Nebraska Herald.

PLATTSMOUTH NEBRAKSA.,

THURSDAY, MAY 18, 1871.

Living Beyond their Means.

Bulwer says poverty is only an idea, in nine cases out of ten. Some men, with $10,000 a year, suffer more for want of means than others with $500. The reason is, the richer man has artificial wants. His income is $10,000 a year, and he suffers enough for being dunned for unpaid debts to kill a sensitive man.

A man who earns a dollar a day and does not go in debt, is the happier of the two. Very few people who have never been rich will believe this but it is true. There are thousands and thousands with princely incomes, who never knew a minute's peace, because they live beyond their means. There is really more happiness among the working men in the world than among those who are called rich.

Novel Premium.

A furrier in Portland, Oregon, offers a premium of a hundred dollar set of furs, to be awarded by a competent committee at the next fair in that State, to the lady who will exhibit at the next State fair the best three loaves of bread, to be made at three consecutive bakings, not less than one week apart, with receipt for making in her own hand writing; and also will state upon honor that her husband, father or brother has not complained of missing buttons on Sabbath mornings for the past year; and who shall be able to play "Old Hundred," and "Yankee Doodle" on the piano or organ, thus combining the useful and ornamental.

Smoking Cigars in Lent.

A correspondent of an Episcopal paper reads clergymen of that body a rattling lecture upon smoking during Lent, and in reading it, we are struck with the force and pertinency of his arguments, and regret they do not go one step farther and reproach clergymen for smoking at all. Smoking is one of the practices which, while we may wink at it in laymen, deserves the lash of rebuke in the case of clergymen, for that a consecrated minister of Christ should have his breath foul with tobacco smoke or his mouth distorted with a large sized quid is one of the most melancholy and affecting, as well as one of the commonest, sights in the world. How shall the people learn to give up indulgences under the ministrations of him who is a slave to one of the worst of sumptuary vices himself. We see but one step between the vice of smoking or chewing and the vice of drinking, and one of the causes, no doubt, of the immense increase of smokers, chewers and drinkers amongst the people is due to the growing habit in ministers, who smoke or chew tobacco with as little hesitation as a Hindoo eats Hasheesh.

Artemus Ward's Last.

The following is said to have been the last thing written by Artemus Ward:

Until quite recent I've been a healthy individual. I'm nearly sixty, and yet I've got a muscle into my arms which don't make my fist resemble the trade of a canary bird when they fly out and hit a man. Only a few weeks ago I was exhibiten' in East Showboygan, in a buildin' which had been formerly ockepied by a pugelist—one of the felleys what hits from the shoulder and teaches the manly art of self defence. And he cum and sed he was goin in free in consequence of previ'sly ockepying sed buildin' with a large yeller dog. He sed "Oh, yes;" I sed, "Oh, no." He sed, "Do you want to be ground up into powder?" I said, "Yes, I do, if there is a grindist handy," when he struck me a disgustin' blow in my left eye, which caused that concern to close at once for repairs; but he didn't hurt me any more. I went for him energeticaly. His parents lived near by, and I will simply state that fifteen minutes after I had gone for him, his mother, seein' the prostrate form of her son approaching the house onto the shutter, carried by four men, run out doors, keerfully looked him over and said, "My son you have been foolin' round a threshin' machee.. You went in at the end where they put in the grain in, and came out with the straw, got up in a thingumagig and let the horses trod on you, didn't you, my son? You can imagine by these what a disagreeable person I am when I'm angry."

Our Girls.

Nothing, perhaps, is more fashionable than idleness. We all agree, in theory at least, that the meaning of life is found in that little word—use; that the happiness of life is found in work; that to be idle is to be miscrable. Here, however, we must make a distinction.—This law is supposed to apply only to men. Men must have an occupation.—If a man is without one we at once begin to suspect he must have some evil designs upon society. The law adds to the punishment, if the culprit has "no visible means of support." That alone is a strong fact against him. Not only the law, but public sentiment demands that every man shall do something.—"He is an idler," disgraces a man almost beyond any other statement.

Now let us turn to the other side of the house. In America we have a million young women without the slightest pretence of occupation. They spend a portion of their time in visiting. Miss Blanche goes to New York in the winter, to spend three months with her very dear friend, Miss Nellie, who, in turn, comes to spend three months with Miss Blanche in the summer. This sort of exchange has become an immense system. Blanche and Nellie, with this arrangement, work off six months of the year, and, adding one or two other little affairs of a similar kind, they fill up the residue of the time with the dressmaker, piano practice, the theatre, working sickly-looking pink dogs in worsted, lying late in the morning, dressing three times a day, and reading a few novels. A million young women of the better (?) classes, in America, are training themselves for the future by these methods.

A single year of such life would half ruin a young man. His mind would become unsteady, his will weak and vascillating, his body soft and delicate. Add a "glove-fitting corset" to his wardrobe and in a few years he would be utterly unfit for husband, father, or citizen.

Can any one give us a physiological or metaphysical reason why girls should not suffer the same deterioration? Would you like direct proof that they do? Listen to the conversation of young women,—educated young ladies! Beax, bows, engagements, lovely, Charley bonnets, Gus, parties, splendid fellow, ribbons, trails, engaged, etc., etc., till midnight.

Watch them as they walk past this window. Does that look like the earnest pursuit of any objection in life? If so, they certainly won't catch it. Look at their bare arms—candle-dips, No. 8.

No "right" of women is so precious, so vital to their welfare, present and future, as the right to work. Even if a girl had no other object in life than to get a husband, no investment would pay like an occupation. It would give her independence and dignity. Margaret Fuller says:

"That the hand may be given with dignity, she must be able to stand alone."

—*Dr. Dio Lewis, "Our Girls."*

Broiled Lobster.

"Bridget, what did your mistress say she would have for dinner?" Broil the lobster!" "Are you sure, Bridget?"—"Entirely; get the gridiron." Mary got the gridiron and placed it on the fire.—She then placed the live lobster on the gridiron. Intermission of five minutes, after which the dialogue was resumed, as follows: "Did you broil the lobster, Mary? "Devil the broil! The more I poked the fire, the more he walked off. The baste's haunted; I'll try no more.—No good will come from cooking a straddle bug like that." "And where is the lobster?" "Devil know I. The last I saw of him he was going out the door with his tail at half mast, like wild maniac that he was."

Things Worth Forgetting.

It is almost frightful, and altogether humiliating, to think how much there is in the common on going of domestic and social life which deserves nothing but to be instantly and forever forgotten. Yet it is equally amazing how large a class seem to have no other business but to repeat and perpetrate these very things. That is the vocation of gossips—an order of society that perpetuates more mischief than all combined plagues of Egypt put together. You may have noticed how many speeches there are which become mischievious only by being heard a second time, and what an army of both sexes are sworn to see to it that the fatal repetition shall be had.

Blessed be that man or woman who can let drop all the burs and thistles, instead of picking them up and fastening them on the passengers! Would we only let the vexing and vicious saying die, how fast the lacerated and scandal ridden world would get healed and tranquilized!

The "Automatic Wonder Pen."

Is the name of a new English pen, in which, it is claimed, a fortnight's supply of ink can be carried. The ink is in a solid form, only a little moisture being required in use. Pens loaded with ink of several colors are made, and are used by being dipped in the fluid, as is usual with the ordinary pen and ink.

There is a sacredness in tears. They are the messages of overwhelming grief, of deep contrition and unspeakable love.

The Ohio Legislature has refused to pass a bill making ten per cent. the legal rate of interest.

Shakspeare's birthday was be celebrated on the 23d of April by a literary dinner party in the poet's house at Stratford-on-Avon.

Crocodile custard is said to be a favorable beverage of New Orleans negroes. It is composed of St. Croix rum, sweet oil, and peppermint.

A minister not long ago preached from the text, "Be ye therefore steadfast," but the printer made him expound, "Be ye there for breakfast!"

An eminent oculist asserts that Americans, like Germans, will soon become a spectacled nation, unless they quit reading by defective lights, or when on the railroad.

The earth is said to be growing smaller. In two thousand millions of years it will be as small as Rhode Island, where they are unable to shoot woodcock with the finest of bird-shot, for fear of shooting into some other State.

Jim Fisk uses up a scrap book a week of newspaper testimonials. He puts in everything good, bad and indifferent, praise and blame, and says they will all help materially when he comes to write his autobiography.

Mississippi papers report that a Connecticut man has presented a claim against their State, for $6,000, for arms, accoutrements, &c., alleged to have been furnished in 1861.

A king and some noblemen were once going out for an early morning's ride. Waiting a few moments for Lord Dartmouth, one of the party rebuked him for his tardiness. "I have learned to wait upon the King of kings before I wait upon my earthly sovereign," was the calm reply.

An unsophisticated gentleman (says a Troy, N. Y., paper) lately called at the Troy gas works with a large stone jug for the purpose of having it filled with gas to take home, some seven miles in the country, to burn in a kerosene oil lamp. He said he had "seen the darned thing burned in the stores about yer, and it made a mighty good light."

Many persons have wondered why horse chestnuts, horse radish, &c., are so called. A Scotch work, entitled "Etymons of English words," says that the original word was "harsh"—harsh chestnuts, harsh radish, &c.,—and that the French and Swedes translated it into "horse," hence the common error.

The first weeping willow in England was planted by Pepe the poet. Having received a present of some figs from Turkey, and observing a twig in the basket ready to bud, he planted in his garden, and it soon became a fine tree. From this stock all the weeping willows of England and America originated.

A Connecticut lawyer, who wished to cross the river on the ice, was told that it would be entirely safe to make the attempt if he crawled over on his hands and knees. Anxious to go, he humbled himself accordingly, and had laboriously got half way across, when he was overtaken by a man driving along leisurely in a buggy. The rapidity with which he assumed an upright position was startling to the driver.

Always telling your poor neighbors how well off you used to be where you came from, and how your husband used to give you his purse and let you have full swing, and then have an old neighbor come in, and say, 'why, lah, me, Jenny you look so much better than you did when you used to do house work for the old woman while Sammy split wood for me."

Andrew Fletcher of Saltoun immortalized his name with two utterances.—He it was that first said, "give me the making of a nation's songs, and I care not who makes its laws." And when it was proposed to him to take the oath of allegiance to the British Government, the Scottish patriot, who never accepted the union of the two kingdoms, responded, "I would die to serve my country, but I would not do an ignoble action to save it."

A clergyman was once endeavoring to get a subscription in aid of some charitable institution, out of a close fisted parishioner, who attempted to excuse himself, on the ground that he already owed a great deal of money. "But," said the minister, "you owe God a larger debt than you do any one else." "That is so, parson; but then he ain't pushing me like the balance of my creditors."

A lady residing in a German city which is heavily taxed by the war, writes to her friends that the cost of living is so much increased in consequence that she has to pay 65 cents for a pair of white kid gloves "with two buttons;" that a new silk bonnet costs a dollar in gold; a cab for two persons to the opera and back, 37 cents; and washing is charged for at the extravagant rate of twelve cents a dozen pieces.

Some thirty newspapers are started every week in the Union. Their average age at the time of death is about half that of the human race. By far the greater portion die in infancy, about the time of teething; some go buoyantly along for a while, and then are suddenly cut off, as it were, in the prime of life; others—a few others, reach a ripe old age, and go down at last full of dishonors to a newspaporial grave. But few reach the three score and ten, perhaps not twenty in the United States. A very, very few, seem to renew their youth, and number their years by centuries, but perhaps the average life of these children of the brain does not exceed a twelve-month.

Not long since our friend Brown was on a visit to Lookout Mountain, Georgia, and was much struck with a fine jet of water which was thrown above the top of the eminence on which the hotel stands. Walking around the jet admiringly, he accosted a plain countryman with:

"My friend, is this water forced up by a ram?" meaning, of course, a hydraulic contrivance so named.

"A ram!" exclaimed the countryman.

"Yes, a ram' I said."

"What on airth—no, sir. It's a darned big mule! and it's tremendous hard work for him! Come here, and I will show him to you."

Brown saw the mule and left.

A gentleman recently became ill of pneumonia in Washington. His physician, a gentleman of great attainments and fame, resided in New York, and the sick man was anxious that he should be consulted. A telegram wire was taken into the invalid's room, and the New York doctor being summoned to the telegraph office there, the Washington physician attending the patient informed him of the state of the case, and even enabled him to feel the patient's pulse by causing the wire to vibrate as the pulse did (The doctor kept one hand on the sick man's pulse and the other on the telegraph key, so every beat was transmitted.) The case being thoroughly diagnosed in New York, the necessary prescriptions were sent thence to Washington. The attack, though violent, soon yielded to the treatment, and the patient is now convalescent.

Fillmore County Correspondence.

[From the Lincoln Journal.]

FILLMORE CO., Neb., April 27, '71.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—I have been mortified and indignant, since coming to Nebraska, more than once, that emigrants should know so little of the excellence, beauty and fertility of Southern Nebraska, and know so much of Kansas and other States west of the Missouri. Many emigrants, when you speak to them of the productiveness of Nebraska, say they never knew that anything could be raised in Nebraska before, for they had always supposed it to be wholly in the American desert. Why should so much ignorance prevail in regard to a State the southern half of which is unsurpassed as an agricultural and stock raising country by any other portion of our whole country, simply because she has not been advertised so extensively as she should be. Thousands every year go to some other State because they do not know much about Nebraska. Now a system of advertising (such as is kept up by some other States, and spread all over our country and Europe), would induce thousands to come to Nebraska, who for the want of information go some where else. Since coming to Nebraska to build myself a home, I have felt that what was her prosperity was my own, for in her my children must be educated, and quite likely she will be their home when they come to the years of maturity.

Acting upon this feeling I have done what I could the past winter, by newspaper articles and private correspondence, to induce immigration here—Thinking perhaps I might do more, I commenced this article for the *Journal*, and if after your personal perusal you think it has sufficient merit for insertion in your paper you will publish it. And its publication will commence one of a series of communications in regard to the beauty, fertility and resources of Nebraska, the youngest State in the American Union. Nebraska was admitted into the Union in 1867, four years ago this spring. Its progress in population and prosperity has been rapid and substantial, but not so great, I think, as it would have been, had knowledge of her been more disseminated. The beauties of Nebraska can be numbered by hundreds, but her chief beauty lies in her rich, deep soil inexhaustible if cultivated well. To speak within bounds the soil on the upland is from twelve to sixteen inches deep, though on my homestead in Fillmore county, I find it much deeper, at least 18 inches. Along the streams it is from eight to twenty feet deep. The land in this State is of three sorts, bottom, prairie, and table lands. Bottom lands have been thoroughly tested as to productiveness, for along the streams as in nearly all countries, it is settled up first. The uplands have not been well settled as to their productive qualities. The statistics, however, of the uplands, if they could be had separate from the yields of all the lands in the State, I believe would show that the upland crops are as good for a crop, one year with another for a succession of years as the bottom lands. That the bottom lands are more of an alkaline nature than the uplands, I think will not be called in question.—And this alkali is another of the beauties of Nebraska soil, as it exists in so small a quantity that it does no injury and will eventually disappear altogether, at least I have been told by farmers in different portions of the State, that it decreases by cultivation. In my next article I will speak of the lands along the line of the B & M. R. R. west of the Big Blue river, through Saline and Fillmore counties. I want to see these beautiful lands both government and railroads, taken by men who will improve them; and I regret very much that my circumstances in a pecuniary point, will not admit of my going over these lands at my leisure, and gleaning facts in regard to them, that would have a stronger tendency to induce immigration than any facts I am in possession of now. In conclusion of this article I will say to those who are contemplating a move west, that Nebraska with her fifty million of acres of arable land, her deep, rich soil, unsurpassed in fertility by any State, will for all you invest give back to you in a few years, if you are industrious and economical, a hundred fold.

Yours, &c., GEO. HARROWS.

Another novelty is about to offer itself in the shape of a cheap European trip on a grand scale. The steamer Great Eastern will arrive in this country in May, it is said, prepared to take passengers on a trip to London for twenty-five dollars a head. The steamer will be occupied during the summer and fall in making these economic pleasure trips.

When any one was speaking ill of another in the presence of Peter the Great he at first listened to him attentively, and then interrupted him: "Is there not," said he "a fair side also to the character of the person of whom you were speaking? Come tell me what good qualities you have remarked about him."

Attachment Notice

Mrs. J. B. Wiseman, vs. Michael Murphy, before A. L. Child, Probate Judge in and for Cass county.

ON the 24th day of April A. D. 1871 said justice issued an order of attachment in the above action for the sum of $30.

MRS. J. B. WISEMAN, By her Atty.
MARQUETT & STRONG. may11w3*

Notice.

Is hereby given that all persons who have made improvements on the School lands of this county since the 21st day of June A. D. 1870, can have such improvement appraised by notifying the county clerk on the same on or before the 15th day of June A. D. 1871.

By order of the county Commissioners.
J. M. BEARDSLEY, Deputy Clerk.
may11w5 Cass county Neb.

Public Sale of School Lands.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to an Act of the Legislature of Nebraska entitled an act "To provide for the Registry of School lands for the control and disposition thereof and for the safe keeping of the funds derived from the sale and lease of said lands which said act was approved June 24th A. D. 1867, and also in accordance with a subsequent amendment to said act approved February 15th A. D 1869, I will on Saturday the 24th day of June next, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M. at the front door of the Court House in Plattsmouth city Cass county Nebraska, offer for sale at Public auction to the highest bidder all the remaining School lands in said county, continuing said sale from day to day until all said lands shall have been offered.

In witness whereof I have unto set my hand and affixed the seal of said county at Plattsmouth, This 8th day of May A. D. 1871.

(SEAL) ISAAC POLLARD, County Clerk.
By J. M. BEARDSLEY Deputy. may11w7.

Legal Notice.

To Sanford Pottenger, N. B. Branner & H. E. Hills

You are hereby notified that on the 17th day of April 1871, Eliza E King by her next friend C. H. King, filed her petition in the office of the clerk of the district court of the 2d Judicial district in and for Cass county, Nebraska, on her own behalf and on behalf of the other heirs of the estate of George Mayfield, deceased claiming that they are the owners and in possession of the north half of south west quarter of the south half of the north-west quarter of section twenty-four in township twelve north of range eleven east and praying that all the right title and interest of said defendants in and to said tracts of land may be decreed to be conveyed to the heirs of said estate and the title to said tracts of land free from all clouds and incumberances may be quieted and confirmed in the heirs of said estate. You are required to answer said petition on or before the 5th day of June, 1871

ELIZA E. KING
By her next friend C. H. King.
MAXWELL & CHAPMAN, Atty's. for Plaintiff
April 20th, 1871—w 5t

Sheriff's Sale.

William Stevens, vs. Henry H. Pettit. } Execution.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Sheriff of the county of Cass, will by virtue of an Execution issued by the Clerk of the District Court of said county against William Stevens, and to him directed, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1871, at what is known as the William Stevens farm in Oreapolis Precinct Cass County, Nebraska, offer for sale at public auction, the following goods and chattels, to-wit:

One Crib of Corn containing about two hundred and fifty bushels. Taken on said execution as the property of the said William Stevens. Given under my hand this 8th day of May A. D. 1871.

J. W. JOHNSON,
Sheriff Cass Co. Nebraska.
may 8d10t.

Sheriff's Sale.

John W. Barnes, vs. Platte Saunders. } Order of Sale.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will offer for Sale at public auction for cash down at the front door of the court house in Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, on the 12th day of June A. D 1871, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day the following described real estate, to-wit: Lot number three (3) in block number fifty-seven, situated in the city of Plattsmouth Nebraska, and lot number six (6) in block number six (6), in Thom son's Addition to the said city of Plattsmouth, Nebraska. Sold as the property of Platte Saunders, to satisfy a judgement in favor of J. W. Barnes, by virtue and authority of a decree rendered at the November term A. D 1. 70, of the District Court of the second Judicial District within and for Cass county, Nebraska and on the 10th day of November 1870. Given under my hand this 11th day of May, A. D. 1871.

J. W. JOHNSON, Sheriff
Cass county, Nebraska.
MAXWELL & CHAPMAN, Plff's, Atty's.
May 11th, 1871, w5w

Probate Notice.

All parties having claims against the estate Geo. W. McGee, are hereby notified that unless said claims are filed in the Probate Court of Cass county, on or before the 1st day of November A. D. 1871, said claims will be forever barred.

A. L. CHILD, Probate Judge.
May 6th, 1871.
may11w4t.

Sheriff's Sale.

R. B. Windham, vs. L. J. Keeney & A. H. Buck. } Attachment,

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a *Venditioni Exponeas* in the above entitled cause issued out of and under the seal of the clerk of the District Court of the 2d Judicial District, within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed. I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Plattsmouth, county and State aforesaid, on Saturday the 20th day of May, 1871, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, all the right title and interest of the above named L. J. Keeney in and to the following described real estate, to-wit: The undivided one-half (½) of lot 1) one in Block (4) four, in the city of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska Given under my hand this 18th day of April, A. D. 1871.

J. W. JOHNSON, Sh'ff.
Cass county, Nebraska.
MAXWELL & CHAPMAN, Atty's. for Pliff.
April 20th, 1871—w 5t.

Ordinance No 84

An Ordinance to ascertain the financial condition of the City of Plattsmouth.

Be it Ordained by the Mayor and City Council of the city of Plattsmouth.

SEC. 1. That all the city orders that have heretofore been drawn on the city Treasury of the city of Plattsmouth, and all writings as evidences of indebtedness against the said city if not presented to the Treasurer of said city within two months from the date of this Ordinance, and endorsed by said Treasurer as "correct," the holders of the same shall be forever barred from collecting the same.

SEC. 2 And be it further Ordained that an action on said orders or evidences of indebtedness can only be commenced upon those orders which have been so endorsed after the expiration of two months from the passage of this ordinance, and it shall be unlawful for the Treasurer of this city to pay any orders or evidences of indebtedness drawn upon the Treasurer after the expiration of two months from the passage of this Ordinance unless the same has been endorsed as herein provided.

SEC. 3. Be it further ordained that when any person shall present an order as aforesaid to the city Treasurer it shall be his duty as such Treasurer if he is satisfied that he same has been fairly obtained and has never been paid, to endorse the same as "correct" and keep a record of the date, number, amount and to whom drawn, provided that said order shall be presented to said Treasurer within two months from the passage of this Act.

SEC. 4. This Ordinance to take effect and be in force from and after its publication according to law.

Passed and approved April 26th 1871.

M. L. WHITE, Mayor.
Attest:—R. H. VANATTA,
City Clerk.
ap29w2

Legal Notice.

To Hanes Clausen, non-resident, defendant you are hereby notified that on the 6th day of April, 1871, Lake Miskella commenced a civil action against you before A. L. Chid, Probate Judge in and for Cass county, Nebraska to recover from you the sum of $50 00 and interest due on a promesory note; that an Order of Attachment has been issued in said action and levied on one Soda Water Machine and fixtures and bottles. You are required to file any set-off defense or other answer you may have, on the 25th day of May, A. D. 1871, at 9 o'clock a. m.

LUKE MISKELLA, Plaintiff.
By WILLITT POTTENGER his Attorney.
Dated April 18th, 1871—may11w3t.

Estray Notice.

Taken up by the subscriber in Avoca precinct on or about the 20th of April A. D. 1871, one sorrel mare, supposed to be three years old, one sorrel horse supposed to be three years old, left hind foot white and white strips in face. No other brands perceptable.

Plattsmouth, April 28th, 1871,
apr29w5t. WM. ALTAFFER.

NOTICE.

I WILL furnish parties with stone for building purposes at reasonable rates, at my quarry or deliver on the cars at Louisville station. The following kinds can be had on short notice, sills, caps, perch rock, lime or rod sand stone such as was used by the B. & M. R. R. in the construction of their stone work. All responsible orders promptly filled. Address

J. T. A. HOOVER
adawtf Louisville Station.

E. T. DUKE. D. H. WHEELER.

E. T. DUKE & CO.,

AT FOOT OF MAIN STREET,

Wholesale & Retail Dealers in

Hardware and Cutlery, Stoves,

TINWARE, ROPE,

IRON, STEEL NAILS AND

Blacksmith Tools, &c.

Keep on hand a Large Stock of

HARTER OAK.

BUCKS PATENT,

CHICAGO, EMPORIA,

LOYAL COOK

And Other First-Class Cooking

STOVES.

All kinds of Heating Stoves.

Coal or Wood kept on hand.

JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS DONE.

—MOLINE—

Stiring and Breaking Plows

At Net Cos. for Cash.

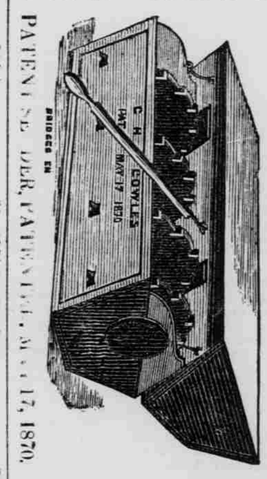
Our prices are as low as any house in the State. [jan26tf.

FRAMERS

LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS

AND BUY

THE BEST!



IMPLEMENTS

WHICH YOU WILL ALWAYS FIND AT

RUSSELL & DOOM'S,

West End Main street, - Plattsmouth, Neb.

All Implements

WARRANTED!!

THEY SELL

THE CELEBRATEB

Weir Corn Plow,
I X L and Champion Corn Plow,
Grand DeTour Breaking Plow,
Princeton Iron Beam Stubble Plow,
A. P. Dickey Fan Mills,
Eureka & Weir cultivator seeder
I X L Stalk Cutters,
Threashing Machines,
Reapers and Mowers, Seeders

Of the best kind and qualities. Call on or address, RUSSELL & DOOM.
Plattsmouth, Neb. march 9d1w wtf.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

AND

F. J. METTEER

Sells the Best and Latest Improved style of

Farm Implements.

COMPRISING the celebrated Champion Reaper and Mower, Russelle Reaper and Mower, Massillon Thresher, and the world renowned Marsh Harvester, and Milburn Wagon Moline Corn Planter, Enterprize Cultivator, Riding and Walking combined, also the Eagle Walking cultivator, Stubble and Breaking Flows.

A. C. Mayfield and Charles Viall, traveling agents.

F. J. METTEER.
Plattsmouth Neb. march 29-4wtf.

FOR SALE.—8¾ acres of land adjoining Plattsmouth. Enquire of
Sept8 S. DUKE.

S, BLOOM & CO.,

BOYS AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes,

BLANKETS, RUBBER GOODS, TRUNKS, VALISES, E C.

ain Street Second Door East of the Court House - - - - Plattsmouth, Nebra

RANCH HOUSE—Broadway, Council Bluffs Iowa.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

1870. 1870. 1870.

D. SCHNASSE. F. D. LENHOFF.

GREAT RUSH! LARGE CROWDS!!

Everybody, and more too, are going to:

D. SCHNASSE & CO,

To buy their

Falland winter Goods

—AT THE—

NEW YORK STORE.

The best and most complete

STOCK OF DRESS GOODS.

Are now on exhibition at the New York Store, at greatly reduced prices. We call particular attention to our new styles of

DRESS-GOODS, PRINTS,
DELAINS, GINGHAMS,
BROWN SHEETING,
BLEACHED COTTONS,
BALMORALS, CARPETS,
CLARK'S NEW THREAD,
COTTON YARNS, BOOTS AND SHOE

of all kinds and prices to suit our numerous customers. A large stock of GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
WOODEN-WARE,
GLASSWARE,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
HATS AND CAPS,

We Sell at Cost Now the Celebrated GARDEN CITY CLIPPER PLOW, STUBBLE and BREAKING PLOWS, and all kinds of CULTIVATORS, REAPERS, SEEDERS, HAY RAKES, &C

Plattsmouth September 10th, 1870. tf. D. SCHNASSE & CO.

J. D SIMPSON & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission Merchants

AND DEALERS IN GRAIN.

Agents for the Omaha and St. Louis "O" Line Packets.

Plattsmouth, Neb.

We are now occupying the first floor of the HERALD Block, Corner Main & Second st. We are doing

Forwarding and Commission Business,

Ware House attached, we can furnish all the storage wanted.

All goods sent in our care will receive

PROMPT ATTENTION,

and goods distined for Lincoln, Ashland and the Blue River, will be forwarded without delay

CALL AND SEE US.

er8d&wtf.

H ROBERTSON

Wholesale Dealer sin

WINES, LIQUORS AND BRANDIES.

DOUBLE ANCHOR WHISKIES, &c.

Best quality of Cigars and Tobacco always on hand

All orders promptly attended to.

AIN STREET, ONE DOOR WEST OF THE RAILROAD TICKET OFFICE

WILLIAM STADELMANN.

CLOTHIER.

South Side Main Street - - Number 9.

PLATTSMOUTH, CaSS CO., NEB.

BOOTS & SHOES

R. H. Van Arman.

South Side Main, Bet. Second and Third

Keeps the best French Stock, and warrants eat fit.

Those desiring work done in this line will giv us a call, and get the best quality of work.

ALL ORDERS

PROMPTLY FILLED

Farmers

Visiting Plattsmouth,

WILL FIND GOOD STBLIN ACCOmm DATION AT TH

Farmer's Feed Stable

Corner of Sixth and Vine Streets One Block, North of the Presbyterian Church, Plattsmouth Nebraska.

BATES & DeGARMO

WARNER'S

Pile Remedy.

Warner's Pile remedy has never failed (not even in one case) to cure the very worst cases of Blind Itching or Bleeding piles. Those who are afflicted should immediately call on their druggists and get Warner's Pile Remedy. It is expressly for the Piles, and is not recommended to cure any other disease. It has cured many cases of over thirty years standing. Price One Dollar. For sale by druggists everywhere.

Dyspepsia.

Warner's Dyspepsia Tonic is prepared expressly for Dyspeptics and those suffering with habitual Costiveness. It is a slight stimulating tonic and a splendid appetizer; it strengthens the stomach and restores the digestive organs to their healthy state. Weak, nervous and dyspeptic persons should use Warner's Dyspepsia Tonic. For sale by druggists. price one Dollar.

Cough No More.

Warner's Cough Balsam is healing, softening and expectorating. The extraordinary power it possesses in immediately releiving, and eventually curing, the most obstinate cases of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Catarrh, hoarseness, Asthma and Consumption is almost incredible. So prompt is the relief and certain its effects in all the above cases, or any affection of the throat and lungs, that thousands of physicians are daily prescribing it, and one and all say that it is the most healing and expectorating medicine known. One dose always affords relief, and in most cases one bottle effects a cure. Sold by druggists, in large bottles, Price One Dollar. It is your own fault if you still cough and suffer. The Balsam will cure.

Wine of Life.

The great Blood Purifier and Delicious Drink Warner's Vinum Vitæ, or Wine of Life, is free from any poisonous drugs or impurities, being prepared for those who require a stimulant. It is a splendid appetizer and tonic, and the finest thing in the world for purifying the blood. It is the most pleasant and delicious article ever offered to the public, far superior to brandy whisky, wine, bitters, or any other article. It is more healthy, and cheaper. Both male and female, young or old, can take the Wine of Life, it is, in fact, a life preserver. Those who wish to enjoy good health and a free flow of lively spirits, will do well to take the Wine of Life. It is different from anything ever before in use. It is sold by druggists; also at all respectable saloons. Price One Dollar, in quart bottles.

Sold By
J. M. HINCHMAN, & CO.
Plattsmouth, Nebraska.

J. H. BUTTERY

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGIST.

receiving and has on hand (at the stand of White & Buttery's)

South side Main Street, Plattsmouth, Neb.,

THE LARGEST AND

Most Complete

Stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Chemicals Lead, Varnish, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, Machine Oil, Gargling Oil, Castor Oil, Neatsfoot Oil, Whale Oil, Linseed Oil, Lard Oil, Essential Oil, Cod Liver Oil, and a large variety of Notions, Perfumery, Fancy and Toilet Article, Essences, Flavoring extracts and all

PATENT MEDICINES

Such as Jayne's Coal's, Ayers', Scoville's, Hall's Christie's, McLain's, Morse's, Baker's, Wistar's, Wright's, Wakefield, Guysott's, Perry Davis' Roback's, Petitt's, Mrs. Winslow's Dr. Winchell's, Hostetter's, Drake's Wallace's, West's and of the most popular Patent Medicines in use at the present day.

Brandies Wines and Whiskie

Of the Best Grades and qualities, strictly for Medical purposes.

COMESTIC DYES,

Red or Rose, Green, Blue, Black, Analine, Indigo, Madder, Extract Logwood, Dry Woods, &c. In fact everything that is needed in the drug or Medical line.

Physicians' Perscriptions

arefully compounded and put up at all hour All Drugs warrented fresh and pure. Call before buying, and see what I have to sell.
Plattsmouth Feb. 25th.d&wtf.

NEBRASKA GROWN

FRUIT TREES

FURNAS

NURSERIES!!

BROWNVILLE, NEB.

Furnas Sons & Co.

PROPRIETORS.

200,000 Apple Trees

GROWN in Nebraska soil on high upland prairie, without artificially stimulants, especially for Nebraska market. Also Peach, Pear, Cherry, Plum, Raspberry, Roses, and Flowering Shrubs,

For Catalogue and particulars, address

FURNAS SONS & CO.,
Box 35, BROWNVILLE,
Feb. 2d—d&w2m. NEBRASKA.

JOHN SCHLATER

(Successor to R. Walther)

Harnessmaker,

and dealer in

ARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, HALTERS

Whips, Brushes, &c., &c.

Repairing done substantially and with dispatch.

Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. Fourth Street, north of Platte Valley House, adjoining Matthews & Donnelly's Hardware Store. Septlowtf

CITY BAKERY AND

confectionary

WE have opened to-day a Bakery and Confectionary on Sixth Street, one door north of Fitzgerald's Block, where we are prepared to furnish any amount of

Fresh Bread, Pies, Cakes &c.

Fancy Baking done for Parties whenever desired.

March 13d&w1m. DANY & BRO.