



"If any man attempts to haul down the American Flag, shoot him on the spot!"

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GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES.

FOR SALE. A good lot of new stock building, 25 by 30 feet with good cellar, for further particulars inquire of the advertiser.

THE RAILROAD.

All sorts of stories in relation to Railroad matters gain credence now-a-days. One man thinks the Chicago & Northwestern is going to Nebraska City; another that the Union Pacific will never be completed; another that the B. & M. R. will either go to Nebraska City, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Bellevue or Rock Bluffs—all alike erroneous.

THE MAILS.

There is a great disarrangement in the mail route between St. Joseph and Omaha, and the question is, who is to blame? From every office on the route we hear complaints of not receiving the mail regular, and some are entirely missed one half the time.

BRIDGE GONE.

We hear that the high water in Platte has carried away the U. P. R. R. bridge across North Platte. We know nothing of the correctness of this report, and can only hope it may not prove true.

The old story of the lazy school-boy who spelled Andrew Jackson, &ru Jaxn, has been overshadowed by a genius out West, who wished to mark a half dozen new shirts—he marked the first John Jones, and all the rest ditto.

SALT CREEK ITEMS.

ASHLAND, Neb., April 8, 1867. Salt Creek is on a bend; the water is ten feet deep at the Ford. The ice ran out yesterday, and swept all before it. Dean's saw mill is badly injured; it is said that there is a vast amount of snow still lying at the heads of Salt Creek and Washoo.

There will probably be more prairie broken in Saunders county, this season than there is broken at the present day. There is a great demand for improved land. Holders of Homesteads could sell their improvements at high prices if they would.

U. P. R. R. INJURED.

We learn from Chaplain Wright, who returned from Omaha yesterday, that about one hundred and twenty miles of the Union Pacific Railroad west of Omaha is injured materially by the high waters of the Platte. Chaplain Wright started for Fort Kearney, where he is ordered for duty, but was compelled to return, being unable to ascertain anything definite in regard to when cars could run on the road.

A Local on Chicago.

The city of Chicago is a place of immense size. The State of Illinois is in Chicago, but it would hardly be noticed there unless you were looking for it particularly. Although Lake Michigan is a pretty large lake, yet, owing to the stupendous dimensions of the city, it barely serves the Chicagoans the purpose of a bathing tub.

New York and Philadelphia regret exceedingly that they are so far from Chicago. It interferes materially with their growth and future prospects. They are endeavoring to have lightning trains run through from Chicago without stopping, so they can have Chicago papers at the earliest possible moment.

Chicago is a great place for elevators. There is more corn elevated in Chicago than in any other city. It is more in the juice than the kernel, however. The principal business of the city consists in getting up "gift enterprises." They get them up and then "git" with the money. The people there are indignant that the shore end of the Atlantic cable is not fastened in Chicago, and think of starting a balloon connection with old mother Moon.

A negro in Pennsylvania lately gave his idea of faith in God's promises in the following words: "Dar is a brick wall, and de Lord he stand dare and say to me, 'Now I want you to go troo dat.' I ain't a going to say 'Lord I can't.' I got nuffin to do about it. All I have to do is to but against it, and it's de Lord's business to put me troo."

A PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

WHEREAS, The Constitution of the State of Nebraska provides that "the Legislature may on extraordinary occasions be convened by proclamation of the Governor, and when so convened, shall transact no business except such as relates to the objects for which they were so convened, to be stated in the proclamation of the Governor," and

Whereas, The transition of Nebraska from a Territorial condition to that of a State, absolutely requires, for the preservation of order, and the agricultural and commercial interests of the people, that the Legislature should convene as soon as practicable.

Therefore, In accordance with the provisions of the Constitution, and by virtue of the authority vested in me, I, DAVID BUTLER, Governor of the State of Nebraska, do call upon the members of the Legislature of the said State to meet at the Capitol in the City of Omaha, on Thursday, the sixteenth day of May next, at the hour of two o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of taking action upon the following subjects of legislation:

- 1. The revision or amendment of the Election Law, the provision of penalties for the violation thereof, and the enactment of a law for the Registration of voters.
2. The revision or amendment of the Statute relating to Prosecuting Attorneys.
3. The revision or amendment of the general Incorporation law.
4. The revision or amendment of the Statute regulating interest.
5. The revision or amendment of the Revenue law.
6. The amendment of Section thirty-eight of chapter forty-three, of the Revised Statutes, regulating the appointment of Commissioners of Deeds.
7. The revision or amendment of the School law.
8. The revision or amendment of the Code of Civil Procedure to abolish the distinction between actions at law and suits in Equity.
9. The revision or amendment of the Sections of the Revised Statutes, commencing at Section five hundred and eighty-four, entitled, "Homesteads and other Exemptions."
10. The amendment of Charters of cities, and other incorporations.
11. The amendment of Statutes requiring fees of jurors and witnesses.
12. The amendment of laws regulating roads and election of Supervisors.
13. The amendment of Section fifty-one, page fifty-five, of the Revised Statutes, so that its provisions may apply to the Judges of the first and second Judicial Districts.
14. The revision or amendment of any general or special law, now in force, that may be deemed necessary.
15. An enactment authorizing counties to vote Taxes for Internal improvements.
16. Appropriations for legislative and other expenses.
17. Enactments for the encouraging of emigration.
18. The location and disposition of such lands as are or may be hereafter donated to the State by the General Government for any purpose.
19. The location of State Public Buildings, and making such provisions for the erection, completion and repair of the same as may be deemed necessary.
20. The location of such State roads as may be necessary.
21. The responsibility of Railroad Companies for damages done to stock by their employees.
22. The regulation of the transit of Texas or other foreign cattle over the State.
23. The regulation of the payment of salaries of State and Judicial Officers.
24. Proposed amendments to the Constitution of the United States as may be submitted for ratification.
25. The education and care of Deaf Mutes.
26. The creation of the offices of School Commissioner, Adjutant General and Librarian of the State, and such other officers as may be deemed necessary, fixing their salaries and defining their duties.
27. Appropriations for pay of Deputy Auditor and clerks for State Officers.
28. Making provision for the redemption of State or Territorial Bonds.
29. Providing for the copying of the records of Washington county so far as they affect the title to property in Logan Creek precinct, and placing such copies on the records of Dodge county.
30. Enactments for carrying out the provisions of the State Constitution as follows:
1. To define the boundaries of Senatorial and Representative Districts.
2. To prescribe the mode of organizing the House of Representatives, at the commencement of each regular session.
3. To provide for the letting of contracts for supplying stationery required for the use of the State, and for doing the public printing.

M. E. CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments were made for the Nebraska City District at the recent Conference held in Omaha: Presiding Elder, C. M. Giddings. Nebraska City, H. T. Davis. Peru, R. C. Johnson. Brownville, B. C. Golladay. St. Deroain, A. J. Folden. Rulo, A. Williams. Falls City, W. A. Presson. Table Rock, M. Pritchard. Tecumseh, F. L. Britt. Beatrice, H. P. Mann. Salt Creek Ford, H. H. Skaggs. Lancaster, J. Presson. Blue River, to be supplied.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY IN THE SOUTH.

The Freedmen, at every meeting they have held since the military bill became a law, have shown that they know what citizenship means, and that in accepting its privileges they are ready to discharge its duties. In taking the ballot, they have proved that they have suddenly gained they show no disposition to abuse, and there is not a solitary instance in which colored speakers have appealed to the people to revenge at the polls the wrongs of the slave mart, the whipping post or the branding iron.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY IN THE SOUTH.

After twenty years of obstinate resistance the Austrian Emperor has yielded to the demands of his gallant people fought for in 1848. He has given them their ancient constitution, recognized their own independent parliament, given them a ministry of their own, and conceded that he can only be King of Hungary by coronation at the hands of her parliament. He has also admitted to high places in the councils of the nation some of those who were foremost in fighting her battles in 1848, and who have since passed long years in exile therefor.

A good story is related of Miss C., a laughter-loving, good natured country lass, who was spending the afternoon with a neighbor, and during supper the conversation turned on hens, eggs, etc., during which she observed "that their hens did not lay scarcely any eggs, and she could not give any reason for it." "Why," observed Mr. P., "my hens lay very well; I go out among them almost every day and get eggs." "My gracious!" was the instant rejoinder; "I wish you could come and run with our hens a spell. I'm sure father would pay you well for your trouble."

The following allotment of Judges has been announced in the Supreme Court: First Circuit, comprising Maine, New Hampshire and Massachusetts, Justice Clifford; Second, New York, Vermont and Connecticut, Justice Nelson; Third, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, Justice Grier; Fourth, Maryland, West Virginia and Virginia, Chief Justice Chase; Fifth, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, Justice Wayne; Sixth, Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky and Tennessee, Justice Swayne; Seventh, Indiana, Illinois and Wisconsin, Justice Davis; Eighth, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas and Arkansas, Justice Miller; Ninth, California, Oregon and Nevada, Justice Field.

On a trial for an assault, which took place some time ago, in Doniphan county, Kansas, a medical witness, in giving his evidence, informed the Court that on examining the prosecutor, he found him suffering from a severe contusion of the integuments under the left orbit, with great extravasation of blood and ecchymosis in the surrounding cellular tissue, which was in a unmedicated state. There was also considerable abrasion of the cuticle. Judge— "You mean, I suppose, that the man had a black eye?" "Yes." "Then, why not say so at once?"

CHICAGO, April 8.—Republican says

Summer advocated the Russian treaty in a speech two hours and a half long, accompanied by documents, maps, &c. Seward considered the ratification certain to-morrow or Wednesday. It is claimed thirty two Senators will surely vote for the ratification, and perhaps more. In the Senate Williams offered a resolution that the present senate adjourn at five p. m. next Wednesday. Summer objected, and the resolution went over.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The following confirmations were made to day. Register of Land Office, B. R. Bannon, Helena, Montana; S. M. Black, Le Grand, Oregon; Receiver of public money, Caleb B. Clements, Denver City. The following were rejected—Secretary of Colorado, H. H. Slade; District Attorney, W. F. Chadwick.

RICHMOND, April 8.—Schofield has issued orders that all official vacancies occurring before the convention can only be filled by persons who never took an oath to support the rebel constitution. CHICAGO, April 10.—Municipal election in Springfield yesterday, the Democrats were successful by 260 majority.

CHICAGO, April 10.—The Times says the Senate agreed to adjourn Friday. The greater part of the Regular officers are protesting against the confirmation of Rousseau. The protest of the regular officers seemed to do him good. Among the Senators, only two voted against the Russian treaty, Fessenden and Yates.

NEW YORK, April 10.—The Herald says that a section of the treaty in article first, fixes the boundary of the eastern line the same as established by England and Russia in 1825. Prince of Wales Island is wholly to the credit of America—western lines include the Valentian Islands. The eastern line includes the twenty-third meridian.

The fourth makes the cessation, with the right of possession complete on the exchange of ratification. The fifth provides that immediately after ratification, military posts for this government be established, and as soon as practicable the troops to be withdrawn.

CHICAGO, April 10.—Motion for reconsideration of the confirmation of the Russian treaty was carried. The whole matter is now open and will probably be rejected. The State department does not allow the Russian treaty published until ratified by Russia. The Austrian Emperor telegraphed the Austrian Minister that Maximilian's life is in peril and soliciting Seward's interference to save him, regarding the United States as the only government that could accomplish anything.

It is currently reported the friends of Surratt are endeavoring to secure Butler's services at the coming trial. Gov. Orr says it requires the importation of a hundred thousand bushels of corn to enable the people of South Carolina to subsist until next harvest, one-fourth of which must be distributed gratuitously. This session will probably close this week.

Some idea of the value of property in the city of New York, may be formed from the statement contained in an advertisement of a partition sale of property. The advertisement states that a strip of ground on the northeast corner of Fulton street and Broadway, with a front of four feet and eleven inches on Broadway, running back one hundred and sixty feet on Fulton, is leased to the lessee of the adjoining property for ten thousand dollars per annum and taxes; the lease terminable on any first day of May, on one year's notice.

The people of California are clamorous for the ratification of the Russian treaty. The fisheries are immense, and in the hands of our Government would be worth millions to the trade of San Francisco. Our latest despatches assume that there is no longer any doubt but the Senate will approve and ratify this important treaty before adjourning.

An exchange says that some time ago a female seminary was established in Salt Lake City. It flourished well—but in the height of its prosperity the Mormon principal eloped with and "married" the whole school! We counted 1,327,683 1-2 males passing Squire Kynett's drug store yesterday and 1,326,212 3-4 females—ala Omaha Herald. Figures are plenty in this office. Go in Mack, we can lend you some.—Nonpareil. ALBANY, April 10.—Democratic city ticket successful by sixteen hundred majority.

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