The Nebraska Herald.

PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA.

THURSDAY,.....APRIL, 23, 1868.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We are desirous of receiving correspondence from all parts of the State, relative to the material interests of the country, together with such other matter as contributors may deem of interest.

For Representative from Nebraska in the 41st Congress

HON. T. M. MARQUETT,

Subject to the decision of the Republican State Convention

Republican State Convention.

A State Convention will be held at Nebraska City on Wednesday, April 29th, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., to elect delegates to represent the Republican party of Nebraska at the National Convention to be held at Chicago, May 20th, next. Also a candidate for Member of Congress, Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer, 3 Presidential Electors, and the delegates present from each Judicial district will nominate a suitable person for District Attorney, for their respective districts.

The Convention will be organized as follows:

Richardson County	5	Counties of Saline, Lincoln & Kearney	1
Nemaha County	5	Sarpy County	9
Counties of Nemaha, Richardson & Johnson	1	Douglas do	8
Counties of Pawnee, Gage, Jefferson, Saline & Lancaster	1	Dodge do	1
Counties of Gage and Jefferson	1	Platte do	1
Johnson county	1	Washington county	2
Otoe do	7	Counties of Washington & Burt	1
Lancaster do	1	Counties of Hall, Buffalo & Merrick	1
Cass do	3	Counties of Burt and Cuming	1
Counties of Cass, Sarpy Saunders, Butler and Seward	1	Dakota county	1
Counties of Saunders, Seward & Butler	1	Counties of Dixon, Cedar, & L'Eau qui Court	1
Counties of Platte, Merrick, Hall, Buffalo, Kearney and Lincoln.	1	Counties of Dodge, Cuming, Stanton, Dakota, Dixon, Cedar, L'Eau qui Court, and Pierce.	1
		Pawnee county	1

A State Central Committee is to be elected for the coming campaign, the place of holding the next State Convention designated, the basis of representation for succeeding State Conventions agreed upon, and other important business will be brought before the Convention.

Republicans, send delegates, and let not one county be unrepresented.

ST: A D BALCOMBE, *Chairman.*

Omaha, Jan 20, 1868.

THE CONVENTION.

The County Republican Convention held in this city last Saturday was the largest ever held in the place, and we never saw a more united set of delegates on any question than they were on the question of Hon. T. M. Marquetts nomination as member of Congress. Not a delegate was absent, and there was not one out of the number but seemed determined that Mr. Marquett should receive the nomination at the Nebraska City Convention. The people have known him so long and so thoroughly that we doubt if there is another man in the State of Nebraska who has the same hold upon the affections of his county people as Marquett has in this county. They do not support him because of the individual good they expect he will accomplish for them, but because they know him to be a *true* man, and one that would scorn to do a mean act. He is just the kind of a man that should be in a public position; and if there were more of them we would hear less complaint from the people about mismanagement of affairs. He was never known to lose sight of the interests of his constituents that he might advance his own individual interests; and then, he is just the man to "skin the copperheads," because he takes a delight in it and knows exactly how, to do it. We refer (by permission) to J. Sterling Morton. With Marquett for a standard bearer this fall, the Republicans may expect a lively campaign.

THE B. & M. R. R.

We learn that a contract has lately been let on this road west from Afton, and that the balance through to this city will be let in a short time. The road is open to Osceola (see new advertisement), and everything indicates a speedy completion to the river. This road might (?) have went to Omaha, only the people of that city would not allow one end of the bridge to reach across to Iowa—they were afraid Council Bluffs would pull it over.

Nemaha Convention.

The Republicans of Nemaha county held their County Convention on Saturday, the 11th inst. The delegates elected are J. R. Larkin, Geo. Crow, T. J. Majors, J. S. Church and Wm. Reed. Resolutions were passed in favor of Grant for President and Butler for Governor, and one favoring Taffe for Congressman was voted down by 12 ayes to 51 nays.

—The press banquet, given to Dickens at Delmonco's, on the 18th was a very pleasant affair. Horace Greeley presided. Dickens, in a speech, expressed his intention not to write another book on America, but would give impressions and experiences in his magazine. He said that all future editions of "Martin Chuzzlewit," in the American notes, should contain an appendex retracting aspersions on American people. His remarks were highly eulogistic of the people and the country.

—The city marshall of Cheyenne, in pursuance of the city ordinance against carrying weapons, attempted to discarm Capt. Moore, the U. S. Marshall. He desiated, however, before he had succeeded in accomplishing the job. So says the *Star*.

HON. E. S DUNDY

Appears to worry the Democracy of Nebraska terribly. He has been nominated and confirmed U. S. District Judge for Nebraska, and the Democratic papers of the State are very much exercised about it. What is the matter? Is Morton afraid there will yet be a legal investigation in regard to those revolvers? And is the learned gentleman of ten per cent notoriety who presides over the Omaha *Herald* shaking a little in his boots? It may be barely possible that some men in Nebraska are in the same box with the Irishman who was told that he should have justice done him.

SERGEANT BATES,

Like a great goose that he is, has tramped all over the South trying to make political capital for the copper head party. He has at last arrived in Washington, where the whole programme was "kicked into pi" by having A. Johnson to receive him at the White House and eulogise his effort to convince people that the ex-rebels honored the old flag. Mr. Sergeant Bates would succeed better digging post holes than in endeavoring to make capital for the copperhead party.

—A St. Louis dispatch says a ghastly spectacle was presented in the river yesterday. During the cholera last summer, large numbers of bodies, victims of the epidemic, were buried by the city, on Arsenal Island. The river has been gradually wearing the island away, and yesterday the water reached the trenches where the bodies were buried. Over fifty coffins floated down the stream. Twenty-four have been recovered. Measures have been taken to secure the remainder.

Now and Then.

A large proportion of the Democratic papers of the country are in favor of increasing the currency of the country by paying off the government bonds in greenbacks. Without stopping to argue whether their position is correct or not, we would like to ask them to explain why they are so zealous for this increase now if their position in regard to this same currency was correct during the war. Then they cried out that greenbacks were "worthless trash" because of the amount authorized. If their position in regard to the currency is correct now, they certainly must have been at fault then, or else they were acting falsely. If they were acting falsely then can they be trusted now? A party that "trims" merely for public opinion, or for the purpose of exciting prejudice, without regard to principle or consistency, is a very poor thing to tie to.

15 or 51.

Can the Brownville *Journal* tell us what the difference is between 15 and 51 when they have reference to the passage or defeat of a resolution. The County Convention in Nemaha county was composed of 63 delegates, and the resolution favoring Taffe as member of Congress received 12 ayes. Can anybody tell how many nays that would leave? The *Journal* says 15.

Same old Song.

The *Press* sings the same old song of war and blood and rebels and Democrats that it sung six years ago.—*News.*

Well, suppose it does. Is there any difference of opinion in regard to these pests of mankind from what there was six years ago?

—Since Mr. Stanton first took up his bed and board in the War Office to prevent Ad Interim Thomas from getting possession of it, he has not left it, except last Saturday, when he took advantage of a snow and rain storm to leave it in a close carriage, and visit every leading Radical, spending a short time with each talking over the condition of affairs. His absence was unknown to either the President or Thomas. It is supposed that had the latter known of it he would have attempted to get possession of the office.

"BIG INJUN."

Reports received at Gen. Sherman's head quarters in St. Louis, of the starvations of the Indians at Fort Berthold, and the simultaneous report from other quarters of impending Indian hostilities, which will probably break out as soon as the roads are clear of snow, show the necessity of some efficient reorganization of Indian affairs. Bills have been introduced for the creation of a Department of Indian affairs. What has become of them? Where is the "Big Injun" whose mission is to look after these questions in Congress? — *Tribune.*

If you will just come out to Nebraska. Mr. "H. G.," we can show you the "Big Injun" in all his glory. He is reported to be particularly "numerous" around here at the present time, and he appears to need "reorganizing" and reconstructing "mightily." The "Department" is not in very good odor with the people, however; and the "hostility" of the old chap to the will of the people is apparent.

"RINGS"

Are dangerous things in politics, not only to the people, but the parties forming them. If a party of men will form a "ring" to defraud the people of a fair and untrammeled expression of their will, is there not the best of grounds to suppose that the "sharp" ones of the "ring" will form still other combinations to defraud the dupes whom they have entangled in their meshes, and who dare not cry out even though they receive no part or parcel of the "pap" which is used as a bait to entrap them? We know that temporary success is a wonderful stimulant even in a bad cause; but the people are Argus-eyed, and will, as they should, dethrone all those who attempt to accomplish by means of "rings" those things which the people would denounce if free to act. These things exist, to a certain extent, in many portions of the east, but we hope they will never be attempted in Nebraska.

—The Tribune's Orleans special says: The election passed off quietly notwithstanding the violent intimations on the part of the rebels against the board of registration commissioners of elections. Nearly all the rebels resorted to every subterfuge to prevent the negroes from voting. The State will nevertheless give twenty thousand for the Constitution. The Republican this morning reports the assassination of several prominent Republicans in different parts of the State, and others have been hunted and driven into the woods. The colored candidate for the State Legislature, of the Onatchia Parish was killed.

The Impeachment Tiral

Was closed on Monday, so far as the introduction of evidence goes. It is expected that the arguments will be closed to-morrow, and that the decision will be rendered on Saturday.

A Richmond despatch of April 18th, says the convention adjourned at midnight, subject to call of the committee. It refused to rescind the test oath, as recommended by Gen. Schofield.

Democrats voted with the colored members to retain the oath for the purpose of defeating the Constitution.—Only the President and Secretary signed the Constitution; a resolution having been adopted dispensing with the signatures of members.

—The Herald's Havana special contains the following Mexican news:—Col Rubis, troops in Sinaloa, had deserted him. The rebel Gen. Martini has five thousand men. It is reported that a combination has been formed between Gov. Lozada and ex Gov. Pasguira. Gen. Corona was determined to use all military authority and power for the suppression of the Sinaloa rebellion. Most people believe in the reported formation of a Northwestern Republic out of some of the Mexican States, but it is the policy of the government not to admit even the possibility of such a thing. An envoy of Nigrete and Canales proposed recently at Tampico to favor Santa Anna with the regency, but they were mobbed. The rebels at Puebla have proclaimed Gen. Nigrete, under the Constitution of 1857, thereby refusing to recognize the federal authority, ordering elections and proclaiming Ortega Provisional President of Mexico.

THE NEW MAIL ROUUE.

The people of Plattsmouth, Lincoln, Weeping Water and other points will be pleased to learn that the contract has been let for a Weekly mail, and that the efforts to secure tri-weekly service are meeting the approval of the authorities. The following letter from the 2d assistant P. M. Gen. to Hon J. M. Thayer will show how the matter stands at present.

Post Office Department
Contract Office.
Washington, April 9, 1868.

Sir:—Agreeably to your request I have the honor to inform you that Mr David Dorrington, Falls City, Nebraska, accepted bidder on route 14.455, Plattsmouth to Blue River, has by this mail been requested to report the lowest price per annum for which he will increase the service as advertised to three trips a week to Lincoln and once a week the residue.

Should Mr Dorringtons proposition be deemed reasonable the route will will be made to run as above indicated.

Very respectfully &c.,
GEO. D. MCLELLAN
Sec. Ass't. P. M. Gen.

Hon. J. M. Thayer,
U. S. Senate.

—The Democracy of Illinois has resolved "that the national honor, financially, in our hands, remains unsullied as it ever has been in all respects." What hypocrits! The leading organs of that party in the Northwest are openly advocating repudiation, and such as do are the best sustained Democratic papers in the country. That resolution is a trap to catch gulls.

COUNTY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Plattsmouth, Neb., April 18th, 1868.

Convention met pursuant to call, and was called to order by the chairman of the Central Committee.

R. R. Livingston was called to the chair, and A. C. McMaken chosen Secretary.

On motion, a committee of five consisting of Messrs. Seybolt, Todd, Mc F. Hagood, Hathaway and Fuller, was appointed on credentials.

The committee reported the following named gentlemen entitled to seats:

Plattsmouth—H. D. Hathaway, R. R. Livingston, A. B. Taylor, Henry Eikenbary, J R Clark, F M Dorrington, A L Sprague, Jos W Johnson, Wm Woodruff, W D Gage and Alex Schlegle.

Oreapolis—J G Miller Thos Thomas and W W Connor proxy for J. Parcel.

Rock Bluffs—Geo L Seybolt, J Mc F Hagood, Demit Cole, W J Hesser and J B Moore.

Liberty—P D Hathaway and Samuel Cannon.

Mt. Pleasant—S B Hobson, L G Todd, E A Kirkpatrick, Wm Loyd and W J Linch.

Eight Mile Grove—A C McMaken, E Sage and J P Ruby.

Weeping Water—D L Clapp, E L Reed proxy for F M Timblin, and L F Reed proxy for F M Wolcott.

Avoca—Lawson Sheldon, Geo Jennings and Orlando Teffi.

Louisville—J T A Hoover, E Schlegle and C S Childs proxy for G. W. Thorndike.

South Bend—D. W. McKinnon and Jos Crawford.

Salt Creek—J S Rouse and David Paul.

Delegate from Saunders county in the 7th Senatorial District convention—A B Fuller.

The committee also recommended that Walter Brookins be admitted as a delegate from that portion of Weeping Water precinct lately set off from Avoca.

On motion the report of the committee was adopted.

On motion, the delegates from Cass county to the Republican State Convention to be held on the 29th inst., were instructed to favor an adjournment of that body, after the selection of Delegates to the Republican National Convention, to the first Tuesday in August next.

On motion, the convention proceeded to an informal ballot for five delegates to the State Convention which resulted as follows:

R R Livingston	35
S Maxwell	36
L G Todd	25
F M Dorrington	20
Geo L Seybolt	37
J G Miller	3
A L Child	6
L Snelden	23
S M Kirkpatrick	6
W D Cage	5
L F Reed	7

And some half dozen names had one vote each.

On motion, the convention then proceeded to a formal ballott, with the following result;

R R Livingston	38
S Maxwell	40
L. G. Todd	33
F. M Dorrington	18
G L Seybolt	40
A L Child	2
L Shelden	31
S M Kirkpatrick	2
W D Gage	2

Whole number of votes cast, 42.

R R Livingston, S Maxwell, L G Todd G L Seybolt and L Shelden being the five persons receiving the greatest number of votes, they were declared July elected delegates to represent Cass county in the Republican State Convention to be held in Nebraska City on the 29th inst; and

On motion their election was made unanimous.

Geo L Seybolt submitted the following resolution which was adopted without a dissenting voice.

Resolved—That Hon T M Marquett is the unanimous choice of this convention for Member of the 41st Congress from Nebraska, and that our Delegates be and are hereby instructed to use all fair and honorable means to secure his nomination.

Mr Marquett was called upon, and he addressed the convention for a few minutes in that vigorous and enthusiastic style for which he is so justly noted. He thanked the gentlemen of the convention for the confidence they had reposed in him, and said that, should the banner of Republicanism be trusted to his keeping this fall, he would pledge himself to carry it into every inhabited part of the State, and proclaim to the people the justness of the principles he represented.

On motion, A. B Fuller of Saunders county was chosen by acclamation to represent the 7th Senatorial District in the Republican State Convention.

On motion, the delegation was empowered to fill any vacancies that might occur

On motion convention adjourned.

R. R. LIVINGSTON, Pres't,
A. C. McMaken, Sec'y.

WAR AND PEACE.

The Charleston *Mercury* was foremost among the southern journals that drove the ruling caste of their section into secesion and civil war. It is now foremost in arousing and stimulating resistance to reconstruction on the basis of equal rights for all men. In a late issue, it says:

It is just as well, men of the North, that you should understand now, as at any other time, that *the people of the Southern States do not intend to be ruled by negroes.* If it is the purpose of the United States Government to negroize the Southern States, they may as well know now as at any other time, that it *has to be done with the bayonet, and has to be preserved with the bayonat in all time to come.* This Southern people do not intend to be mongrelized. They prefer the sword—this they can always compel."

The State of South Carolina contained in 1860, 603,812 inhabitants, whereof 402 541 were then slaves and 9,914 free colored, leaving but 291.338 whites. War has told fearfully on the last named, so that they cannot now exceed two fifths of the entire population.

What the *Mercury* threatens is simply a renewal of the Rebellion, and on substantially the old pretext. South Carolina assumed to secede because the North was not sufficiently docile and devoted to the interests and exactions of Slavery. She initiated flagrant war by opening fire on the handful of famishing Union soldiers who garrisoned the national stronghold, Fort Sumter. Thenceforward, she had war to her heart's content, until her very last squad was captured, her last village was a conquest.

Her aristocracy fought bravely and well. They did their "level best;" and they dragged the poor, ignorant whites into their quarrel, rushing them upon death as sheep are driven to the shambles. When they were first routed at Port Royal by a National fleet, every white person but one left the island with their flying forces—that one being left, blind drunk. The blacks remained to welcome "the invaders." and exult in their new found freedom. And from that hour, the blacks of South Carolina have been loyal to the flag of the Union.

It is not the fault of the great body of the whites of South Carolina that they are now gathered under the folds of that flag. They did their very utmost to avoid that detested "subjugation."

They held out against it till they could hold out no longer. They gave in when there was no possibility of further resistance.

These are not pleasant reminiscences. We should much prefer not to revive them. But when the *Mercury* insists—as it plainly *does* insist—that the loyal three-fifths of the population of its State shall have no other rights than such as the disloyal two fifths shall preponderantly see fit to vouchsafe them—when it speaks of this rebel minority as "*the people* of the Southern States," and threatens a renewal of civil war if they are not so regarded—when it vaunts that said "people" prefer the sword, and can "compel" it—we are forced to remind it that such bullying is "played out"—that the arms-bearing portion of said "people" are paroled prisoners of war, who cannot brandish the sword against the authority of the Union without breaking their paroles and exposing themselves to an ignominious fate.

But talk of the "sword" in the premises is an anarchism—an impertinence. The *Mercury* knows as well as we do that the sword will rest and rust in its scabbard—that what it is really intent on is getting the Democratic party into power at Washington, and thus getting the Union-loving majority of the inhabitants under the feet of the rebel minority; and if the allied northern and southern Democracy shall be enabled to elect the next President, that end will be secured. If they fail in that election, the confederate democracies will peaceably submit, just as our side must submit if beaten. This is the plain prose of the matter, and all threats of a resort to "the sword" are preposterous. This country has had fighting enough for at least half a century, and whoever shall mean ime appeal to "the sword" will be promptly squelched by an irresistible uprising of the whole people in defense of peace, industry and prosperity.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

☞"Lead us not into temptation," is the agonizing prayer of the Democracy, as they implore the country to save them from negro equality and negro matrimony. Their peculiar susceptibility justifies them in wishing no additional inducements in that direction.

☞The White Cloud *Chief* says there was a fellow in that town the other day, soliciting orders for tombstones, and subscriptions to a rebel paper in Atchison. "Fitness of things."

☞The finest car that ever came west of Chicago, arrived in this city last Saturday afternoon. It is a Pullman Palace Dining car. It has been christened the "Delmonico." It is one of the finest pieces of mechanism we have ever seen on wheels. The cost of building it was $20.000. It is a regular palace dining room, finished in the most magnificent style, and supplied with every modern convenience imaginable.—*Nonpareil.*

NEBRASKA FOR WHEAT.

Every body knows that twenty to thirty bushels of wheat to the acre in Nebraska is the ordinary yield in good seasons. Everybody knows too that, in the St. Louis market, Nebraska wheat brings the highest and fanciest prices. Almost everybody knows also that it is quite a common thing for farmers to raise enough wheat During the first year to pay for their land, pay for plowing it and for fencing it.

Upon their wheat crops Nebraska farmers brag A few of them were bantering each other on the subject recently, when one of them having heard the others first, declared that, in 1867, he raised eighty acres of wheat which stood so thick and heavy on the ground that he was compelled to rent a quarter section of land adjoining it to shock it up on!! There wasn't room in the field where it grew. Probably some Minesota man can over go that??—*News.*

—"Give the President's counsel but time, with its softening and healing influences, and they need not fear the Senate," says the *Journal of Commerce.* "What would you like to die off?" asked Satan once of a slippery victim "Well, Mr. Devil, if it's all the same to you, I should prefer to die of old age." So the defendant, Johnson, wants time; ten months will do—that will drift the Great Accidency along beyond the 4th day of March, 1869. After that comes "silence and eternal sleep."

—Mr. Stanton has written a letter to Senator Cameron in reference to a communication from the Governor and Republican members of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, desiring his transfer to the Treasury Department, declaring that no consideration can induce him to assume the duties of the Treasury Department or remain in the War Department longer than is required for the appointment and confirmation of his successor.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 16th day of May 1868, at the Court House door in Plattsmouth, Cass County, Nebraska, between the hours of one and two o'clock p. m., of said day; I will offer at Public sale, all the right, title and interest of K. C. Lewis, deceased, in the following described tracts of land, to wit: The N. E. ¼ of Section 16, T. 10, N. of R. 13, E; and the N. W. ¼ of Section No. 15, T 10, N, of R. 13 East; and the S. E. ¼ of Section 10, T. 11 R 13; and the S. W. ¼ of Sec 15 T. 11, R. 13 E.; and the S W ¼ of s w ¼ sec. 35, T 12 N of R 13, E; and N W ¼ of sec 23, T 10 R 12 E; and W ½ of N W ¼ of Sec 13, T 11, N of R 12 E; and W ½ of N E ¼ of sec 33, T 11, N of R 12 E; and the N E ¼ of N E ¼ of sec 23 in T 11 R 12 E, all in Cass county, Nebraska. Terms Cash.

B. SPURLOCK, Administrator of the Estate of E. C. Lewis, deceased.

By Maxwell & Chapman, his Attorneys.

April 22, 1868.—w3

Notice to Tax-Payers.

The Taxes for 1867, forfeits May 1st, and according to law a penality of 10 per cent to at be added to all taxes unpaid at that date. Please pay up and save penalty, suit and costs

apr16 S. DUKE, Treas.

ADJOURNED
Sale of Lots
IN
Lincoln, Nebraska.

The undersigned will offer for sale, at Public Auction, at LINCOLN, Nebraska, at 10 a. m.

TUESDAY, JUNE 9th 1868,

about three hundred lots in said town, being the number unsold at the time of the adjournment of the sale last fall. The lots are appraised, and will be sold to the highest cash bidder above the appraisement.

LINCOLN
IS THE
CAPITAL OF NEBRASKA,

and was founded by authority of the Legislature It is situated in the most fertile region of Nebraska, and at a point apparently designed by nature to be the junction of not less than four or five trunk lines of railway. It is adjacent to the most valuable saline region in the west, of which the capacity for immensely profitable working has already been satisfactorily tested.

About one thousand lots were sold at public sale last fall, at prices which ran from 20 to 60 per cent above the appraisement; and this spring, so rapid has been the settlement and growth of the town, and so fair and certain its prospects, lots have sold secondhanded at prices from THREE TO SIX HUNDRED per cent in advance of their cost. The State House, building from the proceeds of the sales last fall, is approaching completion It will be ready for occupation by September, at which time the State Government will be removed to Lincoln.

At the June sale there will also be offered a Section of School Land adjoining the city, in tracts of a few acres each.

DAVID BUTLER,
THOS. P. KENNARD, } Commissioners.
JOHN GILLESPIE
apr16

Lands in Nebraska
For Sale.

In Cass County.

	Sec.	Town	R's
East half south-east qr	10	11	10
South west qr.	11	11	10
South east qr.	17	11	10
North east qr	17	11	10
East h'f north east qr.	20	11	10
North-east qr south-east qr.	20	11	10
North-west qr	21	11	10
North h'f south-west qr.	21	11	10
North west qr.	1	11	11
South west qr	1	11	11
South-east qr.	2	11	11
North-east qr.	15	11	11
North-west qr.	13	11	11
South-west qr.	13	11	11
North hf South-east qr.	13	11	11
South-west qr.	24	11	11
East hf North-west qr.	33	11	11
North-east qr south west qr	33	11	11
North hf North west qr.	34	12	11
West hf South-west qr.	34	12	11
North east qr	3	11	12
North-east qr.	20	11	12
North-east qr. (Improved)	13	12	13
West hf north-west qr	5	10	13
East hf north-east qr.	6	10	13
Fraction	13	12	14

In Lancaster County.

South-east qr north-east qr	14	9	6
North-east qr. South-west qr.	14	9	16
South hf south-west qr.	14	9	6
North hf north-west qr	23	9	6
East hf south west qr	14	10	6
North hf north-west qr.	23	10	6

In Saunders County.

North-west qr.	25	17	7
South-west qr	25	17	7

Address

U. W. WISE,
or J. N. WISE, *Agent.*
Plattsmouth, - - - Nebraska.

PROBATE NOTICE

Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Samuel Maxwell, Esq., Administrator of the estate of Robert J. Palmer, late of Cass county, Nebraska will make a final settlement of his administration at the office of the Probate Judge, in the city of Plattsmouth, on Monday June 1st 1868, at 1 o'clock p. m., at which time all persons interested will attend

Given under my hand and seal, this 16 h day of April 1868.

WILLIAM D GAGE,
apr23w3 Probate Judge.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

James Patrick and William Patrick vs The heirs of Samuel W. Black, dec'd } Execution.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution in the above entitled cause and to me directed from the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the First Judicial District in and for the county of Otoe, Nebraska, I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, at the front door of the Court House in Plattsmouth, county and State aforesaid, on

MONDAY, the 25th day of MAY, A. D 1868

between the hours of one and two o'clock p. m of said day, all right, title and interest of the above named defendants, to wit: William B. Black, Elizabeth Morehead and Hettie Black, and Charles W Slymer as administrator of the estate of Samuel W. Black deceased, in and to the following described real estate, to wit. The south-east quarter (¼) of section No. nine (9) in township No. ten (10) north of range No. thirteen (13) east of the 6th P. M. in Cass county, Nebraska.

Given under my hand this the 22d day of of April 1868 —w5

J. W. JOHNSON,
Sheriff Cass County, Neb.

PROBATE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Vallery has this day made application to the Probate court of Cass County, State of Nebraska, to be appointed Administrator *de bonis non* of the estate of Peter A Sarpy, late of said county. The Court has ordered that Tuesday, the 19th day of May 1868, at 10 o'clock, a. m. at his office in the city of Plattsmouth, when he will hear said application and determine the same, All persons interested may appear.

Given under my hand and seal of Probate Court this 20th day of April, 1868.

WILLIAM D. GAGE,
apr23w3 Probate Judge.

K. & N STAGE LINE.

Stage will leave Neb. City on and after April 18th, at 5 1-2 o'clock, a. m., taking breakfast at Factoryville; arrive at Plattsmouth at 12 o'clock, for dinner; leave Plattsmouth at one; arrive at Neb. City at 6 o'clock, p. m. Office at Lindsey's Hotel, Neb. City, and at Platte Valley House, Plattsmouth,

apr16tf GEO. JENNINGS.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Murphee & Simpson, vs Antony Bolschied } Attachment.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a execution issued in the above entitled cause, issued out of and under the seal of the Clerk of the District Court of the 2d Judicial District, within and for Cass County, Nebraska, and to me directed; I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest and best bidder, for cash in hand, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Plattsmouth, county and State aforesaid on

SATURDAY, the 9th day of May, 1868,

between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock p. m., of the said day, all right, title and interest of the above named defendant, Antony Bolschied in and to the following described Real Estate, to wit: Lots one, two, four and ten, (1, 2 4, & 10) in Block two (2) south of the Public Square, and lots ten and eleven (10 &11). in block one (1), south range one (1). east of the Public Square all in Rock Bluffs city, Cass County, Nebraska.

Given under my hand this 1st day of April, A. D. 1868.

J W JOHNSON,
Sheriff of Cass Co., Nebraska

MAXWELL & CHAPMAN, Att'ys for Pl'ff. [apr23w4]

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 16th day of May, 1868, at the Court House door in the city of Plattsmouth, Cass County, Nebraska, between the hours of one and two o'clock p. m., of said day; I will offer at Public sale, all the right, title and interest of K. C. Lewis, deceased, in the following described tracts of land, to wit: The N. E ¼ of Section 16, T. 10, N. of R. 13, E; and the N. W. ¼ of Section No. 15, T 10, N, of R. 13 East; and the S. E. ¼ of Section 10, T. 11 R 13; and the S. W. ¼ of Sec 15 T. 11, R. 13 E.; and the S W ¼ of s w ¼ sec. 35, T 12 N of R 13, E; and N W ¼ of sec 23, T 10 R 12 E; and W ½ of N W ¼ of Sec 13, T 11, N of R 12 E; and W ½ of N E ¼ of sec 33, T 11, N of R 12 E; and the N E ¼ of N E ¼ of sec 23 in T 11 R 12 E, all in Cass county, Nebraska. Terms Cash.

B. SPURLOCK, Administrator of the Estate of E. C. Lewis, deceased.

By Maxwell & Chapman, his Attorneys.

April 22, 1868.—w3