraba in two parts, Russia now proposes, through Bismarck, that Prince Charles shall become the future prince of Bulgaria. This is opposed by Roumanian statesmen, but they express a fear Prince Charles will accept the offer for dynastic reasons."

LONDON, June 27.—A Berlin dispatch says the delegates from Bosnia have submitted to the congress a memorial setting forth the wishes of their countrymen. Among other things the memorial declares that Bosnians object to the prospect of Austrian occupation, and intimate that they would prefer occupation of the country by Servians.

VIENNA, June 27.—A Berlin correspondent says the pourparlers between the Austrian and Turkish plenipotentiaries relative to Bosnia and Herzogovinia cause an expectation that the Turks may, when this subject is discussed by the congress, abandon the reserve which they have hitherto maintained.

LONDON, June 28.—A Berlin correspondent states that there will be no reassembling of the congress in the autumn, as it is intended to settle everything definitely now, and merely leave details to special commissions.

Greece will refuse to participate in the congress in merely a consulative capacity.

The correspondent states that the memorial of the Bosnian delegates will only accelerate Austrian occupation of Bosnia as a counterpoise of Russia's occupation of Bulgaria.

LONDON, June 28.—A dispatch from Berlin states that the queen of England was informed on Wednesday that the congress would probably end in ten days.

Prince Bismarck declared that he should be obliged by fatigue to absent himself for a long time from the congress unless the delegates were resolved to come to an agreement privately on the main questions, so as to permit their prompt settlement in the congress, minor matters being left to commissions. Count Corti, the Italian delegate, replied promising compliance with the suggestion.

He was far too well aware of the feelings which actuated his colleagues to raise objection to concessions they deemed it their duty to make. He merely wished to state that Russia made those sacrifices from a desire for peace, and that she had no narrow or selfish aim.

Lord Beaconsfield expresses admiration at Priace Gortschakoff's sentiments. He acknowledged in the name of the congress that a desire for peace actuated Russia, and hoped the same sentiment would continue.

It is thought this is Gortschakoff's last appearance at the congress.

LONDON, June 28.—A Berlin dispatch says the Austrian plenipotentiaries will propose in Friday's sitting of the congress to occupy Bosnia and Herzegovinia. They will pledge themselves to evacuate the provinces under certain conditions, which, however, are incapable of fulfillment.

The Indian Hostilities.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28th.-A Portland dispatch says: The following instructions to Gen. Wheaton have been received at military headquarters here and forwarded to that officer:

Silver Creek, Oregon, June 26.—The hostile increase as they advance. At the beginning of the outbreak the Bannocks formed a junction with discontented Indians north of them, and with the Pintes under Otis and Eagan near Juniper Lane. Some Klamaths have joined them here. Some Umadillas have been endeavering to form a junction. Some have succeeded and are with them Gen. Howard is of the opinion the hostiles intend to move north, following Silver Creek, and striking the nearest route to the south fork of John Day river; then up Granite creek to Bridge creek, joining the discontented Cayuses and other Indians as may be in that vicinity. To provide for this contingency, Grover will be sent at once to Walla Walla. The companies of cavalry in the district of Clear Water and those now under Major Sanford will constitute this command in the field—E, D, H, F, and M companies—total 240, with such additions of infantry and cavalry as the district commander may judge proper to assign. Major Sanford, with D and I companies, will halt near Malheur City and go into camp on Widow creek until the probabilities of the Indians going north is determined. If the Indians move north Sanford will move his command and join Grover. Bendire will come forward at once with the infantry and artillery battallions now coming forward. Gen. Howard for the present will remain with this column, consisting of four companies of cavalry, two of artillery, and seven of infantry, total 480 men, and will follow right after the enemy which ever way he may go. The Umadillas in Fox valley are said to have sent their women and children to the reservation and threaten to join the hostiles.

TROUBLE AT FORT SILL.

FORT SILL, INDIAN TERRITORY, June 28.— Deputy United States Marshal Meershon, of Fort Smith, Arkansas, came here after two indians who were confined with a number of others on the Indian farm, three miles from here. The Indians hearing his object sang the war song and attacked the marshal and possee with pistols and bowie knives. Quite a lively fight ensued, during which two of the indians were killed. It is feared the affair may cause the Commanches to go on the war path.

SOUTH CAROLINA Democratic county clubs, acting, doubtless, on suggestions from higher management, have resolved that they will permit no "strangers" to come into their midst during the coming campaign for the purpose of misleading the negroes. This is a gentle intimation that free speech and Republican orators from other States are to be strangely together.

THE Democratic members of Congress pride themselves much on having a powerful scent for fraud; nevertheless, they took mighty good care to keep Cronin's nose out of the Potter investigation.

Dismissal of Clerks.

The Times' Washington special says it seems to be a conceded fact that the grand treasury raid known as the river and harbor bill was only passed by the worst log-rolling scheme that has ever been known in congress. Yesterday, the first day of the new fiscal year, and the day upon which all appropriation bills recently passed, go into effect in some departments, notably the Treasury and Interior, there was a great many dismissals of clerks and female copyists, and in others a number of appointments were made. As a consequence it was a day of commotion in all the departments. In the Treasury and Interior departments, where the greatest number of dismissals took place, the scene was quite harrowing. Men and women who year in and year out draw their little monthly pittance, living upon the hand to mouth system as most government clerks do, found themselves cut off without notice.

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THROUGH CARS

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KANSAS CITY, TOPEKA, ATCHISON & ST. JOSEPH

Through Cars to HOUSTON and all Points on

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS,

—AND—

Houston & Texas Central RailRoads.

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HARDWARE STORE,

In Plattsmouth, Neb., on Fourth St., about the MIDDLE OF THE BLOCK, you will find:

Corn Planters, (hand & horse)
Stirring Plows,
Sulky Plows,
Cultivators,

and all kinds of Farm Implements and Shelf Hardware, Tin Ware, &c., &c.

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Hungarian and Millet.

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Meals prepared at all hours. Parties supplied with Suppers, Wedding and Festival Cakes made to order in the handsomest style. Ice Cream furnished for Suppers, &c. at private houses during the season.

Private Rooms for Club Suppers.

Fresh Bread every day at Stadelmann's, Plattsmouth.

Fresh Oysters on hand, in Every Style

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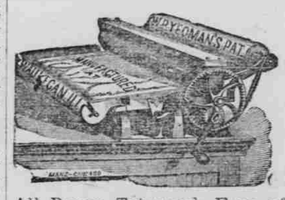

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PLATTSMOUTH, NEB.

OUR SILVER

DOLLAR

What to do with the Silver Dollar has been agitating the public mind for some time. You can find out at

ELI PLUMMER'S

STORE.

I will give in exchange 15 lbs choice dried peaches for a Silver Dollar.

15 lbs choice dried currants for a Silver Dollar.

1 lb choice G. P. Tea for a Silver Dollar.

A large package of the best A. Sugar for a Silver Dollar.

Or any other quality of sugar for a Silver Dollar.

All sized package of coffe for a Silver Dollar.

Smoking and chewing tobacco in large quantity for a silver dollar.

A large invoice of salt fish just rec'd that I wish to exchange for silver dollars.

20 yds nice prints for a silver dollar.

10 " " gingham " "

15 " " muslin " "

10 " " white pique " "

A large pocket full of thread "

4 pair men's British half hose for a silver dollar.

10 pair of ladies white hose for a silver dollar.

Nice summer shawls for a silver dollar.

And a Great Variety of Goods I have not room to mention at the same rates.

Call and Examine the

STOCK,

all new and purchased for

CASH.

I am also Willing to Receive all the Silver Dollars Offered on Accounts.

Embrace the opportunity before it is everlastingly too late.

ELI PLUMMER.

THE ATTRACTION!

SOLOMON & NATHAN

would respectfully announce to their many patrons that they have received a magnificent selection of Spring and Summer goods, which they intend to sell at prices which defy competition. Our facilities for purchasing in the markets of the East are such that we are able to offer better inducements to the trade than any other firm in the city, regardless of assertions to the contrary. Accordingly we give you our price list, which after examination will convince you of our low prices and the amount of money you will be capable of saving by purchasing from us.

General Dry Goods.

Beautiful spring prints "Standard Brands," 16 yds. for $1
" " " " other " 20 " " "
Good quality sheeting, 6¼c per yard.
Yard wide bleached muslin 2½c per yard.
" " " brown " 5c " " "
Cheviot shirtings, 7, 9 and 12c
Denims 8½c up, ducking 8½c up
Bed ticking 8½c up, worsted delaines 15c per yard.
Splendid assortment dress goods at 9 and 10c per yard up.
Ginghams 8½c per yard up.
Good quality black alpaca 20c per yard up.
Table linens 25c up, Napkins 75c per yard up.
Crash Toweling 5c per yard up.
Handsome patterns in summer shawls 75c up.
Cotton Batting—Good—7 lbs for $1 up.
A full line of Ladies, Gents, and Childrens Hose from 5c per pair up.
Carpet Chain "Standard Brand" in 5 lb packages $1 25.

Carpets.

A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT.

Hemp 25c per yard, Ingrain 37½c per yard.
Two-ply all wool 75c per yard, Three-ply $1 25 per yard.
Brussells $1 00 per yard.
Door mats, rugs very low.
One yard wide floor oil cloth, 27½c up.
One and a half yards wide floor oil cloth, 66c up.

A CHOICE SELECTION OF CASSIMERE FOR MEN AND BOYS SUITS. WE OFFER SPLENDID BARGAINS IN THIS DEPT.

All wool cassimeres 75c up. Tweeds 25c up. Cottonades 12½c up.

Millinery and Fancy Goods.

We have received direct from "Paris" the most superb selection of Pattern Hats ever exhibited in this city, which we offer from $10 to $25 each; also, a full line of Ladies and Childrens Trimmed Hats from 75c up. Shapes 50c up. Nice flowers 10c up. Ornaments 10c up.
Plain and Gros Grain Ribbons retailed at wholesale prices. Sash ribbons, lovely patterns 25c per yard.
Kid Gloves 25c per pair up. Lisle Thread Gloves 15c up, all colors.
Trimming Silks, Satins, Velours, Turquois, at remarkably low figures.
Handsome Black Spanish Lace Scarfs from 50c to $5 each.
Black Lace Scarf goods by the yard 15c up.
Ladies handkerchiefs 5c up. Ladies silk handkerchiefs 25c up.
An extensive variety of Neck Ties and Tissies from 10c up.
Net crepe ruching 10c per yard up. Veiling 25c per yard.
Silk parasols 75c up. Cotton parasols 15c up.
Laces, edgings and embroideries from 5c per yard up.
Fans from 5c to $1.50 each.
Our stock of zephyrs is complete in every particular. We also carry card board in all colors, mottoes, canvas, etc., at exceedingly low figures.

White Goods in Great Profusion.

Piques nainsook plain and striped Jaconet, Bishop and Victoria Lawn Swiss, ranging in price from 10c per yard up.
Buttons of every description. An unusual display of Cotton, Silk, Bugle, Ball and Two Fly Fringes. Trimmings of every description.
Corsets from 25c up. A unique selection of tuck combs from 15c to $1.25 each.
Cuffs and collars 25c up. Full line of Ladies Suits. Ladies muslin underwear from 25c up.

Gents Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

A complete line. Suits from $4.50 up.
Cuffs, collars and neck ties at prices within the reach of all.
Gents underwear from 25c up. Colored overshirts, 50c up.
White shirts, 75c up. Calico shirts, 50c up. Percale shirts, 75c up.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

An extensive line, noted for their durability and elegance.
Mens boots from $2.50 per pair up. Boys boots from $1.25 per pair up.
Mens shoes, $1.25 up. Ladies shoe 1.50 up. Childrens shoes, 25c up.

Hats and Caps.

Latest styles, good hats, from 75c up. Caps from 25c up.

We also carry a full line of jewelry, watches, clocks, silver spoons, knives, forks, pocket cutlery, writing materials, market baskets, work baskets, etc.

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NEW GOODS

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DRESS GOODS, HOSIERY, SILK SCARFS, WHITE GOODS, TOWELS, TABLE LINEN, DOMESTICS, CORSETS, NOTIONS, SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, ETC., ETC.

A Full Assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Groceries,
Provisions,
Queensware,
Etc.,

CONSTANTLY KEPT ON HAND.

CALIFORNIA DRIED AND CANNED FRUITS AND JELLIES.

Country Produce Taken in Exchange for Goods.

42ly