THE HERALD.

PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA.

THURSDAY, JULY, 25. 1872

J. A. MACMURPHY,.....EDITOR.

Official Directory.

CONGRESSIONAL.

T. W. Tipton, Brownville, U. S. Senator.
P. W. Hitchcock, Omaha, U. S Senator.
John Taffe, Omaha, Representative.

EXECUTIVE.

William H. James, Lincoln, Act. Governor.
William H. James, Lincoln, Sec. of State.
John Gillespie, Lincoln, Auditor.
H. A. Koenig, Columbus, Treasurer.
G. H. Roberts, Omaha, Attorney General.
J. M. McKenzie, Lincoln, Supt. Pub. Instruc'n

JUDICIARY.

O. P. Mason, Nebraska City, Chief Justice.
George B. Lake, Omaha, } Associate Justices.
L. Crounse, Ft. Calhoun }

CASS COUNTY.

H. F. Ellis on, Probate Judge.
Dan'l McKinnon, County Clerk,
W. L. Hobbs, Treasurer.
J. W. Johnson, Sheriff.
U. W. Wise, Supt. Pub. Instruction,
Jacob Valle 7, } County Commissioners.
Benj. Albin, }
James, }
J. W. Thomas, Coroner.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT.

U. S. GRANT.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

HENRY WILSON.

CLUB RATES FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

We will mail the Weekly HERALD to new subscribers and clubs, during the Presidential Campaign, beginning June 20th and closing November 15th—the week after the Presidential election—twenty-two numbers in all—at the following rates:

One copy.....$	70
Club of ten copies.....	6 00
Club of twenty-five copies.....	12 50

DAILY—At fair Club rates.

More Pennsylvania Politics.

The only Democratic paper in Erie, Pa., has refused to hoist the names of Greeley and Brown.

A new way of Electioneering folks—Adamsizing!

What was the price of Democratic votes for Senator, in the Legislature of 1871?

Greeley men in this vicinity, says the Covington *News*, are fewer and farther between than angel's visits.

Of course it must have been some of the twelve Democrats that sold out to elect "Hitch," Republicans were voting for him any way.

Any Greeley men want an agent to purchase votes for them? The Omaha *Herald* knows a man that knows a fellow that's "up to snuff," better see him.

And now comes Blair, in Washington county, which they have told us was going Greeley, with a strong Grant and Wilson Club, and Gen. John A. Bowen at the head, together with all the best and straightest old Republicans they have, on the Grant side—Nebraska for Greeley!! Not much.

What is a man's conscience worth that only stings him two years after he sells and buys votes, and just before another election? Looks like an "Ad" that he's in the market to buy or sell votes.

How does the Binghampton *Republican's* account of Greeley's Democratic trade sound for "honest old Horace?"

Poor Chase, so old and feeble. Reform! bah! begin at home.

It is astonishing that almost two years should have elapsed before all this vote selling to a U. S. Senator is found out. What makes 'em all speak out just now?

How slow some people's consciences are to prick them. They never feel the sting of guilt until *they* are put out of office, or an election is at hand and they want to kill an enemy off—politically.

What can the Democrats say to the expose of Greeley's bargain with Waldo Hutchinson, Seymour, and others, as given in the Binghampton *Republican*. Where now is Horace's boasted honesty? These are not vain insinuations, but facts and figures are given to prove the trade

What kind of an idea of honesty can a man have, who knows that a Senator is elected by fraud, and keeps it to himself for two years—only remembering it on the eve of a general election?

Dr. Miller and the noble one hundred dollar-a-month correspondent of the Omaha *Herald*, in Plattsmouth do not agree on facts. One says we are a Grant paper, and the other a Hitchcock paper. Funny aint it?

They are going for Jay Gould, in New York, pretty heavily. He is sued for embezzlement, to the tune of ten millions of dollars.

Poor Adams, of Tekama, how they will crucify him. Dr. Miller has got as good a thing as he wants. Lay it on Adams' shoulders. Of course somebody told the *Herald* so. Yes, poor Adams! Now, Adams, where's your men, and how did they vote? If Adams, of Tekama, doesn't wish his name was Smith, or Jones, before he is done answering for a silly speech made in anger, we are mistaken.

Grant and Wilson Club at West Point, John D. Neligh President. Hon. Frank Welch, E. Briggs, and E. N. Sweet, Esq., orated to them in good style.—That doesn't look like Cuming going for Greeley. All their best men, that we have seen any account of are for Grant.

A SUGGESTION.

It being an undoubted fact that our western counties have increased greatly in population since the last vote in this State, on which their representation is based; and that many of the newly organized counties can poll a large vote, we suggest to the State Central Committee, soon to meet, the propriety of allowing all such counties another representative in addition to the one now allowed them on being organized at all. There is no precedent for this we grant, but needs must make precedents, and this measure is so manifestly just and right that the Committee will be warranted in making such a rule.

STATE TEMPERANCE CONVENTION

This body met in Lincoln on Tuesday last, the Rev. Mr. Manwell informs us. Rev. Ira Billings made them a stirring address on the good cause, and from temperance to politics, in these days, is but a step. The Convention thinking that of all evils the politicians should take hold of, intemperance is the most pressing, after a long and able debate, passed a resolution declaring that they would not support any candidates for public offices this fall who were not Temperance men, and also that they would hold another convention subsequent to the regular State Nominating Convention, and then and there select their men from the best temperance men on either ticket.

THE SOUTH AND GREELEY.

It is a common remark that the south will go for Greeley. Did you ever reflect on the reason? Is it because they like him, or naturally choose him as their champion? Most emphatically it is not; but solely and only that they might by he aid of disappointed Republicans north, and the still powerful remnant of Democracy once more obtain the controlling power in this government. For twenty years or more they played this game. The honest Democrats, themselves, of the north, had no voice in affairs. The south, arrogant and overbearing, voted down all opposition and carried their measures with a high hand until they bred revolutions and almost disunion. The very same elements are now at work. Let Greeley succeed, and once more the south is in power. Once more the very same coalitions will govern the country. Not the honest Democrat of the north, not the Republican who stood by this government in its darkest hour, who will be called to administer its laws and enforce its policy, but the rank, rank rebel element of the south, aided by every malcontent in the north. It is just the same old ring over again. Democrats of the north, are you ready for the yoke?

MEN.

Who are the men now declaring most loudly for "honest old Horace?"

Beauregard, Semmes—a pirate than whom only the clemency of a tender-footed country saved from ignominious death—Wade Hampton, the Lees, the Vances, and so on.

Do they support him because he is honest old Horace, because of his Republican record? Not much, but because he is the Democratic candidate for President; and if the Democracy can gain the upper hand again, the south by means of precisely the same old game and the same old threats, would rule the country as of yore, and you, my poor northern Democrat, would find yourself powerless to stem the current of affairs. As for the so-called Liberal Republicans, well, fancy can scarcely paint a more deplorably sold out and kicked overboard party of sore heads than they would be six months after Horace became chief fugleman to Jeff. Davis and the Democrats. Spurned by their old friends, despised by the new coalition, where! oh, where could they hide their diminished heads. Into whose arms would they fly? They would have no niche in the political world.

CHEEK.

From a friend's letter we learn that Mrs. A. Lincoln is stopping at Waukesha Bethesda Springs, Wisconsin, and being seriously indisposed, and not dessiring to receive visits or company she so announced the fact.

This did not suit the cards of two inquisitive and prying gentlewomen(?) of the place, they were bound to see an ex-President's wife any way, and made a flank movement on the House one afternoon with that determination. The lady where Mrs. L. stopped told them she saw no one; that did not answer, they insited on their cards being taken in and by a *coup de etat* proposed to follow the cards so closely as to prevent being shut out. It did not work, however, for Mrs. L. somehow suspected the game, and shut the door in their very faces, it was locked—and that settled it. They have called on Mrs. Lincoln, no doubt.

THINK OF IT.

THE BIRD THAT FOULS ITS OWN NEST.—The Lincoln Statesman speaks of the "hireling politicians' who voted for Senator Hitchcock. Did the Statesman remember that twelve of these hirelings were democrats—simon pure, dyed-in-the-wool democrats. It was probably a *lapsus calami* on the part of that journal. It did not mean to say it, but its hot haste to traduce Senator Hitchcock led it into the mis ake.—*Ex*

WHAT SCHURZ THINKS.

"Republicans ask me if the Republican party is swallowed up by the old Democratic party. The Democratic party has been swallowed up itself by the new era."

What do Democrats say to this?—Who is right, our Democratic friends who claim the party is still in existence, or Schurz, who says it is swallowed up?

It is believed by many that Horace Greeley will receive a large vote at the fall election. Very likely. He worked very hard for (?) foreigners while leader of the Know Nothing party in 1852.—They will hold him in grateful remembrance for his attempt to force them to reside in the United States *twenty one years* before being allowed to exercise the right of franchise.—*Ex.*

GRANT AND SOLDIERS.

It is charged by prominent opposition papers in this State, that after all Grant does nothing for the poor soldier. No soldiers are appointed to places; while we deprecate the principle *in toto*, of rewarding men for simply doing their duty it may be just as well to set this statement right, and show up more of the foolish and inconsistent charges made against this administration. In this State alone, General Grant has appointed to office a very large proportion of *soldiers* (not officers alone) to places of public trust. As Post Masters we have Cap. Pollock, Brownville; Cap. Marshall, Plattsmouth; Cap. Beard, Lincoln; —— VanDeventer, Falls City. Route Agents; Jno. B Furey, Andy McMaken, David McCaig and hosts of others on the U. P., whose names we cannot call to mind.

Land officers, Geo. P. Tucker, Lincoln; H. W. Parker and Doctor Wilkinson were both in the army, and Wilson Majors, Gen. Cunningham and Gen. Livingston, were all soldiers and were all appointed and held office under Gen. Grant.

We make no doubt whatever, but that a majority of the appointments in this state could be shown to be soldiers.

If the liberal party should succeed this fall, and Greeley be elected, how many soldiers think you would there be appointed? Without presuming to impose a ticket on their high mightiness in this State, we will mention some of the candidates talked of in their ranks. Dr. G. L. Miller, J. Sterling Morton, Judge O. P. Mason, D. Butler, Esq., Geo. H. Ambrose, Doctor Fred Renner. Are they soldiers? Have they ever served the country a day, or an hour, except at good wages, in time of peace, in a safe place? and yet the Omaha *Herald* says Grant appoints no soldiers, let's have a change.

Look again at the absurdity of this gasconade. With one breath Grant is a tyrant, desiring military rule, making the officers of his household assume military pomp and rank, surrounding himself with his brother officers, partial to military men, &c., the next, to catch another vote, he is ungrateful to soldiers; does not remember his friends, and Greeley will!

Yes, we know Greeley will, and they won't be soldiers, that's certain.

SONNY?

They are having hot times in Omaha over the way Senator Hitchcock obtained his election. It's all bosh to talk about his spending $20,000 to get elected. He had not the money, that's the first refutation The Omaha *Herald believes* he obtained his place by bribery and corruption. A man may believe what he pleases—why not say he *did* and you can prove it. That's business.—*Plattsmouth Hitchcock Paper.*

Exactly! Why don't the HERALD "say he *did* and you can prove it." Ho, ho! Don't be in a hurry, sonny! Perhaps we don't know our "business," and perhaps the little Plattsmouth concern may not get all the business it wants in this fight as soon as it will be ready to relish it.—*Omaha Herald.*

We have heard men called a son of a—good many things in our life, by way of a compliment, but never a son of the Omaha *Herald* before. Now, we are indeed undone—called the son of the Omaha *Herald!!* What crime have we committed to be thus assailed. We do not hold an office, so far we have not been accused of stealing anything. Oh, fortune! we have withstood thy most outrageous flings thus long, but this is the unkindest cut of all. If it was not for our home relations, and the boys in the office that would be thrown out of employment, we should shut up shop and quit the busines. "Sonny!" we have the same name, (newspaporially) that's true; but we never saw much family resemblance. Nature does enjoy queer freaks though. Well our only consolation is that sons have outgrown their dadoies before now, and gotten to be greater, wiser, stronger men than the fathers ever dreampt they could.

Of course we shall not tell daddy he don't know his "business," and the little "Plattsmouth concern" awaits developments.

Who are the men's votes Adams sold, and where are the men? We want the amount of money paid, and the record of how those votes were cast.

Our respected daddy-*Herald*, does not absorb all the virtue in this State. We, as citizens of a great State, are interested in this, and the people demand the men and the proof of these charges, or that such libellous stuff is forever stopped.

Now, do not, please, kind parent, throw back at us, "Hitchcock paper." That is no argument—the people care nothing about that—we know our own business; but they *do* care if a journal, claiming to be respectable, makes a grave charge against a United States Senator, and fails to prove it, anything more than an electioneering dodge.

KNOW-NOTHINGISM.

We give an extract from a *German* paper, published at Indianapolis, on Wilson's Know-Nothingism, showing what villainous falsehoods the opposition will resort to to defame the character and name of the greatest friend the laboring man and foreigner ever had in our American Congress, Mr. Schurz not excepted. His life has been devoted to the interest of the laboring class, having by his own industry (being left in early life an orphan) worked his way from the shoemaker's bench to his present high position, the brightest star in the American Senate:

"It seems that, during the Know-Nothing excitement of 1854, a man named Wilson was a candidate of that proscriptive organization for Congress, in the Second (Kerr's) District of Indiana. He was a foul-mouthed fellow, and in his speeches indulged in the coarsest abuse of thd Germans and Irish. Wilson was in a hopeless minority, was badly beaten, and was never heard of afterwards. His speeches survive him. The fact that his name and that of the Republican candidate for the Vice-Presidency are alike, was a sufficient temptation to induce the Democrats to re-publish the vile utterances of the Indiana Know-Nothing, and attribute them to the Massachusetts Senator. This they have done, and, what is worse, the *Westliche Post* is giving currency to the forgery. The Indiana *Telegraph*, a German paper, published at Indianapolis, has called the *Post's* attention to the matter, and we earnestly hope that Mr. Schurz and the other proprietors of the *Post*, will see that common fairness and honesty require them to make the proper amends."

They are having hot times in Omaha over the way Senator Hitchcock obtained his election. It's all bosh, to talk about his spending $20,000 to get elected—He had not the money, that's the first refutation. The Omaha *Herald believes* he obtained his place by bribery and corruption. A man may believe what he pleases—why say he *did* and you can prove it. That's business.

Adams (?) told a man who told the *Herald* that two votes were sold by him. *Adams had no votes to sell in that Legislature.* This ends that; and when the people of this State believe that Elmer S. Dundy, *knew* of such a transaction—and has not *Heralded* it to the world, we quit and knock under. Let's hear from Adams. He doesn't say he sold the votes. Judge Dundy will brand his knowledge of it as a lie, and Redick has already denied any such transaction.

DEMOCRATS.

Good old fashioned and honest Democrats may suppose they are aiding the old party by supporting Horace Greeley this fall. Hear what the New York *World*, the ablest of your Democratic papers, says:

"Mr. Greeley's nomination is simply the victory of the *baser* elements of the Democratic party over its better elements. He is not elected to represent any Democratic principle but to give place to Democratic politicians."

This is true. It is not honest Democrats that want Mr. Greeley; but office hunting politicians. No true Democrat is bound to vote for him under these circumstances.

THE TRUE FRIENDS OF THE GERMAN RACE.

"The Party of Reaction."

BY EUGENE LAWRENCE.

From Harper's Week'y.

"The party of re-action will not probably attract many German supporters.—Touched by the eloquence of Senator Schurz, and alarmed by the ideal crimes which his vigorous fancy attributed to the national government, the German population was at first stirred with unusual emotion, and seemed prepared to rush into an extreme of political action. It would ally itself with the rebel faction at the South, always its bitterest foe and persecutor; it would join the Irish Catholic and the Jesuit, the chief enemies of the Fatherland; it would aid any party that would inflict dishonor upon the President who had once saved the Germans of Missouri and of Texas, from the tyranny of the slave-holder, and who had preserved for the German emigrant the American Union. This unaccountable impulse has, we believe, in some measure passed away. The fierce exultation exhibited by the Jesuit faction in Germany and France when they heard that the Germans of America were joining with the reactionists of all kinds to shake the foundations of freedom in the New World may well check the movement. The good sense of our Teutonic population has sufficed to stop them. They are not inclined to enter upon new and dangerous courses. And we trust a more generous sentiment has aided in winning them back to the safer paths; that they had suddenly remembered that when Germany was assailed in the hot days of 1870 by the chosen troops of France, and the maledictions of the Pope and the council; when England looked on with doubtful neutrality, and Austria and Denmark with undisguised hope; when every rebel in the South, every priest in the North, prayed fervently for the destruction of German unity and intelligence—the hand of President Grant and his Union administration was alone stretched out to aid the kindred nation; that he extended the limits of neutrality even beyond its farthest bounds in order to save the German population of France from the rage of its foes. All through that hot and perilous summer the American minister at Paris and the American consuls in the various cities of France were instructed by the President and his cabinet to aid the exiled Germans. The offices of Mr. Washburne were thronged incessantly with terrified groups seeking his passports to enable them to escape to the frontier. His assistants were overpowered with applications for aid and advice from the German population, which were never refused; the American consuls have recently been publicly thanked by the Emperor William for the services they so cheerfully rendered; and Mr. Washburne bears with the French extremists the honorable appellation of "the German spy." It is not likely, therefore, that our German population can be so far deluded as to continue much longer their alliance with their real foes, their hostility to their benefactors."

JOHNY BULL ABOY!!

Johny Bull Comes to See Jonathan Buffa-lo and his Cousin "Lo."

[From the Liverpool Albion.]

"No enterprise however difficult provided it still be possible, no speculation however quixotic in appearance, is beyond the capacity of the Children of the Setting Sun. The proceedings of the Tammany Ring disclosed some wonderful examples of boldness and ingenuity, and though we may regret that the object sought was an ignominious one, and that in order to achieve it some very vulgar crimes were committed, yet the whole affair was characterized by a certain dash of romance and daring. There are instances, however, in which the peculiarities of American enterprise show themselves in a more credible light.—When we lost Dr. Livingstone, and our Government declined to send an expedition out to search for him, the proprietors of an American newspaper took up the neglected task, and sent out their own "Commissioner;" and the first news we had came from Mr. Stanley, reporter to the New York *Herald*, who had penetrated the wild and almost unknown regions lying between the sea and Ujiji, and had discovered our great African explorer in security and safety.—We have now before us a circular from Mr. C. R. Schaller, European Commissioner to the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad Company, announcing that a "grand buffalo hunt" is to take place on the plains of Nebraska and Colorado next September, and inviting the "nobility and gentry of Great Britain" to join the expedition:—

"Mr. Charles S. Dawson, of the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad Company, who left England last April, has made arrangements in Nebraska with Mr. Ward Manley, and a corps of Western hunters, trappers, and scouts, of the Western frontier of the United States, for a grand hunt on the plains of Nebraska and Colorado, and in the valley of the Republican River, where buffalo, elk, antelope, red deer, beaver, otter, wild turkey, prairie chicken, &c., abound in large numbers; the buffalo in herds of from 3,000 to 10,000. There are no hostile Indians in Nebraska whatever, friendly chiefs, of the Otoes, Pawnees; &c., will accompany the party.

"What temptation is here for English sportsmen! Buffalos by the thousand, besides elks, antelopes, red deer, wild turkey, and prairie-chicken, to say nothing of the pleasure and advantage which may be derived from friendly intercourse with the Indian chiefs who are to accompany the party. The fare for "the round trip," which is expected to occupy about seven weeks, is to be ninety guineas, and this tariff will include the cost of the journey, hotel expenses, and all commissariat supplies, but not wines, liquors, cigars, guns, or ammunition, the noblemen and gentlemen of Great Britain being expected to carry their own tobacco, brandy-flasks, and powder—Truly the Americans are an ingenious people, and if at any future time they should set up some more Indirect Claims for having contributed to our amusement and added to our stock of harmless pleasure, we shall regard those Claims with more equanimity than we did the last, presented on a different ground."

Pursuant to notice the citizens of Rock Bluffs assembled at Odd Fellows' Hall, on Saturday, July 20th, 1872.

On motion of Judge Gilmour, Noah Clemmons, was chosen chairman, and on motion of Howard Allen, B. S. Ramsey was chosen Secretary.

Judge Gilmour *was requested* to state the object of the meeting, which was to consider the question of donating bonds to aid in the construction of rail roads through Cass county. Remarks were made on the question of voting bonds by Messrs. Gilmour, Reed, Ramsey and Cutler, the prevailing sentiment being in favor of voting precinct bonds to aid the St. Louis and Nebraska Trunk Railway. The following resolutions were introduced by B. S. Ramsey, and on motion of Dr. Reed, were adopted viz.:

Resolved, That a proposition to vote county or precinct bonds to any railroad company is unwise and inexpedient, unless the line or lines of said railroad or railroads are previously defined, and the points definitely located.

Resolved, That our County Commissioners be petitioned to call an election at as early a day as the law will allow, in Rock Bluffs precinct, and thereat submit a proposition to donate the bonds of said precinct in an amount equal to the maximum of the law, to aid in the construction of the main line of the St. Louis and Nebraska Trunk Rail Road, said railroad to run through Rock Bluffs precinct, and the company thereof to build and maintain a passenger and freight depot within one-half mile of the Public Square of the town of Rock Bluffs.

B. S. Ramsey moved that a committee of six be appointed to meet and confer with the County Commissioners, on Monday, July 22d. The following gentlemen were chosen said committee: Messrs. Gilmour, Walker, Reed, Cutler, Clemmons and Bridenstine.

On motion, the committee was increased to include all citizens of Rock Bluffs who could conveniently attend.

On Motion of Dr. Reed, it was carried that the proceedings of the meeting be laid before the County Commissioners.

On motion of W. D. Jones, the meeting adjourned.

NOAH CLEMMONS, Ch'n.

B. S. RAMSEY, Sec'y.

To good to stop with one paper:

Milk sickness in Indiana and "Fever n'ager" on the "Eastern shoah of Maryland" have a most extraordinary resemblance to the Greeley complaint in Nebraska, so much so that the opinion of our best physicians is that they are about the same thing under different names.

Ask an Eastern shoreman about the ague in his neighborhood and he will answer, "no, sah! We never had a case of shakes in this district, but over there on Mesketer inlet, they do have 'em turibly."

A native Wabashite never heard of a "geneoine" case of milk sickness in his township, but up in Frogtown, they have a smart sight of a graveyard, stranger, filled up with people that died of it.

So a traveler in Nebraska always hears when he inquires for Republican Greeleyites. The Brownville Democrats have heard of a power of liberal Republicans in Richardson county. The Seward folks are informed that one half the Republicans of Lincoln are for Greeley and here we have marvelous tales of how Nebraska City and Omaha are running over with "liberals."—*Lincoln Journal.*

Grant and Wilson Meeting.

The Scandinavians of Omaha held a preliminary meeting at Gise's Hall, for the purpose of organizing a Grant and Wilson club. John Ahmanson was elected temporary chairman and Frank Walter temporary secretary.

Mr. J. Ahmason and Mr. Odin addressed the meeting in the Scandinavian language.

"When we come to die next November," said an honest delegate in the Wisconsin Democratic Convention, "we shall wish we had not abandoned the path of virtue."

Special Election

NOTICE is hereby given, that an election will be held in Plattsmouth precinct, Cass County, Nebraska, at the usual place of holding elections in said precinct, on Monday, the 26th day of August, A. D. 1872, for the purpose of voting upon the following proposition, viz: At a session of the Board of County Commissioners, of Cass county, held at Plattsmouth, in said county, on the 22d day of July, A. D. 1872, it was, by said Board,

Resolved, That the following proposition be and is hereby submitted to the electors of Plattsmouth precinct, in Cass county:

"Shall Plattsmouth precinct, in the county of Cass, State of Nebraska, issue, in aid of the construction of the St. Louis and Nebraska Trunk Railroad, through said county, from the south line north to the Platte River, or to a connection with some road now constructed, making a continuous all rail connection from said south line of Cass county, with the U. P. R. R. at or near Omaha, bonds of said precinct, to an amount not exceeding twenty thousand dollars; said bonds to be issued bearing date October 1st, A. D. 1872, and payable with interest at the rate of eight (8) per cent., twenty years after date, in the city of New York; the first installment of interest payable October 1st, A. D. 1873, and semi-annually thereafter; said bonds, when issued, to be deposited with three trustees, resident freeholders of Cass county, to be appointed by the County Commissioners of said county; the bonds so issued to be by said trustees, held in trust for the St. Louis and Nebraska Trunk Rail Road company, their successors or assigns, Said bonds shall be delivered to said company only upon compliance with the following conditions, viz: one half of said bonds, shall be delivered to said company when they shallhave located, graded and bridged, ready for the ties and iron, not less than ten consecutive miles of the road bed in Cass county, and the remainder of said bonds shall be delivered to them by said trustees, when the ties and iron shall have been placed upon the road bed through said county of Cass, as aforesaid, and the road fully completed as a first class western railroad through said precinct.

PROVIDED, Said road shall be constructed and fully completed through Cass county, on or before the first day of June, A. D. 1874; and the same shall pass through Rock Bluffs precinct, and build and maintain a passenger and freight depot within one half mile of the public square in the town of Rock Bluffs; and it is further

PROVIDED, That all interest coupons on said bonds, maturing before they are due, and to be delivered to said company, under the terms and conditions contained in the propositions shall revert to said precinct; and all bonds, or coupons remaining in the hands of said trustees on the first day of June, 1874, shall in like manner revert to said precinct and be cancelled and returned by said trustees, to the County Treasurer of Cass county, to be destroyed.

And shall there be levied annually a tax on all the taxable property of said precint, sufficient to meet and pay the interest on said bonds, as it becoms due, and after ten years;

"Shall there be levied annually an additional tax on the taxable property of said precint sufficient to pay annually one-tenth part of the principal of said bonds and to continue from year to year until said bonds and interest are paid.

The form in which the question in said proposition shall be taken, shall be by voting them by ballot upon the vote of which ballots shall be written or printed, or partly written or printed the words: For Railroad Bonds and Tax, or Against Railroad Bonds and Tax; and if a majority of the ballots cast shall have thereon the words For Railroad Bonds and Tax, then it shall be deemed and taken in favor of the above proposition entire; and if a majority of said ballots cast have upon them the words "Against Railroad Bonds and Tax," then said proposition shall be deemed and taken to be lost.

Said election to be conducted in the manner provided by law for holding elections.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

BENJAMIN ALBIN, Pres't.
D. W. MCKINNON, Co. Clerk.
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Special Election.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an election will be held in Oreapolis precinct, Cass county, Nebraska, at the usual place of holding elections in said precinct, on Monday, the 26th day of August, A. D. 1872, for the purpose of voting upon the following proposition, viz: At a session of the Board of County Commissioners, of Cass county, held at Plattsmouth, in said county, on the 22d day of July, A. D. 1872, it was, by said Board,

Resolved, That the following proposition be and is hereby submitted to the electors of Oreapolis precinct, in Cass county:

"Shall Oreapolis precinct, in the county of Cass, State of Nebraska, issue, in aid of the construction of the St. Louis and Nebraska Trunk Railroad, through said county, from the south line north to the Platte River, or to a connection with some road now constructed, making a continuous all rail connection from said south line of Cass county, with the U. P. R. R. at or near Omaha, bonds of said precinct, to an amount not exceeding sixteen thousand dollars; said bonds to be issued bearing date October 1st, A. D. 1872, and payable with interest at the rate of eight (8) per cent., twenty years after date, in the city of New York; the first installment of interest payable October 1st, A. D. 1873, and semi-annually thereafter; said bonds, when issued, to be deposited with three trustees, resident freeholders of Cass county, to be appointed by the county commissioners of said county; the bonds so issued to be by said trustees, held in trust for the St. Louis and Nebaaska Trunk Rail Road company, their successors or assigns, said bonds shall be delivered to said company only upon a compliance with the following conditions, to-wit: One half of said bonds, shall be delivered to the said company when they shall have located, graded and bridged, ready for the ties and iron, not less than ten consecutive miles of the road-bed, in Cass county, and the remainder of said bonds shall be delivered to them by said trustees when the ties and iron shall have been placed on the road-bed through said county of Cass, as aforesaid, and the road fully completed as a first class western railroad through said precinct.

PROVIDED, Said road shall be constructed and fully completed through Cass county, on or before the 1st day of June, A. D. 1874; and the same shall pass through Oreapolis precinct, and build and maintain a Passenger and Freight Depot at or near the crossing of the Platte river; and it is further

PROVIDED, That all interest coupons on said bonds, maturing before they are due, and to be delivered to said company, under the terms and conditions contained in the propositions shall revert to said precinct; and all bonds, or coupons, remaining in the hands of said trustees on the first day of June, 1874, shall in like manner revert to said precinct and be cancelled and returned by said trustees, to the County Treasurer of Cass county, to be destroyed.

And there shall be levied, annually, a tax on all the taxable property of said precinct, sufficient to meet and pay the interest on said bonds, as it becomes due; and after ten years,

"Shall there be levied annually an additional tax on the taxable property of said precinct sufficient to pay annually one-tenth part of the principal of said bonds, and to continue from year to year until said bonds and interest are paid."

The form in which the question in said proposition shall be taken, shall be by voting them by ballot, upon the vote of which ballots shall be written or printed, or partly written or printed. the words: For Railroad Bonds and Tax, or Against Railroad Bonds and Tax; and if a majority of the ballots cast shall have thereon the words For Railroad Bonds and Tax, then it shall be deemed and taken in favor of the above proposition entire; and if a majority of said ballots cast have upon them the words "Against Railroad Bonds and Tax," then said proposition shall be deemed and taken to be lost; said election to be conducted in the manner provided by law for holding elections.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

BENJAMIN ALBIN, Pres't.
D. W. MCKINNON, Co. Clerk.
17-w5.

Special Election.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an election will be held in Liberty precinct, Cass County, Nebraska, at the usual place of holding elections in said precinct, on Monday, the 26th day of August, A. D. 1872, for the purpose of voting upon the following proposition, viz: At a session of the board of County Commissioners, of Cass county, held at Plattsmouth, in said county, on the 22d day of July, A. D. 1872, it was, by said Board,

Resolved, That the following proposition be and is hereby submitted to the electors of Liberty precinct, in Cass county:

"Shall Liberty precinct, in the county of Cass, State of Nebraska, issue, in aid of the construction of the St. Louis and Nebraska Trunk Railroad, through said county, from the south line north to the Platte River, or to a connection with some road now constructed, making a continuous all rail connection from said south line of Cass county, with the U P. R. R. at or near Omaha, bonds of said precinct to an amount not exceeding twelve thousand dollars; said bonds to be issued bearing date October 1st, A. D. 1872, and payable with interest at the rate of eight (8) per cent. twenty years after date, in the city of New York; the first instalment of interest payable October 1st A. D. 1873, and semi-annually thereafter; said bonds, when issued, to be deposited with three trustees, resident freeholders of Cass county, to be appointed by the county commissioners of said county; the bonds so issued to be by said trustees, held in trust for the St. Louis and Nebaaska Trunk Rail Road company, their successors or assigns, said bonds shall be delivered to said company only upon a compliance with the following conditions, to-wit: One half of said bonds, shall be delivered to the said company when they shall have located, graded and bridged, ready for the ties and iron, not less than ten consecutive miles of the road-bed, in Cass county, and the re-mainder of said bonds shall be delivered to them by said trustees when the ties and iron shall have been placed upon the road bed through said county of Cass, as aforesaid, and the road fully completed as a first class western railroad through said precinct.

PROVIDED, Said road shall be constructed and fully completed through Cass county, on or before the 1st day of June, A. D. 1874; and the same shall pass through Liberty precinct and the said company to construct and maintain a Passenger and Freight Depot on said railroad as near as practable to the center of said precinct; and it is further

PROVIDED, that all interest coupons on said bonds, maturing before they are due, and to be delivered to said company under the terms and conditions contained in the propositions shall revert to said precinct; and all bonds, or coupons, remaining in the hands of said trustees on the first day of June, 1874, shall in like manner revert to said precinct and be cancelled and returned by said trustees, to the County treasurer of Cass county, to be distroyed.

"And shall there be levied annually a tax on all the taxable property of said precinct, sufficient to meet and pay the interest on said bonds, as it becomes due, and after ten years:

"Shall their be levied annually an additional tax on the taxable property of said precinct sufficient to pay annually one-tenth part of the principal of said bonds and to continue from year to year until said bonds and interest are paid.

The form in which the question in said proposition shall be taken, shall be by voting them by ballot upon the vote of which ballots shall be written or printed, or partly written or printed, the words: For Railroad Bonds and Tax, or Against Railroad Bonds and Tax; and if a majority of the ballots cast shall have thereon the words "For Railroad Bonds and Tax' then it shall be deemed and taken in favor of the above proposition entire; and if a majority of said ballots cast have upon them the words "Against Railroad Bonds and tax," then said proposition shall be deemed and taken to be lost; said eloction to be conducted in the manner provided by law for holding elections.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

BENJAMINE ALBIN, Pres't.
D. W. MCKINNON, Co. Clerk.
17-w5 26-d1w.

Mortgage Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the payment of a certain Chattel Mortgage dated November 15th, A. D. 1870, and executed and delivered by Benjamin W. Shewman to Aultman, Miller & Co., to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred and eighty dollars, according to the terms of five promissory notes, due and payable as follows:

One hundred dollars dated August 9th, 1870 falling due September 9th 1870, one note for ninety five dollars, dated August 9th 1870, and falling due November 9th 1870; one note for ninety five dollars dated August 9th 1870 and due January 9th 1871; one note for 95 dollars dated Augest 9th 1870, due June 10 1871; one note for ninety-five dollars dated August 9th 1870 and due August 9th 1871. Each note bearing interest from date at the rate of ten per cent per annum. That there is now due and payable on said five promissory notes the sum of $466 00. That said Mortgage was duly recorded on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1871, at pages 292 and 293 in book "D" of the Chattel Mortgage record of Cass county, Nebraska. Now therefore by virtue of the power of sale in said Chattel Mortgage I will on the 17th day of August A. D. 1872, at the front door of the Court House in Plattsmouth City, Cass county Nebraska, offer for sale at public auction the following property described in said Chattel Mortgage, being one thirty inch Geared Sweepstake Separator with ten horse power complete.

C. AULTMAN & CO.
By MAXWELL & CHAPMAN, their Atty's
w16 5t

PAINT!
PAINT!!
PAINT!!
PAINT!!
PAINT!!
PAINT!

NOW is the time to paint your houses. For the NEXT

Sixty Days

I will offer special inducements on Strictly Pure White Lead. Having disposed of one half ton of T. H. Newin & Co.'s strictly pure white lead, manufactured at Pittsburg, Pa., decidedly the very best lead in the market; the remaining half ton will be sold

Cheap for Cash.

STRICTLY PURE

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

Perfumeries, Toilet Articles, Brushes, Combs, Knives, Razors, Lamps and Lamp Goods, Fruit Cans, Lubricating Oils, Coal oil, &c. At the lowest possible Figures; all the leading Patent Medicines of the day. New and Fresh.

50 different preparations of Tilden & Co.'s Fluid Extracts; also their make of Elixir's Pills, &c., to which the attention of the Medical Fraternity is invited; Bromo's Chloralum, a powerful deodorizer and disinfectant, perfectly safe in the hands of any one—no family should be without it during the warm season. Goods sold to country merchants and doctors at Chicago prices, freight added. Pure wines and Liquors expressly for the sick, a speciality.—All orders and prescriptions receive immediate attention.

DR. G. B. CHAPMAN,
Druggist and Apothecary.
P. O. Box. 720. Plattsmouth, Nebraska.

NEW DRUG STORE,

WEEPING WATER, NEB.

T. L. POTTER,

DEALER in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Perfumery, Stationary, Notions, Cigars and Tobacco. w16tf

NEW STORE.

Weeping Water, Nebraska.

JAS. CLISBE & CO

SUCCESSERS TO

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DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

SUCH AS

DRY GOODS,
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