Sheriff's Sale.

Order of Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I will offer at public auction, at the front door of the Court House in Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, on Monday, the 26th day of [illegible], at one o'clock, P. M., of said day, the following described real estate, to-wit: A certain frame house one and one-half stories high, situate on the south-west quarter of section 20, town-[illegible] No. 12, range No. 11, and two acres of land in the center of which said house is situated, taken as the property of Enos French, on an execution in favor of John Ballantine, William Ballantine and Geo. T. McKay, issued by the Clerk of the District Court of the county of Cass and to me directed as sheriff of said county.

Dated August 24th, A. D., 1870.

J. W. JOHNSON, Sh'ff. Cass Co. Neb.

CHAPMAN & RICHARDSON, Att'y's. for Plff's

aug25w5.

Legal Notice.

In District Court 2d Judicial District, within and for Cass County, Nebraska.

John W. Barnes, Plff., vs. Platte Saunders, Deft.

To Platte Saunders, non resident, defendant: You are hereby notified that John W. Barnes, plaintiff, has filed his petition in the District Court, 2d Judicial District, within and for Cass county, Nebraska, in which he claims a judgment against you, as defendant, for the sum of [illegible] which sum of money plaintiff claims was obtained by defendant through fraud and misrepresentation, on which defendant induced plaintiff to buy lot 15 in block 29 in Junction [illegible] Mills county, Iowa, for the sum of $100, [illegible] defendant had already sold said property to another party.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 20th day of October, 1870.

JOHN W. BARNES,

By MAXWELL & CHAPMAN, his Attorneys.

Legal Notice.

In District Court 2d Judicial District, within and for Cass county, Nebraska.

Perry Walker, Plff., vs. Geneva J. McCord, Ida McCord, Mary McCord, William E. McCord & David A. McCord, Defts.

Geneva J. McCord, Ida McCord, Mary McCord, William E. McCord and David A. McCord, non-resident defendants, you are hereby notified that Perry Walker filed his petition on the [illegible] of August, A. D. 1870, in the office of the Clerk of the District Court, within and for Cass county, the object and prayer of which is to correct and reform a deed executed by William [illegible] and Sarah J. Fairbanks, on or about the [illegible] day of November 1860, in which deed the said [illegible] intended to convey the S. E. ¼ of the [illegible] of section No. one (1) in township No. eleven (11) N., Range No. thirteen (13), east of the 6th P. M. in Cass county, Nebraska, [illegible] the S E ¼ of the S E ¼ of said [illegible] in said deed; and praying [illegible] may be reformed so as to express [illegible] of said parties, and that plaintiff's [illegible] of the N E ¼ of section one [illegible] eleven (11) north, range thirteen [illegible] Cass county, Nebraska, may be quieted [illegible] plaintiff and that the cloud [illegible] plaintiff's title to said tract of land [illegible] deed may be removed.

PERRY WALKER, By MAXWELL & CHAPMAN, Plff's Atty's.

Legal Notice.

In the District Court, 2d Judicial District, within and for Cass county, Nebraska.

[illegible] J. Young, non-resident, Defendant. [illegible] that you are sued in the District Court, 2d Judicial District, within and for Cass county, Nebraska, on the 15th day of September, 1870, by Josiah H. Young, that the object and prayer of the petition filed in said case is to obtain a divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between you and said Plaintiff, Josiah H. Young. You are required to answer said petition on or before the 27th day of October, 1870.

MAXWELL & CHAPMAN, Attorneys for Josiah H. Young.

Sheriff's Sale.

[illegible] Order of Sale.

[illegible] that I will offer for sale [illegible] at the front door of the Court House in Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, on Monday, October 17th, A. D. 1870, at 2 o'clock [illegible] of said day, the following real estate, to-wit: Lot number [illegible] in block number forty-[illegible] in the city of Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, as designated upon the recorded plats [illegible] in pursuance of a decretal order of the District Court of the 2d Judicial District, within and for Cass county, Nebraska, rendered [illegible] term, A. D. 1870, and on [illegible] day of July, A. D. 1870 to me directed [illegible] Cass county.

[illegible] this 14th day of September, A. D. 1870.

J. W. JOHNSON, Sh'ff. Cass County Nebraska.

[illegible] CHAPMAN, Att'ys for Plaintiff.

Legal Notice.

To Ann Fuller, Malissa Cleveland and Hema Dodge, non resident defendants and heirs at law of Althea C. Philips, deceased, and the [illegible] of William M. Dodge, Nerissa [illegible] deceased, [illegible] and heirs at law of [illegible] Philips deceased; You are hereby notified that Jacob L. Philips has filed his petition in the District Court, 2d Judicial District, within and for Cass county, Nebraska, setting forth that Jacob L. Philips has the [illegible] and is the owner of lots number [illegible] township 12 and range [illegible] in section 18, [illegible] in Cass county, Nebraska. That the legal title to said tracts of [illegible] his wife, Althea C. Philips. That said Althea C. Philips departed this life [illegible] day of March, 1868, that prior to her death, to-wit: During the month of March, [illegible] she executed her last will and testament to [illegible] devised and bequeathed unto Jacob [illegible] the above described lots and tracts of [illegible] together with certain real estate in Mills county, Iowa, and that said will has been lost, praying that said Jacob L. Philips may be [illegible] to be the owner of said lands in Cass county, Nebraska, and that the same may be [illegible] and that said will may be [illegible] and confirmed and for such other [illegible] relief as in the nature of the case [illegible] is entitled to.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 31st day of October, A. D. 1870.

JACOB L. PHILIPS.

By MAXWELL & CHAPMAN, his Attorneys.

J. W. SHANNON'S
FEED, SALE AND
LIVERY STABLE,

MAIN STREET, PLATTSMOUTH, NEB.

I am prepared to accommodate the public with

Horses, Carriages, Buggies and A No. 1 Hearse on short notice and reasonable terms. A Hack will run to the steamboat landing, and to all parts of the city when desired.

Tootle, Hanna & Clark,

BANKERS

DEALERS IN

Gold and Silver Coin, EXCHANGE, U.S. and other Stocks.

Drafts drawn on all parts of the United States and Europe. Deposits received, and special attention given to collections.

Plattsmouth, Neb.

Farmers

VISITING PLATTSMOUTH WILL FIND GOOD STABLIN ACCOMMODATION AT TH

Farmer's Feed Stable

Corner of Sixth and Vine Street. One Block North of the Presbyterian Church, Plattsmouth, Nebraska.

BATES & DeGARMO.

NAOMI INSTUTE,

Rock Bluffs, Neb.

FALL TERM COMMENCES

Tuesday, September 13,

Pupils of either sex will receive thorough and systematic instruction here. Particular attention paid to Primary scholars.

School books furnished free of cost to all pupils.

GOOD BOARDING CAN BE OBTAINED AT REASONABLE RATES.

For terms and particulars address

J. D. PATTERSON, Principal.

H. ROBERTSON,

Wholesale Dealer in

Wines, Liquors & Brandies

DOUBLE ANCHOR WHISKIES, &c.

Best quality of Cigars and Tobacco always on hand.

All orders promptly attended to.

MAIN STREET, ONE DOOR WEST OF THE RAILROAD TICKET OFFICE.

The "SUNNY SIDE" has been removed to the rear of [illegible]

THE OLD RELIABLE

Heaviest Stock of Goods in the West!

No Rent and no Interest on Borrowed Capital to be Made off Customers!

OLDEST ESTABLISHED HOUSE IN THE CITY.

E. G. DOVEY

North side of Main Street, between Second and Third, takes pleasure in announcing to

FARMERS AND MECHANICS

that he has the largest and best selected stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions,

NOTIONS &C., &C.,

ever brought to the city of Plattsmouth.

TO THE TRADE

He would say that he can fill orders as cheap as any house west of Chicago. He buys

Direct From Manufacturers,

and has no middlemen's profits to add to his goods. He does business on OWN CAPITAL and in his own building, consequently he can give his customers the prices of rents and interest on investment in the way of

LOW PRICES!

CALL AND EXAMINE GOODS,

It will cost you nothing to look at them, whether you buy or not. By examining the prices [illegible] "Reliable" you will be able to tell wh[illegible] other parties endeavor to swindle you.

C. and P.

We Call The Attention of the Public to Our Stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries. Queensware, Notions

Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps.

That we are just receiving. We buy our goods as low as they can be had in the market for CASH and will aim by low prices, fair dealing and good goods to please all who will favor us with a call.

Clark & Plummer.

HARDWARE,

STOVE AND TIN STORE

E. T. DUKE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail dealers in

Hardware and Agricultural Implements,

STOVES, TIN, SHEET IRON, BRASS,

JAPANED & STAMPED WARE,

STEEL PLOWS

Of all kinds and sizes, which we warrant the best in the market.

JOB WORK!

Are exclusive Agents in this county for the sale of

Stewart's Celebrated Combination Coal or Wood Cook Stove

Give us a call—we will not be undersold—Main street, next door east of the Masonic Block

PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA

EAST.

The Burlington & Missouri River Rail Road,

In connection with the

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R.

Offer to the people of Plattsmouth, and all that portion of Nebraska lying

SOUTH OF THE PLATTE,

the most direct, and the best Route to the Eastern, South Eastern, and Northern States. Passengers desiring to travel luxuriously should take the Atlantic Express, which runs through to Chicago without change of Cars, equipped with elegant Day Coaches, Pullman's Palace Day and Sleeping Coaches, and

Pullman's Dining Cars.

In addition to the fact that this is the direct route by which time may be saved in reaching any point in the Eastern or Middle States, it may truthfully be said that it possesses the best track and the finest equipment of any Western Line, ensuring to the passenger

Speed, Safety and Comfort.

Rates always as LOW as the LOWEST. Baggage checked through to any point East.

C. E. PERKINS, Gen. Supt.

A. E. TOUZALIN, Gen. Passenger Agent.

jan15d&wtf.

FOR SALE OR RENT—The property belonging to D. Marquett will be sold or rented on reasonable terms. The house contains 6 rooms. There is also a large cistern with filter, a cellar, a stable, and other conveniences. Apply to T. M. MARQUETT.

septltf

ATTENTION FARMERS!!

If you want to buy an A. No. 1

REAPER and MOWER

Call on

D. SCHNASSE & CO.

At the *NEW YORK STORE* and examine their *Much Improved*

Cayuga Chief Reaper & Mower For 1870!

Also, their large stock of BREAKING AND STUBBLE Plows.

J. W. PEARMAN,

Nurseryman, Propagator,

AND DEALER IN

FRUIT TREES, VINES & PLANTS,

EVERGREENS

AND

Decidous Trees

Nursery, half a mile south Court House, Nebraska City, Nebraska. w2montf6.1

PLATTSMOUTH MILLS.

C. HEISEL, Proprietor. Having recently repaired and placed in thorough running order, 100,000 Bushels of Wheat wanted immediately for which the highest market price will be paid. aug28wtf.

To The Public.

Notice is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing between Phebe Paine and J. L. G. Charlton has been dissolved by mutual consent, this eighth day of September, 1870.

PHEBE PAINE.

J. L. G. CHARLTON.

sep8dowl

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE WAR.

PARIS, September 11.

[illegible] Marne [illegible] of the [illegible] Prussian [illegible]

[illegible] Washburne, the minister of the United States, [illegible]

Enthusiastic crowds of Americans, [illegible] through the city with the American flag [illegible]

Jules Favre received the congratulations of the diplomatic representatives of England, Spain, Austria and Holland, who remain at Paris.

Fugitives from Macmahon's army reach the neighborhood of Paris by hundreds.

The Prussians are [illegible] water from the [illegible] and it is reported that they [illegible] balloons from which [illegible] can be dropped into the French magazines.

LONDON, September 14.

A Paris correspondent telegraphs that last night he had an interview with a [illegible] Picard, Minister of Finance, who said the corruption of defences, which [illegible] the [illegible] was under the [illegible] on the war [illegible] of the [illegible] which would gladly accept. Neither France nor the government of today had sought against Prussia or Germany, and was forced to fight, both without cause of quarrel and without hope of escape from one of the most cruel trials Providence ever visited upon any people; that his government earnestly desired to withdraw from this frightful war, and turned its eyes on every side for some friendly mediator.—It touched his heart to hear that the American government had made a christian effort to stay the wicked waste of life, but he regarded with wonder and sorrow the fact that Prussia had turned a deaf ear to all representations regarding the irresponsibility of the public for war.

A Paris correspondent of the New York Times, writing from that city, yesterday, says:

I am convinced we shall soon have peace. Republicans now say openly that the intimate relation with the government tells to-day, that events in the only peace will be made at once, as the only way of saving the Republic. The Franco-American fraternization is culminating into extravagances. Washburne is the hero of the hour. Daily demonstrations in his honor take place. The name of the Avenue De L'Imperation, is to be changed to Avenue Des Etas Unis.

Advices from Strasbourg are that the heroic defence is drawing to a close, and the surrender is imminent from the failure of ammunition and provisions.

The following has been received in Paris:

STRASBOURG, Sept. 9.

Officers are in a deplorable condition, and growing worse. The bombardment from the Prussian advanced works is incessant and frightful. I will hold out to the end. (Signed) UHRICH. Commander of Strasbourg.

The French blockading fleet have withdrawn from the mouth of the Elbe.

A correspondent writes from Sedan that the morning after the last battle, when the bugles sounded, 600 riderless horses galloped to the rendezvous.

The Tribune's correspondent writing from Paris, Tuesday evening, says: One of the Secretary's of the Berlin Embassy has started for the Prussian headquarters to ask whether negotiations are possible. The government agrees that the Rhine fortresses be dismantled.

The reports of a popular [illegible] at Nice and Mentone is confirmed at both places. The French authorities are deposed and prisoners released and the Italian republic proclaimed.

TOURS, September 14.

A great number of bridges around Paris were blown up to-day, the woods set on fire, and all houses likely to offer refuge to the enemy have been destroyed.

Toulon was bombarded. The firing continued nine hours, and the city was much damaged, but the defence continues. The Prussians consented, at the request of Switzerland, to permit all non-combatants to leave Strasbourg.

It is reported that an envoy from Russia has arrived at the Prussian Kings headquarters.

The Paris journals say they have but little hopes of mediation. The troops reviewed by Gen. Trochu reached from the Arch of Triumph to the Palace of the Bastile.

Arrangements are made by which Paris is to be provided with gas in case of siege.

NEW YORK, September 14.

The Tribune correspondent, writing from Berlin on the 11th, says:

Washburne's letter to Favre is sharply criticised by the National Zeitung. It is said that he had authority merely to recognize the new republic; all beyond was an expression of personal feeling.—It complains of his failure to protect the Germans under his care, who are now persecuted by Gambetta more cruelly than before.

The King prohibits the [illegible] Strasbourg till it is possible without too great a sacrifice of life.

The third parallel has been completed.

It is confirmed that Bazaine refuses all terms of surrender, and it is expected that he will attempt to cut his way out.

The removal of General Steinmetz was caused partly by his needless sacrifice of troops, and partly for his fighting at Forbach against General Moltke's order.

NEW YORK, September 14.

The World's London special says that this afternoon Earl Granville called on Thiers at the French Embassy. Although Thiers came fully qualified by the French Government, he could not be received in Downing Street, as the English Government will not yet recognize the Republic. Earl Granville, however, conferred with him as the representative of the De Facto Government of France, semi-officially.—The Earl exhibited all his well known courtesy and suavity. His Lordship said: "I hope you will allow me to express the deep regret with which, as an individual, I have seen so many misfortunes befall France, a country allied in so many ways with England. If my earnest wishes could be of any avail, peace would soon restore to her her former prosperity."

Thiers replied: "France is quite able and determined to defend herself against all her foes, but she earnestly desires peace, and it is for that reason that by me she now asks England, upon whose action all the powers in Europe are now awaiting, to join them in securing for her such terms of peace as she can honorably accept. She will accept no terms that are not honorable."

Earl Granville replied: "I do not see how England can interfere, but I think I may say, that while preserving a strict neutrality England will present to Prussia any proposition offered by France, and act the part of a sincere friend. It cannot, however, be expected that England will join any power in uttering a threat to Prussia, nor can England even positively promise to urge upon Prussia the acceptance of any offer which France may be disposed to make."

Thiers finally, but reluctantly, said upon this, that he saw nothing was to be looked for from England than in the matter, and that the negotiations undertaken by the continental powers with the hope of England's cooperation must probably be suffered to fall through.—The interview shortly after ended.—Upon making public, late in the afternoon, the above interview, an impromptu meeting of the people was called and a great crowd assembled in Trafalgar Square. There were many speakers, among them Odger and Justin McCarthy, and the government was denounced in the bitterest and most unmeasured terms for its course toward the present republic.

The Cabinet was declared to be a Cabinet of treason to human rights and the peace of Europe. The example of America was invoked amid the most tremendous cheers from the multitude.—Immense applause [illegible] the sentiment that if the right of the people to establish a Republic in France was to be denied, it would soon become the duty of the people to establish a Republic in England. A grand Democratic meeting is called to be held in Hyde Park on Sunday next, and it is proposed to form a grand Democratic procession in honor of the establishment of the Republic. Other Democratic meetings are announced with the same object in Manchester, Birmingham, Glasgow and Edinburg.

BOUILLON, Sept. 15—[illegible] p. m.

A part of Bazaine's army are on their way through the Prussian lines to Metz, and are now marching on their way to Paris. Canrobert is in command.

PARIS, September 15.

The Prussian dragoons appeared at Calinas, Senlis, Martier and other smaller towns east, northeast and southwest of Paris.

The National Guards are being reorganized throughout France.

Gen. Trochu, in an order to-day, says: Seventy thousand men on the ramparts may, by persevering efforts, save Paris. The city is unapproachable if its defenders are properly armed. Councillors of the State have temporarily suspended their authority. All foreign representatives are still in Paris.

The Prussians are still swarming around Nancy.

The Gaulois has reason to predict happy results from the peace negotiations now pending.

The Prussians are advancing in immense force. The capitol will be completely isolated. All the railways are cut, with the exception of the line running west from the forest of Montmorency.

The forest of Bauday is now burning, and other forests will be destroyed to-morrow.

The gates of Paris will be closed to-morrow.

There are now over six million pounds of gun powder in Paris.

Seventeen bridges over the Seine are destroyed. No French fortresses are yet taken. All classes are resolved to fight.

The French troops which recently crossed the Rhine into Baden territory will probably remain and operate on German soil. Reinforcements have gone to them. The Parisians were roused last night by tremendous cannonading all along the ramparts. It was supposed that an attack was made, and some excitement ensued, which abated when it was announced that the gunners were only practicing. The shops are mostly closed, and masters and employees are alike drilling. It is reported that many large siege guns of the Prussians are deeply imbedded in the mud of the canal de la Marne, on the Rhine, the French having discovered that the Prussians were transporting guns through the canal having suddenly let the water out of it. It is said this delayed the siege a considerable time. The forts at Lyons are completed. Many troops are marching there daily. Advices from all parts of France say that large sums of money are being subscribed for the national defense.—Large forces are being raised and equipped in all departments.

A party of American volunteers passed through Tours to-day coming to Paris and conscripts of the regular army are drilling daily.

Special to the Sun.

PARIS, September 15.

News of the American offer of mediation is received with great gratitude, but General Cluseret advised the people last night at Belleville to refuse mediation and fight. He said that if the French Republic conquers alone the freedom of the soil it will not only be a consolidation forever of republican institutions to France, but all over the world. Death or victory, there must be no other issue brought up. Among the Bourgeois the same feeling prevails, and strange to say, the only weak elements are officers coming from Macmahon's army, who having been cowards or themselves betrayed and routed, say to the people "you cannot succeed when we failed."

The people are universally in the highest spirits. They will certainly fight, and ten times better than the army. The amount of men and material accumulated in Paris is frightful. There are certainly a half million men under arms in Paris.

LONDON, Sept. 15.

The *Daily News* of this morning contains a letter from Berlin, giving the views of the Prussian government. The writer says Prussia will not negotiate with the present government at Paris. Prussia proposes first to occupy Paris. The Regency, Senate and Corps Legislatif will be summoned, who will be expected to name Commissioners to treat on the Prussian basis. When this treaty is signed, Napoleon will be released, and France will be left free to choose her own government. There is intense eagerness to hear from Paris and Rome.—News from the latter city is scarcely less interesting to Englishmen than that from Paris. The blockade of the Elbe has been raised, and vessels are now passing freely.

Communication between Paris and Lyons has been destroyed, the Prussians having cut the wires and railroad at Monterau.

MADRID, Sept. 15.

Senor Olazaga, Spanish Minister to Paris, has been recalled; his offence being the recognition of the French republic, when by the present treaties Spain is bound to await the action of other powers before taking such a step.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.

The German Patriotic Aid Society yesterday sent by cable to Bismarck a synopsis of their address to the German people, in which they protest against foreign intervention as tending to rob Germany of the fruits of their victories, and say that though Republicans by principle they stand by united Germany.—They add that the Proclamation of the republic in Paris was merely the necessary consequence of the German victories and the surrender of Napoleon.

Special to the New York Herald.

LONDON, Sept. 15.

The following special dispatch, dated at Bouillon, Belgium, September 15, has just been received here. It says: "Sedan has been placed in a state of siege. The Mayor is arrested and the population expelled. The Prussians apprehend the approach of Bazaine's army, reported to have escaped from Metz, and even said to have reached Carrignan."

Accurate calculations place the number of the advancing Prussian forces at four hundred thousand.

Metz was bombarded all last night; the reply was sullen, and at intervals.—Another demand for surrender was made, but again refused.

The Prussians have occupied Caluer and Baden, and the Bavarian troops are preparing to cross the Rhine at Newberg.

It is said that Garibaldi will soon assume command of the Italian legion at Lyons to fight the Germans.

It is understood that the Spanish government is preparing to check the designs of the Republican leaders.

Special to the Times.

LONDON, Sept. 15.

The announcement that the Prussians dictated the terms on which Italy is to enter Rome creates dismay. It is asked whose turn comes next?

Prussia will only treat with the old Senate, Corps Legislatif and the Empress. This means war to death, for the provisional government, which sooner than abdicate the Republic, will make Paris a heap of ruins.

The occupation of Rome creates even more interest here than the situation in Paris. The Protestant sentiment in England is jubilant.

There is a statement in the Frankfort correspondence of the London Telegraph, that Napoleon complains bitterly of his generals and declares that Paris is unable to prevent the entrance of the Prussians. This excites great indignation among the friends of France.

The report of the atrocities committed by the Prussians at Bazeilles is confirmed. A letter received from Duc De Fitz James, who was an eye witness, in which he says the Prussians punished the inhabitants for defending their village, by setting the place on fire. Most of the National guards were killed. The people sought refuge in cellars, and all the men, women and children were burnt alive, the Bavarians driving them back into the flames and shooting all who tried to escape.

The Pope has received a letter from King Victor Emanuel, in which he explains the course he has lately taken.—Any delay on his part, he says, would have occasioned the proclamation of a Republic in every Italian city, and his army would have fought for the Republic, which would have been fatal to Papacy. As it is, Republicanism is so rampant that it may prove irrepressible.

Special to the World.

LONDON, Sept. 15.

The Democratic demonstration on Monday next will be most formidable ever held in London. The programme is full, of grand processions, banners, etc. Hackney, Clerkenwell, Islington, and all the section will be represented.—Englishmen will march in a body to join the Italian and French Republicans at Trafalgar Square, then all will proceed to the official residence of Gladstone and demand the recognition of the Republic. Speeches will be delivered at various places.

Minister Washburne is disgusted with Secretary Fish. He told Jules Favre he had protested personally against useless measures and disapproved the cruel coldness of the American government in refusing to stop vandals.

The Electrur Libre, of Paris, says: Negotiations, with the object of obtaining peace, have been going on between Jules Favre and Minister Washburne at Paris, and Bancroft at Berlin, but have failed. The King of Prussia rejects American mediation, and Bancroft can only remain a spectator to the conflict.

Washburne, on communicating Bancroft's dispatches to the Minister of foreign affairs, added that he could only record his protest against this impious war.

Special to the Tribune.

LONDON, September 15.

Gaulois affirms that the British Government has sent another letter to the King of Prussia, demanding peace and asking upon what conditions Prussia would sign and where they could have the peace concluded, and also informing him that the basis that would be agreed upon by the neutral powers would be the integrity of French territory. No written answer was received to this message but the King asks what guarantee the provisional government can offer, and whether the French people and regular Government to succeed the present would ratify a treaty of intervention.

SPRAGUE, September 15.

The address of the Emperor of Austria was carried in the Chamber by a considerable majority. The Tschecks voted in favor, and the Germans quitted the hall before the vote was finished.—The chamber then adjourned sine die.

MENDELSHEIM, near Strasbourg, September 15.

The besiegers completed the third parallel before Strasbourg on Tuesday, and for the past forty-eight hours a battery has maintained a constant fire with terrible effect.

The Republic has been proclaimed in Strasbourg.

A detachment of Keller's command has dispersed a force of riflemen near Colmar on Wednesday.

E. BUTTERY. LAZENBY.

BONNER

STABLES!

BUTTERY & LAZENBY, props.

LIVERY SALE & EXCHANGE.

The best of Horses and Buggies on hand. Corner Vine and Fourth streets.

jan21d&wtf. Plattsmouth Nebraska.

Weeping Water Mills

Farmers, go where you can get the best Flour and the most of it.

35 POUNDS OF XXX FLOUR

AND

12 POUNDS of BRAN

given in exchange for good wheat.

We are also doing grist work, and, with our increased facilities, feel assured that we can give the best and most Flour of any in the State.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Produce Bought and Sold.

HIGHEST MARKET [illegible] PAID.

Reed & Clinton

[illegible] '68.

Cisterns Built and Rock Work Done.

THE undersigned is prepared to take contracts for building Cisterns and furnishing all necessary material, also to do any and all kinds of Rock work by contract, and furnish all materials for same.

I have also a few acres of choice land for residences and several fine lots for sale on reasonable terms.

JOSEPH LASLEY.

Henry Boeck

DEALER IN

FURNITURE,

Chairs,

Lounges, Tables, Safes,

BEDSTEADS,

Of all descriptions and at all prices.

Metalic Barial Cases,

Of all sizes

WOODEN COFFINS

Ready made, and sold cheap for cash.

With many thanks for past patronage, I invite all to call and examine my large stock of furniture and Coffins.

WHITE, SPIRES & DREW

Have bought the entire Stock of Hainsburger & [illegible]

One Door East of the Brooks House,

and will sell a stock of

DRY GOODS,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES

CARPETS & NOTIONS

AT EASTERN PRICES,

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS,

to make room for their Fall Stock. We have just received a large and well selected stock of Fancy and Staple Groceries.

BACON, HAMS, LARD,

The highest price paid, in cash or trade for

Farmers' Produce,

CORN AND OATS.

All goods purchased at this establishment

Delivered Free

To Any Part of The City.

WHITE, SPIRES & DREW.

MACHINE SHOP!

WAYMAN & CURTIS

Plattsmouth, Neb.,

Repairers of Steam Engines, Boilers, Saw and Grist Mills.

Gas and Steam Fittings, Wrought Iron Pipe, Force and Lift Pumps, Steam Gauges, [illegible] Valve Governors, and all kinds of

Brass Engine Fittings,

furnished on short notice.

FARMING MACHINERY

Repaired on short notice.

A GOOD CHANCE

FOR A

GOOD BARGAIN!

Having completed the platting and recording of my (DUKE'S) Addition to the City of Plattsmouth, I am now prepared to sell

400 LOTS

in the Addition at reasonable rates. Terms are one half cash down, the other half payable in one year, at ten per cent. interest per annum from date of purchase until paid. To be secured by mortgage on the property.

S. DUKE.

Donation to Churches.

I will give to the following religious denominations, viz:

To the Baptist Church, lot 12 in block [illegible]

To the Congregational Church, lot [illegible] in block 23;

To the Methodist Church, lot [illegible] in block 12;

To the Catholic Church, lot [illegible] in block [illegible]

To the Episcopal Church, lot [illegible] in block 19;

To the Presbyterian Church, lot 1 in block 21;

To the Christian Church, lot [illegible] in block [illegible]

To the Lutheran Church, lot 1 in block 23;

In my Addition to the City of Plattsmouth, upon the following conditions, viz: That they shall erect on said lots, a good, substantial, suitable building for public worship, within two years from this date; and in case of failure on the part of said Church or Churches to comply with above condition, then and in that case the lot or lots shall revert to me.

S. DUKE

Donation to Public Schools.

I hereby donate for the use of Public District Schools, Lot 10 in Block 6, on the north side of Main street, and lots [illegible] 12, on the south side of Main street, in my addition to the City of Plattsmouth.

S. DUKE.

5,000 Acres of Land for Sale

in this county. Also, Houses and Lots in this city, at low prices.

Particular attention given to the buying and selling of real estate, examining titles, and paying taxes for non-residents.

S. DUKE, Real Estate Agent.

Lot for Ten Dollars.

I will sell to parties desirous of building and improving, any of the lots in the subjoined list in my addition to Plattsmouth, at ten dollars per lot, under the following conditions, viz:

The person purchasing will be required to build on the lot purchased a dwelling house of the following dimensions, to-wit: The house to be not less than 14x24 feet, with story not lower than 8 feet. The frame must be good and substantial; house well shingled; foundation either of brick or stone. There must be a kitchen, of not less than 10x14. Building must be completed on or before January 1st, 1870. I will give a bond for a deed to the party who buys as soon as purchase is made, and upon complying with the above conditions, will give a good and sufficient Warranty Deed.

Selections may be made from the accompanying list:

Lots 5 and 8 in block 3; Lot 8 in block 4; Lot 14 in block 12; Lot 9 in block 18; Lot 12 in block 20; Lots 2, 9 and 11 in block 21; Lot 8 in block 22; Lots 2 and 8 in block 23; Lots 5 and 11 in block 26; Lot 5 in block 27; Lots 13 and 17 in block 28; Lots 4 and 7 in block 29; Lot 2 in block 30.

S. DUKE.

Plattsmouth, Aug. 26th. Office in Court House.

JOSEPH SCHLATER

ESTABLISHED, 1861.

DEALER IN

WATCHES, CLOCKS

JEWELRY,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, GOLD PENS, SPECTACLES, VIOLIN STRINGS AND FANCY GOODS.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired neatly and with dispatch.

Removed to opposite Platte Valley House Main Street. nov. 1st tf.

CITY HOTEL.

J. E. Holland, Proprietor, corner of Main and Third streets, Plattsmouth, Nebraska.—Having been refitted and newly furnished offers first class accommodations. Board by the week [illegible]

Nebraska Herald.

LOCAL NEWS.

[illegible] work on his new block.

Couldn't Croxton make a fortune in a short time if he was only over at the seat of [illegible]

The delegates from Louisville precinct are E. Noyes, John Livingston, and Oliver Wolf.

White & Spires are pushing ahead their new business house on Main street.

Died—In this city, at 9:30 p. m., [illegible] 11 months and 22 days.

The fruit by the [illegible] Dapon and [illegible] will be one of the [illegible] purpose in that [illegible]

Recent advices indicate that the [illegible] of the Railroad will reach this city before the close of the year [illegible] tracts are already [illegible] da, in Page county.

The trains on the [illegible] Nebraska are loaded [illegible] passenger trains a day [illegible] recent to do the business.

[illegible] have [illegible] do not furnish him evidence that they [illegible]

Married, on the [illegible] in the German Catholic Church, by the Rev. Father Heyes, Mr. ALEXANDER VON [illegible] and [illegible]

It is [illegible] will be [illegible] crats [illegible] occupation of reporter for the Omaha [illegible]

[illegible] County Convention [illegible] Friday and not Saturday. Several delegates [illegible] Convention.

The Governor [illegible] Treasurer [illegible] selves for not furnishing Abstract Cass [illegible] with evidence that they are [illegible]

We are in receipt of the first number of the [illegible] published at [illegible] Kansas [illegible]

D. [illegible] has just received a fresh stock of goods from the east, and those who have examined their prices say they are [illegible]

[illegible] Judge [illegible] Mr. Boeck [illegible]

Messrs. [illegible] Matthews [illegible] were elected [illegible] the county [illegible] visiting from Mt. Pleasant Precinct.

[illegible] Wayman & Curtis have their new [illegible] are energetic men, and we are glad to know they are doing a good business.

Real Estate.

MAXWELL & CHAPMAN

Offer for sale a large amount of land and city property in Cass county, Nebraska, as follows:

[illegible] Lots in city of Plattsmouth, at prices from $50 upward.

10 [illegible] in Young's [illegible] Plattsmouth, including [illegible] lots—all at very Low prices.

[illegible] Three Groves [illegible] miles from Plattsmouth [illegible]

Farm five miles from [illegible] mile from Railroad [illegible]

Farm [illegible] Railroad station, 200 [illegible] under cultivation [illegible] dwelling. Also a good rock quarry [illegible]

Farm [illegible] [illegible] improvements, including [illegible] young timber [illegible]

Farm of 70 acres on the B. & M. R. R., five miles from Plattsmouth [illegible] improvements, and is for sale [illegible]

80 acres of Prairie, four miles from [illegible] Railroad Station [illegible]

160 acres [illegible]

160 acres Prairie in Sec. [illegible], T. [illegible], Range [illegible] 6th P. M.

Two [illegible] north of town, with new frame dwelling [illegible]

25 acres of valuable timber land, within half a mile of the southern limits [illegible]

[illegible] fenced, seven miles from Plattsmouth [illegible]

Lot 1, Block 28, with good brick and frame buildings.

In addition to the above we have the following [illegible]

WHEN YOU BUY A

COOKING STOVE

IT IS ECONOMY TO

Get the Best

31,645

HAVE BEEN SOLD IN THE LAST TWO Years. Not One Has Failed to Give

Entire Satisfaction.

THEY ARE

UNIVERSALLY ACKNOWLEDGED

The Best Cooking Stove Made

And wherever known they

STAND UNRIVALLED

For Uniformity in Baking.

For Economy in the Use of Fuel.

For Durability and Convenience.

And their perfect adaptation to the

WANTS OF WESTERN PEOPLE!

Sold by

E. T. DUKE & CO.,

PLATTSMOUTH.

aug1dtf

173

Heath's Patent Bored Wells

Put down in Otoe county in the last [illegible] and a half THREE TO FIVE a week [illegible] present.

PROVE THEIR SUPERIORITY

SIXTY NINE of them were in the [illegible] of Quicksand.

AND

THIRTY-ONE of them were [illegible] where the old style [illegible] caved in—failed to furnish a [illegible] supply of water.

Thirteen reputable citizens [illegible] of the people of Otoe County

Attests their [illegible]

An Outfit is now in operation [illegible] dation of Cass County, in charge of

Mr. C. R. KE[illegible]

Wells guaranteed to furnish an abundant supply of water, or the money refunded.

Prices and Ter[illegible]

Wells bored, tubed and fitted [illegible] water—all complete and guaranteed.

One Dollar per Fo[illegible]

Quicksand wells 25 cents per foot extra [illegible]

Terms Cash.

[illegible] responsible parties desiring it a [illegible] one-half will be taken for part payment [illegible] months, with interest at 12 per cent [illegible]

Parties wishing wells will please [illegible] by leaving their orders at the Hardware [illegible] of C. W. MERRIK, or address me [illegible]

NEBRASKA CITY.

Very Respectfully,

B. F. Diffenbacher.

July 8th, 1870.