THE NEBRASKA HERALD
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# NEBRASKA HERALD.

VOL. 5. PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 26, 1869. NO. 21.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

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| One square (space ten lines) one insertion, | $1.50 |
| Each subsequent insertion, | 1.00 |
| Professional cards not exceeding six lines, | 10.00 |
| One-quarter column or less, per annum, | 35.00 |
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| " " three months, | 15.00 |
| One-half column twelve months, | 60.00 |
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| " " three months, | 20.00 |
| One column twelve month, | 100.00 |
| " six months, | 60.00 |
| " three months, | 35.00 |

All transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

MASONIC.

PLATTSMOUTH LODGE NO. 6 A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings at their hall on the first and third Monday evenings of each month. Transient brethern invited to visit.
JOHN W. SHANNON, W. M.
J. N. WISE, Sec.

MACOY LODGE U. D. A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Fridays of each month at Masonic Hall. J. N. WISE, W. M.
WM. WINTERSTINE, Sec.

NEBRASKA CHAPTER NO. 3 R. A. M.—Regular conversations second and fourth Tuesday evenings of each month at 7½o'clock p. m.
E. T. DUKE, H. P.

EASTERN STAR DEGREE LODGE.—Regular meetings of the Family are held on Wednesday evening, on or before the full moon of each month. All Master Masons, their wives, sisters and daughters are invited to attend. Unmarried ladies must be over eighteen years of age.
D. H. WHEELER, Patron.
MRS. C. A. DUKE, Patroness.
J. N. WISE, Recorder.

I. O. G. T.

OLIVE BRANCH, NO. 2—V. V. Leonard, W. C. T.; J. V. Lewis, W. S.; W. Dallas Ferree, Lodge Deputy. Meets at Court House Hall every Tuesday evening. Traveling Templars respectfully invited.

EVERGREEN DEGREE LODGE, NO. 1.—E. B. Lewis, D. T.; F. E. White, D. S. Meets at Court House Hall on the first and third Saturday evenings of each month.

STAR IN WEST LODGE NO. 8.—O. J. Davis, W. C. T.; Andrew Coleman, W. S. Meets at Mt. Pleasant every Saturday evening.

FAIRVIEW LODGE, NO. 11.—Mathias Cambell, W. C. T.; F. M. Young, Jr., W. S.; Wm. J. Hesser, Lodge Deputy. Meets every Wednesday evening. Travelling Templars respectfully invited.

TIPPECANOE LODGE, NO. 24.—Amos Griffith, W. C. T.; Jas. Allison, W. S.; C. H. Winslow, Lodge Deputy. Meets every Saturday evening. Traveling Templars are respectfully invited to meet with us.

St. Luke's Parish.

Monthly meetings of the Vestry 1st Tuesday evening of each month, at the Rectory; Quarterly meetings of Vestry 1st Mondays of May, August, November and February.
H. St. GEO. YOUNG, Rector.
WM. L. WELLS, Clerk.

WILLIAM POTTENGER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Plattsmouth, Neb.

T. M. MARQUETT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW and Solicitor in Chancery, Plattsmouth, Nebraska.

S. F. COOPER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Plattsmouth, Neb. Will buy and sell Real Estate, and pay taxes for non-residents. Improved and unimproved lands and lots for sale. [june25'68.

S. MAXWELL. SAM. M. CHAPMAN
MAXWELL & CHAPMAN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW and Solicitors in Chancery, Plattsmouth, Nebraska. Office over White & Battery's Drug Store. [april.

H. S. JENNINGS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW and General Land Agent, Lincoln, Nebraska. Will practice in any of the Courts of the State, and will buy and sell Real Estate on commission, pay Taxes, examine Titles, &c. [nov28tf.

Dr J. W. THOMAS,
Having permanently located at Weeping Water Falls, tenders his professional services to the citizens of Cass county, Nebraska. [jan'69tf.

S. R. LIVINGSTON, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON—tenders his professional services to the citizens of Casscounty. Residence southeast corner of Oak and Sixth streets; office on Main street, opposite Court House, Plattsmouth, Nebraska.

J. W. RAWLINS, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.—late a Surgeon in Chief of the Army of the Potomac.—Plattsmouth, Nebraska. Office with Dr. R. R. Livingston, on Main street, opposite the Court House. Private residence corner of Rock and 4th streets, two doors south of P. P. Gass'.

Dr. STEPH. ROBERTS,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON—Having located at Weeping Water Falls, will attend promptly to all professional calls, both day and night. [augustfm3.

R. S. WHEELER. L. D. BENNETT.
D. H. WHEELER & CO.,
Real Estate and Tax Paying Agents, Notaries Public, Fire and Life Insurance Agents, Plattsmouth, Nebraska. [je23tf

PLATTE VALLEY HOUSE.
E. H. Murphy, Proprietor, corner of Main and Fourth streets, Plattsmouth, Nebraska.—Having been refitted and newly furnished offers first class accommodations. Board by the day or week. [july28.

PLATTSMOUTH MILLS.
C. REISEL, Proprietor. Having recently been repaired and placed in thorough running order, is now doing custom work on short notice. 100,000 Bushels of wheat wanted immediately, for which the highest market price will be paid. [aug28tf.

J. N. WISE,
General Life, Accident, Fire, Inland and Transportation Agent. Will take risks at reasonable rates in the most reliable Companies in the United States. Office opposite the Court House, Plattsmouth, Neb. [may21tf.

MRS. J. F. GOUD,
Having just received a new supply of Goods, now offers Hats at a trifle above cost, and Bonnets at cost. Silks and laces, also colored crapes in latest styles at from $2.50 to $4.00.
Good Keeps at Dovey's and Wiggenhorn & Co.'s stores. mar25tf.

MITCHELL & WOLFE,
CARPENTERS AND JOINERS—Will do all work in their line on short notice. Will take contracts large and small, and furnish material if required. Shop on Main street, opposite M. E. Church.

W. L. TUCKER,
CARPENTER AND JOINER, will do all work in his line on short notice and in the best style. Contracts for building made on reasonable terms. july22tf

$20,000 Worth of Property
FOR SALE.
Consisting of farms, with timber adjoining, near Plattsmouth, property in Plattsmouth City, horses, cattle, wagons, etc.
For further particulars enquire of or address
GEO. W. COLVIN,
aug19nmar1,'70. Plattsmouth, Neb.

SEWING MACHINES.
F. P. TODD AGENT,
PLATTSMOUTH NEBRASKA
A good assortment of Machines on hand. I also keep Thread, Oil, Needles, &c.
Machines to rent by the month.
Office south side Main street. dec'67tf

BLACKSMITHING!
—CO—
PRICE & LAMBING
Have opened a shop on Sixth street, south of Main, where they are prepared to do all work in the Blacksmithing line on short notice and in the best style. Shoeing, Repairing, and all kinds of custom work done promptly. [aug5tf

Music Music!
PIANOS,
ORGANS, MELODEONS!
I am Agent for the best Musical Instruments made. Persons wishing to buy Pianos, Cabinet, Metropolitan or Portable Organs, or Melodeons can purchase through my Agency on as liberal terms as they can get from the manufacturers themselves. All Instruments fully warranted.
apr22. J. N. WISE.

Capt. D. LUBOO & CO.,
Wholesale and retail dealers in
WINES AND LIQUORS
Also a very choice selection of
TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
Main street, second door east of the Seymour House, Nebraska City, Neb.
Are just receiving a new Stock of Genuine Old Bourbon direct from Bourbon county, Ky., Bitters, etc. my18w.

Health, Comfort and Economy
Three reasons for boarding with
GEORGE W. COLVIN,
OAK STREET, PLATTSMOUTH, NEB.
Two blocks northwest of brick School House.
He has a BATH HOUSE, free to patrons; his rooms are well ventilated, and his prices are reasonable. [jul1'68.

## Ordinance.

AN ORDINANCE granting certain privileges, and leasing the Levee Grounds of the City to the Plattsmouth Dock and Levee Company.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained by the Mayor and City Council of the City of Plattsmouth*, That the lands of this city known as the levee grounds, lying on the east side of this city and on the western bank of the Missouri river, and extending along the bank of the Missouri river the entire length of the eastern side of this city, together with all alluvial formations, accretions, sand-bars and islands which have been, now are, or may be hereafter formed on the Missouri river and opposite the limits of said city, be and the same are hereby granted, leased and quit-claimed for the term of ninety-nine years from the date hereof to the corporation known as "The Plattsmouth Dock and Levee Company," which said corporation filed their articles of incorporation in the Clerk's office of the county of Cass, in the State of Nebraska, at 8:15 o'clock on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1869, and as appurtenances to the said lands; the right to protect, extend and improve the said levee grounds and all accretions thereto; the right to erect and maintain docks, piers, wharves, store and warehouses, elevators, or any other constructions which the Directors of the said corporation may deem necessary to do and transact a general dock, warehouse, elevator and levee business; and the right to charge such rates of wharfage, drayage, and dockage, landing fees, dry-dockage and rents and charges for use of elevator, as the Directors of the said corporation may deem reasonable: *Provided always*, That the rates charged by the said corporation shall be reasonable rates, and, as far as applicable, the average and general rates charged at the levees of the cities on the Missouri river between the city of St. Joseph and Sioux City: *And provided further*, That the said corporation shall pay into the City Treasury annually, between the first and third Wednesdays of the month of August in each year, the sum of fifty dollars.

SEC. 2. The Mayor, and E. B. Murphy and F. S. White, members of the City Council, or any two of them, are hereby authorised to execute and deliver to the Plattsmouth Dock and Levee Company a lease of the said levee grounds, and all the alluvial formations, accretions, sand-bars and islands, which have been, now are, or may be formed on the Missouri river opposite the city of Plattsmouth, in accordance with the provisions of the first section of this ordinance; and the said lease shall be sealed, with the seal of the Recorder's Court of the city of Plattsmouth (such seal now being used as the corporate seal of said city) by the Mayor, who is authorized here specially to seal said leases; and the Mayor and F. S. White and E. B. Murphy, members of the City Council, or any two of them, are authorized to deliver the possession of the said levee grounds and the accretions hereinbefore specified to the Plattsmouth Dock and Levee Company: *Provided*, The majority of the Directors of said company shall within ten days after the passage of this ordinance accept in writing under their hands the provisions of this ordinance.

Approved August 3d, 1869.
D. H. WHEELER, Mayor.
Attest: WM. L. WELLS, Recorder. aug19w2

## Notice

Martin Farrar a non-resident of the State of Nebraska:

Will take notice that the Burlington & Missouri River Railroad Company in Nebraska has located its road through and upon the following real estate owned by him, situate in Cass county, State of Nebraska, and city of Plattsmouth, to-wit: Lot one in block one hundred seventy-one, as designed upon the recorded and published plats of the city of Plattsmouth; and the said Martin Farrar is further notified that said Railroad Company desires to take, hold and appropriate real estate for the use of its road; and if the said Martin Farrar shall not within thirty days after the publication of this notice for four weeks, to-wit: on or before the 4th day of October, A. D. 1869, apply to the Probate Judge of said county to have the damages assessed by six disinterested freeholders, selected by said Probate Judge, as provided in chapter twenty-five of the Revised Statutes of the State of Nebraska, and amendments thereto, said Company will proceed to have the damages assessed as therein provided by law.

Dated 4th day of August, A. D. 1869.
Burlington & Missouri River Railroad Company in Nebraska. By T. M. MARQUETT, Its Attorney. aug5w4.

## Notice

The unknown owners (supposed to be the heirs of J. Pardee), non-residents of the State of Nebraska:

Will take notice that the Burlington & Missouri River Railroad Company in Nebraska has located its road through and upon the following real estate owned by them, situate in Saunders county, State of Nebraska, to wit: The southeast quarter of section two, township twelve, range nine; and the said owners (whose names are unknown) are further notified that said Railroad Company desires to take, hold and appropriate so much of said real estate as may be necessary for the construction and convenient use of its road; and if the said owners (whose names are unknown) shall not within thirty days after the publication of this notice for four weeks, to-wit: on or before the 4th day of October, A. D. 1869, apply to the Probate Judge of said county to have the damages assessed by six disinterested freeholders, selected by said Probate Judge, as provided in chapter twenty-five of the Revised Statutes of the State of Nebraska, and amendments thereto, said Company will proceed to have the damages assessed as therein provided by law.

Dated 4th day of August, A. D. 1869.
Burlington & Missouri River Railroad Company in Nebraska. By T. M. MARQUETT, Its Attorney. aug5w4.

## Notice

The unknown owner supposed to be T. J. Joseph, a non-resident of the State of Nebraska:

Will take notice that the Burlington & Missouri River Railroad Company in Nebraska has located its road through and upon the following real estate owned by him, situate in Saunders county, State of Nebraska, to-wit: Southwest quarter (¼) of section eleven (11), township twelve (12), range nine (9); and the said owner (whose name is unknown) is further notified that said Railroad Company desires to take, hold and appropriate so much of said real estate as may be necessary for the construction and convenient use of its road; and if the said owner (whose name is unknown) shall not within thirty days after the publication of this notice for four weeks, to-wit: on or before the 4th day of October, A. D. 1869, apply to the Probate Judge of said county to have the damages assessed by six disinterested freeholders, selected by said Probate Judge, as provided in chapter twenty-five of the Revised Statutes of the State of Nebraska, and amendments thereto, said Company will proceed to have the damages assessed as therein provided by law.

Dated 4th day of August, A. D. 1869.
Burlington & Missouri River Railroad Company in Nebraska. By T. M. MARQUETT, Its Attorney. aug5w4.

## Notice

William J. Ford, of the State of Maryland, will take notice that Robert R. Livingston, of the county of Cass, in the State of Nebraska, did on the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869, file his petition in the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of the State of Nebraska, in and for Cass county, against the said William J. Ford, defendant, setting forth that on the 14th day of December, 1867, defendant was indebted to him in the sum of One Hundred and Thirty-six and 50-100 Dollars for medicines and for medical service and attendance furnished and bestowed by plaintiff for defendant at his request; and praying judgment for said amount with interest from December 14th, 1867.; and defendant is further notified that plaintiff did on the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869, cause an order of attachment to be issued from the office of the Clerk of said Court, and did cause the following real estate belonging to defendant to be attached, to-wit: Lots seven (7) and eight (8) in block eighty-seven (87), as the same is designated upon the recorded plat of the city of Plattsmouth, in Cass county, State of Nebraska.

And the said William J. Ford is notified that he is required to appear and answer said petition on or before the third Monday after the 24 day of September, A. D. 1869.

Dated August 24 1869.
ROBERT R. LIVINGSTON.
By T. M. MARQUETT, his Att'y. [aug5w.4

## Estray Notice

TAKEN UP ON MY PLACE, NEAR Plattsmouth, two white Sows, weighing about 200 pounds each, with holes in their ears. The owner is requested to call, prove property, pay charges and take them away.
july22w5* H. H. PETTIT.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in South Bend precinct, July 22d, 1869, One Iron Grey Mare, supposed to be three or four years old, three white feet, branded "O. G." on near hind hip, when taken up had on a leather head stall, and was shod all round.
GEORGE D. MATTISON.
July29w3.

## Horace Greely in the Riot.

Only a hundred muskets had been brought into the building during the night; but these by a happy ruse had been magnified in the estimation of the mob into at least five hundred. They kept the rascals at bay during the night, but were totally insufficient for the regular defense of the building. With even a hundred brave men behind them they could no more have withstood that infuriated crew of five thousand than a feather can withstand a whirlwind. This was fully appreciated by the defenders, and it was determined that if the building stand over night, to load it up to the muzzle in the morning. Accordingly, by the following noon, it was a perfect arsenal. The first floor was barricaded with bales of printing paper and provided with a steam hose that would have badly "scorched" any intruder; and the second story had at one of the windows a small cannon loaded with grape and canister, at the other piles of hand grenades ready to be hurled upon the rioters. The third story was equally well armed, and in the larger editorial room were a dozen forty pound shells, with fuses shortened so they would explode on striking the pavement. These, with a brace or more of muskets at every window, and a hundred and fifty determined men, all under command of an experienced army officer, completed the armament of the building.

The arsenal Mr. Greely entered about noon on the second day of the riot, and, making his way to the editorial rooms, he looked curiously at the warlike preparations.

"What are these?" he inquired inspecting the shells, which were ranged in an irregular semi-circle near one of the front windows.

"Balls of fire and brimstone for those red ragamuffins down there on the sidewalks."

"But I wanted no arms brought into the building."

"Yes, we know, but Col. Adams now has command of the *Tribune* and we propose to see this dance out if it lasts till doomsday."

Without any further remarks Mr. Greeley went to his work and all the day was knee deep in editorials and exchanges.

Meanwhile a noisy mob was in possession of Printing House Square, and who ever entered or left the building was greeted with yells and curses, and threats of even rougher treatment. Still a throng of friends came pouring in and out all day, and these visitors so impeded Mr. Greeley's work that it was 8 o'clock at night before he had finished his last leader. As it grew toward dark, one friend after another went to him urging him to leave for home and, representing the great danger of remaining after sunset. To all his answer was, "I am not quite through; I will go in a few minutes."

At last General Busteed came in from the street reporting that the crowd, now greatly augmented, were clamoring wildly for "ould Grayley." "It is absolute madness for you to stay longer" said he, but the answer still was, "I am not quite through; I will go in a few minutes."

Eight o'clock came at last, and then Colonel Adams and another gentleman sent out for a close carriage to be brought to the side door, and then going to Mr. Greeley, accosted him somewhat as follows:

"Mr. Greely, a carriage will be here instantly. We want you to leave the office."

"I am not quite ready; I will go in a few moments," was again the quiet reply.

"We insist on you going now. A hundred and fifty of us are risking our lives in defending your building, and you have no right to add to our danger."

At this the philosopher slowly arose and with a peculiar smile said: "But why order a carriage? I could have gone just as well in a street car."

"You couldn't have got to a car. Look down there and see the kind of crowd that surrounds the building."

He looked down and saw what might have made a man of iron nerve turn pallid. The infernal regions had been unroofed, and the devils were there shouting; and hooting, and howling, and groaning on the pavement. Such another crew never got together on this or any other planet; and as he looked they shouted, "Come out, ye old haythen, come out; and we'll taich ye a naygur's as good as an Irishman."

"Well, they are a hard looking set," he said, turning around and drawing on his coat, preparatory to leaving; "where could those fellows have come from?"

He was smuggled into a carriage, the door was closed, and in half an hour he was miles away, in safety.

As all know, the riot lasted two days longer. During these two days the *Tribune* office and its editor were in almost hourly danger; but Mr. Greeley came and went as usual, attended to the duties of his position, as if only quiet were reigning over the blood-deluged city; and all this while some of the great dailies were posting him as a poltroon, and even a venerable archbishop had the bad taste to politely brand him as morally and physically a coward.

Whatever may be the facts touching Mr. Greeley's moral and physical courage, he showed upon this occasion an intellectual courage that constitutes in very deed a hero.—*Packard's Monthly.*

Bishop Simpson is thus sketched by T. L. Cyler, in the New York *Independent*: "While Mr. Punshon is the most celebrated and perhaps the most polished of living Methodist preachers, Simpson has the superior power over the emotions. With an average Methodist audience, the Bishop would call out ten "Amens", to Punshon's one. But with the pen Punshon is his master. Simpson looks like an ordinary farmer, as you meet him in the streets; yet he grows handsome when his face kindles with inspiration; in figure he is gaunt and his limbs "lie about loose," like Dr. Guthrie's, Lincoln's and old Harry Clay's. In the great work of saving the nation in her hour of agony, Simpson had a place as signally clear as Sherman's or Stanton's or Sumner's or George Stuart's. He led the Methodist corps; but then they had a man in almost every regiment.

Sheridan, at the beginning of his career had a sharp struggle with poverty. One of his resources was to write fugitive articals for the journals of the day, in which he was helped by his wife. Many years afte he took to politics, he observed to a friend: "If I had stuck to the law, I belive that I would have done as much as Tom Erskine, but I have no time for it, for Mrs. Sheridan and myself had to use all our time in writing for our daily stock of legs and shoulders of mutton." One of his friends, to whom he confessed this, wittily replied, "I see exactly how it was, Sheridan, you were at that time engaged in a joint-stock concern."

Three swallows of liquor per day will swallow eighty acres of land in a year.

## Mistaken Jealousy.

It is not often that people are mistaken on a mere question of identity, but sometimes such things will occur. A very amusing incident arising from this cause occurred recently.

A lady, about entering a street car, saw, as she supposed, her husband taking tender leave of another woman on a street corner near by. Having heard repeated rumors of his gallantries, she determined to settle the matter definitely. With a rather hasty judgment, she rapidly regained the street and approached the lady, who, standing on the corner, was still looking after the gentleman, who had gone in the store.

"You seem to be very well acquainted with that gentleman!" was her sudden and unexpected salutation.

"Madam!" was the surprised rejoinder, accompanied by a look which clearly denoted her suspicions of her questioner's sanity.

"I say you appear to be acquainted with that gentleman!"

"Well, yes—somewhat."

"How long have you known him?"

"A number of years. He's my husband."

"Indeed! He's mine too."

"What do you mean?" cried the lady, greatly excited.

"Just what I say. He's my husband."

The lady darted into the store, and the next moment reappeared with the unfortunate benedict.

"William, that lady says you are her husband."

One glance, however, was sufficient; the lady saw her mistake, and crying with vexation and shame, frankly confessed her mistake.

## Buy Land.

A leading New York journal says that—

"Within sight of Trinity steeple, there lives not less than one hundred thousand families in houses or parts of houses that they do not own, paying the better portion of their income weekly, monthly, quarterly to their landlords or their agents; prospering when times are good and going behind when they are dull; sometimes flush, and then again hard up; some prudent and frugal; others reckless and prodigal; two-thirds of them likely to die as they have lived, and be carried out in their coffins from other men's houses; ceasing to pay rent only when they cease to live. To these, one and all, we say: You should try to own land, if not this year, next; if not in or near the city, then in the wide, free country. Buy land!"

We reiterate the exhortation to every homeless person, "buy land." There is not much danger of your getting enough to violate the principles of Land Reform, but you may get enough to make a homestead, and save your rental. No man is truly a freeman who has not some spot of ground over which he can exercise exclusive dominion. Merchants, buy land. Everybody buy land. Do so, and there won't be so much left for speculators, and you will share the rise in value besides realizing the luxury of owning the spot which shelters your family.—*Cin. Times.*

## Two Hundred Miles in Four Hours.

The announcement of an express train that shall run from Liverpool to London in four hours is a remarkable event.—The distance is 200 miles, and in order to make the fifty miles per hour it will be necessary to make it a through train—that is, to allow no stop between the two places. The necessity of stopping for water is obviated by a long water trough at the side of the track, from which water is taken while the train is in motion, by letting down a scoop which shall reach the surface of the trough, and the velocity of the train will carry the water into the tank. The largest tenders yet made hold only about two thousand gallons of water; but that would last only about one-third of the distance. It may be found desirable to use smaller tenders (as one of these, with its load of water, would weigh over 22 tons,) and have more troughs. The engines will have to be large and powerful and most carefully made, as they cannot be lubricated nor can the heated bearings be examined as often as is the case in ordinary trips.

We had hoped this week to give our readers some definite information as to the commencement of work on the road west from Brownville. It now seems that the capitalists who were expected to take hold of the matter are now stumbling over the report of Chief Engineer Moulton of the North Missouri and Trunk Railroads. The said Engineer passed up along the west bank of the Missouri River last winter on horseback, and from observations then taken reports the survey of the Trunk Railroad, and adds that the only arable lands in Nebraska are within fifty miles of the river, and consequently the State Lands which are all west of this line, are comparatively worthless, being within that bug bear of years ago known as the Great American Desert.

The capitalists aforesaid will first send a man to inspect the State Lands before they proceed further. We hope he will come without delay, as the more they see of our country the more anxious they will be to invest their means in Nebraska.—*Brownville Advertiser.*

Florence is described in a recent letter as a slow place. The legend says that Florence was built upon a field of lilies, by refugees from persecution, about fifteen hundred years before the Christian era. The letter in question says the poppy is a fitter exponent of the present state. For a spell of sleep is upon her politics, her religion, her industry, her modern art. The driver lies asleep upon his load; the huckster nods upon a bench outside his shop in the drowsy morning. The writer has seen a bare-foot boy enjoying his siesta stretched upon the pavement of a crowded thoroughfare, and another throw down his cap for a pillow in the public street, with that careless grace which belongs to the Italian people, as his sole preparation for similar slumber.

The Orientals travel with bar gold, coin and jewels to pay their way in foreign lands, banking being very little of an Eastern institution; therefore it is not so very wonderful to hear that the Viceroy of Egypt, to meet his expenditures in England came furnished with twelve boxes of oak, bound with brass, each box being eighteen inches long, nine inches high, and twelve in width, and containing gold and notes.

One hundred and twelve Chinese *women* arrived in California by the last steamer. "Some of them have feet as big as any other women's," says a San Francisco paper.

A lady at Newport has a ring cut out solid diamond, said to be the only one in this country.

## A Butter Story.

In 1833 a family by the name of Van Sickler moved into the town of Towanda, Pa., and took up as a residence a place formerly occupied as a hotel. On the premiser was a deep well, originally dug by, or for, Mr. Beans, the hotelkeeper. At the time of building or stoning up the well, a stone shelf was inserted by order of the landlord about ten feet down, for the purpose of depositing in a cool place, butter, beef and such other articles as might be considered necessary to its preservation. The new comers on the place—the Van Sicklers—soon detected, or thought they did, the presence of decaying wood in the water, and it was decided to have the well cleared out. Accordingly two old patriots were detailed for that service. Their combined efforts, after a few hours labor resulted in their fishing up a butter firkin tightly sealed but black with age, and its old staves nearly rotten through. Mr. Means, the old landlord, long since retired from business, and then residing a short distance from the place, was sent for and came down, white-haired and venerable, bearing on his cane. After looking at it a moment, the old man said he could explain the whole matter. The tub had been let down on the stone shelf long years ago when he kept the hotel. As near as he could remember, it was over thirty years ago. The tub had disappeared in the night and it was supposed that it had been stolen. The well had never been cleaned out before, to his knowledge. The tub was now opened in the presence of the little crowd that had gathered. The lid was removed, the white linen cloth taken up, and there was the butter, yellow as gold, and, as proved on tasting, sweet as if made but yesterday, although thirty-one years had elapsed since it first went to the bottom of the well, where it was now found, like Truth, unimpaired by its long residence. The old man claimed the prize and carried it off rejoicing. Witnesses are still living who were present at the time, who will, with our informant, make affidavit to the truth in every particular of this true butter story. In those days butter was only worth from six to twelve cents per pound; now see the difference—sixty to eighty cents, and the best at that.—*Ex.*

When General Jackson was President, Jimmy O'Neil, the porter, was a marked character. He had his foibles which were offensive to the fastidiousness of Col. Donelson, and caused his dismissal on an average, about once a week. But on an appeal to the higher court, the verdict was invariably reversed by the good nature of the old General. Once, however, Jimmy was guilty of some flagrant offense, and was summoned before the highest tribunal at once. The General after stating the details of the misdeed, observed:

"Jimmy, I have borne with you for years in spite of all complaints, but in this act you have gone beyond my power of endurance."

"And do you believe the story?" asked Jimmy.

"Certainly," answered the General.—"I have just heard it from two Senators."

"Faith," replied Jimmy, "if I believed all that TWENTY Senators said about you, its little I'd think you fit to be President."

"O, pshaw! Jimmy, concluded the President, "clear out and go on duty, but be more careful hereafter."

Jimmy remained with his kindhearted patron, not only to the close of his Presidential term, but accompanied him to the Hermitage, and was with him to the day of his death.

## Bachelors Attention.

The attention of bachelors is invited to the following "wail:"

"There are some sad sights in this world; a city sacked and burnt—a battle field after a great slaughter—a London in the midst of a great plague—a ship burning at sea—a family pining in starvation—a jug of molasses wrecked upon the pavement. All bad, it is true.

"But to us, the saddest sight of all is an old bachelor wearing toward the end of his journey of life, his great duties undone. Miserable creature! just look at him; his shirt buttons off—his stockings out at toes—not a son or daughter, nor a relative to drop a tear, close his eyes in death, or to leave his money to—nobody in fact to care for him—shunned by saint and sinner."

In the beautiful drama of Ion; the instinct of immorality, so eloquent uttered by the death—devoted Greek, finds a deep response in every thoughtful soul. When about to yield his young existence as a sacrifice to fate, his beloved Clemanthe asked if they shall not meet again, to which he replies: "I have asked that dreadful question of the hills that look eternal—of the clear streams that flow forever—of the stars among whose fields of azure my raised spirit hath walked in glory. All were dumb. But while I gaze upon the living face, I feel that there is something in the love that mantles through its beauty that cannot wholly perish. We shall meet again, Clemanthe."

A Stockton (Cal.) paper mentions, as going to show the fertility of the San Joaquin valley, that eight hundred and seventeen tons of wheat left that town on a single day of last week for San Francisco. The grain crop in the San Joaquin Valley is turning out much better than was expected. A larger breadth of wheat was sown than ever before, and as many who put it in had leased land at high rates, or bought on credit, payable on selling their crop, much anxiety was caused by the light rains, and occasional appearance of rust. There seems to be no longer reason to dread that a fair average yield will not be realized, while many instances are reported of large fields going forty bushels to the acre.—

## A Human Library Rat.

A gentleman, who was appointed to value the extensive library of a deceased literary gentleman, found that the most rare and costly books in the collection were defective from having one or more leaves torn out. Shocked at their vandalism, he asked a servant, who had lived with the gentleman many years, if he knew how it happened. After some hesitation, the servant replied: "Why to be sure, sir, I now and then tore a leaf out when I wanted waste paper, but I never went twice to the same book, so I thought it couldn't be of much consequence."

An exhibition in Hamilton, Ontario, came to a sudden close the other day. A fifteen foot snake got out of his cage. He happened to be lively. He imparted the faculty to all who were in the vicinity.

There are over two thousand visitors at the Virginia Springs, mostly northern and western people. They spend over $8,000 per day.

## Miscellaneous.

Three thousand five hundred papers are published in the United States.

The best clerk in the Internal Revenue office at Washington is a deaf mute. He never gossips.

Sheridan defined an Irishman as a machine for converting potatoes into human nature.

Prentice says man was the chief consideration at the creation. Woman was only a "side issue."

A new tonic has been discovered. It is extracted from sausages, and called "salphate of canine."

Do make yourselves at home ladies," said a lady one day to her visitors, "I'm at home myself, and I wish you all were."

Wheelbarrows have come down to us through six centuries, and have hardly experienced an improvement since the first invention.

Pittsburg makes a joke of itself by complaing that soot and smoke of a certain railroad injure the flowers in the gardens of that city.

The domains of Brigham Young are recommended to bathers who cannot swim, because the water on Salt Lake is so dense that a man cannot sink.

Professor Blot is lecturing in New Haven, and the boarders in that city propose to present the landladies of the several boarding houses with free tickets to the full course.

Emma Farristall, a Nevada gymnast, is coming eastward. It is said she makes a table of herself, and holds an anvil on her breast long enough for a horseshoe to be made thereon.

A man whose wife is a woman's rightser, has ordered a gravestone, on which is engraved, "Let us have pece." He says he don't care much whether it is erected over her or over him.

The late Henry Keep left to his wife and daughter $2,000,000 worth of stock of the Northwestern Railroad, with instructions not to sell it, as it would pay better than any investment.

A beautiful specimen of marble, much superior to Italian, has been received at the Land office from a new quarry discovered recently on the Fort Leavenworth reservation.

A sagacious horse got tired of waiting for the ferry-boat to push off from the Rock Island shore, and pulled the bell with his teeth, starting it off ten minutes before its time.

Many rich silver and copper veins have been discovered recently in the Battle Mountain District, in Nevada. These mines average forty per cent copper, and in some instances from $6 to $20 per ton in silver.

The Rochester Century Plant has been visited by persons from 28 different states, and also from several foreign countries, as shown by the register of visiters which has been kept since the 1st of June.

The Ministers to England and France receive $17,500 a year each; the Ministers to Russia, Austria, Spain and Mexico, $12,000 each; the Ministers to Hayti and Liberia, $7,500; the Ministers resident in Sweden, Belgium, Guatamala, Bogota, Bolivia and Nicaragua, $7,000.

The Union Pacific Railroad bridge across the Missouri river at Omaha will be the largest one yet projected over the Missouri river. It will consist of 11 spans of 250 feet each, and is estimated to cost, when completed, nearly two millions of dollars.

A little girl named Katie Pitt has received a premium in Platte county, Mo., for committing to memory 13,657 verses of the Bible. At last accounts she was still alive, although it may be doubted whether she can survive the 14,000th verse.

A citizen of Philadelphia who used a solution of carbonic acid as a wash to neutralize the offensive odor arising from a cancer, discovered that the latter was entirely removed by the application. The solution consisted of one-fourth of an ounce of acid diluted in a quart of water.

The Cincinnati *Times* says the people of La Crosse complain of the frequency of robberies and other outrages in that vicinity. A community which can for years withstand the daily publication of such a sheet as the La Crosse *Democrat*, should not complain at any ordinary outrage.

Degroat is putting an immense bronze casting of scenes in the life of Commodore Vanderbilt over the entrance of the Hudson River freight depot in St. John's Park. It will cost $800,000, and is the largest casting in the world. The foundation alone costs $80,000

A man in Hamburg, Pa., bought a wagon-load of boards about thirty years ago, and failing to get the price he asked, determined not to loose money on them. Accordingly they are still for sale in his yard, having never been removed from the wagon, but team and boards are mostly rotton wood.

A new fog trumpet has lately been erected on Thacker's Island, off Gloucester, which is operated by an Ericsson caloric engine, rotates through an arc of 180 degrees, and gives a blast of seven seconds duration at intervals of forty-three seconds.

Pittsburg claims to have five hundred and ninety-five furnaces, which work up one thousand tons of iron per day, and the largest factory of plumbers and gas fitters material in the country. It also boasts of one establishment which makes all kinds of nails, from the smallest tacks to the largest spikes, and which has one machine that turns out 3,600 shoe brads per minute.

A jury of a justice's court in a rural district of California decided that the State law prohibiting persons from carrying concealed weapons is unconstitutional, because the Constitution of the United States says that "the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed;" and the county judge sustained the decision.

There is a man in the Brooklyn Navy Yard, who, while working as a machinist, has mastered the French, German and Italian tongues, made himself particularly acquainted with Hebrew, and obtained a thorough knowledge of botany and geology. He continues to work on from day to day at the navy yard bench, spending all his nights and noons in study, and husbanding all his earnings to purchase books, of which he has now a large library.

The Fourth District Court in San Francisco has granted a divorce to a young and beautiful lady who was married to Joseph J. Smith of Salt Lake City. The lady testified that Smith is a deacon in the Mormon Church, and that he has always treated her kindly, they having lived pleasantly together for several years. Recently however, Smith concluded to have a second wife to which Mrs. Smith objected, and so, when the deacon took home his new bride, wife No. 1 returned to her mother.

## Curiosities of the Ocean Bottom.

Mr. Green, the famous diver, tells singular stories of his adventures, when making search in the deep waters of the ocean. He gives some new sketches of what he saw at the "Silver Banks," near Hayti:

"The banks of the coral on which my divings were made are about forty miles in length, and about ten to twenty in breadth. On this bank of coral is presented to the diver one of the most beautiful and sublime scenes the eye ever beheld. The water varies from ten to one hundred feet in depth, and is so clear that the diver can see from two to three hundred feet, when he is submerged, with but little obstruction to the sight.

The bottom of the ocean, in many places is as smooth as a marble floor; in others it is studded with coral columns, from ten to one hundred feet in hight, and from one to eighty feet in diameter. The tops of those more lofty support a myriad of pyramidal pendants, each forming a myriad more; giving reality to the imaginary abode of some water-nymph. In other places the pendants form arch after arch; and as the diver stands on the bottom of the ocean, and gazes through these in the deep winding avenue, he finds that they fill him with as sacred an awe as if he were in some old cathedral which had long been buried beneath 'old oceans wave.' Here and there the coral extends even to the surface of the water, as if those loftier columns were towers belonging to those stately temples that are now in ruins.

There were countless varieties of diminutive trees, shrubs and plants in every crevice of the coral where the water had deposited the least earth. They were all of a faint hue, owing to the pale light they received, although of every shade, and entirely different from the plants I am familiar with that grow upon dry land. One of them in particular attracted my attention. It resembled a sea-fan of immense size, of variegated colors, and the most brilliant hue. The fish which inhabited those "Silver Banks," I found as different in kind as the scenery was varied. They were of all forms, colors and sizes—from the symmetrical goby to the globe-like sunfish; from those of the dullest hue to the changeable dolphin; from the spots of the leopard to the hues of the sunbeam; from the harmless minnow to the voracious shark."

## A Relic out of Tune.

Mary Clemmer Ames, describing "Things Done By," at Washington, writes as follows: The belle of the past administration comes back expecting without a doubt, to renew old conquests and to achieve new triumphs. The little girls whom she left in short frocks she finds in places she filled. She wonders what ails the faces of her friends—she left them smooth and young, she finds them lined and old—and it does not occur to her that they are making the same comments on her own. The man whom she refused in her imperious youth, because he was poor and positionless, she finds rich and powerful, with a fair wife by his side, whom she cordially hates.—The old door keepers at the capital, who used to swing back the doors of the diplomatic gallery so obsequiously at the very sight of Ion. ——'s daughter, are