THE NEBRASKA HERALD
IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
HATHAWAY & SEYBOLT.
R. D. HATHAWAY. GEO. L. SEYBOLT
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# NEBRASKA HERALD.

VOL. 7. PLATTSMOUTH NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 28 1871. NO. 39

THE DAILY
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### IN A MIX—FUN AHEAD.

The Omaha *Herald* makes little of an article in the *Republican* on the subject of the bridge location, which brings St. A. D. Balcombe to the front with a bound, and a threat to expose things generally, unless Dr. Miller "comes out in his issue of to-morrow morning and confesses that he knowingly misrepresented" the article in the *Republican*. Dr. Miller has no Mr. Thomas to deal with in this matter, but a St. A. D. Balcombe himself,—a man who means every word he says, and one who dares to fulfill, to the letter, his threat of exposure. Come down, Dr., and make your confession like a little man. Balcombe means business.

### RASCALITY.

The puerile newspaper concern of Plattsmouth has been harping, for months, upon Mr. Morton's claim to the Saline lands near Lincoln. It has often charged all the crimes in the category of "rascality" upon Mr. Morton, and quite as frequently that the editor of this paper was interested in what it has grown hoarse in calling "a steal." To these ebullitions of personal malignity towards Mr. Morton we have given no attention, and do not now stoop to his defence, but we notice the following in order to say a word:

"Miller knows of the rascality, and does not dare to endorse it."

Mr. Morton's claim to these salt lands is a purely legal matter, and its validity will be finally determined by the courts. We neither know nor believe in any rascality connected with it. Certainly none was proven on the late trial, nor did Judge Lake's decision have anything to do with any such idea.—*Omaha Herald.*

This is the first time Dr. Miller has alluded to the Salt Land Steal (and we insist that it was a "steal" of the first magnitude). There is one very noticeable feature in the above, to-wit: that the Dr. "does not dare to endorse" the steal, yet attempts, by verbiage, to convey the idea that it was all a fair transaction. While it may be a "purely legal question," and one which will be "finally determined by the courts," yet it is a question in the solution of which every citizen of Nebraska is financially interested. When Dr. Miller says he "neither knows or believes in any rascality connected with it," we are at a loss to know what would be required to constitute rascality in his judgment. We certainly think Mr. Morton's own testimony, especially when taken with that of Mr. Pray, stamps the transaction as one of the most villainous ever perpetrated in the State, and nothing but the magnitude of the steal, and the fact that it was from the public, gives it any kind of respectability. If falsifying the public records of the land department is not deserving the appellation of "rascality," will Dr. Miller please tell us what he would name it. If conniving with the parties who had these records in charge—knowing that the records had been falsified—and attempting to secure a title to lands which Morton and his partners knew belonged to the General Government, was not "rascality," what would you call it? If having these lands entered in the name of Mr. Pray, without his knowledge or consent, so as to get a conveyance from him, and thus stand in the attitude of an innocent purchaser, does not savor of "rascality," pray, what name shall we call it by? If an attempt on the part of Dr. Miller to cover up these things is not a leaning towards "rascality," what is it? Perhaps if the voice of Gov. Sam. Black could be heard from its "narrow house," he could tell you something of the "rascality" connected with this matter.—There is a statement in the above item which we desire to correct. The *Herald* speaks of our "personal malignity towards Mr. Morton" as being the cause of our exposure of this matter. We desire to say that we have known Mr. Morton for many years, and neither harbor nor have cause to harbor a single ill feeling toward him. In fact, so far as we know, our personal relations with Mr. Morton are and always have been of the most friendly character. Neither do we believe that in his private affairs he is at all "rascally" or untrustworthy; on the contrary, we believe his ideas of personal justice of an exalted character, and that he would despise to wrong his neighbor out of a dollar. The great difficulty with Morton (and perhaps Dr. Miller is not entirely free from the same fault) is that the political school in which he received his training taught that it was no harm to rob the public, provided you could do it without actually taking the coin from the vaults. His ideas of individual responsibility to the public were loose, hence he would endeavor to wrong the State or the General Government out of a few thousand acres of valuable Saline lands, when he would have said that the man who took the same method to rob his neighbor of his inheritance was a grand scoundrel.

A loving heart and pleasant countenance are commodities which a man should never fail to take home with him. They will best season his food and soften his pillow. It were a great thing for a man that his wife and children could truly say of him, "He never brought a frown or unhappiness across his threshold."

A doctor lately informed his friends, in a large company, that he had been eight days in the country. "Yes," said one of the party, "it has been announced in the papers." "Ah," said the doctor, stretching his neck importantly, "pray, in what terms?" "Well, as well as I can remember, in the following: 'There were last week seventy-five deaths less than the week before!'"

The system of partial dessication by currents of refrigerated air, which was so successfully applied to the cargo of Texas beef on the steamer Firefly, has been applied with equal success for the preservation of poultry, game, and delicate fruits. Peaches in mid-winter and cheap poultry in mid-summer may ere long be confidently looked for.

## TELEGRAPHIC

### ENGLAND.

London, December 22.—A special telegram from Windsor represents that the reports which have been received at Windsor Castle from Sandringham are not quite so favorable—the pulse of the Prince is higher and there is considerable anxiety at the Castle.

New York, December 22.

The charge against Judge Bedford for receiving five thousand dollars, extra compensation from the city, while assistant district attorney, was dismissed.

Rumors are current that the grand jury have summoned witnesses to testify concerning Fisk. Important developments are expected to-day. It appears that the indictments against Tweed were found fifteen days before they were brought into court.—all this time the grand jury kept the matter secret.

A dispatch from Washington says that indictments are in course of preparation against a person for frauds practiced upon government several years ago.—The facts are withheld, but the evidence in hand is such as justify expectation of the recovery of a large sum; and successful criminal prosecution. In the case of Connelly, the order of the court for the reduction of his bail will be served on the sheriff to-day. Reduced bonds have been perfected and probably Connelly will be released from Ludlow street jail to-day, or to-morrow. The delay is due to the fact that he must meet the indictment found against him.

General Sickles expects to return to Spain in a month or six weeks. He says he brought important matter for the State department, touching Spain and Cuba; and though he was advised by foreign opponents of the Elirie ring to make a united effort for justice, he will not take a prominent part therein. The general will probably be tendered a public reception.

The grand jury adjourned till Tuesday, without presenting any new indictments. Rumors continue that important arrests will be made. Investigation will be made into the affairs of a former clerk in the Washington market, to ascertain what was done with the large sums collected from occupants of stalls on the sidewalks on Vesey street. Some pay from $1,200 to $1,500 annually, but it is alleged that not a dollar has gone into the city treasury.

Comptroller Green publishes an official statement showing the debt of the city and county to be $95,493,786; amount of cash in treasury, about seven millions.

In a conversation with a *Times* reporter this evening General Sickles stated that his visit had no political significance; the relations between the American government and Spain were of a cordial character, and no possibility of a rupture existed. The war for the suppression of the Cuban rebellion was exceedingly popular with the Spanish people. The minister stated that the report that he had intended to act as agent for the Erie English stockholders was altogether without foundation.

Chicago, December 20.

The report of Sanitary Superintendent Rauch for the past week, shows the small-pox is on the increase and spreading from those parts of the city where it first appeared to other localities. There were forty six cases and sixteen deaths during the week ending December 16.

The thermometer this morning stands 7° below zero.

Cincinnati, December 20.

Jesse Grant, father of the President, was stricken with paralysis at 1 o'clock this afternoon, at Covington Post Office. He fell to the floor, and remained insensible for an hour, after which he was removed to his residence. He is better this evening, and has so far recovered as to sit up and talk some. His health of late has been, apparently as good as usual. He is seventy-six years of age

Memphis, December 20.

Saunders, Dugan, and Garrett, the three white men who murdered the negro lawyer, Wynne, in Chicot county, Ark., some time since, were yesterday taken from the jail at Lake City, by a negro mob, and shot to death. The mob then took possession of the town, and held it at last accounts. Many citizens had fled for safety.

Baltimore, December 20.

Robert M. Smyth, who has been on trial in the United States District Court here on the charge of embezzling funds of the United States, was to-day acquitted.

Concord, N. H., Dec. 20.

Bishop Esman C. Baker, of the M. E. Church, died in this city to-day, 59 years of age

Washington, December 20.

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a notice calling in $20,000,000 of five twenty bonds, of what is known as the series, of the act of February 25, 1862, the interest on which will cease on the 20th of March next.

Toronto, December 23.

A snow bird match was shot yesterday between Captain Borgardus, champion shot of the United States, and James Ward of Toronto. Ward shot 66 out of hundred: Borgardus 65 A good deal of dissatisfaction is expressed at the result as it is believed both men could have done better.

Salt Lake, Dec. 22.

The Robirson murder examination closed this afternoon. Hampton, Toms and Blithe were committed to await the action of the grand jury. The others were discharged.

It is reported by the Mormons that Brigham Young will be here next week.

Ten feet of snow on the level in Little Cottonwood mining district, and still snowing. Freighting ores from the mines is wholly suspended. The sun has not been seen for a week

Governor Woods left to-day for San Francisco.

Louisville, December 23.

About noon to-day a terrible tornado passed about four miles below New Albany, Indiana, breaking down timber and destroying 700 feet of trestle on the Air Line Railway, inflicting a damage of several thousand dollars. Two men were on the road, in a buggy, in the track of the storm, the horse and buggy and men were lifted up and carried forty feet, but escaped unhurt. Timbers of the trestlework were twisted off like whip cords.

Indianapolis, Dec. 23.

A violent wind storm prevailed here all the afternoon doing considerable damage to business At Lafayette a large number of buildings were unroofed, including the Second National Bank, Post office and telegraph office buildings. Several persons were injured.

St. Louis, December 23.

A strong wind storm passed over the city this forenoon, which did considerable damage. Several walls of unfinished houses were blown down, roofs torn off, chimneys and fire walls demolished, smoke stacks tipped over, &c.—Several persons were injured by the falling walls, but none seriously. The steamer City of Alton was blown across the river, and several were torn from their moorings, and two or three lost their chimneys, but no serious damage was done. It lasted about one hour, and came from the west.

New York, December 26.

At a meeting of the general council of the International Society, last evening, a letter was read, stating that the seamen at the Naval Academy of Annapolis were in accord with the society.

It is stated from Washington that Gen. Schenck has withdrawn from the directorship in the Emma mine company. When the articles first appeared criticizing his action in regard to this mine, he at once communicated with the State Department, explaining the facts in the matter, and asking advice as to his future action. Fish replied that he was at liberty to invest in a mining company, or any other stocks or property, and that such an investment furnished no just grounds for criticism by any body; at the same time the publication of his name by the promoters of the company as an American Minister and director of the company, Fish thought unfortunate, and, under the circumstances advised him to withdraw from the directorship.

Chicago, December 26.

Christmas was observed by a very general suspension of business, and holiday gaities were a little less marked than usual. The streets were filled with pleasure seekers. Matinee and night performances at places of amusement were crowded. The weather was exceedingly disagreeable, the atmosphere being humid, cold and raw.

The small pox appears to be still spreading, but every precaution is being taken to prevent it.

Annapolis, December 26.

The Wharton trial was resumed to-day. C. P. Toney, analytical chemist, was called to the stand, and proceeded to detail the results of several experiments made by him in his analysis of the liver of General Ketchum, made since Wednesday last. Each indicated antimony. The final process resulted in his obtaining from that portion of the solution used in his experiments six-tenths of a grain of metallic antimony.

At a meeting of the city fathers and their descendants, in the city of Toulon, Ill., last week, it was decided that every house procure and keep standing a bucket of water to extinguish a fire in case it occurred. We'll take two corner lots in that town.

Washington, Dec. 26.

No formal meeting of the Cabinet today, several members being absent from the city. A few visitors only called on the President.

St. Louis, Dec. 26.

A special to the Democrat from Sedalia, says Christmas day witnessed a preconcerted outbreak of the Ku-Klux at Marshall, Saline county, Mo., and vicinity. A large number of armed men turned out in pursuit of the negroes.—Patrols were placed near the town, and every traveler halted and questioned.—All business was suspended, and mob violence reigned supreme. It is not known how many negroes were killed, but Edward Willson, who left Marshall at 11 o'clock, saw the dead bodies of five—two hanging by the neck, three lying in the road, and one horribly wounded, having his shoulder shot away. At the latest accounts a crowd of armed men were starting out, swearing they would clean out every negro in the county.

Dubuque, Iowa, Dec. 26.

On Saturday night, the passenger train bound north on the Burlington Cedar Rapids & Minnesota Railroad broke through a bridge over Spoil Rock river, at Rockford station, precipitating the engine, caboose, baggage car and one coach a distance of twenty-five feet.—James Judd, engineer, Bartlett, brakeman, and Robert White, fireman, were instantly killed. Nourse, baggageman, had his leg broken and six passengers were seriously, but it is thought not dangerously wounded. Surgeons were at once sent from Cedar Rapids to their relief, who returned to that place on Sunday with the dead and wounded.

The recent snow storm was very severe indeed in Northern Iowa, blockading all the railroads, with one exception, very effectually. The trains of the Chicago Dubuque & Minnesota railroad have made their regular time. The road is protected from drifting in a great measure by bluffs along its track. There has been no train from the west into Dubuque until this evening since Friday last, the snow effectually blockading the roads, and breaking down telegraph wires in all directions.

Colorado Springs, Col., Dec. 24

The Denve & Rio Grande Railway (narrow guage) remains open, notwithstanding the snow. It has not yet failed a single day in getting a train through between this place and Denver, although it crosses the great Divide, next to the highest road pass in the world, and 200 feet higher than the Sierra Nevadas on the Central Pacific. The three feet gauge is a complete success The earnings of the first division of seventy six miles of the road have averaged $3,000 weekly, about half for freight and half passengers, in the seven weeks of almost continuous snow storms since its opening. The freight traffic offering, however, is double what the company can carry.—They have ordered their rolling stock trebled immediately, and when this additional equipment arrives they will have eleven locomotives and two hundred and twenty freight cars. The road will reach Pueblo, 120 miles from Denver, in March next, and Canon City by next summer.

New York, Dec. 25.

The Hudson river is again open to navigation most of its length. All the ferries have resumed their trips.

It is rumored that one of Connolly's bondsmen for a large portion of the half million has signified his intention to withdraw. Probably Connolly will pass New Year's in prison.

The funeral services of Sidney E. Morse was largely attended at the 4th Avenue Presbyterian Church. Prof. Morse, the only survivor of four brothers, was present Among the pallbearers were Wm. C. Bryant and Dr. Prime. The remains were interred at Greenwood.

The Erie Company has transferred, in presence of Master in Equity White, 35,000 shares to Heath & Rankel. It is expected the balance of the 60,000 shares wrongfully converted by Erie officials will be delivered this week.

### Lost Leaf from the Diplomatic Folio—Investigation to be Had into the General Order Business.

New York, December 26.

The *Herald's* Washington dispatch says that a copy of the statement of the case of the United States for the Geneva arbitrators was lost in November last. There is suspicion that it fell into the hands of the English government, and was used by them to the disadvantage of our government. The statement is that the book was lost in the streets of Washington.

The resolution of Eldridge, as to printing copies, promises to yield some interesting developments.

No arrests were made last night. Important movements are, however, anticipated to-day, as the District Attorney was in consultation until a late hour last night, and a session of the Grand Jury has been called for this morning on important information received by the foreman.

The promised congressional investigation into the general order of business here excites much interest among importers. Startling exhibits of fraud and extortion are expected.

### St. Louis Produce Market.

St. Louis Dec. 26.

Flour—Quiet and unchanged; super winter, $5 60; extra do, $6 00@6 10; double extra, $6 25@6 50.

Wheat—Spring more active; No 2 $1 25@1 25½; fall dull- No. 4 red $1 40. No. 3 $1 43@1 44; No. 2 $1 53@1 55.

Corn—Dull and a shade lower; No 2 41½@42c yellow; 42½@43c on track at East St. Louis; No. 2 mixed in store 43; yellow do 45.

Oats—Firm; No. 2 35@36c bulk white; 43@46 for sacked.

Barley—Inactive and nominally firm, 70@75c for prime spring.

Rye—Slow and easier, No. 2 73@74c

Whisky—Firm at 90c.

Mess Pork—Dull and drooping $13 00

Bacon—Quiet; shoulders 7¼c. clear rib 7½c. clear sides 7¾c.

Bulk Meats—Dull and drooping; shoulders 5@5½c clear ribs 6@6½c. clear sides, 6½@6¾c.

Cattle—Dull and unchanged.

Hogs—Firmer but inactive; range $3,-50@4 15; most sales at $4@4 15.

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Special Despatch to Jos. A. Connor, Grain Dealer.

Chicago Dec. 14, 2 P.M.

Gold closed at 108¾.

Wheat—Cash $1 17½; January, $1-18¾; last half, $1 19¾.

Corn—Cash, 40½c; January, 40¾c.

Oats—Firm. 32c.

Barley—Selling at 60½c.

Rye—Firmer, 62½c.

Pork—$13 25.

Lard—8½c.

Chicago, Dec. 22.

Gold—$1 8¾.

Wheat—Cash, $1 17⅞@$1 17½; January. $1 18¾; Last half, $1 19¾; February, $1 20¾.

Corn—Cash, 40¾; January 40¾.

Oats—Firm, 31¼.

Barley—Steady, 60½.

Rye—Dull, nothing doing.

Pork—13 35.

Lard—8¾.

Chicago, December 26.

Flour—Dull and unchanged.

Wheat—Dull, $1 18¾; cash $1 19½; January, $1 20½; last half $1 21½.

Corn—Quiet, 40½c cash; offered 40¾c.

Oats—Firm, 32c.

[Receipts light on account of scarcity of cars. We look for lower markets after the storm is over. It is almost impossible to get cars on branch railroads of B. & M. in Iowa. I also learn from reliable authority it is the same on almost every road running into Chicago.

JOSEPH A. CONNOR.]

### One Hundred Years Ago

One hundred and ten years ago there was not a single white man in Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois. Then, what is the most flourishing part of America was as little known as the mysterious Mountains of the Moon. It was not until 1776 that Boone left his home in North Carolina to become the first settler in Kentucky. The first pioneer of Ohio did not settle until twenty years after this time. A hundred years ago Canada belonged to France, and the population did not exceed a million and a half of people. A hundred years ago the great Frederick of Prussia was performing those grand exploits which made him immortal in military annals, and with his little monarchy was sustaining a singlehanded contest with Russia, Austria and France, the great powers of Europe combined. Washington was a modest Virginia colonel, and the great events in the history of the two worlds in which these great but dissimilar men took leading parts was then scarcely foreshadowed. A hundred years ago the United States were the most loyal part of the British empire, and on the political horizon no speck indicated the struggle which within a score of years thereafter established the great Republic of the world. A hundred years ago there was but four newspapers in America! Steam engines had not been imagined, and the railroads and telegraphs had not entered into the remotest conception of men. When we come to look back at it through the vista of history, we find that to the century just past has been allotted more important events, in their bearing upon the happiness of the world, than almost any other which has elapsed since creation.—*San Francisco Bulletin.*

A Danbury, Connecticut, man saw his daughter into the cars and passed round to her window for a parting look at her While he was passing out the daughter left the seat to speak to a friend, and at the same time a prim looking lady, who occupied the seat with her, moved up to the window. Unaware of the important change inside, our venerable friend hastily put his face up to the window and exclaimed, "One more kiss, sweet pet!" In another instant the point of a blue cotton umbrella caught his seductive lips, followed by the injunction, "Scat! you hoary headed wretch!" and he scattered.

A man in Arkansas lately poured some kerosene out of a gallon can into the stove to facilitate the burning of the wood The have advertised for him.

A New York lady, very anxious that her fiance, a young college student, should creditably pass his examinations has had masses said in church daily for his success.

### CHRISTMAS TREE.

EDITOR HERALD:—The citizens of Omaha Junction and vicinity had a very pleasant, social reunion on the evening of the 23d, which everybody present seemed to enjoy with genuine heartiness.

On Saturday morning the weather was very cold and windy, but by noon it moderated so that it became quite pleasant. The result was the gathering was a grand success: It was held in the stone school house, which was tastefully decorated with evergreens brought from the Platte.

At the appointed time the house was called to order by Joseph Gilmore, Esq., followed by some very good vocal music; after which the Rev. Wm. E. Bassett addressed the children making some very appropriate remarks, suitable to the occasion. Music again followed, and at its close, the curtain, which hid the beautiful tree from sight was removed, disclosing *Santa Claus* in full regalia, to the happy children. After the enthusiasm had subsided the committee proceeded to distribute the presents.—During the distribution of the prizes his majesty's apparel took fire, which gave to the scene an electrical appearance. The flames were, however, soon extinguished, and the distribution went on, and at its close, some heartfelt religious remarks were made by Rev. Mr. Gage.

Many appropriate presents were made, two of the happy recipients of which were Mr. J. R. Reed and Mr. J. Bennett.

After singing again all retired to their homes feeling that they had spent a few hours in a very pleasant manner.

Respectfully, S. J. H.

On Friday evening last the following question was discussed by the Edwards' Debating Club of Normal University:

*Resolved*, That the erection of a chain of stupendous protuberances of the earth's periele in the northern frontier of the Western continent is necessary to the perpetuity of the elongated existence of the indigenous inhabitants of the insulated portion of the caudal extremities of the Andes.

Decided in the affirmative.

About ten days since a patient who had been taken to the Kentucky State Lunatic Asylum during the night, while in bed, contrived to eat about one third of the blanket that covered him.

An exchange says the new style of collar for a gentleman is simply terrific. They are an economical article, however, as, with moderately long pantaloons, they do away with all necessity for a shirt.

There is a very stout old lady who rides a good deal in the Cincinnati street cars, and for whom, no matter how crowded they may be, the passengers always find a seat. Her persuasiveness never fails. Her method is to prepare to sit down on the passenger's laps.—The hint is enough.

A Wisconsin wife, the mother of twenty-two children, informed her pastor the other day that she had read much about people being rendered perfect through suffering. "If suffering," she added, "can make a woman perfect, I am the most perfect person on God's footstool."

There is a female society in Stockton, California, known as the "Old Hens." It was formed in opposition to a society made up of ancient male Stocktonians, rejoicing in the firm name and style of the "Old Roosters," which has been in existence there for some years.

The story is told of a good deacon who thought it tended to increase a minister's faith and to make him more spiritual to keep him on a small salary. We have known other people who maintained the same opinion. But we never found any body who thought it equally good for himself. It is because the brethren have so much more grace than ministers that it is so much safer for them to give themselves to money making?

"May it please your honor," exclaimed a juryman, "I am deaf in one ear." "Then you may be excused, as it is necessary for a juror to *hear both sides*," said the judge.

A clergyman named Fiddle refused to accept the title of D. D., because, as he said, he "didn't want to be called the Rev. Ichabod Fiddle, D. D."

A negro member of the Texas Legislature was met upon the street with a large roll of greenbacks in his hand, looking at his pile, and chuckling so loud that he attracted the attention of a bystander, who said to him, "What are you laughing at, Jim?" Jim replied: "You see that money?" "Yes." "Well, boss, I jus got that for my vote. I'se been bought four or five times in my life, but dis is de fust time I eber got de cash myself."

Mark Twain recently said a good thing about the Pilgrim Fathers. "The revered old chaps," he said, "left their country and home for the sake of having freedom on a foreign shore to enjoy their own religion, and at the same time prevent other folks from enjoying theirs."

Alabama tells a tale of horror. Three disguised men robbed the wife of a tax collector of the public funds, and then ordered her to serve supper. She did so, and put arsenic in the tea. On stripping the dead bodies of their disguises, one proved to be her husband, who had taken this means of stealing the people's money.

A pious Louisville Editor trusts that when H G in a recent agricultural address alluded to the Almighty as the "author of all things," he did not mean to "involve his maker in any responsibility for that book about farming."

Gail Hamilton does not like Victoria Woodhull. She says: "When Greek meets Greek, I prefer Ulysses the Silent, fighting it out on his own line, to Demosthenes the Eloquent, hiding under a woman's gown."

All the money Alexander Dumas had with him when he died was a single gold piece His son is a millionaire, and his daughter is married to one the wealthiest landed proprietors in France.

The first act of Divine justice in the infant church at Jerusalem was to punish covetousness And yet the church has never dealt with this sin as it should, "Who ever heard of a man being disciplined for covetousness?" asks Dr. John Hall. "For other sins," he says, "men are cast out of the church; but in this sin, which the Bible calls idolatry, they live and die without one honest rebuke.

## Railroad Time Table.

B. & M. R. R IN NEBRASKA.

| WESTWARD. TRAIN NO 1. | STATIONS. | EASTWARD TRAIN NO 2 |
|---|---|---|
| Lv. 10.00 A. M. | Plattsmouth. | Ar. 3.45 P. M |
| Lv. 10.25 A. M. | Omaha Junc. | Ar. 3.20 P. M |
| Lv. 10.50 A. M. | Louisville. | Ar. 3.00 P. M |
| Lv. 11.05 A. M. | South Bend. | Ar. 2.49 P. M |
| Ar. 11.30 A. M. | Ashland | Ar. 2.25 P. M |
| Ar. 11.45 " | Greenwood | Ar. 2.10 " |
| Ar. 12 00 p m | Waverly | Ar 1.56 " |
| Ar. 12.12 " | Newton | Ar. 1.45 " |
| Ar. 12.30 " | Lincoln | Lv. 1.30 " |
| Lv 2.00 | Lincoln | Ar. 10.45 " |
| Lv 2.25 | Denton | Ar. 10 15 " |
| Lv 3.05 | Highland | Ar. 9.45 " |
| Ar 3.20 | Crete | Lv. 9.30 " |
| Lv 3.30 | Crete | Ar 9.20 " |
| ..... | Dorchester | ..... |
| ..... | Water Station | ..... |
| ..... | Water Station | ..... |
| ..... | Fairmont | ..... |
| ..... | Grafton | ..... |
| ..... | Water Station | ..... |
| ..... | Harvard | ..... |

O. & S. W. R. R.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ar 3 20 | Crete | Lv 9.30 " |
| Lv 3.30 | Crete | Ar 9.20 " |
| Lv 4 40 | De Witt | Ar 8.10 " |
| Ar 5.30 | Beatrice | Lv 7.10 " |

| TRAIN NO. 3. | | TRAIN NO. 4. |
|---|---|---|
| Lv. 4.45 P. M. | Plattsmouth. | Ar. 9 00 A. M |
| Lv. 5.35 P. M. | Omaha Junc. | Ar. 8.20 A. M. |
| Lv. 6.25 P. M. | Louisville. | Ar. 7.45 A. M. |
| Lv. 6.55 P. M. | South Bend. | Ar. 7.20 A. M |
| Ar. 7.45 P. M. | Ashland. | Lv. 6.40 A. M |
| Ar. 8.15 " | Greenwood | Ar. 6.10 " |
| Ar. 8.40 " | Waverly | Ar. 5.50 " |
| Ar. 9.00 " | Newton | Ar. 5.30 " |
| Ar. 9.30 " | Lincoln | Lv. 5.00 " |
| Lv. *8.00 a m | Lincoln | Lv. †4.45 p m |
| Lv. 8.35 " " | Denton | Ar. 4.15 " |
| Lv. 9.05 " | Hichland | Ar. 3.45 " |
| Ar. 9.20 " | Crete | Lv 3.30 p m |
| Lv 9.30 " | Crete | Ar 3.20 " |
| Ar. 10.00 " | Dorchester | Lv. 2.50 " |
| Ar 10.20 " | Water Station | Lv 2.30 |
| Ar 11.25 " | Water Station | Lv 1.25 |
| Ar 11.40 " | Fairmount | Lv 1.10 |
| Ar 12.20 " | Grafton | Lv 12.20 |
| Ar 1.15 " | Water Station | Lv 11.35 |
| Ar 1.30 " | Harvard | Lv 11.20 |

Full faced figures indicate passing places.
* Only Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
† Only Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.
The time given above is that of Plattsmouth being 23 minutes slower than Chicago.

OMAHA & SOUTHWESTERN.

*To Take Effect Monday, May, 28th, 1871.*

In connection with Burlington & Missouri River Railroad in Nebraska.

Depot at foot of Jones Street.

| LEAVES. | | ARRIVES. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Omaha | 8:00 a. m. | Lincoln | 12:30 p. m. |
| do | 3:00 p. m. | do | 9:30 p. m. |
| Lincoln | 5:00 p. m. | Omaha | 11:10 a. m. |
| do | 1:30 p. m. | do | 6:10 p. m. |

B. & M. R. R.

| ARRIVE. | |
|---|---|
| Pacific Express.—except Monday | 8:45 a. m. |
| Mail—Except Sunday | 10:40 p. m. |
| Freight No. 5—except Sunday | 2:00 p. m. |
| Freight No. 7 except Sunday | 8:30 p. m |

| DEPART. | |
|---|---|
| Atlantic Express—except Saturday | 5:15 p. m. |
| Mail—except Sunday | 6:25 a. m. |
| Freight, No, 6 except Sunday | 11:55 p m |
| Freight No 8 | 7:10 p. m. |

The above is Chicago time, being 23 minutes faster than Plattsmouth time.

Boat leaves Plattsmouth Depot to connect with trains going half an hour in advance of above time, except for Atlantic Express for which it leaves forty-five minutes in advance.

K. C. ST. JOE. & C. B. R. R.
(AT PACIFIC JUNCTION IOWA.)

| | GOING NORTH. | GOING SOUTH. |
|---|---|---|
| Mail and Express | 3:55 p. m. | 7:30 a. m. |
| Night Express | 8:15 a. m. | 5:20 p. m. |

This gives passengers from Plattsmouth close connection going South or North by leaving here on the 5:15 p. m. train.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

| ROUTE. | CLOSES. | ARRIVES |
|---|---|---|
| C. B. & St. Joe R. R. South | 10 p m. | 10.30 p m |
| C. B. & St. Joe R. R. North, | 10 p. m. | 10.30 p m |
| B. & M. R. R. East, | 10 p m. | 10.30 p m |
| B. & M. R. R. West, | 9 a m. | 4 p m. |
| Omaha by Rail | 10 p m | 10 a m |
| * Weeping Water, | 12 n m. | 12 a m. |
| ○ Nebraska City, by Stage, | 9 p m. | 8 p m. |

* Departs Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Office hours, from 8 a m to 7 p m.
Sundays, 12 to 1 p m.

J. W. MARSHALL, P. M.

## Church Directory,

Sontag den 24 September hat die Deutsche Ev. Luth Gemeinde in ihrem Schulhaus vormittag's um 11 Uhr Gottesdienst. Ueberhaupt findet derselbe von jetzt an regelmaessig alle 14 Tage statt. Minister Rev. L Hannswald.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN—North side of Main st. east of Sixth—Rev. D. W. Cameron; Services every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. Sabbath School at 9:30 a. m., Thos Pollock Superintendent. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 6:30 o'clock.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—West side of Sixth street, south of Main—Rev. J. H. Presson. Services every Sabbath at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening. Class meeting every Monday evening and immediately after close of Sabbath morning services Sabbath School at 2:30

CONGREGATIONAL—Corner Locust and Eighth sts.—Rev. B. F Manwell, residence Platte Valley House, Services every Sabbath at 11:11a. m. and 6:30 p. m. Sabbath School at 12:30 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening.

EPISCOPAL—Corner Vine and Third streets—Rev. H. C. Shaw Services every Sunday at 11:00 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m., Prof. d'Allemand, Supt.

CHRISTIAN—Service in Court House Hall—G R. Mullis, local preacher. Elders, Isaac Wiles and T. J. Todd.

CATHOLIC—North side of Public Square—Rev Father Hayes. First Mass every Sabbath at 8:30 a. m., Second Mass and Sermon at 10:30 a. m., Vespers and Benediction at 3:30 p. m. Mass at 8 a. m. every week day.

## Lodge Directory,

I. O. O. F.—Regular meetings of Platte Lodge, No. 1, I. O. O. F. every Saturday evening, at Odd Fellows Hall. Transient Brothers are cordially invited to visit.

S. M. CHAPMAN N. G.
H. NEWMAN, Sec.

I. O. O. F.—Plattsmouth Encampment No. 3. Regular Convocations the 2nd and 4th Friday's of each month at Odd Fellows Hall cor. 3d and Main sts. Transient Patriarchs cordially invited to visit.

D. H. WHEELER, C. P.
H. J. STREIGHT, Scribe

MASONIC—PLATTSMOUTH LODGE NO. 6 A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings at their hall on the first and third Monday evenings of each month Transient brethern invited to visit.

D. H. WHEELER, W. M.
P. E. RUFFNER, Sec.

MACOY LODGE NO. 22 A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings at Masonic Hall, first and third Friday's.

J. N. WISE, W. M.
I. M. WOLF, Sec.

NEBRASKA CHAPTER NO. 3 R. A. M.—Regular convocations second and fourth Tuesday evenings of each month at 7½ o'clock p. m.

R. R. LIVINGSTON H. P.
E. A. KIRKPATRICK, Sec

I. O. G. T.—OLIVE BRANCH, No. 2—W D Ferree W. C. T.; E. Bradley, W. S.; T. W. Shryock Lodge Deputy. Meets at Clark & Plummer's hall every Tuesday evening. Traveling Templars respectfully invited.

EXCELSIOR DEGREE LODGE, No. 1.—E. Lewis, D. T.; F. E. White, D. S. Meets at Court House Hall on the first and third Saturday evenings of each month.

STAR OF HOPE LODGE NO. 8.—T. E. Hughes W. C. T.; And W. S. S. B. Hudson Lodge Deputy. Meets at Mr. Pionsenat every Saturday evening.

FAIRVIEW LODGE, No. 14.—J. J. Chandler J. C. T.; Wm. J. Hesser, W. S.; S. W. Calkin Lodge Deputy. Meets every Wednesday evening. Traveling Templars respectfully invited.

TREE GROVE LODGE, No. 24.—Amos Griffith, W. C. T.; Jas. Allison, W. S.; C. H. Winslow Lodge Deputy. Meets every Saturday evening. Traveling Templars respectfully invited to meet with us.

### Estray Notice.

Taken up by the undersigned on his premises, three miles south of Plattsmouth, three head of Asses. One is a light dun color, the three are dark brown with a dun colored colt: no marks or brands perceptible.

G. FICKLER.
Nov. 16 w. 5

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This wonderful vegetable restorative is the sheet-anchor of the feeble and debilitated. As a tonic and cordial for the aged and languid it has no equal among stomachics. As a remedy for the nervous weakness to which women are especially subject, it is superseding every other stimulant. In all climates, tropical, temperate or frigid, it acts as a specific in every species of disorder which undermines the bodily strength and breaks down the animal spirits.

Dec. 26. d&w 1yr.

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Dec. 26. d&w 1yr e 3t w.

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