



PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1867

VICTORY! VICTORY!

"RADICAL RULE."

Negro Suffrage!

Democracy "Scooped!"

PLATTSMOUTH REDEEMED!

The result of the City election on Monday was all that the most sanguine Radical could expect. One year ago the Democracy elected their entire ticket, except one, by 20 to 22 majority. Yesterday the Republican ticket was elected, with the exception of the Treasurer and one Councilman. Our candidate for Treasurer was defeated by three votes, and one Councilman by three votes. The laws were respected, and the colored man named James Walker was allowed to deposit his ballot without opposition—being the first colored citizen to exercise that right in the State of Nebraska. Our average majority is about ten. The following are the names of the successful candidates and their majorities:

- For Mayor—W. Pottinger 7
For Councilmen
C. H. Parmelo 15
Chas. Lazenby, (on both tickets) 15
E. T. Duke 6
G. H. Black 6
Wm. Winterstine, Dem., 3
Recorder—F. M. Dorrington 9
Treasurer—W. E. Donelan, Dem., 3
Marshal—Jos. W. Johnson 7
Street Commissioner—Jason Straight 2
School Director—E. C. Lewis 31
Majority for School House Tax 80
Majority for issuing High School Bonds 139
Majority for issuing Bonds for Public Improvements 164

ENDORSED.

The Omaha Herald is boasting that its loyalty is endorsed because of its receiving the printing of the laws. We presume Mayor Monroe boasted of the same thing because he received a pardon to enable him to act as Mayor of New Orleans. There are a large number of people in the South whose "loyalty" has been "endorsed" in the same manner. It is a necessity with many.

ANOTHER FLING.

The following resolution was adopted in the M. E. Conference at Omaha, and the Herald of that city takes occasion to denounce that body for it: WHEREAS, Bro. Adonijah Williams, formerly a member of the M. E. Church South, has given satisfactory assurances to this Conference of his loyalty to the National Government and hearty approval of the anti-slavery doctrine of our church, therefore,

Resolved, That he and is hereby received into full membership in the Conference.

C. W. GIDDINGS, J. G. MILLER, H. T. DAVIS.

The Herald denounces this as a "slander upon the Christian teaching and a libel upon religious freedom," calls it "religious bigotry and intolerance." The Methodist Episcopal church was prevarical for its loyalty during the war, and such journals as the Herald never miss an opportunity to strike at it. It was never known to denounce the M. E. Church South for its slavery doctrines and identification with treason, but must reserve all its vituperation and abuse for the loyal Church.

They are discussing in Salt Lake the question of annexing Utah to Nevada, with the idea that Utah, having cast 15,000 votes at the recent election for Delegate to Congress, can out vote Nevada, and thus control the State Government. The Salt Lake Vedette says that Utah has nothing like 15,000 legal voters. Such a number, as a society is constituted in that Territory, would indicate 200,000 inhabitants.

The Colorado Senators have issued a card denying the statement that they promised the President to support his policy if he would sign the Colorado admission bill.

BONDS.

As will be seen by election returns in another column, the voters of the city have authorized the City Council to issue bonds to the amount of \$20,000 for public improvements, also for issuing bonds for the erection of a High School building. This is as it should be; and we trust and believe that it will open up the spirit of enterprise and progress in the people of Plattsmouth to the extent that will carry us safely through the struggle which every city must make before it attains prominence. Our bonds should, and we believe can, be disposed of at a very small discount. Let the matter be attended to at an early day, and in one year from now our city will have a different appearance.

Location of Public Buildings.

LANCASTER, March 28, 1867. MR. EDITOR:—The interest I feel in the welfare and prosperity of our new State and the early development of her resources, prompts me at this time to present some of the most obvious reasons for the location of public buildings in the interior. Should my views on this subject be deemed worthy the attention of your readers, I desire them to be made known through your columns. It frequently happens that whenever questions of this character arise, the true interests of the State are not consulted, but it becomes a matter of sectional speculation. It may be, however, that those who are to decide upon the location of public buildings of Nebraska are not of the number who can be bought and sold for a few dollars, in a transaction of such vital importance to the interests of the State, which it is their duty to guard and protect. It is not my design at this time to advance all the arguments that may be urged in favor of locating the Capitol, and other public buildings in the interior, but will briefly offer a few of the most weighty. In the first place we have in the interior 44,640 acres of saline land which is the property of the State. This land, if disposed of under the present arrangement of things would probably sell for an average of not more than two dollars per acre, making a total amount of \$89,280; whereas, by the location of public buildings near them, their value would be enhanced to not less than ten times their present worth or twenty dollars per acre, making a sum total of \$892,800. From this one consideration it is evident that nearly one million of dollars might be immediately added to the wealth of our State. Besides, this saline land occupies nearly a central position with respect to population and what will ever be the settled and improved portion of Nebraska; and the location of public buildings being a matter in which all are equally interested, it is nothing more than doing justice to every one to seek a central point as near as practicable for the location of such institutions as the wants of the State demand. It is plain, also, that such a plan can work no detriment to the river towns, for whatever builds up the interior must be of corresponding benefit to them. If the Capitol and other State buildings were located in the interior population would be induced thereto; Government lands that would otherwise remain unimproved for a long time would be taken up by actual settlers and a rapid march would be begun towards the development and valuable improvement of our resources. Nothing of this kind can be realized by making either of the river towns the seat of our State government. By doing so we have all to lose and nothing to gain; their own interests are against it and the interests of the State at large.

Yours respectfully, S. B. GALEY.

COAL.

Pursuant to notice the incorporators of the Pawnee County Coal Mining Company, incorporated by an act of the General Assembly of the Territory of Nebraska at its twelfth annual session, began and held at the Capitol in Omaha, Nebraska, on the 10th day of January A. D. 1867, met by their Commissioners at Pawnee City in said county, on Saturday, the 9th inst., at 4 o'clock p. m. The meeting was called to order by His excellency, Gov. Butler, and the objects and advantages of the incorporation previously explained, and its absolute success thoroughly demonstrated. On motion of A. S. Stewart, J. C. Peavy was elected Secretary pro tem. On motion of C. H. Gere, Dr. A. S. Stewart was elected Secretary pro tem. The Secretary presented a communication from Hon. W. W. Wardell, of Nebraska City, expressing his entire confidence in the success of the enterprise, and regretting that his business engagements compelled his absence from this meeting. On motion of Gov. Butler, Dr. A. S. Stewart, Esq. Shelburn and J. C. Peavy were appointed as a committee of three to prepare proper books in which to obtain subscriptions to said company. On motion of Gov. Butler, C. H. Gere was directed to draft rules for the government of said Coal Mining Company and present them at the next meeting for adoption or rejection.

On motion, Dr. J. A. McCausland was elected Treasurer. Resolved, That it is the unanimous desire of this meeting that books of subscription be opened in Nebraska City, Pawnee City, at some point in Richardson county and at St. Joseph, Mo., and that Mr. Peavy be required and authorized to procure subscriptions at the latter place.

On motion, it was ordered that a second meeting be held upon call of the Secretary as soon as, in his judgement, a sufficient number of shares have been subscribed for the purpose of determining the time and manner of commencing operations. Dr. McCausland moved and it was carried that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Nebraska City News and Press, and that a copy of the same be sent to each member of the Board of Commissioners by the Secretary.

On motion, this meeting adjourned to meet at Pawnee City, March 9th, 1867, at four o'clock, p. m. A. S. STEWART, Sec'y pro tem. J. C. PEAVY, Pres't pro tem.

A Democratic Organ on Impartial Suffrage.

The New York World of the 16th ult., contains an editorial article in regard to the prospects of the Republican party in the South, which contains a very remarkable admission. After declaring that the supremacy of the Republican party in the South can only be presented in such States as Alabama by the rebels "getting beforehand with the radicals and controlling the negro vote," it goes on to assert that "the management of the negro vote will be easy enough, if the whites begin to reason." It then proceeds to argue that the present is the favorable time to secure the result, because of the poverty and prostration of the South, "short crops and impending starvation," which, it thinks "have thus far made freedom a hard road to travel." A year or two ago, says the World, the negro heart danced to a pean of vague and tumultuous expectations. A year or two hence, regular industry and good crops will enable the negroes to realize the substantial advantages of freedom. At present their feelings are at lowest point of depression, with nothing in their condition or experience to kindle any enthusiasm toward their Northern benefactors. "There is a tide in the affairs of men," and if by Southern blindness and inaction, the whole political power of the South should be lodged in the hands of the negroes, the Southern whites would find that "all the royalties of their life is bound in shallows and miseries."

The Convention of General Railroad Ticket Agents at Memphis, resolved that the following notice should be conspicuously posted in the vicinity of railroad stations, and a printed slip to the same effect furnished the passenger with his ticket: "Special Notice.—The Railroad Company hereby notifies the holder of the accompanying passage ticket that he is entitled to the free carriage of only one hundred pounds weight of baggage, and that for excess over that amount fifteen per cent. per one hundred pounds of first class passage rates will be charged, and that this company and the lines represented on said passage ticket will not be responsible for a sum greater than two hundred and fifty dollars in case of loss or damage to such baggage, unless extra compensation is paid by the passenger for such excess before it is checked. This company will not be responsible for baggage that is not placed in charge of one of its agents."

THE LAST SPEECH.

It is said that just before his speech on the confiscation bill which he introduced in the House, and which speech he essayed to deliver on the 19th inst., Thaddeus Stevens remarked, "this will be my last speech." All was attention, silence prevailed above and below; on the floor and in the galleries. His voice was feeble; as he proceeded it grew feeble. Weakness—physical weakness—overcame him and he had to ask the Clerk to read his speech for him. Upon his own motion, the consideration of the bill was postponed until December next. "The clock has struck twelve; the day is over," was the exclamation of one of his old friends who read this announcement. "Thad. Stevens will not be here in December!"

FORTUNE TELLING.—

One of our exchanges is responsible for the following story relative to this popular and pernicious vice: Not many evenings since it is recorded that a suitor who has escaped hanging for a time, was in company with several ladies. The subject of fortune telling was introduced. Several of the "angels" pleaded guilty to the soft impeachment of having written to Madam This and Madam That to furnish them leaves in their future history. Instances were mentioned of very remarkable developments in a certain case hereabouts. Old R— was asked for his opinion. He replied: "So far as I am personally concerned, I know more about myself than I wish to. I don't think any good comes of these things. I had a friend who dressed himself in lady's clothes and called upon a celebrated prophetess. He did not believe she would discover the disguise but he heard what she said and he was exceedingly unhappy." Here the old reprobate ceased. A lady much interested asked, "What did she tell him?" "She told him he was to marry soon," and become the mother of ten children!"

It is reported that the "water"

of an Artesian well at Corpus Christi, Texas, which the people of the place have been using for various disorders, turns out to be pure kerosene oil.

New York, March 30.—Times' special denies the statement that representatives from the New Orleans rebels are importuning the President with protest against the action of Gen. Sheridan in removing the rebel officers.

Congress having decided to adjourn, the President will convene the Senate in executive session, to act on nominations in the army bills. The following bills will fail for lack of approval by the President.

The bill forbidding the payment to loyal owners of slaves, cotton, &c.; the bill for advertising laws in certain newspapers, which Fessenden characterized yesterday as a law to rob through the Treasury, for political purposes, and to support political newspapers.

Tribune's special says it is understood the military committee reported adversely on the nomination of Rousseau, as Brigadier General in the Regular Army, vice Rosencrans.

A decision was rendered in the Court of Appeals yesterday, in the case of Stephen P. Clark, against James and Erastus Brooks in relation to the ownership of the Evening Express newspaper, in this city. The property was ordered to be sold so that Clark can obtain his interest. It will be enforced.

There are more counterfeit United States Bank notes afloat now than there have been for half a generation before. Compound interest notes of the denomination of \$50, are imitated very successfully.

Yesterday P. M., Leonard Huyck and Joseph Stewart were arrested on the charge of defrauding the Government. Their bail was fixed at \$200,000 each. Not being able to obtain the amount they were sent to jail. Huyck was President of the Merchants National, of Washington, which institution, is alleged to be indebted to the Government \$750,000. Huyck having transferred his property to Stewart, the Government had both parties arrested for complicity in the fraud.

Clark, of Kansas offered a resolution for adjournment; after debate Brownell offered a substitute, which was adopted by 52 majority, which provides for adjournment to-morrow at three o'clock, on the 1st Wednesday in July—when, if there is no quorum present, both houses shall adjourn until December.

Congress introduced a bill providing for a joint Board of Commerce of the United States and England on the phonetic system to report the practicality of substituting the phonetic for the Latin alphabet, now in common use. Referred to joint committee on library.

New York, March 28.—Special state that Sheridan's order removing the Mayor of New Orleans, and other officers, was issued without consulting the President, who has been telegraphed to interfere.

The President is importuned with protests against Sheridan's official changes. The new appointees were all officers in Butler's administration.

New York, March 29.—1,500 freedmen applied to the Colonization Society to be sent to Africa, of whom 600 embarked.

Raleigh, N. C., March 28.—The Republican party of North Carolina organized to-day with a hundred and thirty delegates. The organization was effected on the fundamental grounds of Union, liberty and equality.

A simple microscope may be made out of a common pill box for a few cents. Take out the bottom and put in a piece of window glass; then paint the inside black, and make a small eye-hole in the lid. In this hole place a single drop of warm Canadian balsam, and allow it to cool. This drop of resin assumes, when cooling, the proper form of the glass lens, with considerable magnifying power.

There is nearly twenty per cent. less water in the carcass of a well fattened animal than in a lean one. Did you ever notice how much more the lean of a poor beef will dry up in hanging, than the lean of a fat animal? and according to Prof. Volker, a lean hog contains eighteen per cent. more water than a fat one.

A traveler once arrived at a village in a hard day's travel and being very tired, requested a room to sleep in; but the landlord said they were entirely full, and that it was utterly impossible to accommodate him, but he would see what his wife would do for him. The good woman on being applied to, said there was a room which he might occupy, provided he would enter the room late in the morning and leave it early in the morning, to prevent scandal, as the room was occupied by a lady. This he agreed to do. About two o'clock in the morning an awful noise was heard in the house, and our friend the traveler ejaculated, as soon as he was able to speak: "Oh, Lord! that woman's dead!" "I know that," replied the landlord; "but how did you find it out?"

You see, I come in the hully way from Clairmont county, to buy a bunnet. I've worn this one gain' on eight year. It's a little out of fashion, I reckon, and I want one that is right in style. I didn't know what the right one was wearin, so I stood here a blessed hour to see 'em, and I happened to see my old man gain' if I saw one with a bunnet on durin' the hall time! Some had a doll's handkercher laid on the top of the head; others had what looked for all the world like oyster patties trimmed with blown glass; and I declare to goodness, if one woman with a full rutabaga turnip on the back of her head, in a fly net, wore any cover in 'ceptin a yaller circus ticket tied on with a ribbon!"—Cm. Times.

DRUNK.—The "local" of the Burlington Hawkeye tells its readers that a man was drunk in that city, in this style. It will do to read: Out on J-ferson street yesterday a large crowd were gathered watching a citizen who was playing "Tollies."

The new theatre and the golden hour had better look to their laurels. The stock agent was excellent, but was poorly supported. Support was what the man seemed to need. He seemed to be better adapted to a dray at the time than a stage. He sat down on the curb stone, after having gone through the perche equivoque on one leg, and completed his role by rolling off in the gutter. His arduous solo, or act, in which he attempted to walk on one ear, was one of the best things ever attempted in the city. We think he walked further on one ear than any man we ever met. Nobody cared to have him arrested, because they said it was his normal condition.

The Charleston Mercury acknowledges that the experiment of negro testimony in the courts "has been attended with more than the usual success. The colored witnesses appear to be fully impressed with the obligations placed upon them, and their evidence has been generally given with an evident desire to tell the whole truth and nothing but the truth. There is but little tendency to prolixity and discursiveness, and the testimony has in the late criminal trials been clear, intelligible, and to the point."

DOES THE NEGRO DESIRE TO VOTE?—The President assigns among the reasons for his veto, that "the negroes have not asked for the privilege of voting; the vast majority have no idea what it means." A general officer in Louisiana wished to learn the negro mind on this subject, so he asked an old man: "Uncle Jo, would you like to vote?" Uncle Jo replied: "Sar, I used to walk fifteen miles to find out how a battle went." There was no need of further questioning.

A western editor once wrote: "A correspondent asks whether the battle of Waterloo occurred before or after the commencement of the Christian era." We answer it did.

Astronomers say that a brilliant meteoric shower will occur about the 10th of August of the present year.

A young man in Hartford was fined \$22, the other day, for kissing a couple of ladies after they had told him "they were no such girls."

Theodore Clay, son of Henry Clay, has for over thirty years been an inmate of the lunatic asylum at Lexington, Kentucky. He became insane from disappointed affection.

At a city school, the inspector asked the children if they could give any text of Scripture which forbade a man having two wives. One of the children said: "I can't give you no text; 'No man can have two wives.'"—

In the company of young people, the other day, at a country tavern, a man was saying that the Italians had no "W" in their language. "How then," demanded one of the company, "with a mingled air of triumph and contempt do such chaps as them spell wagon?"

JOHN ALLINSON, By J. E. DOWD, his Agent, Solicitors for Plaintiff.

Ordered that the above notice be published for four consecutive weeks in the "Nebraska Herald" newspaper, for four consecutive weeks, to-wit: 4w.

JOHN ALLINSON, By J. E. DOWD, his Agent, Solicitors for Plaintiff.

Ordered that the above notice be published for four consecutive weeks in the "Nebraska Herald" newspaper, for four consecutive weeks, to-wit: 4w.

JOHN ALLINSON, By J. E. DOWD, his Agent, Solicitors for Plaintiff.

Ordered that the above notice be published for four consecutive weeks in the "Nebraska Herald" newspaper, for four consecutive weeks, to-wit: 4w.

JOHN ALLINSON, By J. E. DOWD, his Agent, Solicitors for Plaintiff.

Ordered that the above notice be published for four consecutive weeks in the "Nebraska Herald" newspaper, for four consecutive weeks, to-wit: 4w.

JOHN ALLINSON, By J. E. DOWD, his Agent, Solicitors for Plaintiff.

Ordered that the above notice be published for four consecutive weeks in the "Nebraska Herald" newspaper, for four consecutive weeks, to-wit: 4w.

JOHN ALLINSON, By J. E. DOWD, his Agent, Solicitors for Plaintiff.

Ordered that the above notice be published for four consecutive weeks in the "Nebraska Herald" newspaper, for four consecutive weeks, to-wit: 4w.

JOHN ALLINSON, By J. E. DOWD, his Agent, Solicitors for Plaintiff.

Ordered that the above notice be published for four consecutive weeks in the "Nebraska Herald" newspaper, for four consecutive weeks, to-wit: 4w.

JOHN ALLINSON, By J. E. DOWD, his Agent, Solicitors for Plaintiff.

Ordered that the above notice be published for four consecutive weeks in the "Nebraska Herald" newspaper, for four consecutive weeks, to-wit: 4w.

JOHN ALLINSON, By J. E. DOWD, his Agent, Solicitors for Plaintiff.

Ordered that the above notice be published for four consecutive weeks in the "Nebraska Herald" newspaper, for four consecutive weeks, to-wit: 4w.

Estray Notices.

Taken up by the subscriber, at his farm in Louisa, in the county of Cass, N. T., on January 13, 1867, a steed calf, about 1 month old, of a white and red color, no marks. J. T. A. ROYER, 1867.

Taken up by the subscriber, at his farm in Mount Pleasant, Cass county, N. T., on February 20th, 1867, one mare, supposed to be from 12 to 14 years old, of a sorrel color, white and brindle, ends of both horse sawed off, both ears cropped short, a very thin skin, and has a large scar on left rump, supposed to be caused by branding. ISAAC POLLARD, 1867.

Legal Notice. In the District Court of the 2nd Judicial District, Nebraska Territory, in and for Cass County.

Lydia H. Haveland, Formerly Lydia H. Stanley, vs. Henry C. Jones, Plaintiff vs. Defendant. Jonathan T. Rogers, Plaintiff.

Jonathan T. Rogers will take notice that the complainant, Lydia H. Haveland, formerly Lydia H. Stanley, now of the county of Kaye and State of Pennsylvania, by her next friend, Henry C. Jones, did on the 15th day of February, 1867, file her bill of complaint in the District Court of the 2nd Judicial District of Nebraska, in and for Cass County, against him, the said Jonathan T. Rogers, defendant, the object of the prayer of which is to foreclose a certain mortgage bearing date the 20th of May, 1856, executed by you for said defendant, to said complainant, upon certain real estate, situated in Cass County, Nebraska Territory, to-wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of lot No. 4, in block No. 11, and running south along the surveyed line of said lot 21 and 10 feet to the center of said lot, thence north 21 1/2 feet to the north line of said lot 125 feet, to the place of beginning, situate in Plattsmouth, Cass county, N. T., to secure the payment of a certain promissory note made by you for value received, to the said Lydia H. Haveland, formerly Lydia H. Stanley, eight hundred dollars, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, and to foreclose all equity of redemption of you in and to said premises, and to have a decree appear at said Court on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1867, and answer ordered to be filed on or before the 15th day of said month, and judgment will be rendered against you by default.

Legal Notice. In the Probate Court. Notice is hereby given that J. N. Wise, Administrator of the estate of Peter A. Barry, deceased, has this day made application to the Probate Court for an extension of the time for paying the debts and for making final account of his administration of said estate, to-wit: six months.

Legal Notice. In the District Court of the 2nd Judicial District in and for Cass County, State of Nebraska. John Allinson, heir of Thomas Allinson, deceased, vs. John Allinson, deceased, against: Charles Beasley, Susan Beasley, and the heirs of James Queen.

To Charles Beasley, Susan Beasley, and the heirs of James Queen, you will take notice that John Allinson has filed his bill in Chancery against you in the above named Court, the object and prayer of said bill is to set aside the will of John Allinson in and to the following real estate, to-wit: The south east quarter of the southeast quarter of section 22, in Township 19 N., Range 10 W., north of range four in 10 W., east of Cass county, State of Nebraska; in John Allinson, heir of Thomas Allinson, deceased, bill praying that the title of the said bill may be set aside against the estate of James Queen, and that you, Charles Beasley and your heirs may be enjoined forever from claiming or claiming whatever by reason of said bill in and to said real estate, and that you, Charles Beasley and your heirs may appear and plead, answer or demur to the said bill on or before Monday, the 6th day of May, A. D. 1867.

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