

THE GREAT FIRE!!

LATEST PARTICULARS.

Terrible Conflagration in Chicago—Six Entire Blocks in Flames—and Spreading with Tremendous Force.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—12:30 a. m.
The most terrible conflagration that ever occurred in this city broke out about an hour and a half ago, and having already swept over six entire blocks, is still raging with almost unmitigated fury. The fire started in a large planing mill, situated between Clinton and Canal and Van Buren and Jackson about the center of the block formed by these streets. The wind was blowing very fresh and the flames spread with almost incredible rapidity, and in a few minutes the entire structure was a mass of fire. The immediate vicinity is built up with small wooden tenement houses and two-story frame buildings, occupied as groceries, saloons, &c. The inmates of many of these houses were startled from their slumber and had only time to rush from the houses in scanty attire. In several instances children were hastily wrapped in blankets and quilts to break the force of their fall and were thrown from the second story windows to the ground. When the alarm sounded for this fire, another of considerable magnitude was burning on Wells street, near Adams, and several engines were necessary kept at work upon it. The heat of the engines in the city were soon on the ground, but before they arrived the fire had spread over so large an area, and was so rapidly increasing, that their efforts seemed of little avail.

Between Canal street and the river were several lumber yards, which are entirely destroyed. At this hour the fire has made a clean sweep from Van Buren, north, two blocks to Adams, and west to Clinton, two blocks from the river. The wharves between Van Buren and Jackson streets are burning, and the work of the western approach to the Adams street bridge is destroyed. A large coal yard, containing thousands of tons of soft coal, and situated between the tracks of the Chicago & Alton and Chicago & East Wayne railroad and the river, is on fire, and burning furiously.

The immense grain elevator of Vincent, Nelson & Co., one of the finest in the city, is burning, and although it is intended to be fire-proof there seems to be little doubt that it will be destroyed, as the intense heat to which it is subjected will crack the slate with which it is covered on the roof and sides. It contains many thousand bushels of grain of all kinds.

The depot of the Pittsburg & Fort Wayne and Chicago & North Western railroads, is situated north of Adams, and between Canal street and the river. One of the buildings, a light wooden structure, and occupied as an express office, was in flames at midnight, and is undoubtedly destroyed.

The scene in the vicinity of the conflagration is indescribable. Half the population of the city is engaged in watching the fire, and the streets are filled with people. The fire is spreading rapidly, and the flames are now blowing from the south and west. The glare from the blazing buildings lights the streets a half mile away, so that one may see to read. The entire fire department are on the ground and are making almost superhuman efforts to stay the flames. The losses probably already run into millions, and the end is not yet. The fire is now being checked in some degree, though it is unsafe to say its further spread is stopped. The fire department is working very bravely, however, and their efforts are supported as far as possible by hundreds of volunteers.

Scores of families are homeless and dependent on the hospitalities of their kind friends and neighbors, who are kindly providing for them.

Chicago, October 9.
The following is from the *Evening Journal's* extra: "Chicago is burning up to the hour of writing, a clock past. The burning part of the city is now ready in ashes; an area of between six and seven miles in length and nearly a mile in width, embracing the great business part of the city, has been burned over and now lies a mass of smoldering ruins. All the principal hotels; all the public buildings; all the banks; all the newspaper offices, all the places of amusement, all the business edifices, nearly all the railroad depots, the gas works, several churches, and thousands of private residences and stores have been consumed.

Proud, noble, magnificent Chicago of yesterday, is to-day a mere shadow of what it was, and helpless before the still sweeping flames. The fear is that the entire city will be consumed before we shall see the end. The entire north division, from Harrison street north to the river, and the entire south division, from the river south to the Park and several blocks in the West division, are burned. It is utterly impossible to estimate the losses. They must in the aggregate amount to hundreds of millions of dollars, and amid the confusion and general bewilderment we can only give a few details. The fire broke out on the corner of DeKalb and a well-lighted street, at about 9 o'clock Saturday evening, being caused by a cow kicking over a lamp in a stable, in which a woman was milking. An alarm was immediately given, but owing to the high south-west wind the building was speedily consumed, and thence the fire spread rapidly. The firemen could not, with all their efforts, stop the mastering of the flames. Building after building was fired by the flying cinders, which, landing on the roofs which were as dry as tinder owing to the protected dry weather, instantly took fire. Northwardly and north-easterly the flames took their course, lapping up house after house, block after block, street after street all night long. The scene of ruin and desolation is beyond the power of words to describe. Never in the history of the world has such a scene of ex-

terrible and complete destruction occurred, as has been recorded, and never has a more frightful scene of panic, distress and horror been witnessed among a helpless, sorrowing, suffering population. It is utterly impossible at the first thought for the mind to take in any conception of the fire field, although the astounding facts stated above is enough to appal the most heroic. The awful truth of the situation is more fully comprehended by a glance at the following very imperfect list of the city's loss. It is proper to state that at this writing the confusion in the police and fire departments is so complete as to render it impossible to give anything like a detailed account of the terrible conflagration. Partial details of the losses are first to be mentioned, and possibly some startling features of the central of flame is the total destruction of the city water works by which calamity the firemen are rendered helpless to make the least effort to check the onward march of the devouring element. Should any other fires occur in part of the city not burning, they must certainly have their way.

At about 12 o'clock last night the sheet of flames leaped across the river in the neighborhood of Jackson street, first igniting a small wooden building, which contained a stand of Commerce and soon to the south side of the gas works, the immense gasometer exploding with a fearful detonation, which was heard all over the city, then commenced the movement of the fire in a few hours the entire south side in Ashes, north of Harrison street. The Post Office and Custom House, the Chamber of Commerce, the Court House, the Western Union Telegraph Office, and the Hotel went down in the ocean of fire and smoke. In brief the following prominent buildings have perished, with in almost every case their entire contents. The First Baptist Church, on Adams street; the Catholic Church, on Desplaines street; the *Journal*, the *Tribune*, the *Times*, the *Republican*, the *Post*, the *West*, the *Street*, the *Union*, the *Chicago & Alton*, and the *Chicago & East Wayne* railroads, on Adams street; the Opera House, McVicker's theatre, Healey's opera house, Dearborn theatre and Wood's museum, First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Union, Northwestern, Madison, Grand, and La Salle streets; the Illinois National bank, the second Presbyterian church, Trinity Episcopal church, the magnificent depot of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, and Lake Shore & Michigan Southern roads, on Van Buren street at the head of LaSalle street; the Great Central Union depot, the Wells street depot of the C. & N. W. railroad, the National contractor on Adams street, the Adams & Co. Armour, Dale & Co's elevator, on the corner of Market and the River, Hiram Wheeler's elevator, on the same corner, the Great Central Union depot, on Rush street and the bridge and River and "A" of the Illinois depot at the basin, the Tremont House, Sherman House, Briggs House, Metropolitan, and many other buildings, European style, Bard's Garden City, and the new Pacific in process of erection on Clark and La Salle streets. The following prominent buildings are in ashes: First National Bank, Lister & Co., J. V. Farwell's block, and all the magnificent blocks in that locality, the Lake Side publishing company's building, on Adams street, Terrace row on Michigan avenue, and adjacent residences. Farewell Hall burned at about 4 o'clock this morning. The great breweries on the north side are gone, in large numbers, and the entire east and north sides from Harrison street northwardly, with a few isolated buildings left standing in some remarkable manner, are in hapless ruins. During the night telegrams were sent to St. Louis, Cleveland, Milwaukee, and other cities for aid, and at the time of going to press several trains are on their way to the city bringing engines and men to assist in this dire calamity. The Board of Trade has leased for present use the northwest corner of Washington and Canal streets. We call attention to the card announcing a meeting of the Chicago Board of Trade to-morrow a. m. at 10 o'clock, at 51 and 53 Canal street. The common council and a number of prominent citizens are holding a meeting at 11 o'clock at the First Congregational Church to make such arrangements as may be possible for the safety of the city. The mayor has issued a proclamation that all fires that occur in this city shall be extinguished. The *Evening Journal* says we are under great obligations to the Interior Printing Co., 155 and 158 Canal street, for accommodations by which we are enabled to issue this extra. But hope before many days to be able to announce permanent arrangements for issuing our paper regularly. We have saved a portion of our subscription books and hope to be able to resume publication without delay.

The following additional details were received at various times throughout the day. In order to stop the progress of the fire, the firemen brought down the aerial and whole blocks blown up. There is not a wholesale house left in the city, and no water to be had. The fire is now being checked in some degree, though it is unsafe to say its further spread is stopped. The fire department is working very bravely, however, and their efforts are supported as far as possible by hundreds of volunteers.

Excitement in London in regard to the Chicago Calamity.
London, October 10.
The excitement in regard to the fire in Chicago increases intensely as the full extent of the calamity becomes known. Subscriptions will be opened for the relief of the sufferers. The banking house of J. S. Morgan & Co. telegraphed their correspondent at New York authorizing him to draft five thousand in favor of the relief fund.

Buffalo Donates \$100,000.
Buffalo, October 10.
A large meeting of sympathy for the Chicago sufferers was held at the Board of Trade rooms this morning, at which speeches made and the action of the Council, appropriating one hundred thousand dollars to the relief fund, was approved. To make the money immediately available, personal guarantees were given for the amount of \$100,000. The Board of Trade subsequently made other generous contributions.

Proclamation by the Governor of New Jersey.
New Jersey, October 10.
The Governor of New Jersey issued a proclamation, urging upon all the people of his State to make speedy contributions of money and clothing for the relief of the suffering of Chicago.

Relief for the Chicago Sufferers. Manifest Donations.
New York, October 10.
At a meeting of the Germania, Hanover, Niagara and Republic Insurance Companies, comprising Underwriters of New York, preparations were made to pay immediately, upon adjustment, all losses at Chicago, after doing which, the capital of the companies will remain unimpaired.

Relief of Sufferers.
DIXON, Ill., October 9.
This city is wild with excitement, such as has not been known since war times. The aggregate amount to be devoted to the relief of the sufferers, and a goodly supply of provisions, in charge of a committee of prominent citizens, left for Chicago this evening.

Chicago, October 10.
The railroads east and south are sending no trains out this forenoon, as all the cars remaining in this city over Sunday are consumed. The incoming trains are all behind time, owing to fires raging in the woods and prairies. The evening trains will probably start out on Monday.

Chicago, October 10.
The mails at the post-office being consumed, of course all the accumulation of mail matters for the day's delivery has been consumed. The mail for the Stock Yards was taken out on the incoming train for delivery here.

Chicago, October 10.
The water and gas works are both destroyed, and probably for some time the supply of the former will be cut off from the lake and a substitute for the latter will have to be employed.

All the bridges across the Chicago river, from Van Buren street to the lake have been burned, and the only means of getting from one division to the other is by the tunnels, and the entrances to them are badly blocked. The newspaper offices have all, or nearly all, been swept out of existence, and their material destroyed, and no papers have been or will be issued today, the *Sin* being the only paper which has escaped the conflagration.

This morning a large number of teams were sent by Messrs. Tacker & Sherman to assist in the removal of such furniture as had been saved from the Sherman House. Aid was telegraphed for from Milwaukee at 3 o'clock, and a number of fire engines were at once sent forward by express. The banks all have been destroyed, and the First National and the upper part of that is gutted; the vaults however, are intact. The hotels are in the district from Van Buren street to the river, and from the river to the lake, and the command of the city sought refuge in hotels in other parts of the city.

CINCINNATI, O., October 10.
The great fire in Chicago monopolizes all attention, and business is totally suspended. The great calamity moves every heart. A citizens meeting was called at the Chamber of Commerce and was largely attended. A committee on transportation and finance was appointed. Subscriptions and cash payments were at once received. The Chamber of Commerce gave \$100,000. Many leading firms gave \$1,000 each. At 12 o'clock \$25,000 had been subscribed. At half-past ten Mayor Davis sent by special train three steam fire engines and the hose, and the command of the city together with men necessary to man them.

UNION STOCK YARDS, Oct. 10.—10:45 a. m.—The village of Cassell, Ind., on the line of the St. Wayne railway, about thirty miles from Chicago, took fire last night from the fire raging on the prairie, and was entirely destroyed. Fires are raging in the past beds near South Bend, and a number of extensive damages are entailed, should the high winds now prevailing continue.

Proclamation of the Mayor of Chicago.
CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Evening.
The Mayor has issued the following proclamation:
WHEREAS, In the providence of God, to whom we humbly submit, a terrible calamity has befallen our city, and which demands of us our best efforts for the preservation of order, and for the relief of the suffering, therefore, be it known, that I, the Mayor of the City of Chicago, do hereby pledge for the necessary expenses for the relief of the suffering, public order will be preserved, and that I, the Mayor, will be responsible for the maintenance of peace and the protection of property. All officers and men of the Fire Department and Health Department, and all special police, without further notice. The Mayor and Controller will give vouchers for all supplies furnished by the different relief committees, and the officers of the city government will be at the Congressional Church, corner of West Washington and Ann streets. All persons are warned against any acts tending to excite the passions, and all persons caught in any deprecatory will be immediately arrested. With the help of God, order and peace and private property shall be preserved. The city government and committee of citizens pledge themselves to the community to protect them and prepare the way for a restoration of public and private welfare. It is believed that all will spend its energy and all will soon be well.

Confession of Keyser.
New York, October 7.
The confession and recitation last night by Keyser are deemed most important. The step was wholly unexpected, and as it will be the means of the Committee of Seventy to obtain other to whom we have already referred, his admission is that in seven years' employment by the city he has received three-fourths of a million of dollars, for which he has received no vouchers, and he declared that his signature was many vouchers for exorbitant sums has been forged in many instances. He had been compelled to assign a claim for \$100,000 to receive pay. This confession will probably secure him immunity from punishment. Other implicated tradesmen are expected to take a like course. The city government and committee of citizens pledge themselves to the community to protect them and prepare the way for a restoration of public and private welfare. It is believed that all will spend its energy and all will soon be well.

Incendiaries Caught in the Act—One Hung by a Mob, and the Other Arrested by the Police.
Chicago, October 10.—8 p. m.
Two men have been caught in the act of setting fire to a building. One was hung by a mob and hung on short notice; the other was grabbed by the police.

Three murders occurred in Van Buren street last evening. A fire in the south-east portion of the city, and do not think there is any danger of the fire extending farther.

Relief for the Chicago Sufferers. Manifest Donations.
New York, October 10.
At a meeting of the Germania, Hanover, Niagara and Republic Insurance Companies, comprising Underwriters of New York, preparations were made to pay immediately, upon adjustment, all losses at Chicago, after doing which, the capital of the companies will remain unimpaired.

Excitement in London in regard to the Chicago Calamity.
London, October 10.
The excitement in regard to the fire in Chicago increases intensely as the full extent of the calamity becomes known. Subscriptions will be opened for the relief of the sufferers. The banking house of J. S. Morgan & Co. telegraphed their correspondent at New York authorizing him to draft five thousand in favor of the relief fund.

Buffalo Donates \$100,000.
Buffalo, October 10.
A large meeting of sympathy for the Chicago sufferers was held at the Board of Trade rooms this morning, at which speeches made and the action of the Council, appropriating one hundred thousand dollars to the relief fund, was approved. To make the money immediately available, personal guarantees were given for the amount of \$100,000. The Board of Trade subsequently made other generous contributions.

Proclamation by the Governor of New Jersey.
New Jersey, October 10.
The Governor of New Jersey issued a proclamation, urging upon all the people of his State to make speedy contributions of money and clothing for the relief of the suffering of Chicago.

Relief for the Chicago Sufferers. Manifest Donations.
New York, October 10.
At a meeting of the Germania, Hanover, Niagara and Republic Insurance Companies, comprising Underwriters of New York, preparations were made to pay immediately, upon adjustment, all losses at Chicago, after doing which, the capital of the companies will remain unimpaired.

Excitement in London in regard to the Chicago Calamity.
London, October 10.
The excitement in regard to the fire in Chicago increases intensely as the full extent of the calamity becomes known. Subscriptions will be opened for the relief of the sufferers. The banking house of J. S. Morgan & Co. telegraphed their correspondent at New York authorizing him to draft five thousand in favor of the relief fund.

Buffalo Donates \$100,000.
Buffalo, October 10.
A large meeting of sympathy for the Chicago sufferers was held at the Board of Trade rooms this morning, at which speeches made and the action of the Council, appropriating one hundred thousand dollars to the relief fund, was approved. To make the money immediately available, personal guarantees were given for the amount of \$100,000. The Board of Trade subsequently made other generous contributions.

Proclamation by the Governor of New Jersey.
New Jersey, October 10.
The Governor of New Jersey issued a proclamation, urging upon all the people of his State to make speedy contributions of money and clothing for the relief of the suffering of Chicago.

Benefits for Chicago.
San Francisco, October 10.
The following benefits for Chicago are announced: California Theatre to-morrow evening; Alhambra on Thursday evening; Musical Institute on Saturday evening; and the Jay Social Club will give a grand ball next week. The total receipts of the above will all be donated.

Citizens are now in consultation at the Mayor's office for the purpose of raising subscriptions.

Several San Francisco Insurance companies are ruined by the Chicago fire.

Regular Soldiers Sent to Chicago.
A despatch was received at the military headquarters of the Department of the Platte, at about half-past 9 o'clock, Monday evening, from Lieutenant-General P. H. Sheridan, asking that two companies of regular soldiers, with twenty days' rations, be sent to Chicago from Omaha, Nebraska, to assist in the fire.

It is supposed that they are wanted to guard the immense amount of unprotected property that is now standing in the streets of the ill-fated city.

SALT LAKE.
George O. Cannon, of the Deseret News, Arrested.
Other Criminal Proceedings.
Incendiary Talk in the Tabernacle.

SALT LAKE, October 7.—At 4 1/2 p. m. George O. Cannon, editor and apostle, and Henry W. Lawrence, of the firm of Kinball & Lawrence, a clothing merchant, have both just been arrested by U. S. Marshal Patrick, and held for appearance at this term of the Court. The charges in both cases are lascivious cohabitation, under the Utah statute.

Thos. Hawkins, arraigned to-day before Judge McKean on the indictment for adultery, growing out of polygamy, the charge having been made by his first wife, he pleaded not guilty, and the U. S. attorney gave notice that he would be ready for trial on Monday.

Vehement and incendiary talk in the Tabernacle this evening, principally by McKenzie, one of Brigham's secretaries.

New York, October 7.
The confession and recitation last night by Keyser are deemed most important. The step was wholly unexpected, and as it will be the means of the Committee of Seventy to obtain other to whom we have already referred, his admission is that in seven years' employment by the city he has received three-fourths of a million of dollars, for which he has received no vouchers, and he declared that his signature was many vouchers for exorbitant sums has been forged in many instances. He had been compelled to assign a claim for \$100,000 to receive pay. This confession will probably secure him immunity from punishment. Other implicated tradesmen are expected to take a like course. The city government and committee of citizens pledge themselves to the community to protect them and prepare the way for a restoration of public and private welfare. It is believed that all will spend its energy and all will soon be well.

Incendiaries Caught in the Act—One Hung by a Mob, and the Other Arrested by the Police.
Chicago, October 10.—8 p. m.
Two men have been caught in the act of setting fire to a building. One was hung by a mob and hung on short notice; the other was grabbed by the police.

Three murders occurred in Van Buren street last evening. A fire in the south-east portion of the city, and do not think there is any danger of the fire extending farther.

Relief for the Chicago Sufferers. Manifest Donations.
New York, October 10.
At a meeting of the Germania, Hanover, Niagara and Republic Insurance Companies, comprising Underwriters of New York, preparations were made to pay immediately, upon adjustment, all losses at Chicago, after doing which, the capital of the companies will remain unimpaired.

Excitement in London in regard to the Chicago Calamity.
London, October 10.
The excitement in regard to the fire in Chicago increases intensely as the full extent of the calamity becomes known. Subscriptions will be opened for the relief of the sufferers. The banking house of J. S. Morgan & Co. telegraphed their correspondent at New York authorizing him to draft five thousand in favor of the relief fund.

Buffalo Donates \$100,000.
Buffalo, October 10.
A large meeting of sympathy for the Chicago sufferers was held at the Board of Trade rooms this morning, at which speeches made and the action of the Council, appropriating one hundred thousand dollars to the relief fund, was approved. To make the money immediately available, personal guarantees were given for the amount of \$100,000. The Board of Trade subsequently made other generous contributions.

Proclamation by the Governor of New Jersey.
New Jersey, October 10.
The Governor of New Jersey issued a proclamation, urging upon all the people of his State to make speedy contributions of money and clothing for the relief of the suffering of Chicago.

Relief for the Chicago Sufferers. Manifest Donations.
New York, October 10.
At a meeting of the Germania, Hanover, Niagara and Republic Insurance Companies, comprising Underwriters of New York, preparations were made to pay immediately, upon adjustment, all losses at Chicago, after doing which, the capital of the companies will remain unimpaired.

Excitement in London in regard to the Chicago Calamity.
London, October 10.
The excitement in regard to the fire in Chicago increases intensely as the full extent of the calamity becomes known. Subscriptions will be opened for the relief of the sufferers. The banking house of J. S. Morgan & Co. telegraphed their correspondent at New York authorizing him to draft five thousand in favor of the relief fund.

Buffalo Donates \$100,000.
Buffalo, October 10.
A large meeting of sympathy for the Chicago sufferers was held at the Board of Trade rooms this morning, at which speeches made and the action of the Council, appropriating one hundred thousand dollars to the relief fund, was approved. To make the money immediately available, personal guarantees were given for the amount of \$100,000. The Board of Trade subsequently made other generous contributions.

Proclamation by the Governor of New Jersey.
New Jersey, October 10.
The Governor of New Jersey issued a proclamation, urging upon all the people of his State to make speedy contributions of money and clothing for the relief of the suffering of Chicago.

The fastest trotting ever done was the feat accomplished by the mare Goldsmith Maid at the Cold Spring Course, Milwaukee, Wis. The first of three heats was won in 2:22, the second in 2:17, and the third in 2:24—the second being a second better than Dexter ever made, and the accumulated time being, as before stated, the best ever made.

In the current number of *Harper's Weekly* the inevitable Nast sketches another terrific blow at the doomed Ring. Four vultures, wearing the faces of Tweed Hall, Sweeney and Connolly, crouch in their nest on a spur of towering rocks, awaiting the coming of a storm, which rages about them. Vivid lightning rends the overhanging crags, and the storm cloud hangs heavy and dark about their nest. Beneath the group of vultures lies the prostrate body of New York, and around are strewn the cleanly picked bones of the tax-payers, the treasury, justice, liberty and law. The terrified faces of the conspirators and the shattered and fluttering wings are wonderfully expressive. Neither Leech nor Cruikshank nor John Tenniel, in their best days, ever penciled a more scathing and pungent page than that—*St. Joe Herald.*

Quinine Biscuit.—The *Tribune Herald* notices a "quinine biscuit," as the latest novelty in the medicinal pastry line. Each biscuit, it says, contains one-fourth of a grain of quinine, and the taste is concealed in a hearty and aromatic cake for table delicacies, and all first-class drug stores have a bake-shop and lunch-room attached to the prescription department.

The Weatherford (*Texas*) *Times*, enumerates the reserve Indians as follows: Lone Mountain, 1,000; Kiowa, 2,000; Quadeos, 1,000; Caddoes, 454; Wichita, 296; Delawares, 17; Kechies, 126; Wacoos, 124; Tonawacians, 227; Hlanies, 85. Total, 7,253.

A lady writes blaming the men more than the women for the ridiculous fashions now in vogue. She says:—"If all men possessing a hundred dollars and upwards, should form a league not to marry any woman who mounted a chignon, how long do you suppose the mostristies would continue to be vogue?"

The "Digger Indians" of the Pacific slope, have an unpleasant custom of burying young infants alive with the bodies of their dead mothers. Recently a young squaw of one of the banks district, sold, and she is authentically asserted, that the child, "alive and kicking," was placed on the body of its dead parent, and they were buried together.

If an editor omits anything, he is lazy. If he speaks of things as they are, people are mad. If he glosses over, smooths down the rough points—he is bribed. If he calls things by their proper names, he is unfit for the position of an editor. If he does not furnish his readers with jokes, he is a mule. If he does, he is a rattlehead—lacking stability. If he condemns the wrong, he is a fellow; but lacks distinction. If he lets wrongs and injuries go unmentioned, he is a coward. If he fails to uphold a public man, he does it to gratify spite—a tool of a clique or a party. If he "lets out" his indignities in personalities, he is a blackguard; if he does not, his paper is dull and inipid.

A man in Kansas was present at the funeral of a neighbor of whom no good could be honestly said. But everybody else was present, and he was wishing to appear singular, but being in capable of living quiet, remarked that it was "a nice, quiet corpse."

A minister in Linn county, Kansas, who received several sacks containing provisions during the famine year, made a pair of pants out of them, as he, as there was a famine in clothes as well as at tables. As he walked into the pulpit on the next Sunday, the congregation read on the "seat" of his homely, pantaloons, "Shipped by Pomeroy."

For fifteen years daily, at Stamford, Connecticut, a man has sat on a fence and watched every railroad train as it passed—*Lechman.*

He is probably trying to make up his mind if it would be safe to ride in the cars. Old fellow, you stick to that fence! If the top rail is sharp, turn it over or put a cushion on it. Fit up a smoking apartment on the next panel, if you like, and let a luxurious couple sit on the one to that. Bring out your baggage, take a check for it, and hang it on a post. Buy a ticket and punch it yourself. Ask yourself the distance to the next station, and get it read. Secure as your means will permit all the luxuries of railroad travel, but don't get off that fence to enjoy them. So shall you die a natural death, and an aged wife shall not expend the farm finding the life insurance companies over your old corpse. You're in the right of this thing, old rooster!

The Elder Sister.—There is no character in the home circle more useful and beautiful than a devoted elder sister who, in a quiet, unobtrusive way, sustains her mother, lightening all her cares and burdens. How beautifully the household machinery moves with such efficient help. How she presides at the table in mother's absence, always so neatly attended that it is with pride the father introduces her as "our oldest daughter."

Now she takes the little troop with her into the garden and amuses them, that mother may not be disturbed in her work or rest. Now she helps the boys over their hard lessons or reads father's paper aloud to rest his tired eyes. If mother can run away for a few days to recreation, she leaves home without anxiety, for Mary will guide the house wisely in her absence, an especial blessing. Her mother is next to mother's own in gentleness and skill. Her sweet music can charm away pain, and brighten the weariest hours.

There are elder sisters whose presence is such a blessing in the home. Their own selfish ends and aims are the main pursuit of life, and anything that stands in the way of these is regarded with great impatience. Her sweet music can charm away pain, and brighten the weariest hours.

Which kind of an elder sister are you to the household?—*Presbyterian.*

A learned clergyman in Maine was accosted in the following manner by an illiterate preacher who despised education: "Sir, you have been to college, I suppose?" "Yes, sir," was the reply. "I am thankful," replied the former, "that the Lord has opened my mouth without learning." "A similar event," replied the latter, took place in Balaam's time; but such things are of rare occurrence in the present day."

Brooks House.
JOHN FITZGERALD Proprietor
Main Street, Between 5th and 6th.

Highest Price Paid for Fat Cattle
Oct. 4—dwtf

City Meat Market.
Geo. Fickler,
MAIN STREET,
Plattsmouth, - Nebraska.

The best of Fresh Meats always on hand in their reason.

Notice.
I WILL furnish parties with stone for building purposes at reasonable rates, with my quarry of granite, on the east of Plattsmouth. The following granite can be had on short notice, and is used by the B. & M. R. R. in the construction of their stone work. All responsible orders promptly filled. Address: J. T. A. ROGERS, Plattsmouth, Mo.

Notice.
We have bought out H. D. Fox and now occupy his old stand on Main street, where we have a full stock of Groceries, and will sell very low for cash. All kinds of country produce in exchange for goods. BENNETT BROS. ap28dt.

Breaches of Promise in Japan.
The curious hold superstition has on the mind of the Japanese is well illustrated by the proceedings taken by a Japanese daimio when her lover proved false to his own. When the world is at rest, at two o'clock in the morning, the woman generally rises, and in her right white robe and high sandals or clogs. Her soil is a metal tripod, in which are thrust three lighted candles; around her neck she hangs a mirror, which falls upon her bosom; in her left hand she carries a small straw figure—the effigy of her faithless lover; and in her right she grasps a hammer and nails, with which she fastens the figure to one of the sacred trees that surround the shrine. Then she prays for the death of the traitor, vowing that if her petition be heard she will herself pull out the nails which now offend the god by wounding the mystic tree. Night after night she comes to the shrine, and each night she strikes in two or three nails, believing that every nail will shorten her lover's life; for the god, to save his tree, will surely strike him dead.

As a party of ladies were eating an outdoor lunch, in the vicinity of the White Mountains, were joined by a small, but sociable and lively bear. The ladies showed their delicate politeness, by surrendering the whole of the lunch to the new-comer.

We read in the *Stockton (Cal.) Herald*:—"During the delivery of her speech last night, Mrs. Laura de Force Gordon said: 'I am an American citizen, and over 21 years of age.' To this a crusty and probably disgusted Benedict cried out, 'You bet you are!' The effect was electrical."

CEDAR CREEK MILLS
In running order now.
Wanted 50000!!
bushels of Wheat. Satisfaction will be given to customers on reasonable terms. Flour, Corn meal, and Lumber, will be sold Cheap for Cash.

Come one, Come all, and give the Cedar Creek Mill a trial.
CHRISTIAN SCHLUNTZ
Proprietor.
Oct. 12th wly

For Sale.
FOR SALE OR RENT.
The property belonging to D. Marquet will be sold or rented on reasonable terms. The house contains 6 rooms. There is also a large cellar and a coal house, and other conveniences. Apply to T. M. MARQUET, Sept.

Professional Cards.
R. R. LIVINGSTON, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON—(formerly a military surgeon)—Office at the corner of Oak and Sixth streets; office on Main street, one door west of Union square, and other conveniences. Apply to T. M. MARQUET, Sept.

Dr. J. W. THOMAS.
Having permanently located at Weeping Water Falls, tenders his professional services to the citizens of Nebraska. Office at the corner of Main and Sixth streets. J. W. THOMAS, M. D.

HOMOPATHIC.
E. B. D. LA MONT, M. D. of Chicago, has sold his full stock of Homoeopathic remedies to Dr. Schickel, who will keep a full supply constantly on hand. July 26d'm.

FOX & WHEELER.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.—Special attention given to the settlement of estates, and Office in the Masonic Block, Main Street, Plattsmouth, Nebraska.

MAXWELL & CHAPMAN.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW and Solicitors
Plattsmouth, Nebraska. Office Fitzgerald's Block.

MARQUET & STRONG.
ATTORNEY AT LAW and Solicitor in Chancery. Agents for Railroad Lands Plattsmouth, Nebraska.

SMITH & DRAPER.
Attorneys at Law, and General Collecting Agency will practice in all courts of the State and western Iowa. Office over Clark & Sumner's store opposite the Brooks House.

H. E. PALMER,
General Insurance Agent and Notary Public. Life, Fire and Marine Insurance at reasonable rates in the most substantial Companies in the United States. Office front room over Post Office with T. M. Marquet. Plattsmouth, Nebraska, April 5th, d.w.

D. H. WHEELER, R. C. BENNETT
Real Estate and Tax Paying Office. Notary Public, Fire and Life Insurance Agents, Plattsmouth, Nebraska. Office 12d'tm.

HINTON BROS.,
CARPENTERS & JOINERS.—Are prepared to do work in good style, on short notice, and as cheap as the cheapest. Shop corner of Main and Fourth streets, opposite the Brooks House.

W. L. TUCKER,
CARPENTER AND JOINER, will do all kinds of work on short notice and at the lowest rates. Contracts for building made on reasonable terms. Shop one block north of Post Office. July 24d'tm.

PLATTSMOUTH MILLS.
C. HEISEL, Proprietor. Having recently been repaired and placed in thorough running order. 50,000